

HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT STANDARD SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES A minimum of 48 hours notice must be given to the Howard County Department

of Inspections, Licenses and Permits, Sediment Control Division prior to the start of any construction, (313-1856). All vegetative and structural practices are to be installed according to the provisions of this plan and are to be in conformance with the most current MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND

Following initial soil disturbance or redisturbance, permanent or temporary stabilization shall be completed within: a) 7 calendar days for all perimeter sediment control structures, dikes, perimeter slopes and all slopes greater than 3.1. b) 14 days as to all other disturbed or graded areas on the project site. All sediment traps/basins shown must be fenced and warning signs posted around their perimeter in accordance with Vol. 1, Chapter 7, of the HOWARD COUNTY DEGIGN MANUAL, Storm Drainage.

5. All disturbed areas must be stabilized within the time period specified above in

SEDIMENT CONTROL", and revisions thereto.

accordance with the 1994 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL (Section G) for permanent seeding, sod, temporary seeding, and mulching. Temporary stabilization with mulch alone can only be done when recommended seeding dates do not allow for proper germination and establishment of grasses. 6. All sediment control structures are to remain in place and are to be maintained in

operative condition until permission for their removal has been obtained from the Howard County Sediment Control Inspector. 7. Site Analysis: Total Area of Site Area Disturbed

Area to be roofed or paved Area to be vegetatively stabilized Total Cut Total Fill 500 Cu. Yds. Offsite waste area location N/A

8. Any sediment control practice which is disturbed by grading activity for placement of utilities must be repaired on the same day of disturbance. Additional sediment control must be provided, if deemed necessary by the Howard

County Sediment Control Inspector 10. On all sites with disturbed areas in excess of 2 acres, approval of the inspection agency shall be requested upon completion of installation of perimeter erosion and sediment controls, but before proceeding with any other earth disturbance or grading. Other building or grading inspection approvals may not be authorized until this initial

approval by the inspection agency is made. Trenches for the construction of utilities is limited to three pipe lengths or that which can be back filled and stabilized within one working day, whichever is shorter.

HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT PERMANENT SEEDING NOTES Apply to graded or cleared areas not subject to immediate further disturbance where a

permanent long-lived vegetative cover is needed.

SEEDBED PREPARATION: Loosen upper three inches of soil by raking, disking, or other

acceptable means before seeding, if not previously loosened. SOIL AMENDMENTS: In lieu of soil test recommendations, use one of the following

1) PREFERRED - Apply 2 tons per acres dolomitic limestone (92 lbs/1000sa. ft.) and 600 lbs per acre 10-10-10 fertilizer (14 lbs/1000 sa. ft.) before seeding. Harrow or disk into upper three inches of soil. At time of seeding, apply 400 lbs per acre 30-0-0 ureaform

fertilizer (9 lbs/1000sq. ft.) 2) ACCEPTABLE -- Apply 2 tons per acres dolomitic limestone (92 lbs/1000sq. ft.) and 1000 lbs per acre 10-10-10 fertilizer (23 lbs/1000 eq. ft.) before seeding. Harrow or disk into upper three inches of soil.

SEEDING - For the periods March 1 thru April 30, and August 1 thru October 15, seed with 60 lbs per acre (1.4 lbs/1000sq. ft.) of Kentucky 31 Tall Fescue. For the period May 1 thru July 31, seed with 60 lbs per acre (1.4 lbs/1000sq. ft.) of Kentucky 31 Tall Fescue and 2 lbs. per acre (.05 lbs/1000sq. ft.) of weeping lovegrass. During the period of October 16 thru February 28, protect site by: Option (1) - 2 tons per acre of well anchored straw mulch and seed as soon as possible in the spring. Option (2) - Use sod. Option (3) - Seed with 60 lbs. per acre Kentucky 31 Tall Fescue and mulch 2 tone / acre well anchored straw.

MULCHING -- Apply 1-1/2 to 2 tons per acre (70 to 90 lbs/1000eq, ft.) of unrotted small grain straw immediately after seeding. Anchor mulch immediately after application using mulch anchoring tool or 218 gallons per acre (5 gal/1000eq. ft.) of emulsified asphalt on flat areas. On slopes 8 feet or higher, use 348 gallons per acre (8 gal/1000sq. ft.) for anchoring.

MAINTENANCE - Inspect all seeding areas and make needed repairs, replacements and

HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT TEMPORARY SEEDING NOTES Apply to graded or cleared areas likely to be redisturbed where a short-termvegetative cover

SEEDBED PREPARATION: -- Loosen upper three inches of soil by raking, disking, or other acceptable means before seeding, if not previously loosened.

SOIL AMENDMENTS: -- Apply 600 lbs per acre 10-10-10 fertilizer (14 lbs/1000sq. ft.).

SEEDING - For periods March 1 thru April 30, and from August 15 thru October 15 seed with 2-12 bushels per acre of annual rye (3.2 lbs/1000sq. ft.). For the period May 1 thru August 14, seed with 3 lbs. per acre of weeping lovegrass (.07 lbs/1000sq. ft.). For the period November 16 thru February 28, protect

soon as possible in the spring, or use sod.

MULCHING - Apply 1-1/2 to 2 tons per acre (70 to 90 lbs/1000sq. ft.) of unrotted weed free small grain straw immediately after seeding. Anchor mulch immediately after application using mulch anchoring tool or 218 gallons per acre (5 gal/1000sq. ft.) of emulsified asphalt on flat areas. On slopes 8 feet or higher, use 348 gallons per acre (8 gal/1000sq. ft.) for anchoring.

site by applying 2 tons per acre of well anchored straw mulch and seed as

Refer to the 1994 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL for additional rates and methods not covered.

21.0 STANDARD AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR TOPSOIL

Placement of topsoil over a prepared subsoil prior to establishment of permanent vegetation.

To provide a suitable soil medium for vegetative growth. Soils of concern have low moisture content, low nutrient levels, low pH, materials toxic to plants, and/or unacceptable soil aradation.

I. This practice is limited to areas having 2:1 or flatter slopes where:

Conditions Where Practice Applies

a. The texture of the exposed subsoil/parent material is not adequate to produce vegetative arowth. b. The soil material is so shallow that the rooting zone is not deep enough to support plants or furnish continuing supplies of moisture and plant nutrients.

II. For the purpose of these Standards and Specifications, areas having slopes steeper than 2.1 require

c. The original soil to be vegetated contains material toxic to plant growth. d. The soil is so acidic that treatment with ilmestone is not feasible.

opecial consideration and design for adequate stabilization. Areas having slopes steeper than 2:1 shall have the appropriate etabilization shown on the plane.

l. Topsoil balvaged from the existing site may be used provided that it meets the standards as set forth in these specifications. Typically, the depth of topsoil to be salvaged for a given soil type can be found in the representative soil profile section in the Soil Survey published by USDA-SCS in cooperation with Maryland Agricultural Experimental Station.

Construction and Material Specifications

II. Topsoil Specifications - Soil to be used as topsoil must meet the following:

i. Topsoil shall be a loam, sandy loam, clay loam, silt loam, sandy clay Loam, loamy sand. Other soils may be used if recommended by an aaronomist or soil eclentist and approved by the appropriate approval authority. Regardless, topsoil shall not be a mixture of contrasting textured subsoils and shall contain less than 5 % by volume of cinders, stones, slag, coarse fragments, gravel, sticks, roote trash, or other materials larger than 1-1/2" in diameter.

ii. Topsoil must be free of plants or plant parts such as bermuda grass, quackgrass, Johnsongrass, nutecdae, poison iw, thistle, or others as specified, iii. Where the subsoil is either highly acidic or composed of heavy clays, ground limestone shall be spread at the rate of 4-8 tons/acre (200-400 pounds per 1,000 square feet) prior to the placement of topsoil. Lime shall be distributed uniformly over designated areas and worked into the soil in

conjunction with tillage operations as described in the following procedures.

III. For sites having disturbed areas under 5 acres:

1. Place topsoil (if required) and apply soil amendments as specified in 20.0 Vegetative Stabilization Section I - Vegetative Stabilization Methods and Materials.

IV. For sites having disturbed areas over 5 acres:

i. On soil meeting Topsoil specifications, obtain test results dictating fertilizer and lime amendments required to bring the soil into compliance with the following:

a. pH for topsoil shall be between 6.0 and 7.5. If the tested soil demonstrates a pH of less than 6.0. sufficient lime shall be prescribed to raise the pH to 6.5 or higher. b. Organic content of topsoil shall be not less than 1.5 percent by weight.

c. Topsoil having soluble salt content greater than 500 parts per million shall not be used. d. No sod or seed shall be placed on soil which has been treated with soil sterilants or chemicals used for weed control until sufficient time has clapsed (14 days min.) to permit dissipation of phyto-toxic materials.

Note: Topsoil substitutes or amendments, as recommended by a qualified agronomist or soil scientist and approved by the appropriate approval authority, may be used in lieu of natural topsoil.

ii. Place topsoil (If required) and apply soil amendments as specified in 20.0 Vegetative Stabilization Section I - Vegetative Stabilization Methods and Materials.

V. Topsoil Application

i. When topsoiling, maintain needed erosion and sediment control practices such as diversions, Grade Stabilization Structures, Earth Dikes, Slope Silt Fence and Sediment Traps and Basins. ii. Grades on the areas to be topsoiled, which have been previously established, shall be maintained,

albeit 4" - 8" higher in elevation. iii. Topsoil shall be uniformly distributed in a 4" - 8" layer and lightly compacted to a minimum thickness of 4". Spreading shall be performed in such a manner that sodding or seeding can proceed with a minimum of additional soil preparation and tillage. Any irregularities in the surface resulting from topsoiling or other operations shall be corrected in order to prevent the formation of depressions or

iv. Topsoil shall not be elaced while the topsoil or subsoil is in a frozen or muddy condition, when the subsoil is excessively wet or in a condition that may otherwise be detrimental to proper grading and

VI. Alternative for Permanent Seeding - Instead of applying the full amounts of lime and commercial fertilizer, composted sludge and amendments may be applied as specified below.

I. Composted Sludge Material for use as a soll conditioner for sites having disturbed areas over 5 acres shall be tested to prescribe amendments and for sites having disturbed areas under 5 acres shall conform to the following requirements:

a. Composted sludge shall be supplied by, or originate from, a person or persons that are permitted (at the time of acquisition of the compost) by the Maryland Department of the Environment under COMAR 26.04.06.

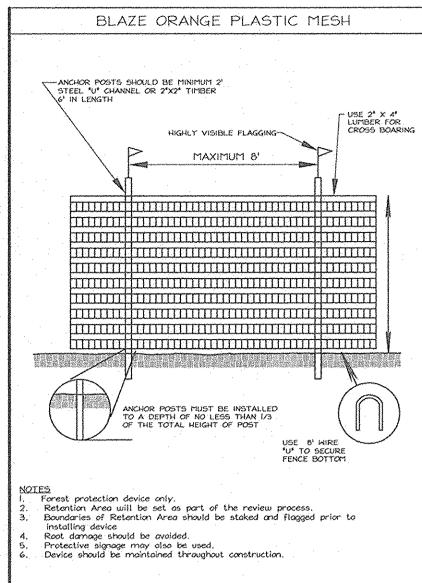
b. Composted sludge shall contain at least 1 percent nitrogen, 1.5 percent phosphorus, and 0.2 percent potassium and have a Ph of 7.0 to 8.0. If compost does not meet these requirements, the appropriate constituents must be added to meet the requirements

c. Composted sludge shall be applied at a rate of 1 ton/1,000 square feet, ii. Composted sludge shall be amended with a potassium fertilizer applied at the rate of 4 lb./1,000 square feet, and 1/3 the normal lime application rate

Service, University of Maryland and Virginia Polytechnic Institutes. Revised 1973.

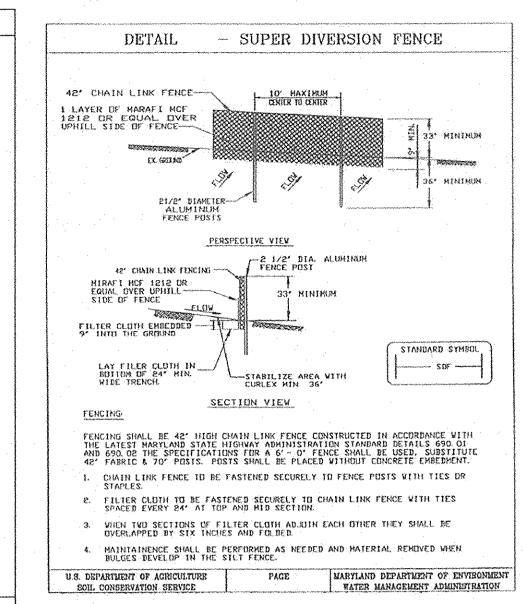
CONTROL BY THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT.

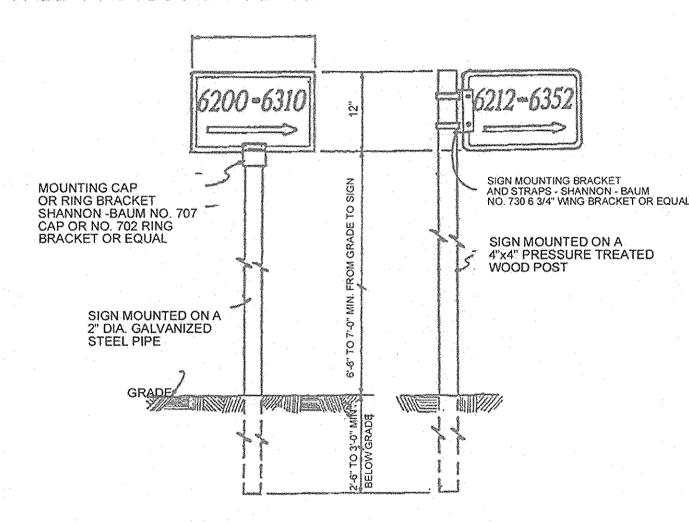
References: Quideline Specifications, Soil Preparation and Sodding, MD-VA, Pub.#1, Cooperative Extension



TREE PROTECTION FENCE

WOODLAND CONSERVATION MANUAL EXHIBIT K - 8 PRINCE GEORGES COUNTY, MD





SIGN OPTION NUMBER 1 AND NUMBER 2

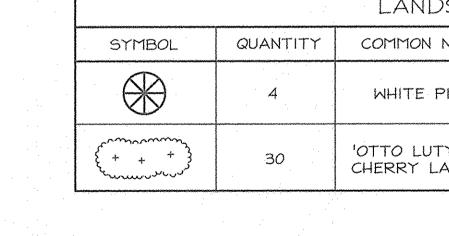
SIGN DESIGN AND INSTALLATION DETAIL No SCALE

PERII	SCHEDULE A PERIMETER LANDSCAPE EDGE		
Category	Adjacent to Perimeter Properties	Perimeter Properties	
Perimeter	P-I	P-2	
Landscape Type	A	А	
Linear Feet of Roadway Frontage / Perimeter	146 L.F.	504 L.F.	
Credit for Existing Vegetation (Yes, No, Linear Feet)	YES 146 L.F.*	YES 235 L.F.*	
Credit For Wall, Fence or Berm (Yes, No, Linear Feet)	No	No	
Number of Plants Required Shade Trees	0	269 L.F.÷60=5	
Number of Plants Provided Shade Trees Evergreens Shrubs	0	0 4 30**	

	LANDSCAPE SCHEDULE							
	SYMBOL	QUANTITY	COMMON NAME	BOTANICAL NAME	SIZE			
	*	4	WHITE PINE	PINUS STROBUS	6'-8' HT.			
	(+ + + +)	30	'OTTO LUTYKEN' CHERRY LAUREL	PRUNUS LAUROCERASUS 'OTTO LUTYKEN'	2'-2I/2'HT.			
. '								

* Credit for existing vegetation ** Hedge along Use In Common Driveway within 5' Landscape Buffer

APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING



ENGINEER'S CERTIFICATE WORK ABLE PLAN BASED ON MY PERSONAL KNOW EDGE OF THE SITE CONDITIONS. THIS PLAN WAS PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRIC

IIS DEVELOPMENT PLAN IS APPROVED FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMEN

I/WE CERTIFY THAT ALL DEVELOPMENT AND/OR CONSTRUCTION WILL BE DONE ACCORDING TO THESE

LANS AND THAT ANY RESPONSIBLE PERSONNEL INVOLVED IN THE CONSTRUCTION PROJECT WILL HAVE ERTIFICATE OF ATTENDANCE AT A DEPARTMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT APPROVED TRAINING PROGRAM OR THE CONTROL OF SEDIMENT AND EROSION BEFORE BEGINNING THE PROJECT. I ALSO AUTHORIZE PERIODIC ON-SITE INSPECTIONS BY THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT OR THEIR AUTHORIZED AGENTS: AS ARE DEEMED NECESSARY. 1-30-08

REMARKS

B¢B

B¢B/CONT

SIGN SPECIFICATIONS

1. The sign size shall be 12" x 18". 2. The sign material shall be .080 gauge thickness anodized aluminum.

3. The sign shall have a green background with 3" high white reflective numbers and arrow with a white reflective border. 4. Where a private road name is in use or part of a private Homeowner's Articles of Incorporation agreement the sign size will be enlarged to

DETAIL 24 - STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE

PROFILE

PLAN VIEW

2. Width - 10' minimum, should be flared at the existing road to provide a turning

Geotextile fabric (fliter cloth) shall be placed over the existing ground pric to placing etone. **The plan approval authority may not require single family residences to use geotextile.

4. Stone - crushed aggregate (2" to 3") or reclaimed or recycled concrete equivalent shall be placed at least 6" deep over the length and width of the entrance.

5. Surface Water - all surface water flowing to or diverted toward construction

5. Surface Water - all surface water howing to or diverted toward construction entrances shall be piped through the entrance, maintaining positive drainage. Pipe installed through the stabilized construction entrance shall be protected with a mountable berni with 51 slopes and a minimum of 6" of stome over the pipe. Pipe hat to be sized according to the drainage. When the SCE is located at a high spot and has no drainage to convey a pipe will not be necessary. Pipe should be sized according to the amount of runoff to be conveyed. A 6" minimum will be required.

6. Location - A stabilized construction entrance shall be located at every point

where construction traffic enters or leaves a construction site. Vehicles leaving the site must travel over the entire length of the stabilized construction entran

U.9. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE PAGE MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE F-17-3 WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION

DETAIL 22- SILT FENCE

DRIVEN A MINIMUM OF 16" INTO

Longth - minimum of 50' (*30' for single residence lot).

OR BETTER

- EXISTING GROUND

STANDARD SYTEOL

LISCI.

ENSTING PAVENDY)
EARTH FILL
BOOK IN THE PROPERTY FILL

MINITURE & OF 2"-3" AGGREGATE OVER LENGTH AND WIDTH OF STRUCTURE

PIPE AS NECESSARY

accommodate the necessary lettering but remain proportional to the above design limits. 5. The sign will be installed within the common driveway easement area as

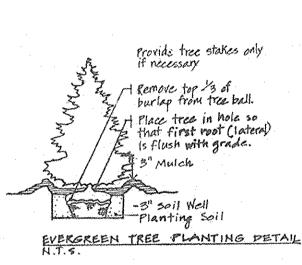
noted on the final plat.

6. Address number identification signs are to be provided under the tenants. of the Homeowner's Association Incorporation or a Property Management Company for installation and maintenance in accordance with the Department of Planning and Zoning Address Numbering System and per Section 3,503(a) of the Howard County Code - Public Signs. Maintenance/repair and replacement of the address number directional signs will be the responsibility of the Homeowner's Association or a Property Management Company.

7. Compliance regarding the installation of the new address number directional signs will be enforced by the Department of Inspections, Licenses and Permits at the time of final approval for issuance of the Use and Occupancy permits.

TREE PLANTING DETAILS

Provide tree stakes only if necessary TREMOVE covering from top of ball & place tree so that first lateral raot is flush with a rade 3" Much 4 so soil Well T Plantina Soil DECIPUOUS TREE PLANTING DETAIL

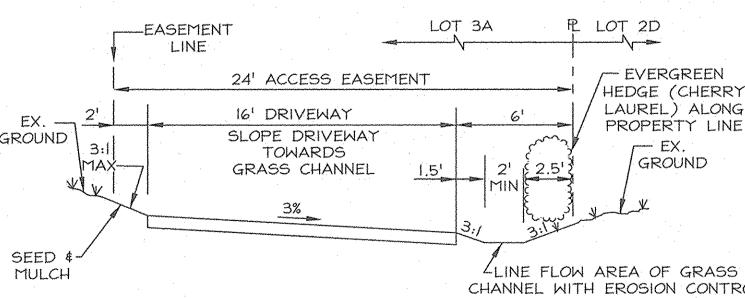


SOILS - KASSIT, LLC PROPERTY

On March 8, 2007 borings were hand augered and field classified by Samuel W. Corrice, P.E. A total of three (3) auger holes were dug as indicated on the enclosed plan. These same locations were excavated to further depths by a backhoe on September 12, 2007 and witnessed by Mr. Corrice.

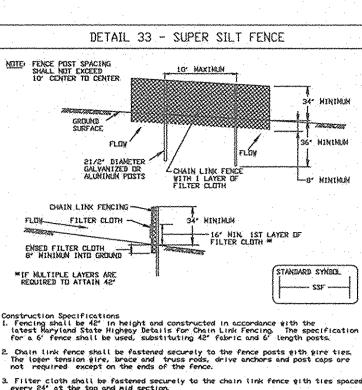
The 1968 Howard County Soil Survey more closely describes the soils encountered than the USDA Web Soil Survey. The logs are each good examples of Montalto soils, especially Montalto silty clay loam. The only difference is that all of the soils are mostly sandy clay loams or gravelly clay loams. In-situ soils should generally be classified "C"

		USDA	ANTICIPATED
DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	CLASS	PERC RATE
0.0 - 1.0	Plowed topsoil - some clayey gravel		
1.0' - 2.0'	Reddish brown sandy clay loam with some mica	CL	0.17
2.0' - 5.5'	Reddish brown - gravelly clay and sand loam with some mica, becoming more gravelly and larger stones with depth	GC	0.17
5.5' 10.5'	Brown with white, orange and tan micaceous saprolitic soil and soft rock (clayey sand)	GC	0.27
	No groundwater encountered	and the second state of the second state of the second sec	
levation = 31	6.5± SOIL AUGER HOLE B-2		
Ministration of the Control of the C		USDA	ANTICIPATED
DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	CLASS	PERC RATE
0.0 - 0.5	Topsoil		
0.5' 1.5'	Dark brown sandy clay loam	SC	0.09
1.5' - 3.5'	Brown clayey sand loam with trace mica becoming more gravelly and micaceous with depth	sc	0.17
3.5' ~ 10.5'	Brown, tan and yellow gravelly, micaccous clayey silt	CL	0.17
y will grant you again you had you had not had do you	No groundwater encountered	projection and processing and processing Application and	
evation = 31'	7.5± SOIL AUGER HOLE B-3		
Andrew Storie in the section		USDA	ANTICIPATEL
DEPTH	DESCRIPTION	CLASS	PERC RATE
0.0 1.0'	Topsoil		
1.0' - 2.0'	Dark brown sandy clay loam, trace mica	CL	0.09
2.0' ~ 6.5'	Dark Brown gravelly clayey sand loam, more micaceous with depth	GC	0.27
6.5' - 11.5'	Brown to tan micaceous sandy clay loam	SC	0.17
11.5' 12.5'	Black, grey and brown loamy micaceous sand	SM	0.52
	No groundwater encountered		



CHANNEL WITH EROSION CONTROL MATTING; SEED & MULCH PRIVATE USE-IN-COMMON- DRIVEWAY SECTION ALONG EAST P /LOT 3A REVISIONS

BDB Description Date 1/2008



1. Filter cloth shall be fastened securely to the chain link fence with ties spaced every 24° at the top and mid section. . Filter cloth shall be embedded a ninimum of 8° into the ground. in when two sections of filter cloth adjoin each other, they shall be overlapped by 6' and folder. Maintenance shall be performed as needed and silt buildups removed them "bulges" develop in the silt fence, or them 2 of fence height silt reaches 50 Filter cloth shall be fastened securely to each fence post, with gire ties or stopies at top and mid section and shall neet the folloging requirements for Geotextile Class Fi

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE PAGE MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE H - 26 - 3 VATER NAVAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION

GROUND				
-16* MINIMUM HEIGHT OF		SUPE	R SILT FENCE	
GEOTEXTILE CLASS F		Design	Criteria	•
LOW FLOW				
PERSPECTIVE VIEW 36" MINIMUM FENCE POST LENGTH FILTER	Stope	Slope Steepness	Slope Length (maximum)	Silt Fence Length (maximum)
CLOTH FENCE POST SECTION MINIMUM 20' ABOVE FLOW GROUND UNDISTURBED GROUND		tor dis a milescribe a dicita professionale manimum inchini dicita in manimum inchini di manimum in milescriba		
TOP VIEW EMBED GEOTEXTILE CLASS F FENCE POST DRIVEN A INTO THE GROUND FOSTS THE GROUND	0 - 10%	0 - 10 1	Unlimited	Unlimited
ION A STAPLE (STANDARD SYMBOL)	10 - 20%	10 1 - 5 1	200 feet	1,500 feet
STAPLE JOINING TWO ADJACENT SILT FENCE SECTIONS	20 - 33%	51-31	100 feet	1,000 feet
Construction Specifications				
ence posts shall be a minimum of 36" long driven 16" minimum into the cound. Wood posts shall be 11/2" x 11/2" square (minimum) cut, or 13/4" diameter minimum) round and shall be of sound quality hardwood. Steel posts will be andard T or U section weighting not less than 1.00 pond per linear foot.	33 - 50%	31-21	100 feet	500 feet
Geotextile shall be fastened securely to each fence post with wire ties staples at top and mid-section and shall meet the following requirements - Geotextile Class F:	50% ÷	2.1 +	50 feet	250 feet
Tensile Strength 50 lbs/in (min.) Test: MSMT 509 Tensile Modulus 20 lbs/in (min.) Test: MSMT 509 Flow Rate 0.3 gal ft/minute (max.) Test: MSMT 322 Filtering Efficiency 75% (min.) Test: MSMT 322				
Where ends of geotextile fabric come together, they shall be overlapped, ded and stapled to prevent sediment bypass.	-			
Silt Fence shall be inspected after each rainfall event and maintained when ges occur or when sediment accumulation reached 50% of the fabric height.			. 1	
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE PAGE MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT		IT DE AGRICULTURE		D DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT
	SUR LIPSER	VATION SERVICE	H - 26 - 3A VATES	NANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION

Daily

Maintenance

5 Days

9 Days

5 Days

SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION: 1. Obtain Gradina Permit 1 Day 2. Notify the Howard County Dept. of Inspections, Licenses and Permits at least 24 hours prior to starting work. 1 Day 3. Construct Stabilized Construction 1. Day Entrance. 4. Install Super Silt Fence as shown 3 Days hereon. 5. Clear # grub site to subgrade. 5 Days 6. Begin excavation for house foundation and begin house construction, Install 60 Days

water and sewer house connections. 7. The Contractor shall inspect and provide necessary maintenance on the sediment and erosion control structures shown hereon after each rainfall and on a daily basis.

8. Remove sediment from roadways and dress Stabilized Construction Entrance as required. 9. Fine grade and stabilize with permanent seeding mixture and straw mulch. Install

individual driveway and house walk. 10. After all disturbed areas have been stabilized and permission has been granted by the Sediment Control Inspector, install Bioretention

Facilities. II. With permission from the Sediment Control Inspector, remove all sediment and erosion control measures and stabilize any remaining disturbed areas with permanent seeding mixture and straw mulch.

> Total Time: 90 Days

LDE, INC. 9250 Rumsey Road, Suite 106, Columbia, MD. 21045 (410) 715-1070 (301) 596-3424 (410) 715-9540 (Fax)

SEDIMENT CONTROL & LANDSCAPE DETAILS As Shown PROPERTY OF KASSIT, LLC TALBOT'S LAST SHIFT LOT 3B FOR SINGLE FAMILY DWELLING AND LOTS 3A, 3C AND 3D 3 OF 4 FOR THE USE-IN-COMMON DRIVEWAY AND THE STORMWATER MANAGEMENT CONSTRUCTION TAX MAP 31 GRID 16 PARCEL 670 06-020 Ist ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY MD FILE NO. VNER/DEVELOPER: KASSIT, LLC BULDER: SASLOW HOMES 10211 Wincopin Circle, Suite 600 7520 Main Street, Suite 204 SDP-07-091 Columbia, MD 21044 Sykesville, MD 21784

