SHEET INDEX SHEET NO. DESCRIPTION 1 TITLE SHEET 2 SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN AND LANDSCAPE PLAN 3 LANDSCAPE PLAN 4 LANDSCAPE DETAILS 5 SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL PLAN, NOTES AND SEWER PROFILE 6 STORMWATER MANAGEMENT NOTES AND DETAILS 7 HANDICAP DETAIL SHEET

# SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN

SECTION 1 AREA 1 LOT 1 AND SECTION 1 AREA 2 1

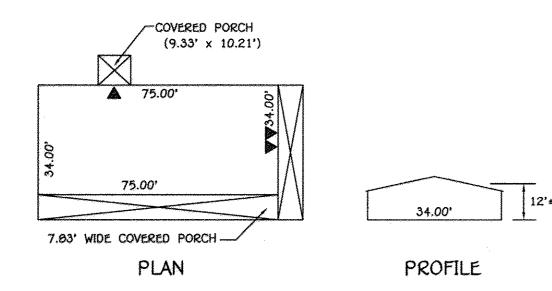
ZONED: NT

TAX MAP No. 29 GRID No. 19

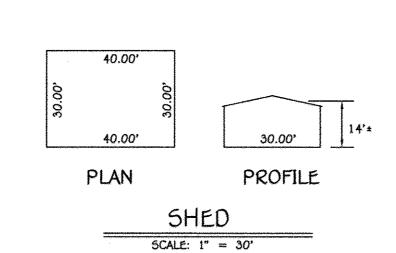
PARCEL No. 371

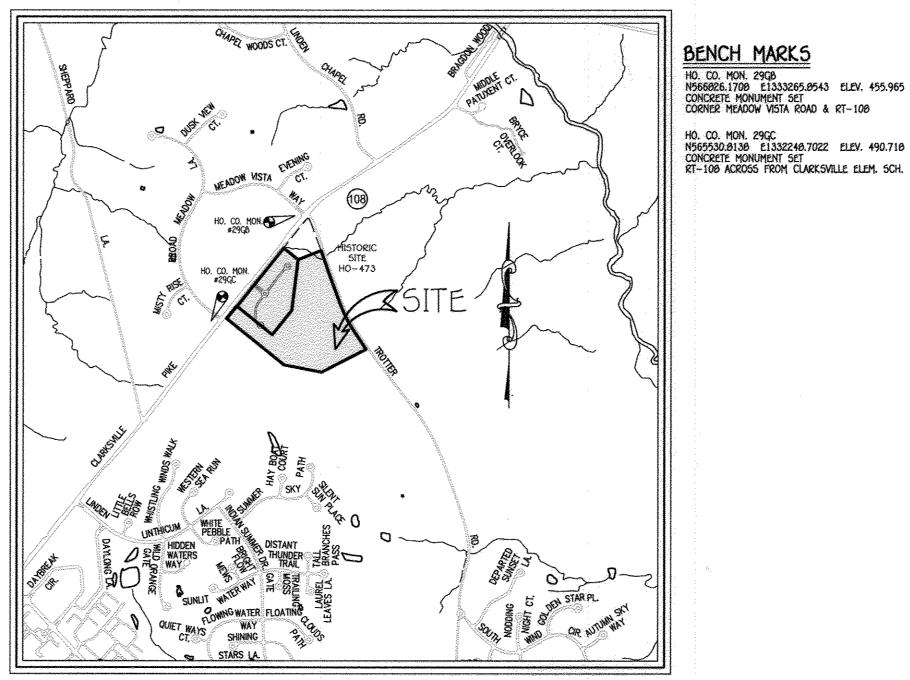
FIFTH ELECTION DISTRICT

HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND



OFFICE BUILDING 5CALE: 1" = 30'





ADC STREET MAP: MAP 4934 GRID 85 VICINITY MAP 5CALE: 1" = 1200'

3. THE EXISTING TOPOGRAPHY IS TAKEN FROM A FIELD RUN SURVEY WITH 2' CONTOURS INTERVALS PREPARED BY FISHER, COLLINS & CARTER, INC. DATED OCTOBER, 2011. 4. THE COORDINATES SHOWN HEREON ARE BASED UPON THE HOWARD COUNTY GEODETIC CONTROL WHICH IS BASED UPON THE MARYLAND

1. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS/BUREAU OF ENGINEERING/CONSTRUCTION INSPECTION DIMISION AT

2. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY (MISS UTILITY) AT 1-800-257-7777 AT LEAST 48 HOURS PRIOR TO ANY EXCAVATION WORK BEING

STATE PLANE COORDINATE SYSTEM. HOWARD COUNTY MONUMENT NOS. 29G8 AND 29GC WERE USED FOR THIS PROJECT. 5. STORM WATER MANAGEMENT IS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE M.D.E. STORM WATER DESIGN MANUAL, VOLUMES I & II, REVISED 2009. WE ARE PROVIDING STORM WATER MANAGEMENT BY THE USE OF TWO (2) M-6 MICRO BIO-RETENTION AREAS TO BE PRIVATELY OWNED AND

6. THIS PROPERTY IS LOCATED WITHIN THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT, . ANY DAMAGE TO THE COUNTY'S RIGHT-OF-WAY SHALL BE CORRECTED AT THE DEVELOPER'S EXPENSE.

9. THE SUBJECT PROPERTY IS ZONED NT-OPEN SPACE CREDITED PER FDP-180-A-1 (PER 02/02/04 COMPREHENSIVE ZONING PLAN AND THE COMP-LITE ZONING AMENDMENTS DATED 07/20/06)

10. NO GRADING, REMOVAL OF VEGETATIVE COVER OR TREES, PAVING AND NEW STRUCTURES SHALL BE PERMITTED WITHIN THE REQUIRED WETLANDS, STREAM(5) OR THEIR BUFFERS, FOREST CONSERVATION EASEMENT AREAS AND 100 YEAR FLOODPLAIN.

11. ON 7/26/12, HOWARD HUGHES CORPORATION REVIEWED AND APPROVED THE LANDSCAPE PLAN IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE NEW TOWN

ALTERNATIVE COMPLIANCE PROVISIONS OF THE LANDSCAPE MANUAL FINANCIAL SURETY RELATED TO THIS PROJECT FOR THE REQUIRED 10 SHADE TREES, 5 ORNAMENTAL TREES 18 EVERGREEN TREES, 89 SHRUBS AND 365 LINEAR FEET OF FENCE HAS BEEN POSTED AS PART OF THE DEVELOPER'S AGREEMENT IN THE AMOUNT OF \$12,770.00. 12. IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 16.1202.(B).(1).(IV) OF THE HOWARD COUNTY CODE THIS SITE IS EXEMPT FROM THE REQUIREMENT TO

FILE A FOREST CONSERVATION PLAN -- A PLANNED UNIT DEVELOPMENT WHICH HAD PRELIMINARY DEVELOPMENT PLAN APPROVAL AND 50% OR MORE OF THE LAND RECORDED AND SUBSTANTIALLY DEVELOPED BEFORE THE ENACTMENT OF THE FOREST CONSERVATION ACT EFFECTIVE DECEMBER 31, 1992.

13. THERE IS NO 100 YEAR FLOODPLAIN ON THIS PROPERTY.

14. NO GRADING OR CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE PERMITTED WITHIN 10 FEET OF INDIMIDUAL GRAVE SITES, IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION

16.118 (c) OF THE SUBDIVISION AND LAND DEVELOPMENT REGULATIONS. 15. THE BURIAL GROUND HAS NOT AND WILL NOT BE DISTURBED EXCEPT AS PERMITTED BY STATE LAW. 16. OFFICE BUILDING SHALL HAVE A 1 WATER HOUSE CONNECTION WITH A 3/4" OUTSIDE METER SETTING; STD. DET. W-3.27,

7. ACTIVITIES PROPOSED BY SDP-12-040 ARE NOT IN OR NEAR A DRAINAGEWAY OR AN AREA LIKELY TO SUPPORT WETLANDS. A COMPLETE STREAM AND WETLAND DELINEATION REPORT MAY BE REQUIRED FOR FUTURE PROJECTS ENCROACHING INTO THE STREAM AND WETLAND AREAS IDENTIFIED BY PLAT 11185. 18. THIS PROJECT IS SUBJECT TO COMPLYING WITH SETBACKS, LOT COVERAGE, BUILDING HEIGHT, PARKING AND OTHER REQUIREMENTS IN ACCORDANCE WITH FDP-180-A-1.

19. ALL EXTERIOR LIGHTING SHALL BE PROPOSED UNDER THE ARCHITECTURAL PLANS AND SHALL BE ORIENTED TO DIRECT OR REFLECT light inward and downward away from all adjoining public streets and residential areas. All outdoor lighting shall be IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE OUTDOOR LIGHTING REQUIREMENT STANDARDS SPECIFIED IN SECTION 134 OF THE ZONING REGULATIONS.

20. THE PROPOSED BUILDINGS ARE TO BE SERVED BY PUBLIC WATER CONTRACT#44-3218 AND PRIVATE SEWER. 21. PARKING IS PROVIDED ALONG THE ACCESS DRIVE DURING FUNERAL SERVICES OR VISITATIONS (SEE GENERAL NOTE #14 ON

22. THIS PLAN IS SUBJECT TO DESIGN MANUAL WAIVER APPROVED ON MAY 31, 2012 BY DEVELOPMENT ENGINEERING DIVISION THAT REQUESTS A WAIVER TO SECTION 2.9 C, OF DESIGN MANUAL VOLUME IV TO UTILIZE A NON STANDARD SURFACE MATERIAL (GRAVEL LOT) FOR STORAGE OF VARIOUS SUPPLIES AND EQUIPMENT. THIS APPROVAL IS BASED ON THE EXPLANATION PROVIDED, WHICH INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING:

1. IT WILL BE ONLY USED FOR A STORAGE AREA FOR VAULTS AND EQUIPMENT. 2. THE PARKING AREA IS PRIVATELY OWNED.

GENERAL NOTES

410-313-1880 AT LEAST FIVE (5) WORKING DAYS PRIOR TO THE START OF WORK.

3. HEAVY TRACKED EQUIPMENT SHOULD NOT BE USED ON PAVED SURFACES. 23. THE TRAFFIC STUDY FOR THIS PROJECT WAS PREPARED BY THE MARS GROUP DATED JANUARY 30, 2012.

## SITE ANALYSIS DATA CHART

A. TOTAL PROJECT AREA = 35.629 Ac. \*. B. LIMIT OF DISTURBED AREA =

LO.D. ASSOCIATED WITH BUILDING SITE: 48,032 Sqft. or 1.10 Ac±.

LO.D. ASSOCIATED WITH PR. WATER LINE 4,880 Sqft. or 0.11 Ac±.

TOTAL LO.D. = 52,912 Sqft. or 1.21 Ac±.

C. PRESENT ZONING DESIGNATION = NT "OPEN SPACE CREDITED"

(PER 02/02/04 COMPREHENSIVE ZONING PLAN AND THE COMP-LITE ZONING AMENDMENTS DATED 07/28/06).

PROPOSED USE: OFFICE, SHED & GRAVEL STORAGE AREA. FLOOR SPACE OF PROPOSED BUILDING: 2550 SQ.FT. PARKING REQUIRED: 9 SPACES (3.3 SPACES PER 1,000 S4Ft. OF OFFICE)

PROPOSED BUILDING 2,550 54Ft. (2,550/1000) X 3.3 = 8.42 SPACES G. PARKING PROVIDED: 9 SPACES

8 STANDARD SPACES & 1 HANDICAP SPACE H. OPEN SPACE ON SITE: 35.629 Ac.+

RECREATIONAL AREA PROVIDED: N/A . BUILDING COVERAGE OF SITE: 4698.72 SQ.FT. OR 0.10 Ac.+

(MAXIMUM ALLOWED BUILDING COVERAGE = 10%); 35.629 Ac. x 10% = 3.56 Ac. \* (EXISTING BUILDING COVERAGE = 0.28%) 0.10 Ac. INCLUDES PROPOSED MAUSOLEUMS UNDER SDP-09-039 (PROPOSED BUILDING COVERAGE = 0.20%) = 0.10 Ac. + OFFICE BUILDING AND SHED

(TOTAL BUILDING COVERAGE = 0.56%) = 0.20 Ac.+ PREVIOUS HOWARD COUNTY FILES: FDP-100-A1, F-03-116, 5DP-04-200, ECP-11-033, 5DP-11-039, ECP-12-027

TOTAL AREA OF FLOODPLAIN LOCATED ON SITE: 0.00 Ac. TOTAL AREA OF SLOPES IN EXCESS OF 25% = 0.00 Ac.

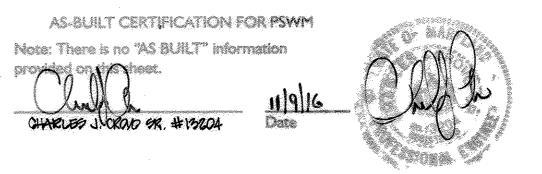
N. NET TRACT AREA = 35.629 Ac+ (TOTAL SITE AREA - FLOODPLAIN - STEEP SLOPES AREA) TOTAL AREA OF WETLANDS (INCLUDING BUFFER) = 1.74 Ac\*

TOTAL AREA OF FOREST = 20.77 Ac.+

Q. TOTAL GREEN OPEN AREA = 14.07 Ac. 4

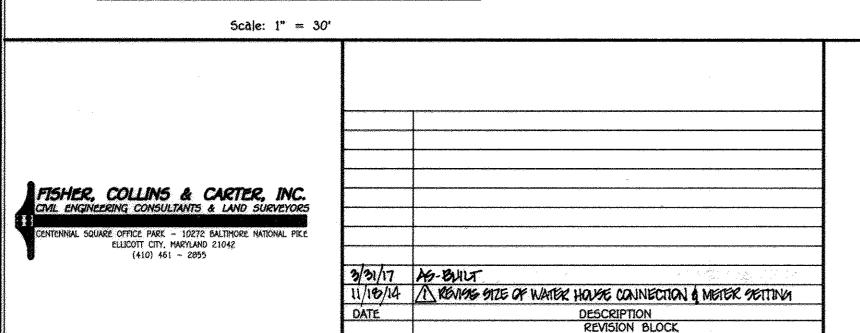
APPROVED PLANNING BOARD OF HOWARD COUNTY October 4, 2012

> ADDRESS CHART LOT/PARCEL # STREET ADDRESS 12005 CLARKSVILLE PIKE



APPROVED FOR PUBLIC WATER AND PRIVATE SEWERAGE SYSTEMS,

1/9/20/3 1 DATE



RROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATION Y THAT THESE DOCUMENTS WERE PREPARED OR APPROVED BY NAM A DULY LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER UNDER THE LAWS FOR MARKAND, LICENSE NO. 20704, EXPIRATION DATE: 2/22/13.

OWNERS & DEVELOPER COLUMBIA MEMORIAL PARK LLC

C\O MR. WALKER 4111 PENNSYLVANIA AVE. SUITLAND, MARYLAND 20746 240-447-7525

2-25.13 **UBDIVISION** COLUMBIA CEMETERY SITE ELEC. DIST. CENSUS TR. 11105/5489

29

APPROVED: DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING

371

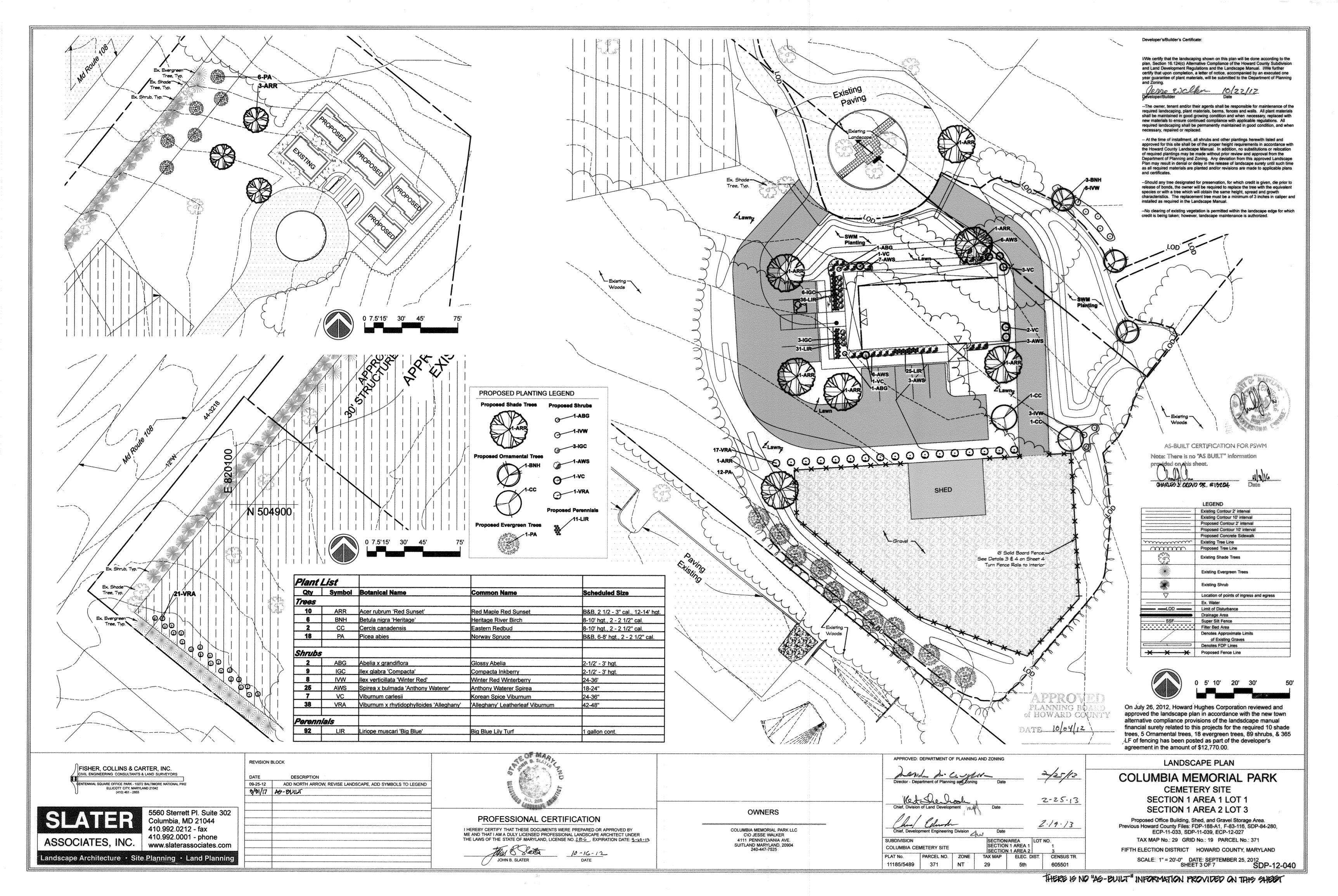
TITLE SHEET

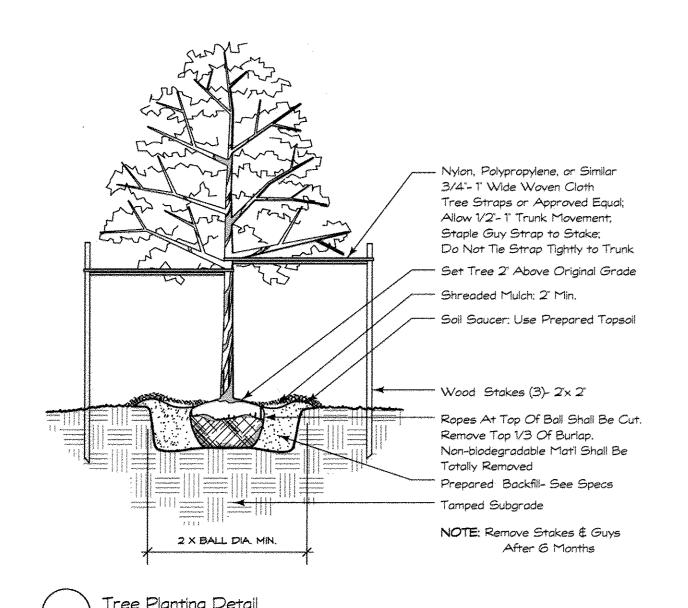
# COLUMBIA MEMORIAL PARK

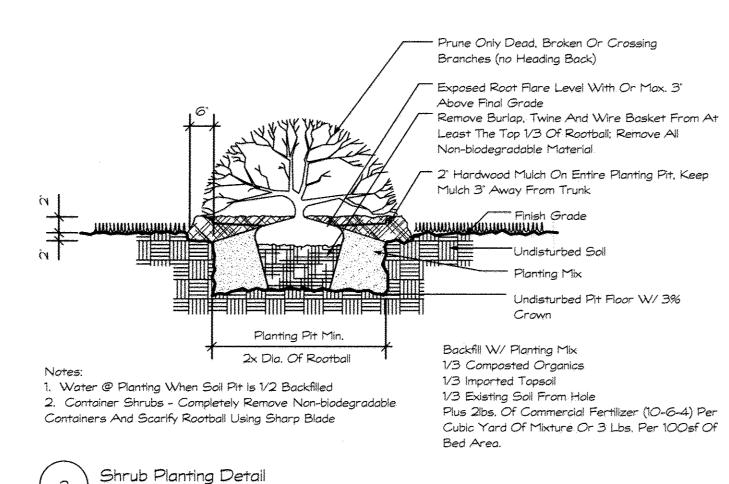
CEMETERY SITE SECTION 1 AREA 1 LOT 1, SECTION 1 AREA 2 LOT 3 PROPOSED OFFICE BUILDING, SHED AND GRAVEL STORAGE AREA PREVIOUS HOWARD COUNTY FILES: FDP-180-A1, F-03-116, 5DP-04-200, ECP-11-033,

5DP-11-039, ECP-12-027 TAX MAP No.: 29 GRID No.: 19 PARCEL No.: 371 FIFTH ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

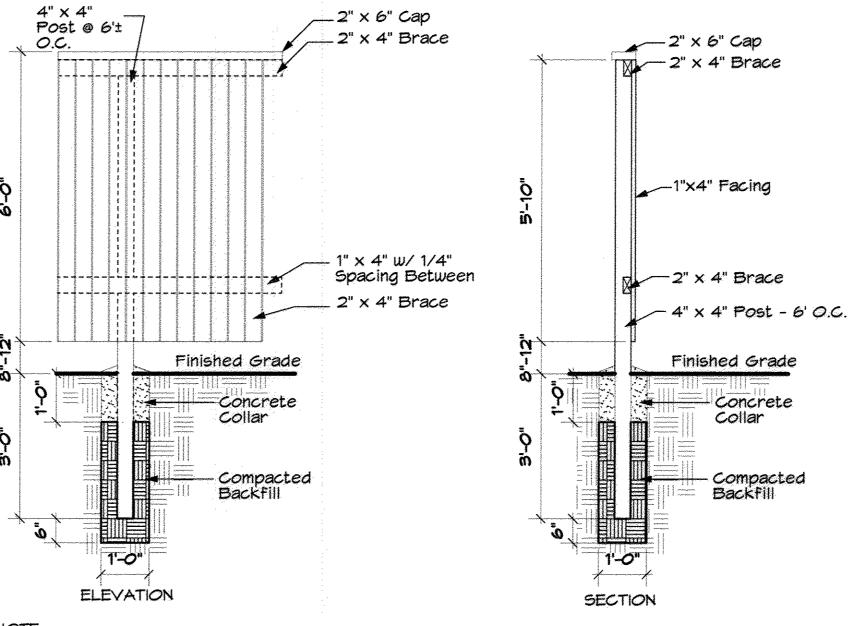
SCALE: AS SHOWN DATE: JULY 16, 2012







Scale: 1/2" = 1'-0"



NOTE:

All wood shall be pressure treated or approved equal.

All Mood construction with galvanized nails.

Notch 4" x 4" posts to receive 2" x 4" stringers as shown.

All wood members shall be stained dark brown, samples to be

approved by Landscape Architect.

6' Solid Board Fence: Flat Top Scale: 1/2" = 1'-0"

certify that upon completion, a letter of notice, accompanied by an executed one year guarantee of plant materials, will be submitted to the Department of Planning and Zoning.

I/We certify that the landscaping shown on this plan will be done according to the plan, Section 16.124(c) Alternative Compliance of the Howard County Subdivision and Land Development Regulations and the Landscape Manual. I/We further

Developer's/Builder's Certificate:

-The owner, tenant and/or their agents shall be responsible for maintenance of the required landscaping, plant materials, berms, fences and walls. All plant materials shall be maintained in good growing condition and when necessary, replaced with new materials to ensure continued compliance with applicable regulations. All required landscaping shall be permanently maintained in good condition, and when necessary, repaired or replaced.

- At the time of installment, all shrubs and other plantings herewith listed and approved for this site shall be of the proper height requirements in accordance with the Howard County Landscape Manual. In addition, no substitutions or relocation of required plantings may be made without prior review and approval from the Department of Planning and Zoning. Any deviation from this approved Landscape Plan may result in denial or delay in the release of landscape surety until such time as all required materials are planted and/or revisions are made to applicable plans and certificates.

--Should any tree designated for preservation, for which credit is given, die prior to release of bonds, the owner will be required to replace the tree with the equivalent species or with a tree which will obtain the same height, spread and growth characteristics. The replacement tree must be a minimum of 3 inches in caliper and installed as required in the Landscape Manual.

--No clearing of existing vegetation is permitted within the landscape edge for which credit is being taken; however, landscape maintenance is authorized.

PLANNING BOARD of HOWARD COUNT DATE 10/04/12

APPROVED: DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING

PARCEL NO. ZONE

371

11185/5489



AS-BUBLT CERTIFICATION FOR FOWM Note: There is no 7S BULT" information

CHARLES J. CROVO 98, #13204

FISHER, COLLINS & CARTER, INC. ENNIAL SQUARE OFFICE PARK - 10272 BALTIMORE NATIONAL PIKE ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042 (410) 461 - 2855

ASSOCIATES, INC.

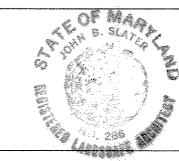
5560 Sterrett Pl. Suite 302 Columbia, MD 21044 410.992.0212 - fax 410.992.0001 - phone www.slaterassociates.com

Landscape Architecture · Site Planning · Land Planning

DESCRIPTION

**REVISION BLOCK** 

3/31/17 40-0011



PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATION

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THESE DOCUMENTS WERE PREPARED OR APPROVED BY ME AND THAT I AM A DULY LICENSED PROFESSIONAL LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND, LICENSE NO. 186, EXPIRATION DATE: 3 126 - 13

10-16-12

**OWNERS** COLUMBIA MEMORIAL PARK LLC CIO JESSE WALKER

4111 PENNSYLVANIA AVE.

SUITLAND MARYLAND, 20904 240-447-7525

2-25-13 2.19.13 SUBDIVISION SECTION/AREA SECTION 1 AREA 1 COLUMBIA CEMETERY SITE SECTION 1 AREA 2

29

TAX MAP | ELEC. DIST.

CENSUS TR

LANDSCAPE DETAILS

COLUMBIA MEMORIAL PARK **CEMETERY SITE** 

SECTION 1 AREA 1 LOT 1 SECTION 1 AREA 2 LOT 3

Proposed Office Building, Shed, and Gravel Storage Area. Previous Howard County Files: FDP-188-A1, F-83-116, SDP-84-280, ECP-11-033, SDP-11-039, ECP-12-027 TAX MAP No.: 29 GRID No.: 19 PARCEL No.: 371

FIFTH ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND SCALE: 1" = 20'-0" DATE: SEPTEMBER 25, 2012 SHEET 4 OF 7 SDP-12-040 20.0 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION

Using vegetation as cover for barren soil to protect it from forces that cause erosion. PURPOSE

Vegetative stabilization specifications are used to promote the establishment of vegetation on exposed soil. When soil is stabilized with vegetation, the soil is less likely to erode and more likely to allow infiltration of rainfall, thereby reducing sediment loads and run-off to downstream areas, and improving wildlife habitat and visual resources.

CONDITIONS WHERE PRACTICE APPLIES This practice shall be used on denuded areas as specified on the plans and may be used on highly erodible or critically eroding areas. This specification is divided into Temporary Seeding, to quickly establish vegetative cover for short duration O(up to one year), and Permanent Seeding, for long term vegetative cover. Examples of applicable areas for Temporary Seeding are temporary Soil Stockpiles, cleared areas being left idle between construction phases, earth dikes, etc. and for Permanent Seeding are lawns, dams, cut and fill stopes and other areas at final grade, former stockpile and staging areas, etc.

EFFECTS ON WATER QUALITY AND QUANTITY Planting vegetation in disturbed areas will have an effect on the water budget, especially on volumes and rates of runoff, infiltration evaporation, transpiration, percolation, and groundwater recharge. Vegetation, over time, will increase organic matter content and improve the water holding capacity of the soil and subsequent plant growth. Vegetation will help reduce the movement of sediment, nutrients, and other chemicals carried by runoff to receiving waters. Plants will also help project groundwater supplies by assimilating those substances present within the root zone. Sediment control devices must remain in place during grading, seedbed preparation, seeding, mulching and vegetative establishment to prevent large quantities of sediment and associated chemicals and nutrients from washing into surface waters.

### SECTION 1 - VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION METHODS AND MATERIALS

i. Install erosion and sediment control structures (either temporary of permanent) such as diversions, grade stabilization structures, berms, waterways, or sediment control basins. ii. Perform all grading operations at right angles to the slope. Final grading and shaping is not usually necessary for femporary seeding. iii. Schedule required soil tests to defermine soil amendment composition and application rates for sites

having disturbed area over 5 acres. B. Soil Amendments (Fertilizer and Lime Specifications) i. Soil tests must be performed to determine the exact ratios and application rates for both lime and fertilizer on sites having disturbed areas over 5 acres. Soil analysis may be performed by the University of Maryland or a recognized commercial laboratory. Soil samples taken for engineering purposes may also be used for chemical analyses. ii. Fertilizers shall be uniform in composition, free flowing and suitable for accurate application by approved equipment. Manure may be substituted for fertilizer with prior approval from the

appropriate approval authority. Fertilizers shall all be delivered to the site fully labeled according to the applicable state fertilizer laws and shall bear the name, trade name or trademark and warrantee iii. Lime materials shall be ground limestone (hydrated or burnt lime may be substituted) which contains at least 50% total oxides (calcium oxide plus magnesium oxide). Limestone shall be ground to such fineness that at least 50% will pass through a #100 mesh sieve and 98-100% will pass through a #20

mesh sieve.
iv. Incorporate lime and fertilizer into the top 3-5" of soil by disking or other suitable means.

a. Deedhed preparation shall consist of loosening soil to a depth of 3" to 5" by means of suitable agricultural or construction equipment, such as disc harrows or chisel plows or rippers mounted on construction equipment. After the soil is loosened it should not be olled or dragged smooth, but left in the roughened condition. Sloped areas (greater than 3:1) should be tracked leaving the surface in an irregular condition with ridges running parallel to the contour of the slope.

b. Apply fertilizer and lime as prescribed on the plans.
c. In corporate lime and fertilizer into the top 3—5" of soil by disking or other suitable means.

a. Minimum soil conditions required for permanent vegetative establishment:
1. Soil pH shall be between 6.0 and 7.0.
2. Soluble salts shall be less than 500 parts per million (ppm).

. The soil shall contain less than 40% clay, but enough fine grained material (>30% silt plus clay) to provide the capacity to hold a moderate amount of moisture. An exception is if lovegrass or serecia lespedezas is to be planted, then a sandy soil (<30% silt plus clay) would be acceptable. 4. Soil shall contain 1.5% minimum organic matter by weight.

. Soil must contain sufficient pore space to permit adequate root penetration 6. If these conditions cannot be met by soils on site, adding topsoil is required in accordance with Section 21 Standard and Specification for Topsoil. b. Areas previously graded in conformance with the drawings shall be maintained in a true and even grade, then scarified or otherwise loosened to a depth of 3-5" to permit bonding of the topsoil to the surface area and to create horizontal erosion check slots to prevent topsoil o the surface area and to create horizontal erosion check slots to prevent topsoil from

c. Apply soil amendments as per soil test or as included on the plans.
d. Mix soil amendments into the top 3-5" of topsoil by disking or other suitable means. Lawn areas should be raked to smooth the surface, remove large objects like stones and branches, and ready the area for seed and application. Where site conditions will not permit normal seedbed preparation, loosen surface soil by dragging with a heavy chain or other equipment o roughen the surface. Steep slopes (steeper than 3:1) should be tracked by a dozer leaving the soil in an irregular condition with ridges running parallel to the contour of the slope. The top 1-3" of soil should be loose and triable. Seedbed loosening may not be necessary on

i. All seed must meet the requirements of the Maryland State Seed Law. All seed shall be subject to re-testing by a recognized seed laboratory. All seed used shall have been tested within the 6 months immediately preceding the date of sowing such material on this job. Note: Seed tags shall be made available to the inspector to verify type and rate of seed used ii. Inoculant — The inoculant for treating legume seed in the seed mixtures shall be a pure culture of nitrogen—fixing bacteria prepared specifically for the species. Inoculants shall not be used later than the date indicated on the container. Add fresh inoculant as directed on package. Use four times the recommended rate when hydroseeding. Note: It is very important to keep inoculant as cool as possible until used. Temperatures above 75°-80° F. can weaken bacteria and make the inoculant less effective.

ydroseeding: Apply seed uniformly with hydroseeder (slurry includes seed and fertilizer), broadcast or drop seeded, or a cultipacker seeder. a. If fertilizer is being applied at the time of seeding, the application rates amounts will not exceed the following: nitrogen; maximum of 100 lbs. per acre total of soluble nitrogen; P205 (phosphorous): 200 lbs/ac; K20 (potassium): 200 lbs/ac. b. Lime — use only ground agricultural limestone, (Up to 3 tons per acre may be applied by hydroseeding). Normally, not more than 2 tons are applied by hydroseeding at any one

time. Do not use burnt or hydrated lime when hydroseeding.

c. Seed and fertilizer shall be mixed on site and seeding shall be done immediately and without interruption. ii. Dry Seeding: This includes use of conventional drop or broadcast spreaders. a. Seed spread dry shall be incorporated into the subsoil at the rates prescribed on the Temporary or Permanent Seeding Summaries or Tables 265 or 26. The seeded area

shall then be rolled with a weighted roller to provide good seed to soil contact.

b. Where practical, seed should be applied in two directions perpendicular to each other.

Apply half the seeding rate in each direction.

iii. Orill or Cultipacker Seeding: Mechanized seeders that apply and cover seed with soil.

a. Cultipacking seeders are required to bury the seed in such a fashion as to provide at least 1/4 inch of soil covering. Seedbed must be firm after planting. b. Where practical, seed should be applied in two directions perpendicular to each other.

Apply half the seeding rate in each direction.

Mulch Specifications (In order of preference) i. Straw shall consist of thoroughly threshed wheat, rye or oat straw, reasonable bright in color, and shall not be musty, moldy, caked, decayed, or excessively dusty and shall be free of noxious weed seeds as specified in the Maryland Seed Law.

ii. Wood Cellulose Fiber Mulch (WCFM)

a. WCFM shall consist of specially prepared wood cellulose processed into a uniform

b. WCFM shall be dyed green or contain a green dye in the package that will provide an appropriate color to facilitate visual inspection of the uniformly spread slurry.

c. WCFM, including dye, shall contain no germination or growth inhibiting factors.

d. WCFM materials shall be manufactured and processed in such a manner that the wood cellulose fiber mulch will remain in uniform suspension in water under agitation and will blend with seed, fertilizer and other additives to form a homogeneous slurry

The mulch material shall form a blotter-like ground cover, on application, having moisture absorption and percolation properties and shall cover and hold grass seed in contact with the soil without inhibiting the growth of the grass seedlings.

e. WCFM material shall contain no elements of compounds at concentration levels that will be phytol-toxic.

f. WCFM must conform to the following physical requirements: fiber length to approximately 10 mm., diameter approximately 1 mm., pH range of 4.0 to 8.5, ash content of 1.6% maximum and water holding capacity of 90% minimum.

Note: Only sterile straw mulch should be used in areas where one species of grass is desired. Mulching Seeded Areas - Mulch shall be applied to all seeded areas immediately after seeding. i. It grading is completed outside of the seeding season, mulch along shall be applied as prescribe n this section and maintained until the seeding season returns and seeding can be performed in accordance with these specifications.

ii. When straw mulch is used, it shall be spread over all seeded areas at the rate of 2 tons/acre. Mulch shall be applied to a uniform loose depth of between 1" and 2". Mulch applied shall achieve a uniform distribution and depth so that the soil surface is not exposed. If a mulch anchoring tool is to be used, the rate should be increased to 2.5 tons/acre. iii. Wood cellulose fiber used as a mulch shall be applied at a net dry weight of 1,500 lbs. per acre. The wood cellulose fiber shall be mixed with water, and the mixture shall contain a maximum of 50 lbs. of wood cellulose fiber per 100 gallons of water. securing Sträw Mulch (Mulch Anchoring): Mulch anchoring shall be performed immediately following mulch

application to minimize loss by wind or water. This may be done by one of the following methods (listed by

i. A mulch anchoring tool is a tractor drawn implement designed to punch and anchor mulch into the soil surface a minimum of two (2) inches. This practice is most effective on large areas, but is limited to flatter slopes where equipment can operate safely. It used on sloping

preference), depending upon size of area and erosion hazard:

land, this practice should be used on the contour if possible.

ii. Wood cellulose fiber may be used for anchoring straw. The fiber binder shall be applied at a net dry weight of 750 pounds/acre. The wood cellulose fiber shall be mixed with water and the mixture shall contain a maximum of 50 pounds of wood cellulose fiber per 100 gallons

iii. Application of liquid binders should be heavier at the edges where wind catches mulch, such as in valleys and crest of banks. The remainder of area should be appear uniform after binder application. Synthetic binders — such as Acrylic DLR (Agro—Tack), DCA—70 Petroset, Terra Ta II. Terra Tack AR or other approved equal may be used at rates recommended by the manufacturer to anchor mulch.

iv. Lightweight plastic netting may be stapled over the mulch according to manufacturer's recom-mendations. Netting is usually available in rolls 4' to 15' feet wide and 300 to 3,000 feet long

1. Incremental Stabilization - Cut Slopes i. All cuts slopes shall be dressed prepared, seeded and mulched as the work progresses. Slopes shall be excavated and stabilized in equal increments not to exceed 15

ii. Construction sequence (Refer to Figure 3 below):

 a. Excavate and stabilize all temporary swales, side ditches, or berms that will be used to convey runoff from the excavation.
 b. Perform Phase 1 excavation, dress, and stabilize. c. Perform Phase 2 excavation, dress and stabilize. Overseed Phase 1 areas as

necessary.
d. Perform findl phase excavation, dress and stabilize. Overseed previously seeded areas as necessary. Note: Once excavation has begun the operation should be continuous from grubbing through the completion of grading and

placement of topsoil (if required) and permanent seed and mulch. Any interruptions int he operation of completing the operation out of the seeding season will necessitate the application of temporary stabilization. Incremental Stabilization of Embankments - Fill Slopes

i. Embankments shall be constructed in lifts as prescribed on the plans.

ii. Slopes shall be stabilized immediately when the vertical height of the multiple lifts reaches

15°, or when the grading operation ceases as prescribed in the plans.

iii. At the end of each day, temporary berms and pipe slope drains should be constructed along the top edge of the embankment to intercept surface runoff and convey it down the slope in a non-erosive manner to

of the embankment to intercept surface runoff and convey it down the slope in a non-erosive a sediment trapping device.

iv. Construction sequence: Refer to Figure 4 (below).

a. Excavate and stabilize all temporary swales, side ditches, or berms that will be used to divert runoff around the fill. Construct slope silt fence on low side of fill as shown in Figure 5, unless other methods shown on the plans address this area.

b. Place Phase 1 embankment, dress and stabilize.

c. Place Phase 2 embankment, dress and stabilize.

d. Place final phase embankment, dress and stabilize. Overseed previously seeded

areas as necessary.

Note: Once the placement of fill has begun the operation should be continuous from grubbing through the completion of and placement of topsoil (if required) grading and permanent seed and mulch. any interruptions in the operation or completing the operation out of the seeding season will necessitate the application of temporary stabilization. SECTION 2 - TEMPORARY SEEDING

Vegetation - annual grass or grain used to provide cover on disturbed areas for up to 12 months. For longer duration of vegetative cover, Permanent Seeding is required.

A. Seed mixtures - Temporary Seeding

i. Select one or more of the species or mixtures listed in Table 26 for the appropriate Plant Hardiness Zone (from Figure 5) and enter them in the Temporary seeding summary below, along with application rates, seeding dates and seeding depths. If this summary is not put on the plans and completed, then Table 26 must be put on the plans

ii. For sites having soil tests performed, the rates shown on this table shall be deleted and the rates recommended by the testing agency shall be written in. Soil tests are not required for Temporary Seeding.

5e	ed Mixture (Har Fron	Fertilizer Rate	Lime Rate			
· No.	5pecies	Application Rate (lb/ac)	Seeding Dates	Seeding Depths	(10-10-10)	
1	BARLEY OATS RYE	122 96 140	3/1 - 5/15. 8/15 - 10/15	1" - 2" 1" - 2" 1" - 2"	600 lb/ac (15 lb/1000sf)	2 tons/dc (100 lb/1000s

### SECTION 3 - PERMANENT SEEDING

Seeding grass and legumes to establish groung cover for a minimum of one year on disturbed areas generally receiving low maintenance.

A. Seed mixtures - Permanent Seeding

i. Select one or more of the species or mixtures listed in Table 25 for the appropriate Plant Hardiness Zone (from Figure 5) and enter them in the Permanent Seeding Summary below, along with application rates and seeding dates. Seeding depths can be estimated using Table 26. If this summary is not put on the construction plans and completed, then Table 25 must be put on the plans. Additional planting specifications for exceptional sites such as shorelines, streambanks, or dunes or for special purposes such as wildlife or aesthetic treatment may be found in USDA-SCS Technical Field Office Guide, Section 342 - Critical Area Planting. For special lawn maintenance areas, see Sections IV Sod and V Turforass.

ii. For sites having disturbed area over 5 areas, the rates shown on this table shall be deleted and the rates recommended by the soil testing agency shall be written in.

iii. For dreas receiving low maintenance, apply ureaform fertilizer (46-0-0) at 3 1/2 lbs/1000 sq. ft. (150 lbs/ac), in addition to the above soil amendments shown in the table below, to be performed at the time of seeding.

Seed Mixture (Hardiness Zone <u>6b</u> ) From Table 25						Fertilizer Rate (10-20-20)		
No.	Species	Application Rate (lb/ac)	Seeding Dates	Seeding Depths	N	P205	K20	Rațe
3	TALL FESCUE (05%) PERENNIAL RYE GRASS (10%) KENTUCKY BLUEGRASS (5%)	125 15 10	3/1 - 5/15. 8/15 - 10/15	1" - 2"		175 lb/ac (4 lb/ 1000sf)	175 lb/ac (4 lb/ 1000sf)	2 tons/dc (100 lb/
10	TALL FESCUE (00%) HARD FESCUE (20%)	120 30	3/1 - 5/15. 8/15 - 10/15	1" - 2"				1000sf)

# SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES

1) A MINIMUM OF 48 HOURS NOTICE MUST BE GIVEN TO THE HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF INSPECTIONS, LISCENSES AND PERMITS, SEDIMENT CONTROL DIVISION PRIOR TO THE START OF ANY CONSTRUCTION (313-1055).

2) ALL VEGETATIVE AND STRUCTURAL PRACTICES ARE TO BE INSTALLED ACCORDING TO THE PROVISIONS OF THIS PLAN AND ARE TO BE IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE MOST CURRENT MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL

EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL AND REVISIONS THERETO. 3) FOLLOWING INITIAL SOIL DISTURBANCE OR RE-DISTURBANCE, PERMANENT OR TEMPORARY STABILIZATION SHALL BE COMPLETED WITHIN: a) 7 CALENDAR DAYS FOR ALL PERIMETER SEDIMENT CONTROL STRUCTURES, DIKES, PERIMETER

SLOPES AND ALL SLOPES STEEPER THAN 3:1, b) 14 DAYS AS TO ALL OTHER DISTURBED OR GRADED AREAS ON THE PROJECT SITE. 4) ALL SEDIMENT TRAPS/BASINS SHOWN MUST BE FENCED AND WARNING SIGNS POSTED AROUND THEIR PERIMETER IN ACCORDANCE WITH VOL. 1, CHAPTER 12, OF

THE HOWARD COUNTY DESIGN MANUAL, STORM DRAINAGE. 5) ALL DISTURBED AREAS MUST BE STABILIZED WITHIN THE TIME PERIOD SPECIFIED ABOVE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE 1994 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL FOR PERMANENT SEEDING (SEC. 51), SOD (SEC. 54), TEMPORARY SEEDING (SEC. 50), AND MULCHING (SEC. 52). TEMPORARY STABILIZATION WITH MULCH ALONE CAN ONLY BE DONE WHEN RECOMMENDED SEEDING DATES DO NOT ALLOW FOR PROPER

GERMINATION AND ESTABLISHMENT OF GRASSES. 6) ALL SEDIMENT CONTROL STRUCTURES ARE TO REMAIN IN PLACE AND ARE TO BE MAINTAINED IN OPERATIVE CONDITION UNTIL PERMISSION FOR THEIR REMOVAL HAS BEEN OBTAINED FROM THE HOWARD COUNTY SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR.

TOTAL AREA OF SITE AREA DISTURBED 1.21 ACRES AREA OF LO.D. TO BE ROOFED OR PAVED AREA OF LO.D. TO BE VEGETATIVELY STABILIZED 0.61 ACRES TOTAL CUT

OFFSITE WASTE/BORROW AREA LOCATION 8) ANY SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICE WHICH IS DISTURBED BY GRADING ACTIVITY FOR PLACEMENT OF UTILITIES MUST BE REPAIRED ON THE SAME DAY OF

9) ADDITIONAL SEDIMENT CONTROLS MUST BE PROVIDED, IF DEEMED NECESSARY BY THE HOWARD COUNTY SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR. 10) ON ALL SITES WITH DISTURBED AREAS IN EXCESS OF 2 ACRES, APPROVAL OF THE INSPECTION AGENCY SHALL BE REQUESTED UPON COMPLETION OF nstallation of perimeter erosion and sediment controls, but before PROCEEDING WITH ANY OTHER EARTH DISTURBANCE OR GRADING. OTHER BUILDING OR GRADING INSPECTION APPROVALS MAY NOT BE AUTHORIZED UNTIL THIS INITIAL

APPROVAL BY THE INSPECTION AGENCY IS MADE. 11) TRENCHES FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF UTILITIES IS LIMITED TO THREE PIPE LENGHTS OR THAT WHICH SHALL BE BACK-FILLED AND STABILIZED WITHIN ONE WORKING DAY, WHICHEVER IS SHORTER.

## SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION

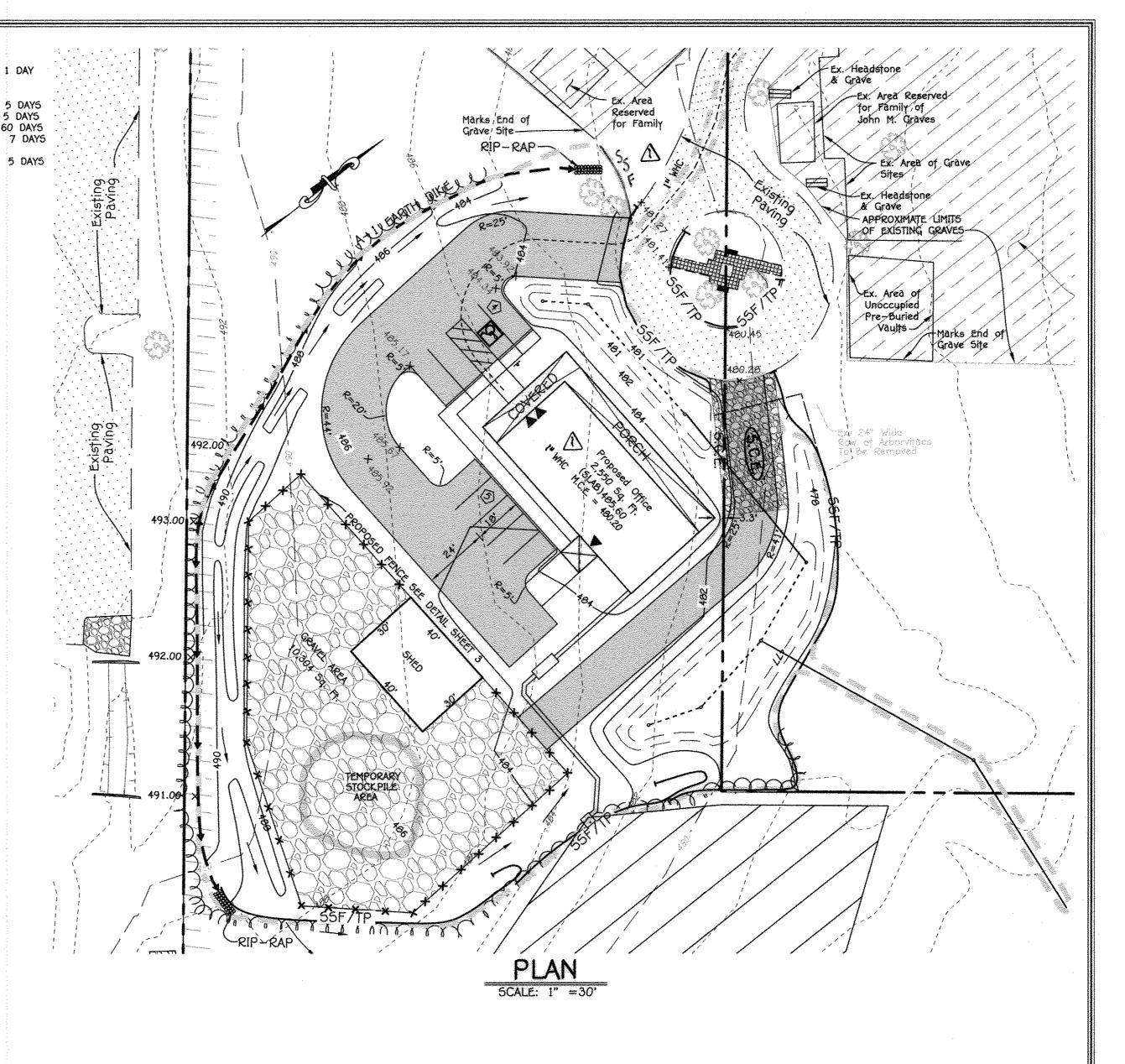
1. OBTAIN GRADING PERMIT 2. INSTALL SEDIMENT EROSION CONTROL DEVICES AS SHOWN ON PLAN, WHICH INCLUDE SUPER SILT FENCE AND TREE PROTECTION, AS WELL A STONE CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE 3. CLEAR AND GRUB TO LIMITS OF DISTURBANCE

. CONSTRUCT BUILDING 5. FINE GRADE SITE AND INSTALL PERMANENT SEEDING AND LANDSCAPE 6. REMOVE SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES AS UPLAND AREAS ARE STABILIZED AND PERMISSION IS GRANTED BY E/S CONTROL INSPECTOR.

### LEGEND Existing Contour 2' interval Existing Contour 10' interval Proposed Contour 2' interval Proposed Contour 10' interval Proposed Concrete Sidewalk Existing Tree Line Proposed Tree Line mExisting Shade Trees Existing Evergreen Trees Existing Shrub Location of points of ingress and egress Ex. Water Limit of Disturbance Ordinage Area Super Silt Fence Filter Bed Area Denotes Approximate Limits of Existing Graves Denotes FDP Lines

NOTE: FOR PROPOSED LANDSCAPING SEE SHEET 3 OF 7

NO GRADING OR CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE PERMITTED WITHIN 10 FEET OF INDIVIDUAL GRAVE SITES AS STATED IN 16.118(c) OF THE HOWARD COUNTY SUBDIVISION AND LAND DEVELOPMENT REGULATIONS.



ALL SEDIMENT CONTROLS DAMAGED BY CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES ARE TO BE REPAIRED IMMEDIATELY.



10/24/12

This development plan is approved for soil erosion and sediment control by

MANNING of HOWARD COUNTY



CENSUS TR.

ELEC. DIST.

5th

AS-BUILT CERTIFICATION FOR PSYM Note: There is no "AS BUILT" information

HARLEK JICKOVO GR. #19204

ALDO M. VITUCCI BEINDER/DEVELOPER'S CERTIFICATE "I/We certify that all development and construction will be done according to this plan and that any responsible personnel involved in the construction project will have a Certificate of Attendance at a Department of the Environment Approved Training Program for the Control of Sediment and

inspection by the Howard Soil Conservation District."

Erosion before beginning the project. I also authorize periodic on-site

Scale: 1" = 30'

APPROVED: DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING 2-25-13 2.19.13 **SUBDIVISION** LOT NO. COLUMBIA CEMETERY SITE

29

PARCEL NO. ZONE TAX MAP

NT

371

11185/5489

SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL PLAN, NOTES AND SEWER PROFILE

# COLUMBIA MEMORIAL PARK

CEMETERY SITE SECTION 1 AREA 1 LOT 1, SECTION 1 AREA 2 LOT 3 PROPOSED OFFICE BUILDING, SHED AND GRAVEL STORAGE AREA PREVIOUS HOWARD COUNTY FILES: FOP-188-A1, F-83-116, 5DP-84-280, ECP-11-033,

5DP-11-039, ECP-12-027 TAX MAP No.: 29 GRID No.: 19 PARCEL No.: 371 HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

FIFTH ELECTION DISTRICT SCALE: AS SHOWN DATE: JULY 16, 2012

FISHER. COLLINS & CARTER. INC. Duare office park — 10272 Baltimore National Pike (410) 461 - 2855

3/31/17 AB-BUILT 11/18/14 A REVISE SI REVISE SIZE OF WATER HOUSE CONNECTION & METER SETTING

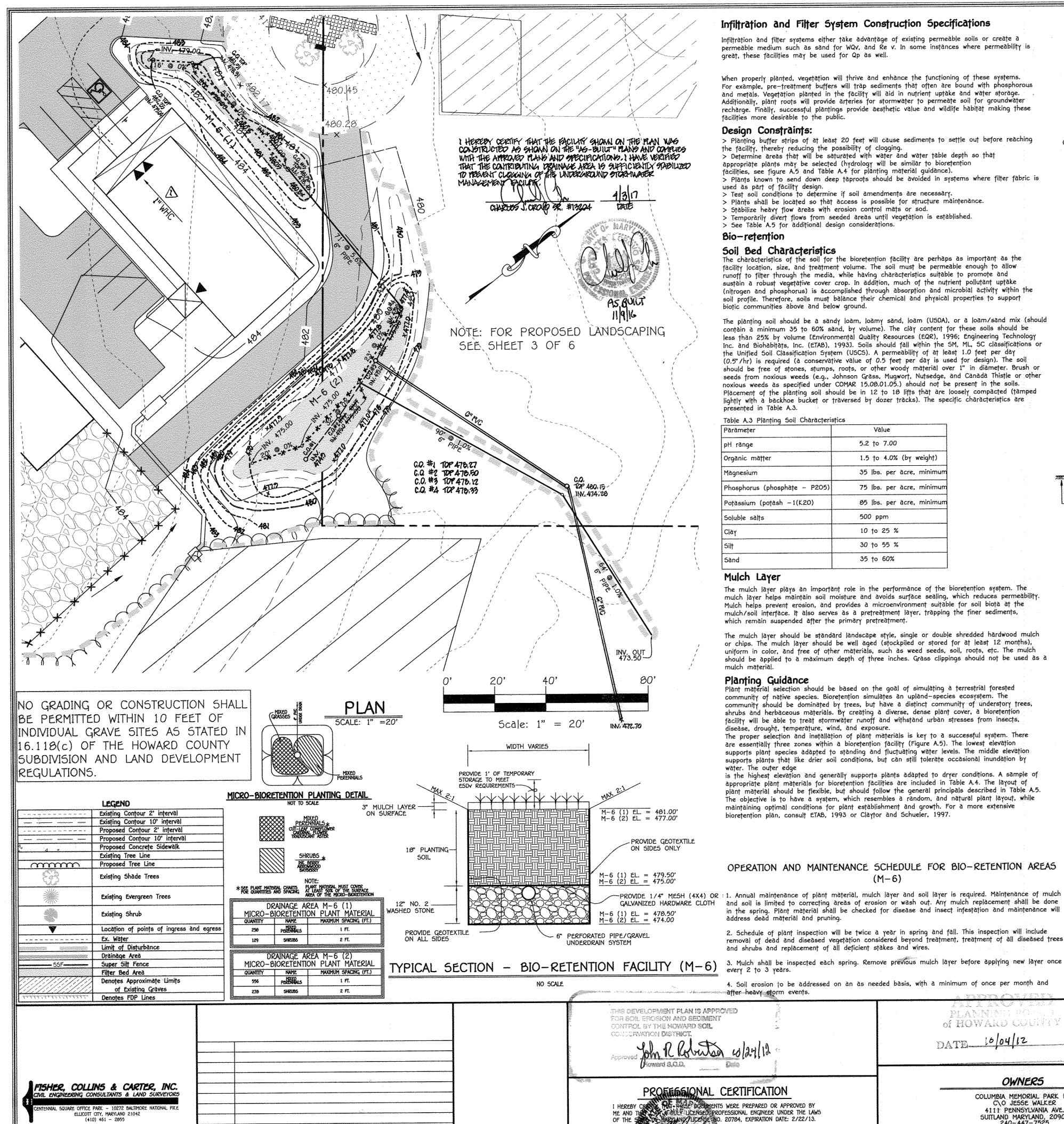
ENGINEER'S CERTIFICATE the Milip of erosion and sediment control represents a practical and workable of the site conditions and that it was prepared in the tenuirements of the Howard Soil Conservation District."

Jesse Walker

1916/12 Date

OWNERS COLUMBIA MEMORIAL PARK LLC C\O JESSE WALKER 4111 PENNSYLVANIA AVE. SUITLAND MARYLAND, 20904 240-447-7525

the HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT.



3/31/17 A9-BUILT 11/10/14 (\) PEVISE 9

A REVISE SIZE OF WATER HOUSE CONNECTION & METER SETTING

## Infiltration and Filter System Construction Specifications

Infiltration and filter systems either take advantage of existing permeable soils or create a permeable medium such as sand for WQV, and Re v. In some instances where permeability is great, these facilities may be used for Qp as well.

When properly planted, vegetation will thrive and enhance the functioning of these systems. For example, pre-treatment buffers will trap sediments that often are bound with phosphorous and metals. Vegetation planted in the facility will aid in nutrient uptake and water storage. Additionally, plant roots will provide arteries for stormwater to permeate soil for groundwater recharge. Finally, successful plantings provide aesthetic value and wildlife habitat making these facilities more desirable to the public.

> Planting buffer strips of at least 20 feet will cause sediments to settle out before reaching

the facility, thereby reducing the possibility of clogging. > Determine areas that will be saturated with water and water table depth so that appropriate plants may be selected (hydrology will be similar to bioretention facilities, see figure A.5 and Table A.4 for planting material guidance).

> Plants known to send down deep taproots should be avoided in systems where filter fabric is used as part of facility design.

> Test soil conditions to determine if soil amendments are necessary. > Plants shall be located so that access is possible for structure maintenance.

> Temporarily divert flows from seeded areas until vegetation is established.

### Soil Bed Characteristics

The characteristics of the soil for the bioretention facility are perhaps as important as the facility location, size, and treatment volume. The soil must be permeable enough to allow runoff to filter through the media, while having characteristics suitable to promote and sustain a robust vegetative cover crop. In addition, much of the nutrient pollutant uptake (nitrogen and phosphorus) is accomplished through absorption and microbial activity within the soil profile. Therefore, soils must balance their chemical and physical properties to support biotic communities above and below ground.

The planting soil should be a sandy loam, loamy sand, loam (USDA), or a loam/sand mix (should contain a minimum 35 to 60% sand, by volume). The clay content for these soils should be less than 25% by volume [Environmental Quality Resources (EQR), 1996; Engineering Technology Inc. and Biohabitats, Inc. (ETAB), 1993]. Soils should fall within the SM, ML, SC classifications or the Unified Soil Classification System (USCS). A permeability of at least 1.0 feet per day (0.5"/hr) is required (a conservative value of 0.5 feet per day is used for design). The soil should be free of stones, stumps, roots, or other woody material over 1" in diameter. Brush or seeds from noxious weeds (e.g., Johnson Grass, Mugwort, Nutsedge, and Canada Thistle or other noxious weeds as specified under COMAR 15.08.01.05.) should not be present in the soils. Placement of the planting soil should be in 12 to 18 lifts that are loosely compacted (tamped lightly with a backhoe bucket or traversed by dozer tracks). The specific characteristics are

table 4.3 Flatifing 3011 Characteristic	.a				
Parameter	Value				
pH range	5.2 to 7.00				
Organic matter	1.5 to 4.0% (by weight)				
Magnesium	35 lbs. per acre, minimum				
Phosphorus (phosphate - P205)	75 lbs. per acre, minimum				
Potassium (potash -1(K2O)	85 lbs. per acre, minimun				
Soluble salts	500 ppm				
Clay	10 to 25 %				
5i)†	30 to 55 %				
5and	35 to 60%				

The mulch layer plays an important role in the performance of the bioretention system. The mulch layer helps maintain soil moisture and avoids surface sealing, which reduces permeability Mulch helps prevent erosion, and provides a microenvironment suitable for soil biota at the mulch/soil interface. It also serves as a pretreatment layer, trapping the finer sediments,

The mulch layer should be standard landscape style, single or double shredded hardwood mulch or chips. The mulch layer should be well aged (stockpiled or stored for at least 12 months). uniform in color, and free of other materials, such as weed seeds, soil, roots, etc. The mulch should be applied to a maximum depth of three inches. Grass clippings should not be used as a

Plant material selection should be based on the goal of simulating a terrestrial forested community of native species. Bioretention simulates an upland-species ecosystem. The community should be dominated by trees, but have a distinct community of understory trees, shrubs and herbaceous materials. By creating a diverse, dense plant cover, a bioretention facility will be able to treat stormwater runoff and withstand urban stresses from insects,

disease, drought, temperature, wind, and exposure. The proper selection and installation of plant materials is key to a successful system. There are essentially three zones within a bioretention facility (Figure A.5). The lowest elevation supports plant species adapted to standing and fluctuating water levels. The middle elevation supports plants that like drier soil conditions, but can still tolerate occasional inundation by

is the highest elevation and generally supports plants adapted to dryer conditions. A sample of appropriate plant materials for bioretention facilities are included in Table A.4. The layout of plant material should be flexible, but should follow the general principals described in Table A.5. The objective is to have a system, which resembles a random, and natural plant layout, while maintaining optimal conditions for plant establishment and growth. For a more extensive

## OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE FOR BIO-RETENTION AREAS (M-6)

-PROVIDE 1/4" MESH (4X4) OR: 1. Annual maintenance of plant material, mulch layer and soil layer is required. Maintenance of mulch GALVANIZED HARDWARE CLOTH and soil is limited to correcting areas of erosion or wash out. Any mulch replacement shall be done in the spring. Plant material shall be checked for disease and insect infestation and maintenance will address dead material and pruning.

> 2. Schedule of plant inspection will be twice a year in spring and fall. This inspection will include removal of dead and diseased vegetation considered beyond treatment, treatment of all diseased trees and shrubs and replacement of all deficient stakes and wires.

PLANNING

DATE 10/04/12

of HOWARD COURT

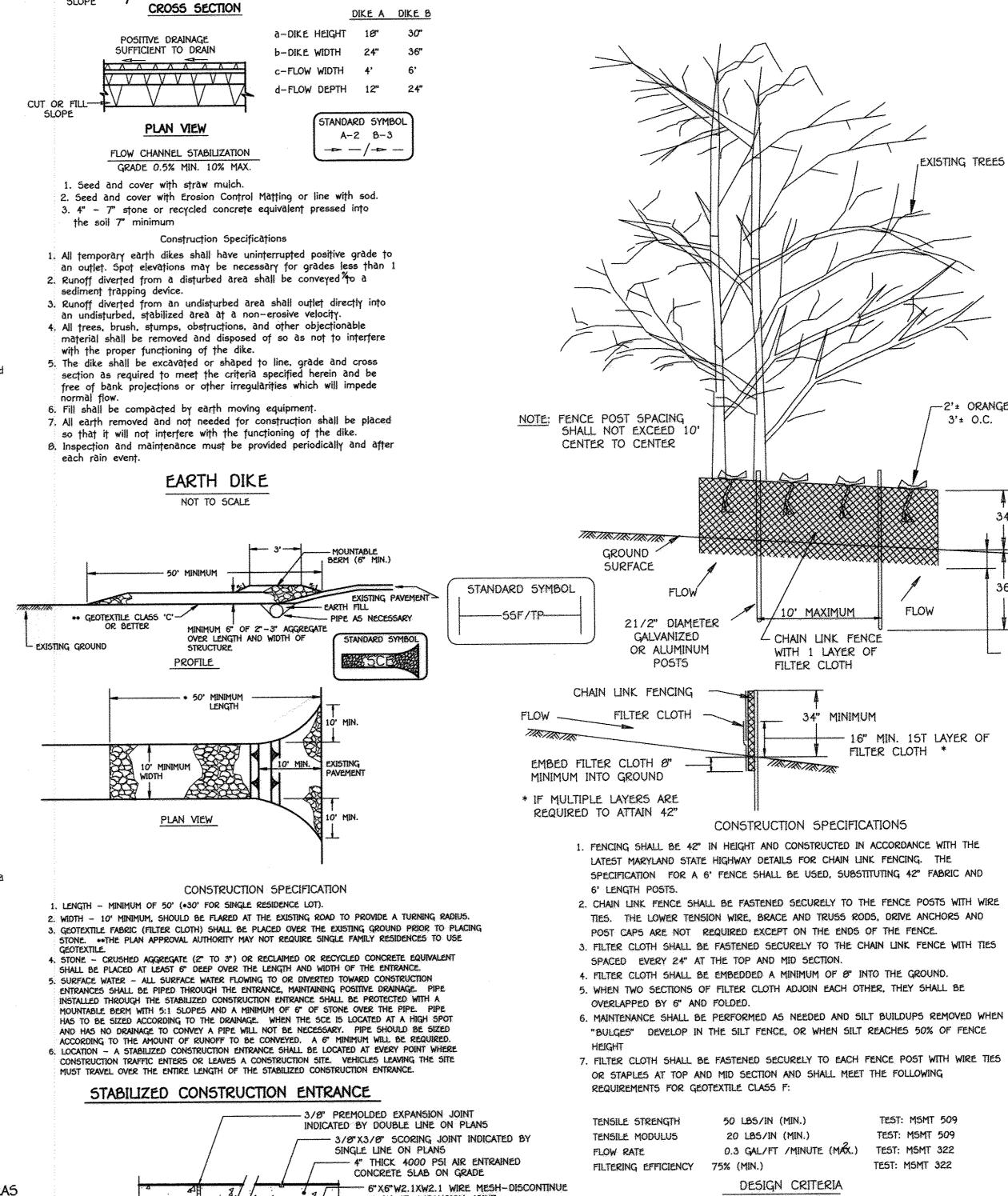
OWNERS

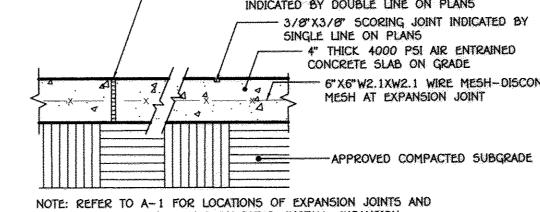
COLUMBIA MEMORIAL PARK LLC C\O JESSE WALKER

4111 PENNSYLVANIA AVE.

SUITLAND MARYLAND, 20904 240-447-7525

4. Soil erosion to be addressed on an as needed basis, with a minimum of once per month and after heavy storm events.





SCORING JOINTS. WHERE NOT INDICATED, INSTALL EXPANSION JOINTS AT MAX. 15'-0" O.C. AND INSTALL SCORING JOINTS AT MAX.

APPROVED: DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING

ector - Department of Planning and Zonin

2-25-13

LOT NO.

CENSUS TR.

SECTION/AREA

PARCEL NO. ZONE TAX MAP ELEC. DIST.

29

NT

DESIGN CRITERIA SILT FENCE LENGTH SLOPE LENGTH SLOPE (MAXIMUM) (MAXIMUM) SLOPE STEEPNESS UNLIMITED 0 - 10% 0 - 10:1UNLIMITED 200 FEET 1,500 FEET 10 - 20% 10:1 - 5:1 1,000 FEET 100 FEET 20 - 33% 5:1 - 3:1500 FEET 100 FEET 33 - 50% 3:1 - 2:1

### SLOPE ACROSS SIDEWALK SHALL BE MIN. 1/8"/FT. CONCRETE WALK DETAIL

SUBDIVISION

11105/5409

COLUMBIA CEMETERY SITE

371

b 2:1 SLOPE OR FLATTER

EXCAVATE TO PROVIDE

REQUIRED FLOW WIDTH

AT DESIGN FLOW DEPTH

OR FLATTER

CUT OR FILL

# SUPER SILT FENCE. TREE PROTECTION FENCE

NOT TO SCALE STORMWATER MANAGEMENT NOTES AND

SCALE: AS SHOWN

**DETAILS** 

# COLUMBIA MEMORIAL PARK

50 FEET

CEMETERY SITE SECTION 1 AREA 1 LOT 1, SECTION 1 AREA 2 LOT 3 PROPOSED OFFICE BUILDING, SHED AND GRAVEL STORAGE AREA PREVIOUS HOWARD COUNTY FILES: FDP-188-A1, F-83-116, 50P-84-280, ECP-11-033, 50P-11-039, ECP-12-027

TAX MAP No.: 29 GRID No.: 19 PARCEL No.: 371 HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND FIFTH ELECTION DISTRICT

50P-12-040

DATE: JULY 16, 2012

250 FEET

EXISTING TREES TO REMAIN

-2'+ ORANGE STREAMERS

34" MINIMUM

36" MINIMUM

- 8" MINIMUM

118118118

3' ± O.C.

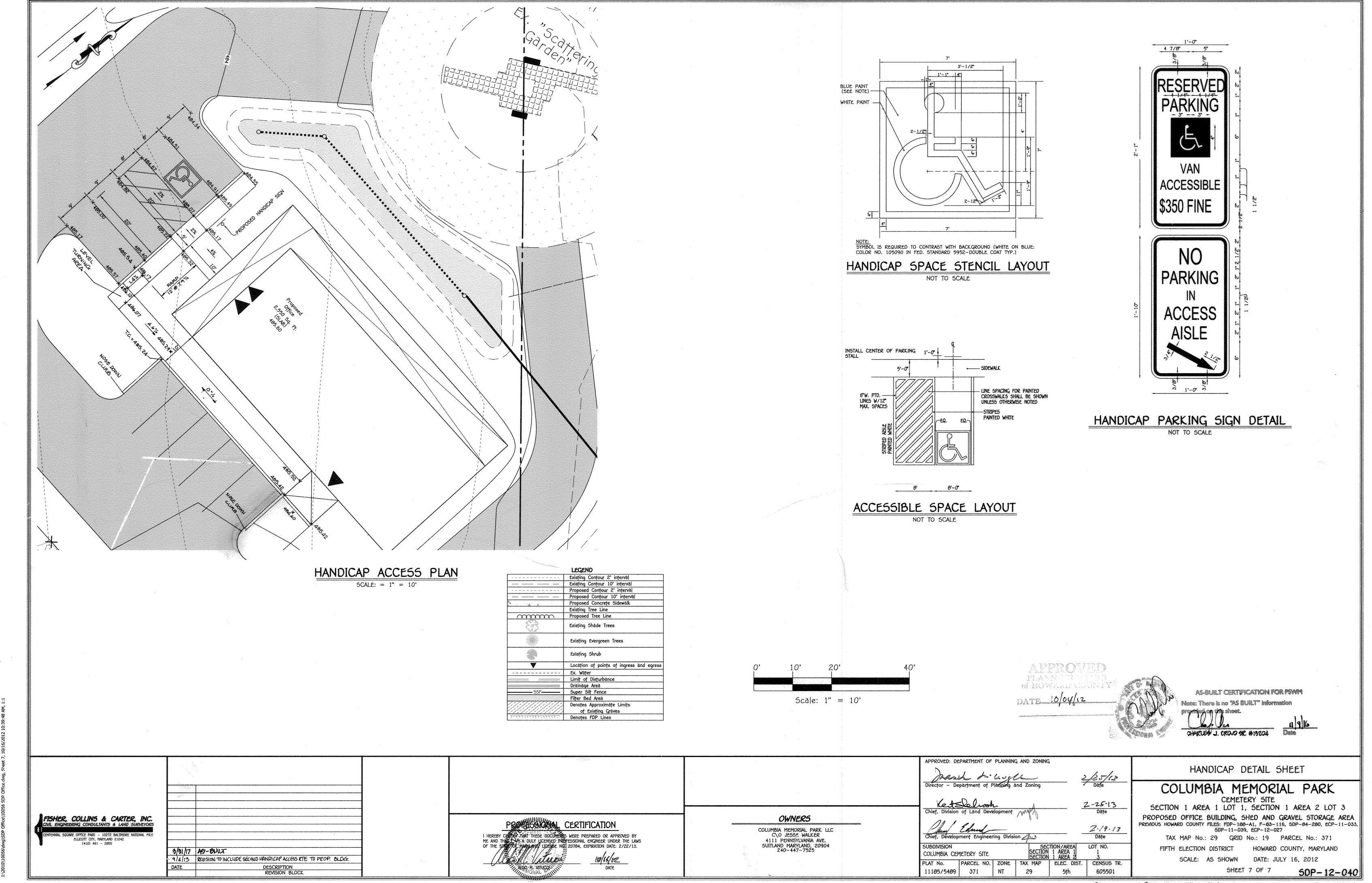
FILTER CLOTH

TEST: MSMT 509

TEST: M5MT 509

TEST: MSMT 322

TEST: MSMT 322



THERE IS NO "AG-BUILT" INFORMATION PROVIDED ON THIS SHEET