# GENERAL NOTES

- 1. All construction shall be in accordance with the latest standards and specifications of Howard County, plus MSHA standards and specifications, if applicable.
- 2. The contractor shall notify the Department of Public Works Construction Inspection Division at (410) 313-1880 at least (five) 5 working days prior to the start of work.
- 3. The contractor shall notify "Miss Utility" at 1-800-257-7777 at least 48 hours prior to any excavation work.
- 4. Project Background:

DPZ Reference #: SP-96-14

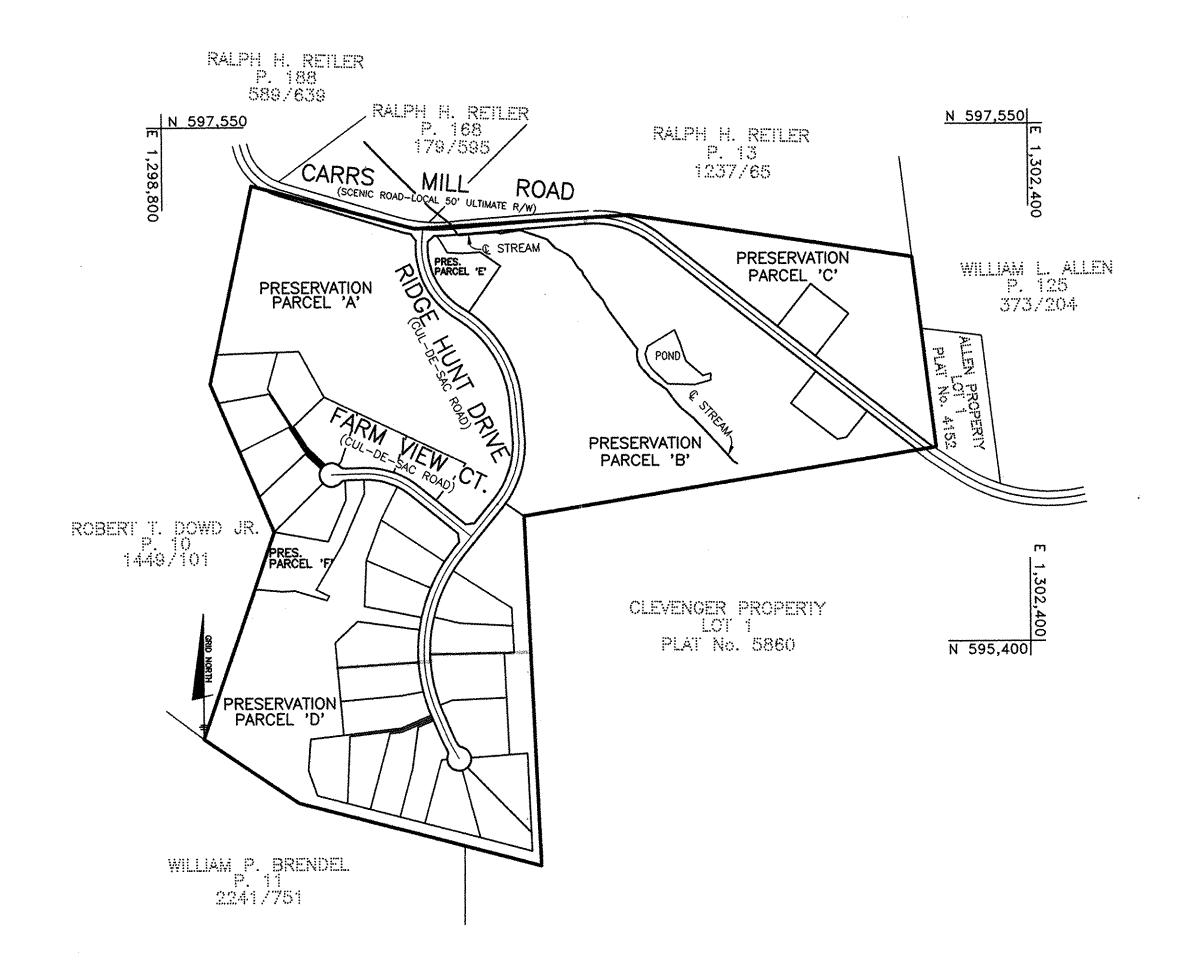
Location: Tax Maps 14 - Parcel 14 Zoning: RC Total Tract Area: 110.73 Ac.± Number of Proposed Lots: 28 Cluster, 6 Preservation. Date Sketch Plan Approved: Sept. 22, 1995; rescinded April 26, 1996 DPZ Reference #: S-95-16
Date Preliminary Plan Denied: May 1, 1996. DPZ Reference #: P-96-19

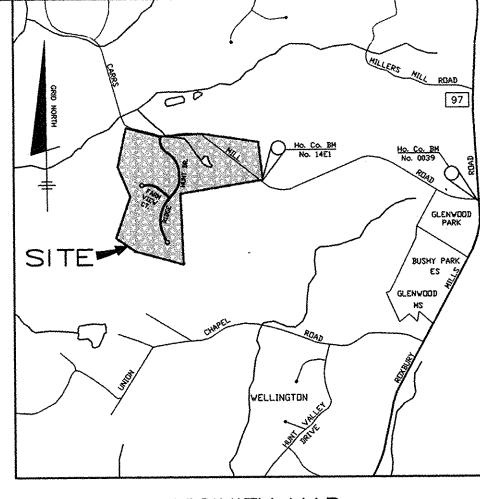
Date Preliminary Equivalent Sketch Plan Approved: Sept. 13, 1996

- Traffic control devices, markings and signing shall be in accordance with the most current edition of the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD). All street and regulatory signs shall be in place prior to the placement of any asphalt.
- 6. The contours shown hereon have been taken from field run topographic surveys at 2' interval and 200 scale county topographic maps in area outside of construction. The topography was prepared by TSA Group, Inc. dated 1/95.
- 7. Howard County monuments 14E1 and 0039 were used for horizontal datum and 3432001 was used for vertical datum.
- 8. Water and Sewer for this subdivision is private.
- 9. Stormwater Management for this subdivision is provided by detention ponds for water quantity control and quality control by **extended detention**. The facility will be owned and maintained by the H.O.A.
- Floodplain Study was provided by TSA GROUP, INC. for this project.
   and approved under the preliminary equivalent sketch plan SP-96-14.
- 11. Forest Stand Delineation was performed by MA DIRKS & CO. INC. dated October 1994 and approved under SP-96-14.
- 12. Traffic Study compiled by Lee Cunningham & Associates, Inc. dated Nov., 1994 and supplemented May 1996 and approved under SP-96-14.
- 13. Geotechnical Report compiled by Hillis Carnes Engineering Associates.
- 14. Existing utilities were located by record drawings and field
- 15. Unless noted as "private" all easements are public.
- 16. The Forest Conservation Easement has been established to fulfill the requirements of Section 16.1200 of the Howard County Code; Forest Conservation Act. No clearing, grading or construction is permitted within the Forest Conservation easement; Forest management practices as defined in the deed of Forest Conservation easement are allowed.
- 17. The preservation parcels for the stormwater facility will be owned and maintained by the H.O.A.. and Howard County will be the easement holder.
- 18. IN THE CASE OF A SWM DAM BREACH, THE DAM BREACH FLOW WOULD ENTER A MAJOR STREAM BEFORE IT REACHED ANY ROADWAY CROSSING.

# RIDGE VIEW HUNT

4th ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND ROADS, STORMWATER MANAGEMENT AND STORM DRAINAGE CONSTRUCTION PLANS





VICINITY MAP SCALE: 1" = 2000'

BENCH MARKS (NAD83) HORIZONTAL HO. CO. No. 14E1 STAMPED BRASS DISK SET ON TOP OF CONCRETE BASE N 596,213.6182 E 1,301,991.8973

HO. CO. No. 0039 STAMPED BRASS DISK SET ON TOP OF CONCRETE BASE N 595,722.8341 E 1,306,481.6720

BENCH MARKS (NAD29) VERTICAL HO. CO. No. 3432001 ELEV. 590.862' STAMPED BRASS DISK SET ON TOP OF CONCRETE BASE (NAD83 STA. 14E1).

	SHEET INDEX
NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	TITLE SHEET
2-3	ROAD PLAN
4-5	ROAD PROFILE
6-7	GRADING PLAN
8-9	STORM DRAIN PROFILES
10	STORM DRAIN : DRAINAGE AREA MAP
11-14	SWM FACILITY DETAILS & SECTIONS
15	SEDIMENT & EROSION CONTROL NOTES AND DETAILS
16	LANDSCAPE PLAN
17-19	FOREST CONSERVATION PLAN

F.97-120 REVISION 4/97 REVISED PER HOWARD COUNTY COMMENTS 6/97 REV. PER HO. CO. ENG.

RIDGE VIEW HUNT LOTS 1-28 & PRESERVATION PARCELS A THRU F (S-95-16 & P-96-19 & SP-96-14)

TAX MAP 14, PARCEL 14 4th ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

LOCATION:

TITLE SHEET PROJECT NO. 0971

DESIGN: YSL DRAFT: YSL/JMC CHECK: CAM SCALE: AS SHOWN

OWNER/DEVELOPER:

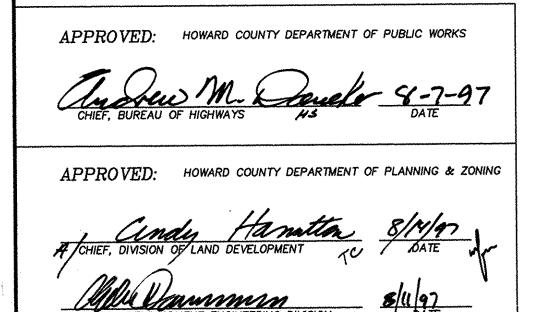
(410) 465-2321

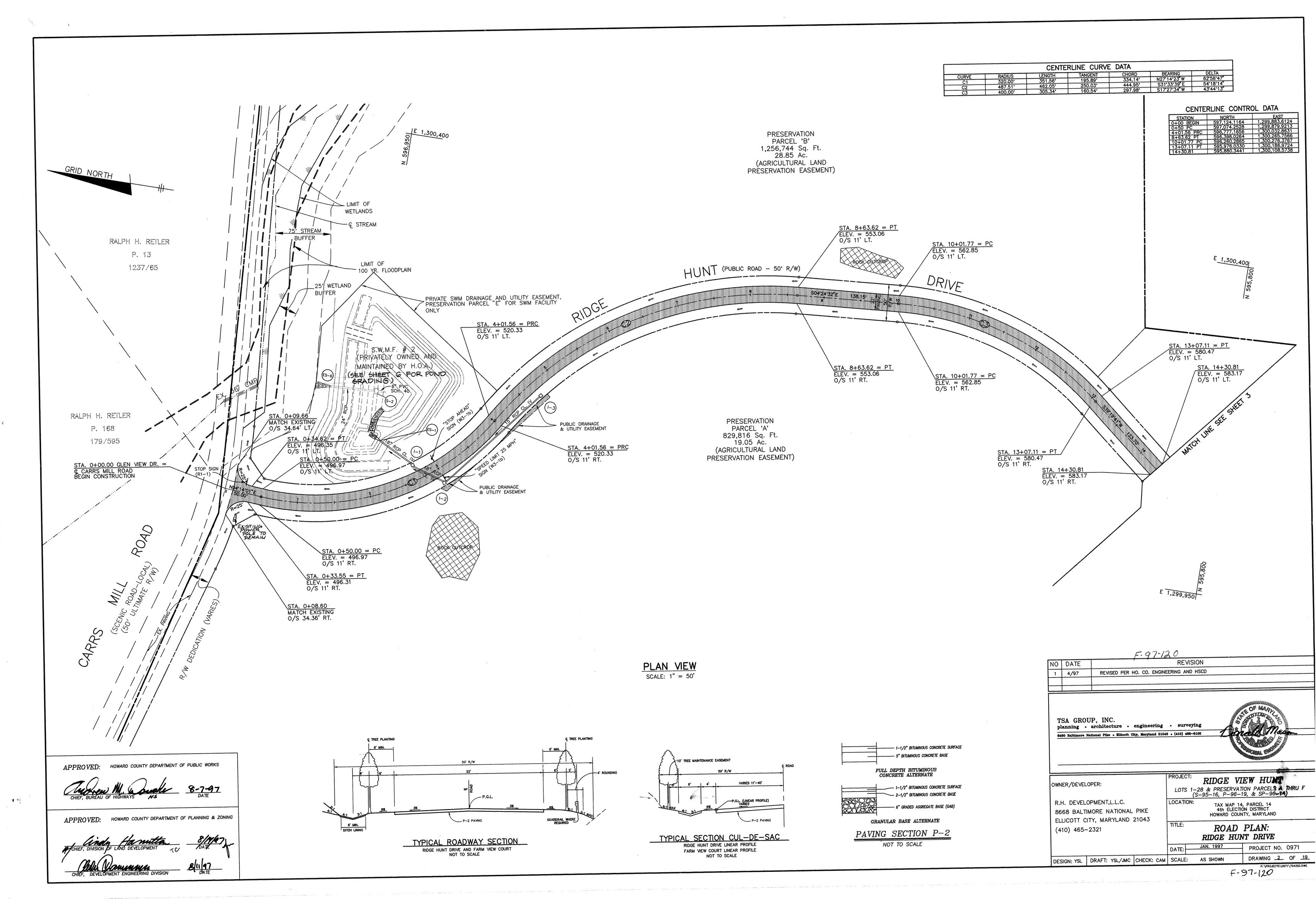
R. H. DEVELOPMENT L.L.C.

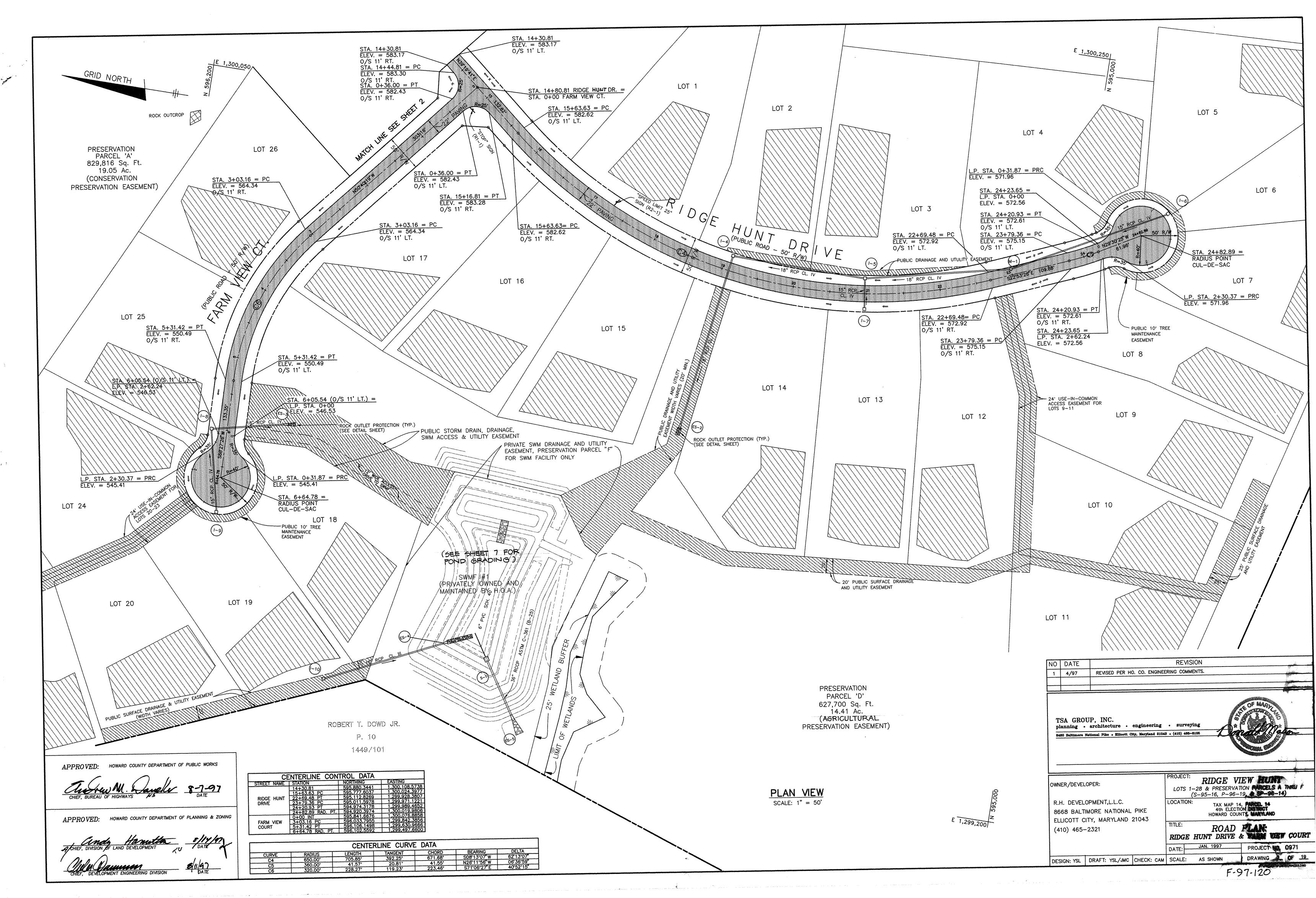
8668 BALTIMORE NATIONAL PIKE

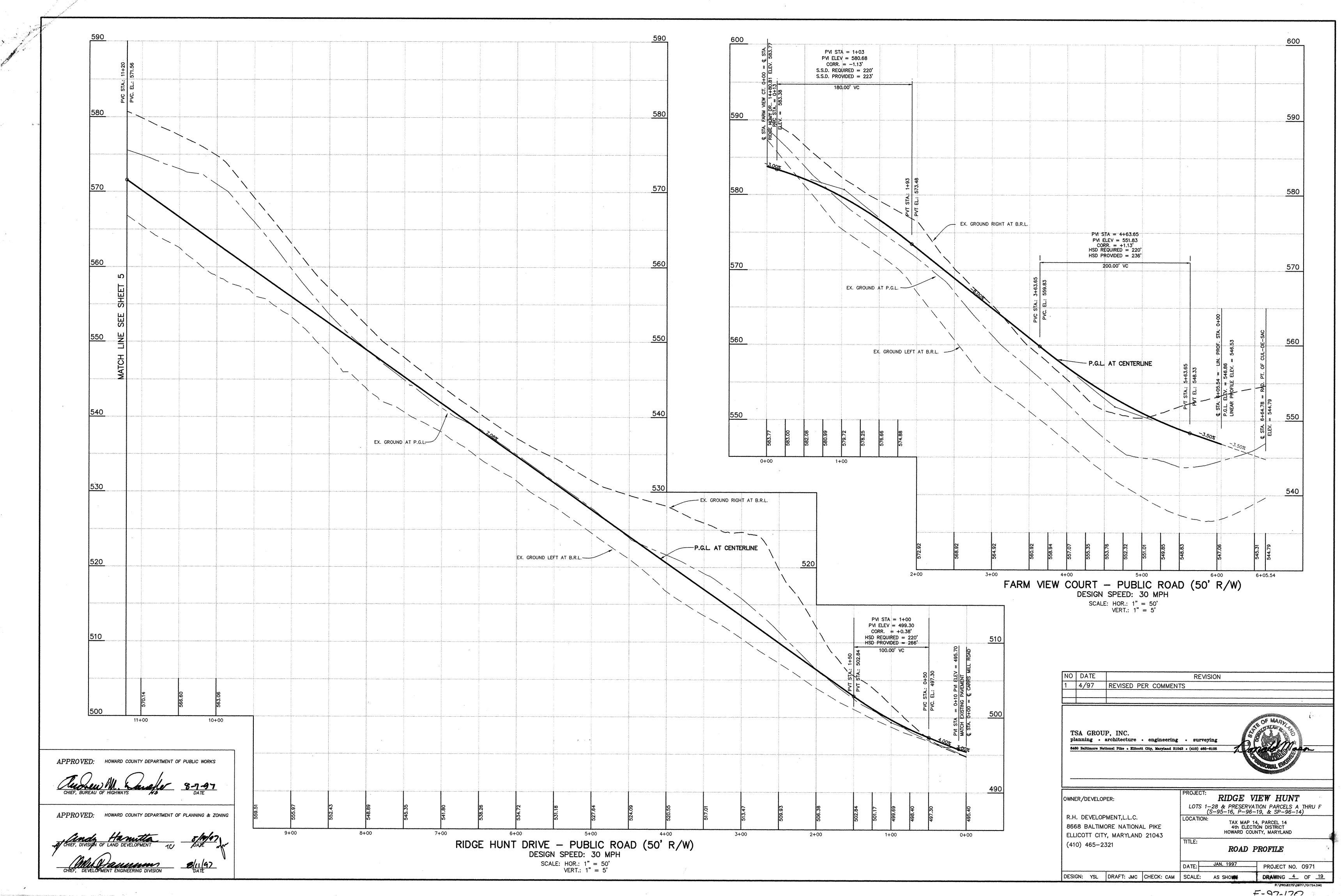
ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21041

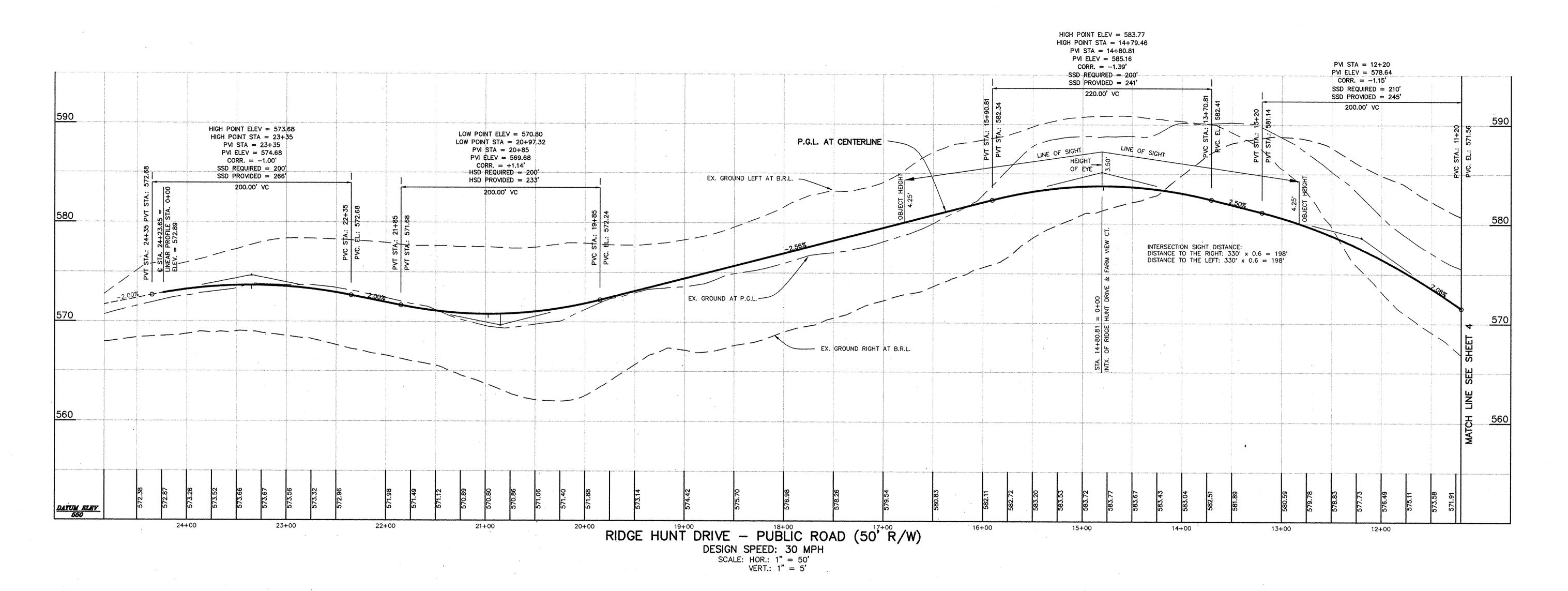
F-97-120

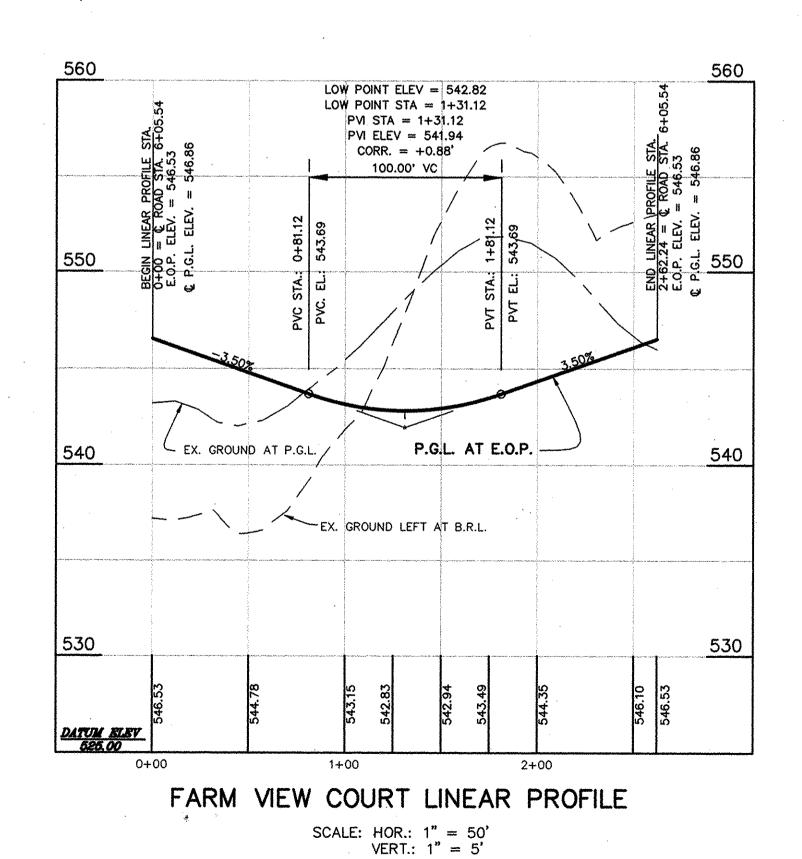


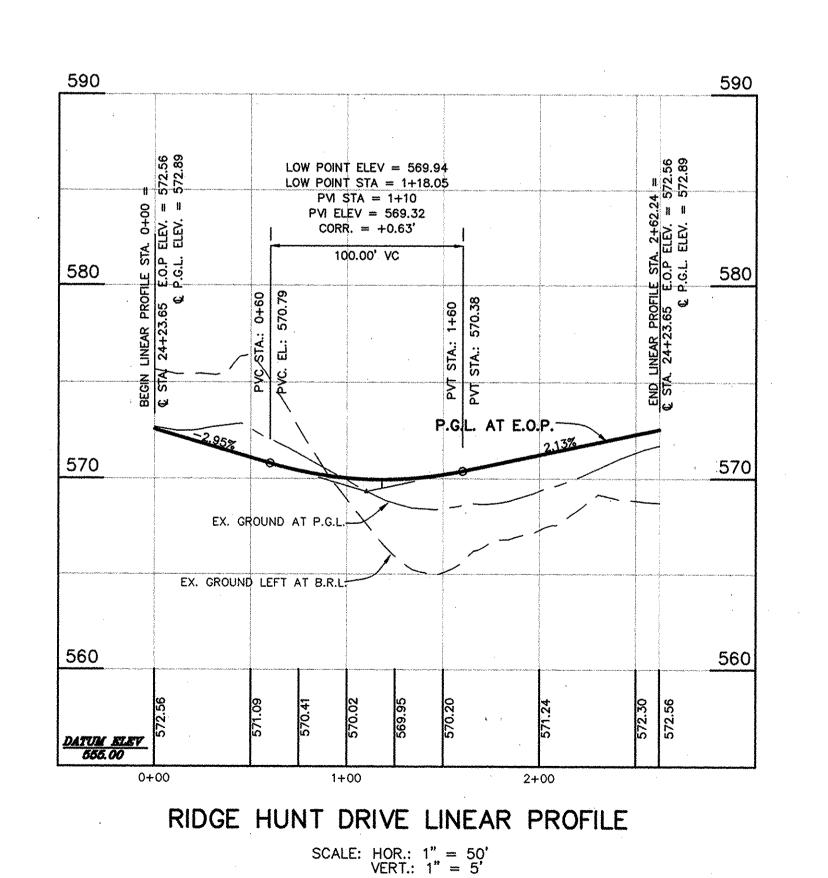














NO DATE REVISION REVISED PER COMMENTS 4/97 TSA GROUP, INC. 8480 Baltimore National Pike • Ellicott City, Maryland 21043 • (410) 465-6105 PROJECT:

RIDGE VIEW HUNT

LOTS 1-28 & PRESERVATION PARCES A THRU F

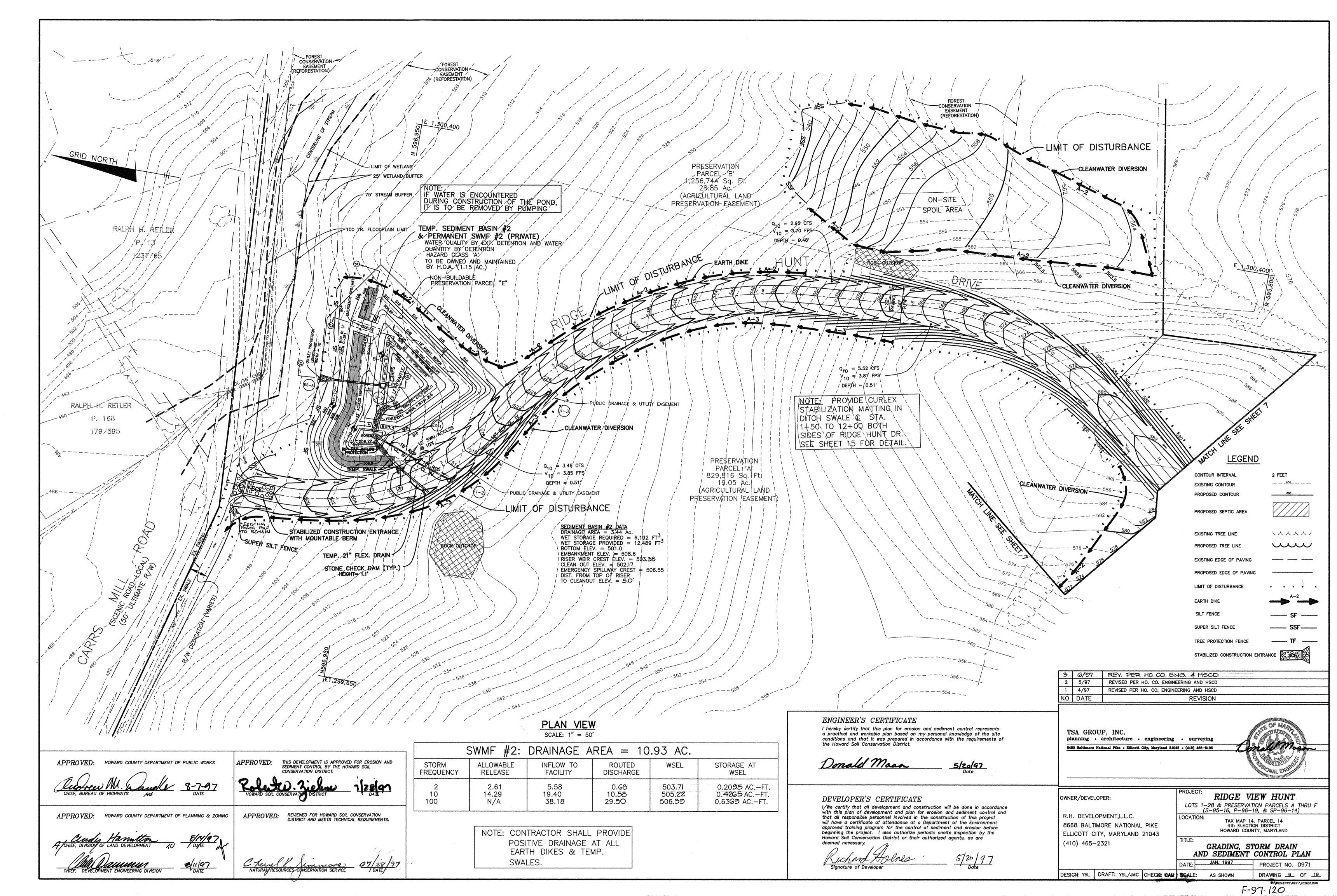
(S-95-16, P-96-19, & SP. 46-14) OWNER/DEVELOPER: R.H. DEVELOPMENT, L.L.C. LOCATION: TAX MAP 14, PARCE 4th ELECTION TO THE THIRD HOWARD COUNTY, THE LAND

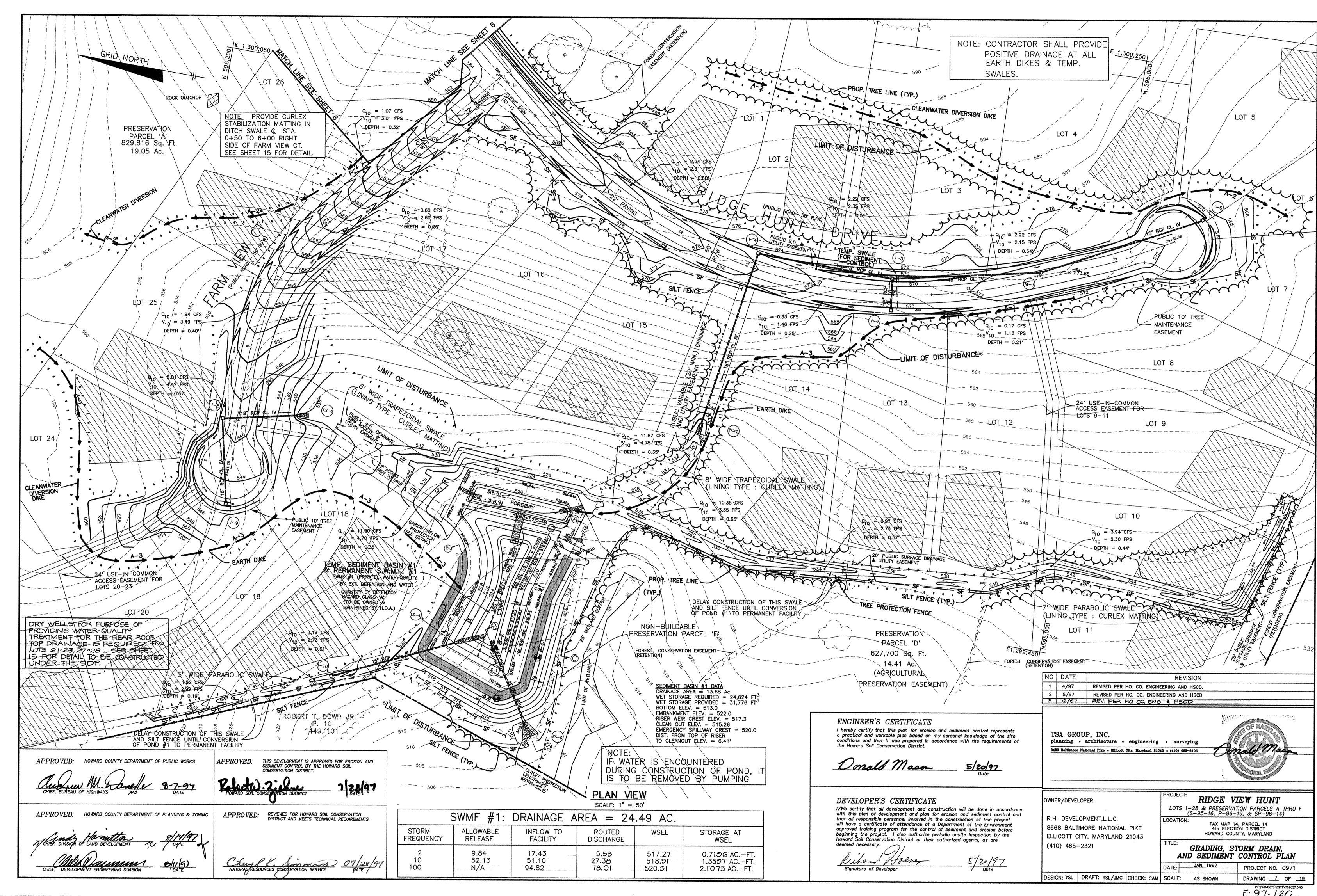
8668 BALTIMORE NATIONAL PIKE ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21043 (410) 465-2321

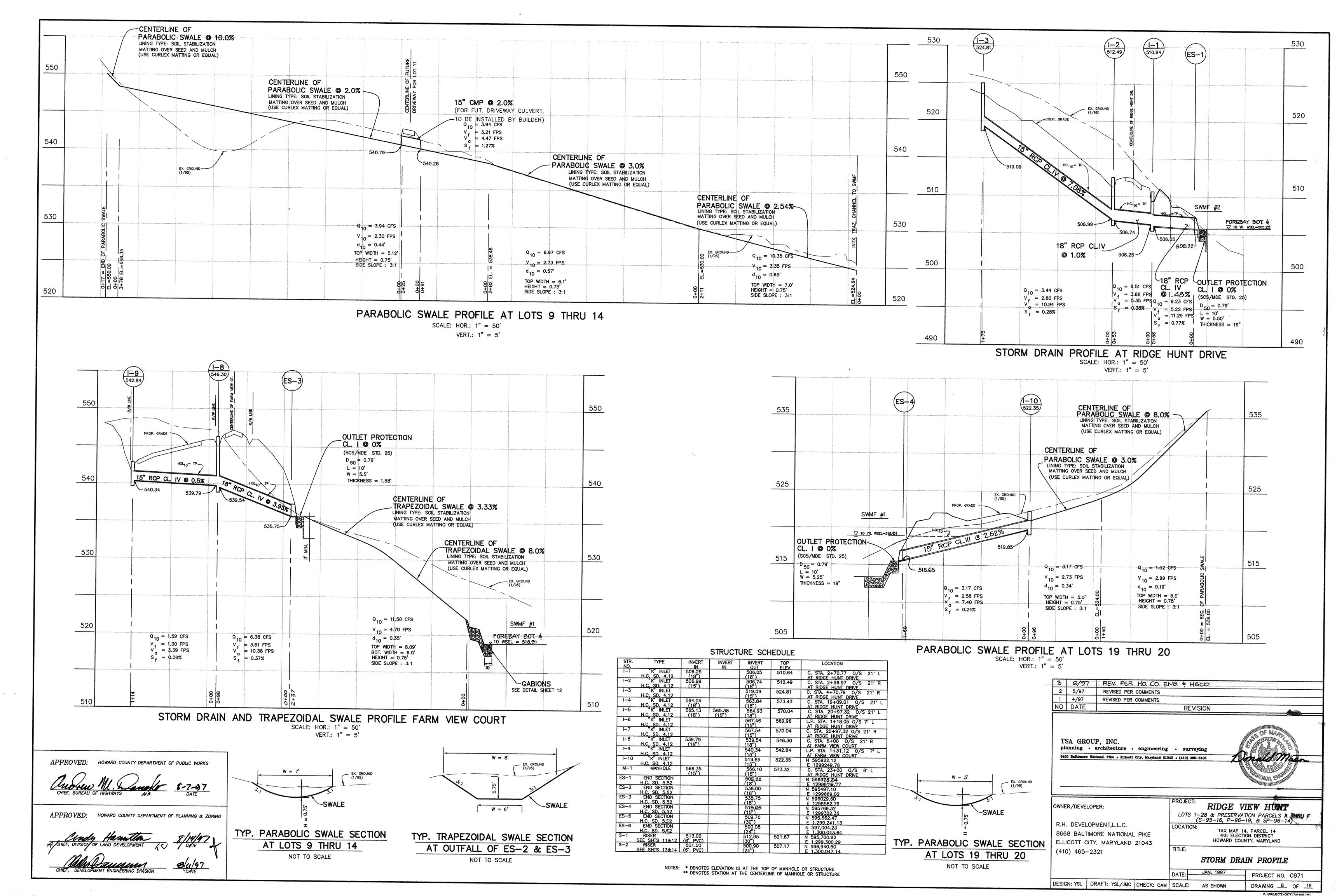
ROAD PROPER PRO COT NO. 0971 DRAWING 5 OF 19

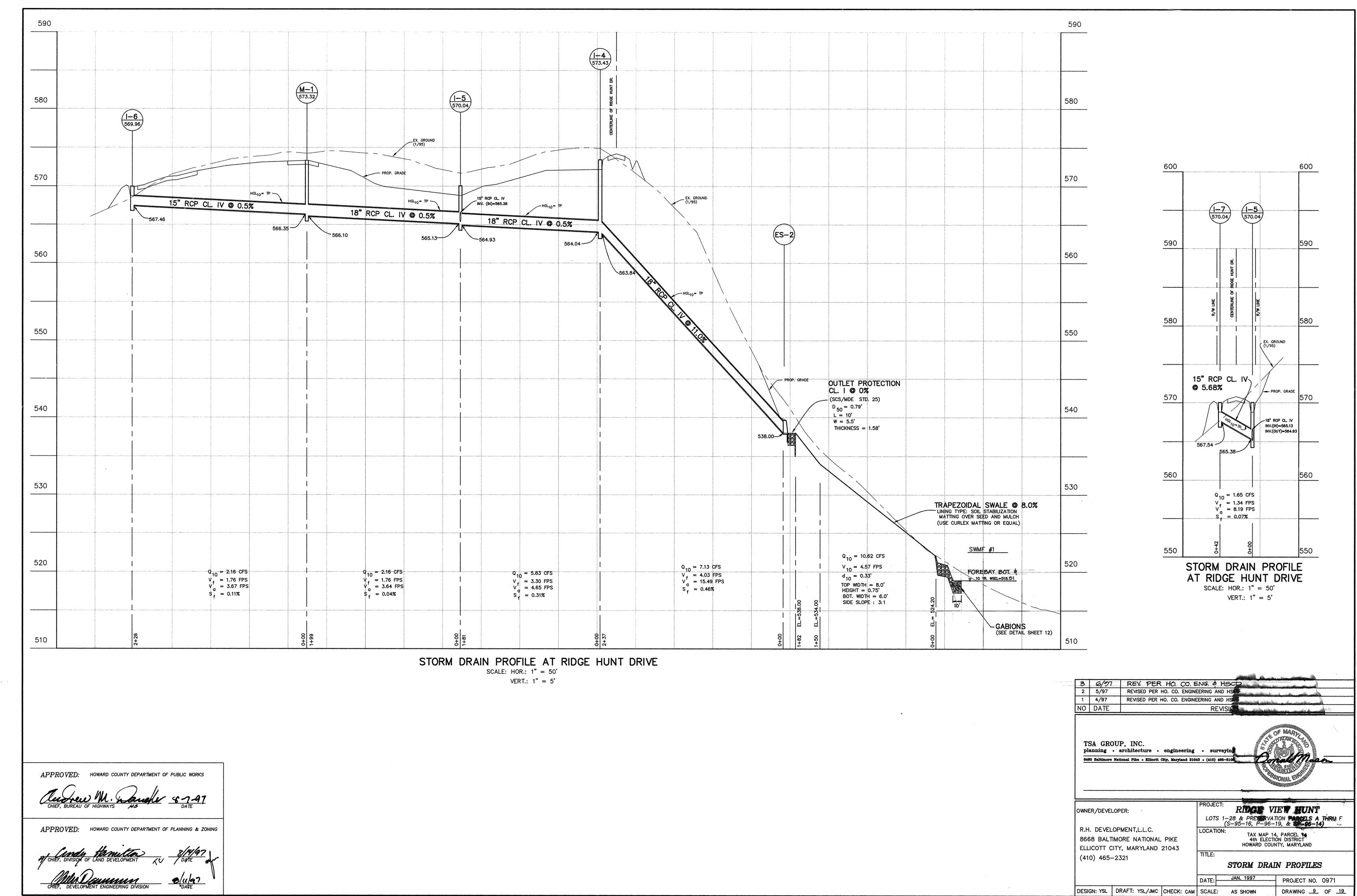
DESIGN: YSL DRAFT: YSL CHECK: CAM SCALE: AS SHOWN F-97-120

APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS

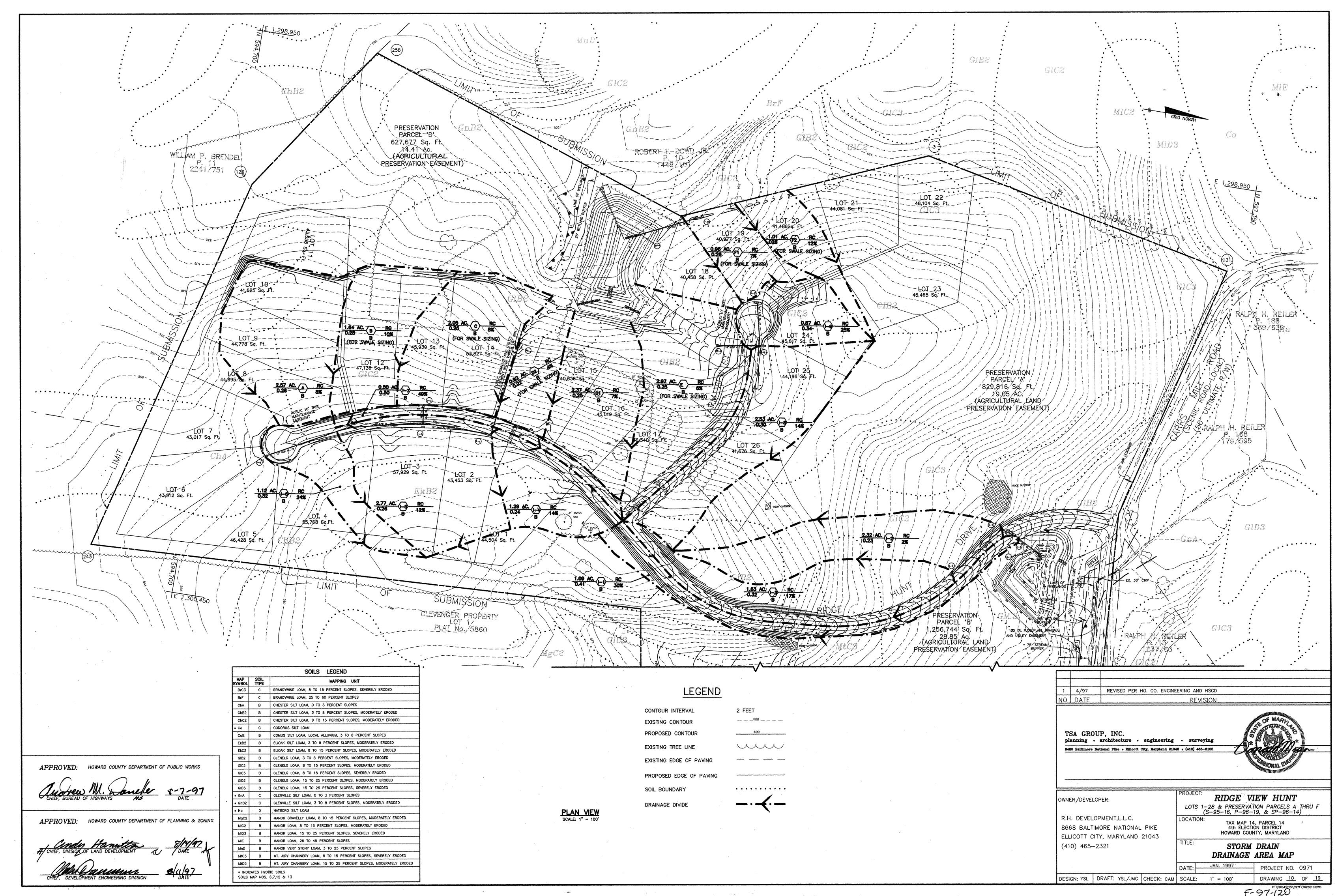


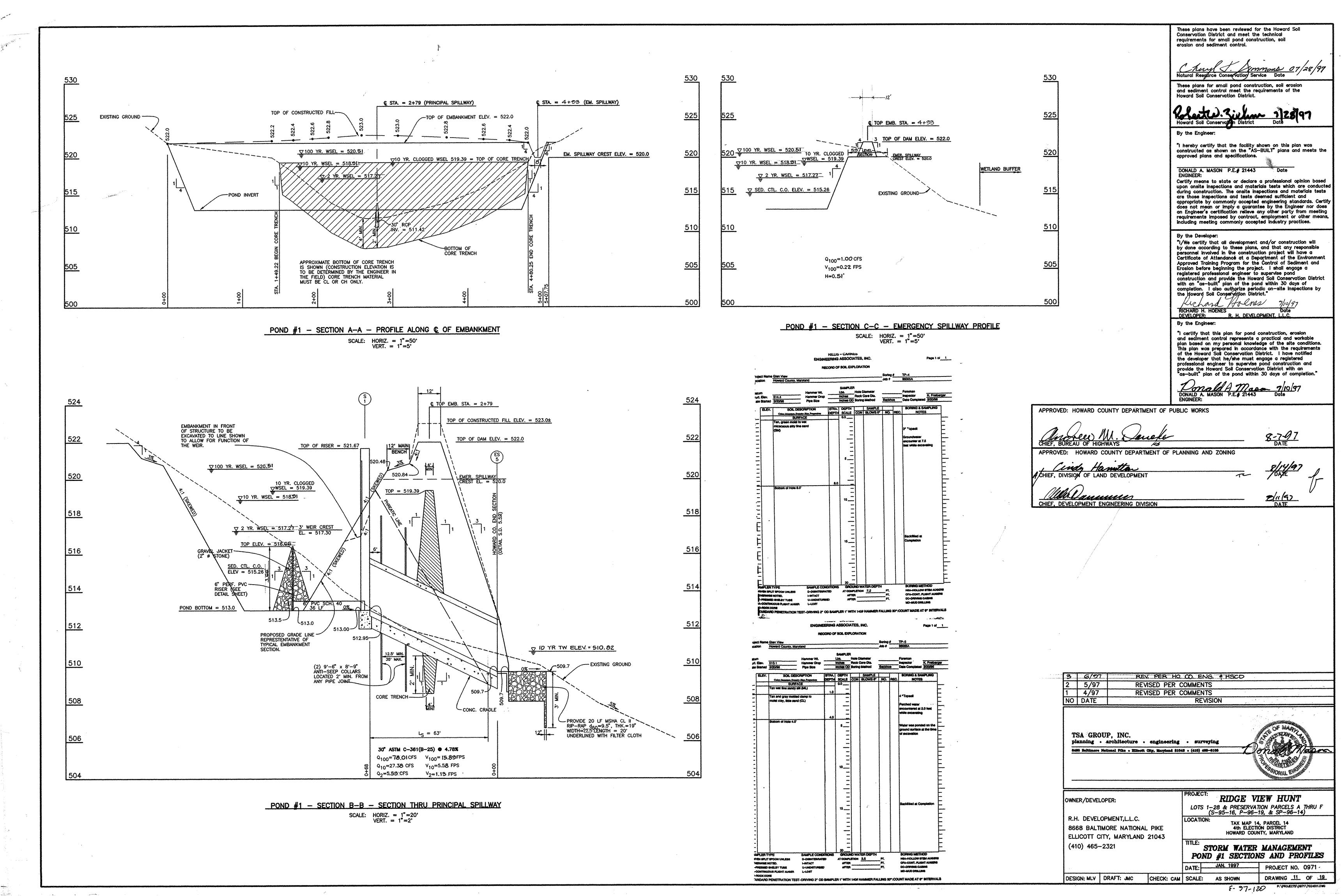






F-97-120





#### POND CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS

#### Site Preparation

Areas designated for borrow areas, embankment, and structural works shall be cleared, grubbed and stripped of topsoil. All trees, vegetation, roots and other objectionable material shall be removed. Channel banks and sharp breaks shall be sloped to no steeper than 1:1.

Areas to be covered by the reservoir will be cleared of all trees, brush, logs, fences, rubbish and other objectionable material unless otherwise designated on the plans. Trees, brush and stumps shall be cut approximately level with the ground surface. For dry stormwater management ponds, a minimum of a 50 foot radius around the inlet structure shall be cleared.

All cleared and grubbed material shall be disposed of outside and below the limits of the dam and reservoir as directed by the owner or his representative. When specified, a sufficient quantity of topsoil will be stockpilled in a suitable location for use on the embankment and other designated areas.

Material - The fill material shall be taken from approved designated borrow areas. It shall be free of roots, stumps, wood, rubbish, stones greater than 6", frozen or other objectionable materials. Fill material for the center of the embankment and cut off trench shall conform to Unified Soil Classification GC, SC, CH, or CL. Consideration may be given to the use of other materials in the embankment if design and construction are supervised by a geotechnical engineer.

Placement - Areas on which fill is to be placed shall be scarified prior to placement of fill. Fill materials shall be placed in maximum 8 inch thick (before compaction) layers which are to be continuous over the entire length of the fill. The most permeable borrow material shall be placed in the downstream portions of the embankment. The principal spillway must be installed concurrently with fill placement and not excavated into the embankment.

Compaction - The movement of the hauling and spreading equipment over the fill shall be controlled so that the entire surface of each lift shall be traversed by not less than one tread track of the equipment or compaction shall be achieved by a minimum of four complete passes of a sheepsfoot, rubber tired or vibratory roller. Fill material shall contain sufficient moisture such that the required degree of compaction will be obtained with the equipment used. The fill material shall contain sufficient moisture so that if formed into a ball it will not crumble yet not be so wet that water can be squeezed out.

Where a minimum required density is specified, it shall not be less than 95% of maximum dry density with a moisture content within +/-2% of the optimum. Each layer of fill shall be compacted as necessary to obtain that density, and is to be certified by the Engineer at the time of construction. All compaction is to be determined by AASHTO Method T-99.

Cut Off Trench — The cutoff trench shall be excavated into impervious material along or parallel to the centerline of the embankment as shown on the plans. The bottom width of the trench shall be governed by the equipment used for excavation, with the minimum width being four feet. The depth shall be at least four feet below existing grade or as shown on the plans. The side slopes of the trench shall be 1 to 1 or flatter. The backfill shall be compacted with construction equipment, rollers, or hand tampers to assure maximum density and minimum permeability.

#### Structure Backfill

Backfill adjacent to pipes or structures shall be of the type and quality conforming to that specified for the adjoining fill material. The fill shall be placed in horizontal layers not to exceed four inches in thickness and compacted by hand tampers or other manually directed compaction equipment. The material needs to fill completely all spaces under and adjacent to the pipe. At no time during the backfilling operation shall driven equipment be allowed to operate closer than four feet, measured horizontally, to any part of a structure. Under no circumstances shall equipment be driven over any part of a concrete structure or pipe, unless

# Pipe Conduits

All pipes shall be circular in cross section

Corrugated Metal Pipe - All of the following criteria shall apply for corrugated metal pipe:

Materials — (Steel Pipe) — This pipe and its appurtenances shall be galvanized and fully bituminous coated and shall conform to the requirements of AASHTO Specification M—190 Type A with watertight coupling bands. Any bituminous coating damaged or otherwise removed shall be replaced with cold applied bituminous coating compound. Steel pipes with polymeric coatings shall have a minimum coating thickness of 0.01 inch (10 mil) on both sides of the pipe. The following coatings or an approved equal may be used: Nexon, Plasti—Cote, Blac—Klad, and Beth—Cu—Loy. Coated corrugated steel pipe shall meet the requirements of AASHTO M—245 and M—246.

Materials — (Aluminum Coated Pipe) — This pipe and its appurtenances shall conform to the requirements of AASHTO Specification M-274 with watertight coupling bands or flanges. Any aluminum coating damaged or otherwise removed shall be replaced with cold applied bituminous coating compound.

Materials — (Aluminum Pipe) — This pipe and its appurtenances shall conform to the requirements of AASHTO Specification M— 196 or M-211 with watertight coupling bands or flanges. Aluminum surfaces that are to be in contact with concrete shall be painted with one coat of zinc chromate primer. Hot dip advanized bolts may be used for connections. The pH of the surrounding soils shall be between 4 and 9.

- Coupling bands, anti-seep collars, end sections, etc., must be composed of the same material as the pipe. Metals must be insulated from dissimilar materials with use of rubber or plastic insulating materials at least 24 mils in thickness.
- Connections All connections with pipes must be completely watertight. The drain pipe or barrel connection to the riser shall be welded all around when the pipe and riser are metal. Anti-seep collars shall be connected to the pipe in such a manner as to be completely watertight. Dimple bands are not considered to be watertight.

All connections shall use a rubber or neoprene gasket when joining pipe sections. The end of each pipe shall be rerolled an adequate number of corrugations to accommodate the band width. The following type connections are acceptable for pipes less than 48" in diameter: flanges on both ends of the pipe, a 12" wide standard lap type band with 12" wide by 3/8" thick closed cell circular neoprene gasket; and a 12" wide hugger type band with 0-ring gaskets having a minimum diameter of 1/2" greater than the corrugation depth. Pipes 48" in diameter and larger shall be connected by a 24" long annular corrugated band using rods and lugs. A 12" wide by 3/8" thick closed cell circular neoprene gasket will be installed on the end of each pipe for a total of 24". Helically corrugated pipe shall have either continuously welded seams or have lock

- Bedding The pipe shall be firmly and uniformly bedded throughout its entire length. Where rock or soft, spongy or other unstable soil is encountered, all such material shall be removed and replaced with suitable earth compacted to provide adequate support.
- Backfilling shall conform to "Structure Backfill."
- Other details (anti-seep collars, valves, etc.) shall be as shown on the drawings.

Reinforced Concrete Pipe - All of the following criteria shall apply for reinforced concrete pipe:

- Materials Reinforced concrete pipe shall have bell and spigot joints with rubber gaskets and shall equal or exceed ASTM Designation C-361. An approved equivalent is AWWA
- Bedding All reinforced concrete pipe conduits shall be laid In a concrete bedding for their entire length. This bedding shall consist of high slump concrete placed under the pipe and up the sides of the pipe at least 10% of its outside diameter with a minimum thickness of 3 inches, or as shown on the
- Laying pipe Bell and spigot pipe shall be placed with the bell end upstream. Joints shall be made in accordance with recommendations of the manufacturer of the material. After the joints are sealed for the entire line, the bedding shall be placed so that all spaces under the pipe are filled. Care shall be exercised to prevent any deviation from the original line and grade of the pipe. The first joint must be located within 2 feet from the riser.
- 4. Backfilling shall conform to "Structure Backfill".
- Other details (anti-seep collars, valves, etc.) shall be as shown on the drawings.

Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Pipe - All of the following criteria shall apply for polyvinyl chloride (PVC) pipe:

- Materials PVC pipe shall be PVC-1120 or PVC-1220 conforming to ASTM D-1785 or ASTM D-2241.
- Joints and connections to anti-seep collars shall be completely watertight.
- Bedding The pipe shall be firmly and uniformly bedded throughout its entire length. Where rock or soft, spongy or other unstable soil is encountered, all such material shall be removed and replaced with suitable earth compacted to provide adequate support.
- 4. Backfilling shall conform to "Structure Backfill."
- Other details (anti-seep collars, valves, etc.) shall be as shown on the drawings.

### Concrete

Concrete shall meet the requirements of Maryland Department of Transportation, State Highway Administration Standard Specifications for Construction and Materials, Section 608, Mix No.

#### Rock Riprap

All rock shall be dense, sound, and free from cracks, seams, and other defects conducive to accelerated weathering. The rock fragments shall be angular to subrounded in shape. The least dimension of an individual rock fragment shall be not less than one third the greatest dimension of the fragment.

The rock shall have the following properties:

- Bulk specific gravity (saturated surface-dry basis) not less
- 2. Absorption not more than three percent.
- Soundness: Weight loss in five cycles not more than 20 percent when sodium sulfate is used.

Bulk specific gravity and absorption shall be determined according to ASTM C 127. The test for soundness shall be performed according

The riprap shall be placed to the required thickness in one operation. The rock shall be delivered and placed in a manner that will insure the riprap in place shall be reasonably homogeneous with the larger rocks uniformly distributed and firmly in contact one to another with the smaller rocks filling the voids between the larger rocks. Filter cloth shall be placed under all riprap and shall meet the requirements of Maryland Department of Transportation, State Highway Administration Standard Specifications for Construction and Materials, Section 919.12.

# Care of Water during Construction

All work on permanent structures shall be carried out in areas free from water. The Contractor shall construct and maintain all temporary dikes, levees, cofferdams, drainage channels, and stream diversions necessary to protect the areas to be occupied by the permanent works. The contractor shall also furnish, install, operate, and maintain all necessary pumping and other equipment required for removal of water from the various parts of the work and for maintaining the excavations, foundation, and other parts of the work free from water as required or directed by the engineer for constructing each part of the work. After having served their purpose, all temporary protective works shall be removed or leveled and graded to the extent required to prevent obstruction in any degree whatsoever of the flow of water to the spillway or outlet works and so as not to interfere in any way with the operation or maintenance of the structure. Stream diversions shall be maintained until the full flow can be passed through the permanent works. The removal of water from the required excavation and the foundation shall be accomplished in a manner and to the extent that will maintain stability of the excavated slopes and bottom of required excavations and will allow satisfactory performance of all construction operations. During the placing and compacting of material in required excavations, the water level at the locations being refilled shall be maintained below the bottom of the excavation at such locations which may require draining the water to sumps from which the water shall be pumped.

All borrow areas shall be graded to provide proper drainage and left in a sightly condition. All exposed surfaces of the embankment, spillway, spoil and borrow areas, and berms shall be stabilized by seeding, liming, fertilizing and mulching in accordance with the Maryland Soil Conservation Service Standards and Specifications for Critical Area Planting (MD-342) or as shown on the accompanying drawings.

# **Erosion and Sediment Control**

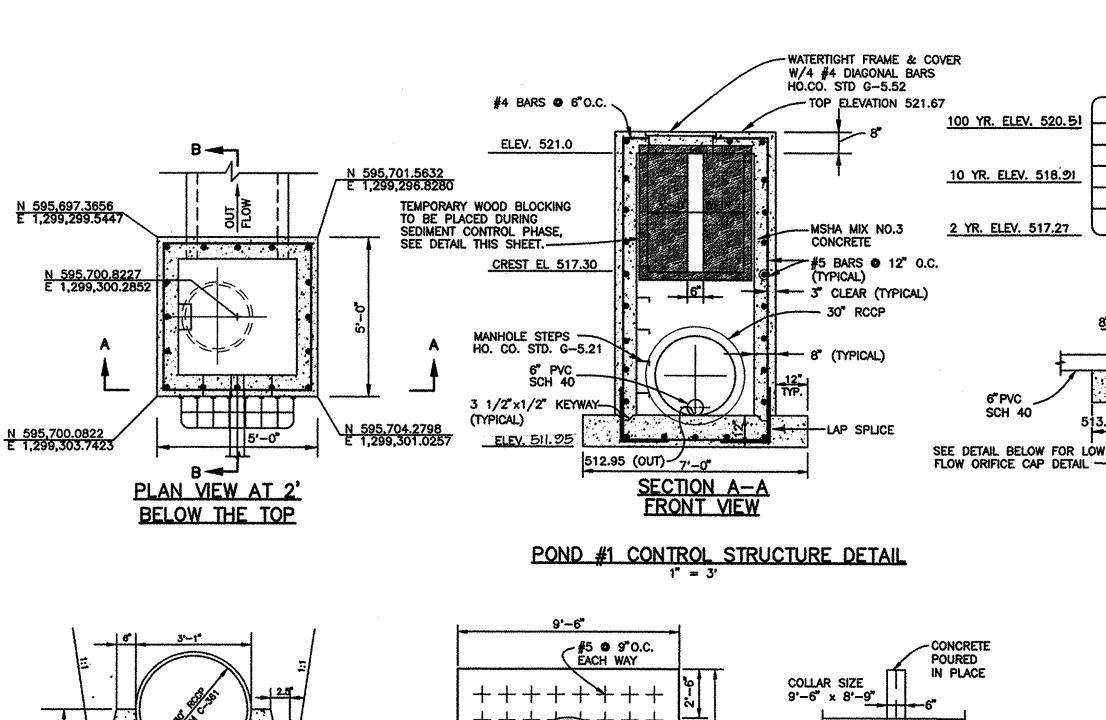
Construction operations will be carried out in such a manner that erosion will be controlled and water and air pollution minimized. State and local laws concerning pollution abatement will be followed. Construction plans shall detail erosion and sediment control measures to be employed during the construction process.

# **EMBANKMENT AND CUT-OFF TRENCH CONSTRUCTION**

The site should be stripped of topsoil and any other unsuitable materials from the embankment or structure area in accordance with Soil Conservation Guidelines. After stripping operations have been completed, the exposed subgrade material should be prooffolied with a loaded dump truck or similar equipment in the presence of a geotechnical engineer or his representative. For areas that are not accessible to a dump truck, the exposed materials should be observed and tested by a geotechnical engineer or his representative utilizing a Dynamic Cone Penetrometer. Any excessively soft or loose materials identified by proofrolling or penetrometer testing should be excavated to suitably firm soil, and then grades reestablished by backfilling with suitable soil.

A representative of the Geotechnical Engineer should be present to monitor placement and compaction of fill for the embankment and cut off trench. In accordance with Maryland Soil Conservation Specification 378 soils considered suitable for the center of the embankment and cut off trench shall conform to Unified Soil Classification GC, SC, CL, or CH. Per SCS 378 consideration may be given to the use of other materials in the embankment if design and construction are supervised by a geotechnical engineer.

It is our professional opinion that in addition to the soil materials described above a fine grained soil, including Silt (ML) with a plasticity index of 10 or more can be utilized for the center of the embankment and core trench. Exploration with additional test pits and laboratory testing can be conducted prior to construction to identify and quantify potential borrow areas. All fill materials must be placed and compacted in accordance with MD 378 specifications.



POND #1 TYPE A-2 CONCRETE CRADLE

1. IF WATER IS ENCOUNTERED DURING THE CONSTRUCTION OF THE CORE TRENCH, IT IS TO BE REMOVED BY PUMPING.
2. CORE TRENCH SHALL CONSIST OF IMPERVIOUS MATERIAL (CL., CH.) AS DIRECTED BY A GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER ONSITE AND MAY REQUIRE TO BE HAULED FROM AN OFFSITE LOCATION.

CORE TRENCH SECTION

NOT TO SCALE

TYPICAL SECTION OF

GABION WEIR AT FOREBAY

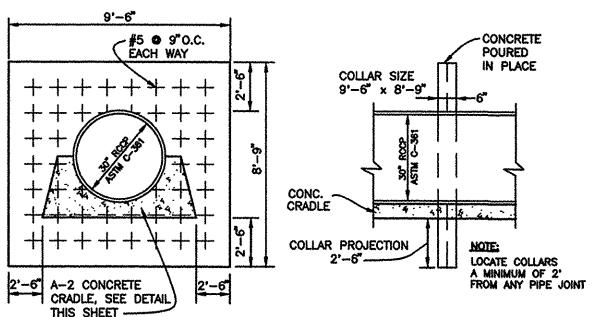
NOT TO SCALE

PROFILE THROUGH

FOREBAY WEIR

SCALE: 1"=4"

NOT TO SCALE



CAP DETAIL

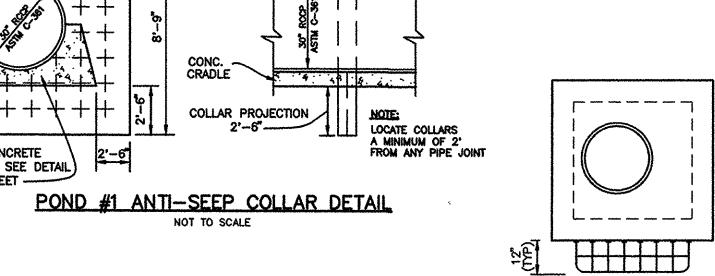
RISER WALL

6" Ø CAP WITH

INSTALL AFTER

2/40 CONTROL ORIFICE

CONVERSION TO SWM POND -



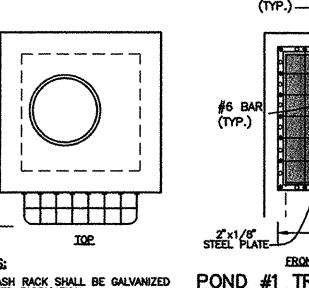
STAINLESS STEEL CLAMPS

REPLACE STONE AND REMOVE FILTER CLOTH WHEN CONVERTING TO PERMANENT SWM FACILITY

GRAVEL JACKET

INSIDE RISER BOX

ELEV. = 513.00



ELEV. = 516.66

-REMOVABLE CAP

-CONCRETE ANTI-FLOTATION COLLAR 1.5' SQUARE

POND #1 6" DEWATERING PIPE DETAIL AND

10 YEAR WSEL = 518.91

POND #1 SECTION THROUGH FOREBAY

BOTTOM OF POND EL = 5132

2 YEAR WSEL = 517.27

NOT TO SCALE

PERMANENT EXTENDED DETENTION CONTROL ORIFICE

1"x4"OPENINGS

-NO.2 STONE

10 YR. 515.84

7-0"

513.00 ---

#4 BARS @ 6"O.C.

30" RCCP

ASTM C-361

8-25

CONNECTION.

-PROVIDE MAXIMUM 2' STUB ELEV. 521.67

AND WATERTIGHT CONNECTION AT THE BARREL AND RISER ELEV. 521.0

"I certify that this plan for pond construction, erosion and sediment control represents a practical and workable plan based on my personal knowledge of the site conditions. This plan was prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Howard Soil Conservation District. I have notified the developer that he/she must engage a registered professional engineer to supervise pond construction and provide the Howard Soil Conservation District with an "as-built" plan of the pond within 30 days of completion."

Holnes

R. H. DEVELOPMENT, L.L.C.

DONALD A. MASON P.E.# 21443

APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS 8-7-97 DATE CHIEF, BUREAU OF HIGHWAYS APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING Hamulton CHIEF. DIVISION OF LAND DEVELOPMENT Ma Vannen

OPERATION. MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION

6" WEIR NOTCH

IN PLYWOOD

INSPECTION OF THE POND(S) SHOWN HEREON SHALL BE PERFORMED AT LEAST ANNUALLY, IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CHECKLIST AND REQUIREMENTS CONTAINED WITHIN USDA, SCS "STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR PONDS" (MD-378). THE POND OWNER(S) AND ANY HEIRS, SUCCESSORS, OR ASSIGNS SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE SAFETY OF THE POND AND THE CONTINUED OPERATION, SURVEILLANCE, INSPECTION, AND MAINTENANCE THEREOF. THE POND OWNER(S) SHALL PROMPTLY NOTIFY THE SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT OF ANY USBRID SEPRACE SHAPING OR SHAPING.

INDICATIONS OF DISTRESS SUCH AS EXCESSIVE SEEPAGE, TURBID SEEPAGE, SLIDING OR SLUMPING.

5/8" PLYWOOD BOLT TO FACE OF RISER USING

HOLES CREATED FOR TRASH RACK. (USE 1/2" x 3" BOLTS)

These plans have been reviewed for the Howard Soil

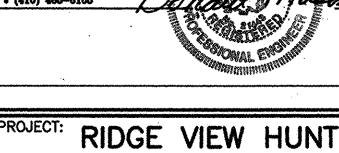
Conservation District and meet the technical

requirements for small pond construction, soil erosion and sediment control.

6/97 REV. PER HO. CO. ENG. & HSCD 2 5/97 REVISED PER HO. CO. ENGINEERING AND HSCD 4/97 REVISED PER HO. CO. ENGINEERING AND HSCD DATE

TSA GROUP, INC. planning · architecture · engineering · surveying

8450 Baltimore National Pike • Elicott City, Maryland 21043 • (410) 465-6105



R. H. DEVELOPMENT, L.L.C. 8668 BALTIMORE NATIONAL PIKE ELLICOTT CITY, MD. 21043 (410) 465-2321

(S-95-16, P-96-19, & SP-96-14) LOCATION: TAX MAP 14, PARCEL 14

> STORM WATER MANAGEMENT POND #1 NOTES AND DETAILS

> > DRAWING 12 OF 19

Acad Dwg: 7024S12

Natural Resource Conservation Service Date 07/28/9; **BLOCKING DETAIL FOR** -CONCRETE CRADLE POND #1 TEMPORARY SWM These plans for small pond construction, soil erosion **DURING CONSTRUCTION** and sediment control meet the requirements of the <u>SECTION B-B</u> FRONT VIEW OF RISER NOT TO SCALE Howard Soil Conservation District. SIDE VIEW OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE OF HOME OWNERS ASSOCIATION OWNED AND MAINTAINED Howard Soil Conservation District STORMWATER MANAGEMENT FACILITIES **DETENTION PONDS:** By the Engineer: HOME OWNERS ASSOCIATION'S MAINTENANCE RESPONSIBILITIES:

1.) TOP AND SIDE SLOPES OF THE EMBANKMENT SHALL BE MOWED A MINIMUM OF TWO (2) TIMES A YEAR, ONCE IN JUNE AND ONCE IN SEPTEMBER.

OTHER SIDE SLOPES AND MAINTENANCE ACCESS SHOULD BE MOWED "I hereby certify that the facility shown on this plan was constructed as shown on the "AS-BUILT" plans and meets the approved plans and specifications. AS NEEDED 2.) DEBRIS AND LITTER NEXT TO THE OUTLET STRUCTURE SHALL BE REMOVED DURING REGULAR MOWING OPERATIONS AND AS NEEDED.

3.) WHEN DEEMED NECESSARY FOR AESTHETIC REASONS, SEDIMENT SHOULD BE REMOVED FORM THE POND. APPROVAL OF THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC MADRIES OF SECONDERS. DONALD A. MASON P.E.# 21443 ENGINEER: WORKS IS REQUIRED. Certify means to state or declare a professional opinion based upon onsite inspections and materials tests which are conducted during construction. The onsite inspections and materials tests are those inspections and tests deemed sufficient and appropriate by commonly accepted engineering standards. Certify does not mean or imply a guarantee by the Engineer nor does WELD BAR TO PLATE & CROSS BAR an Engineer's certification relieve any other party from meeting requirements imposed by contract, employment or other means including meeting commonly accepted industry practices. By the Developer: "I/We certify that all development and/or construction will by done according to these plans, and that any responsible personnel involved in the construction project will have a Certificate of Attendance at a Department of the Environmen Approved Training Program for the Control of Sediment and Erosion before beginning the project. I shall engage a registered professional engineer to supervise pond construction and provide the Howard Soil Conservation District with an "as-built" plan of the pond within 30 days of completion. I also authorize periodic on—site inspections by the Howard Soil Conservation District." -USE 1/2" x3" GALVANIZED Richard BOLTS TO FASTEN PLATE SIDE ELEVATION RICHARD H. HOENES TO STRUCTURE (BOLTS BE REMOVABLE) FRONT ELEVATION DEVELOPER: POND #1 TRASH RACK DETAIL By the Engineer: NOT TO SCALE

**CREST EL 517.30** 

CHIEF, DEVELOPMENT ENGINEERING DIVISION

BOTTOM OF POND

EX.GRD.

TOP EL 520.48 CREST EL 520.0



WNER/DEVELOPER:

Design: CAM/MLV Draft:

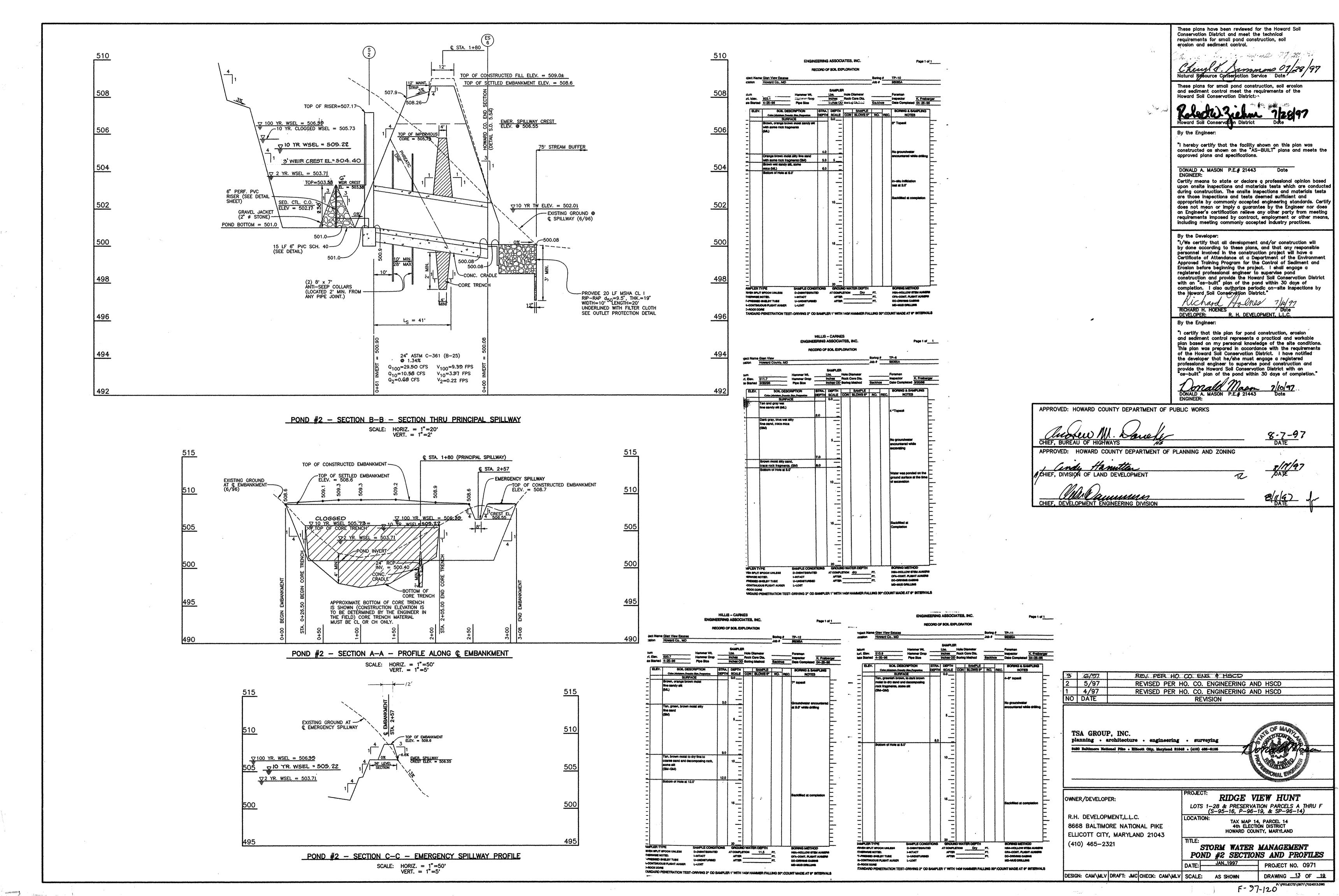
LOTS 1 - 28 & PRESERVATION PARCELS A THRU F

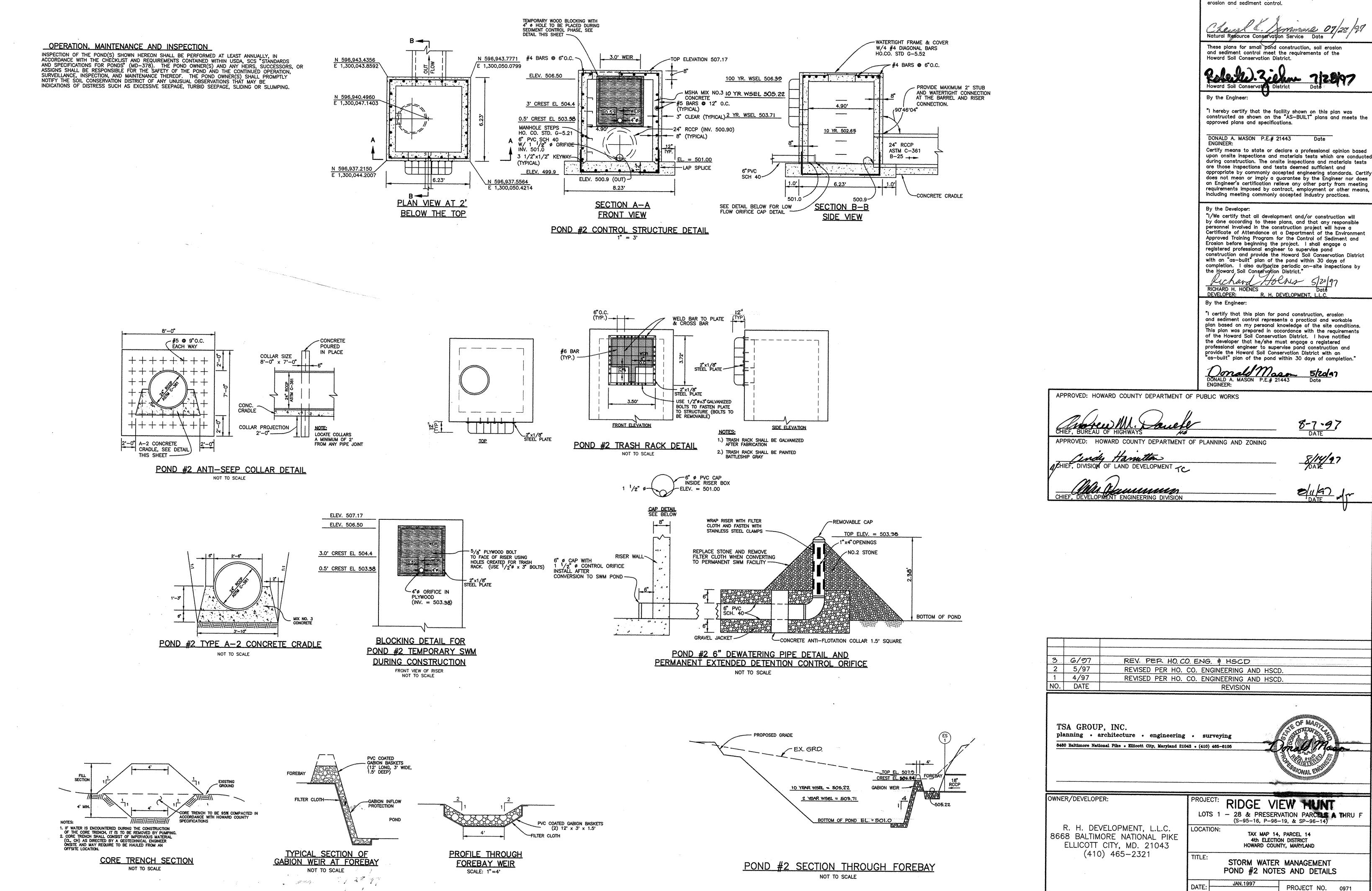
4th ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

DATE: PROJECT NO. 0971

JMC SCALE: AS SHOWN

F- 97-120





· 1/4

Acad Dwg: 7024S14

These plans have been reviewed for the Howard Soil

Conservation District and meet the technical requirements for small pond construction, soil

"I hereby certify that the facility shown on this plan was constructed as shown on the "AS-BUILT" plans and meets the

upon onsite inspections and materials tests which are conducted during construction. The onsite inspections and materials tests appropriate by commonly accepted engineering standards. Certify does not mean or imply a guarantee by the Engineer nor does an Engineer's certification relieve any other party from meeting

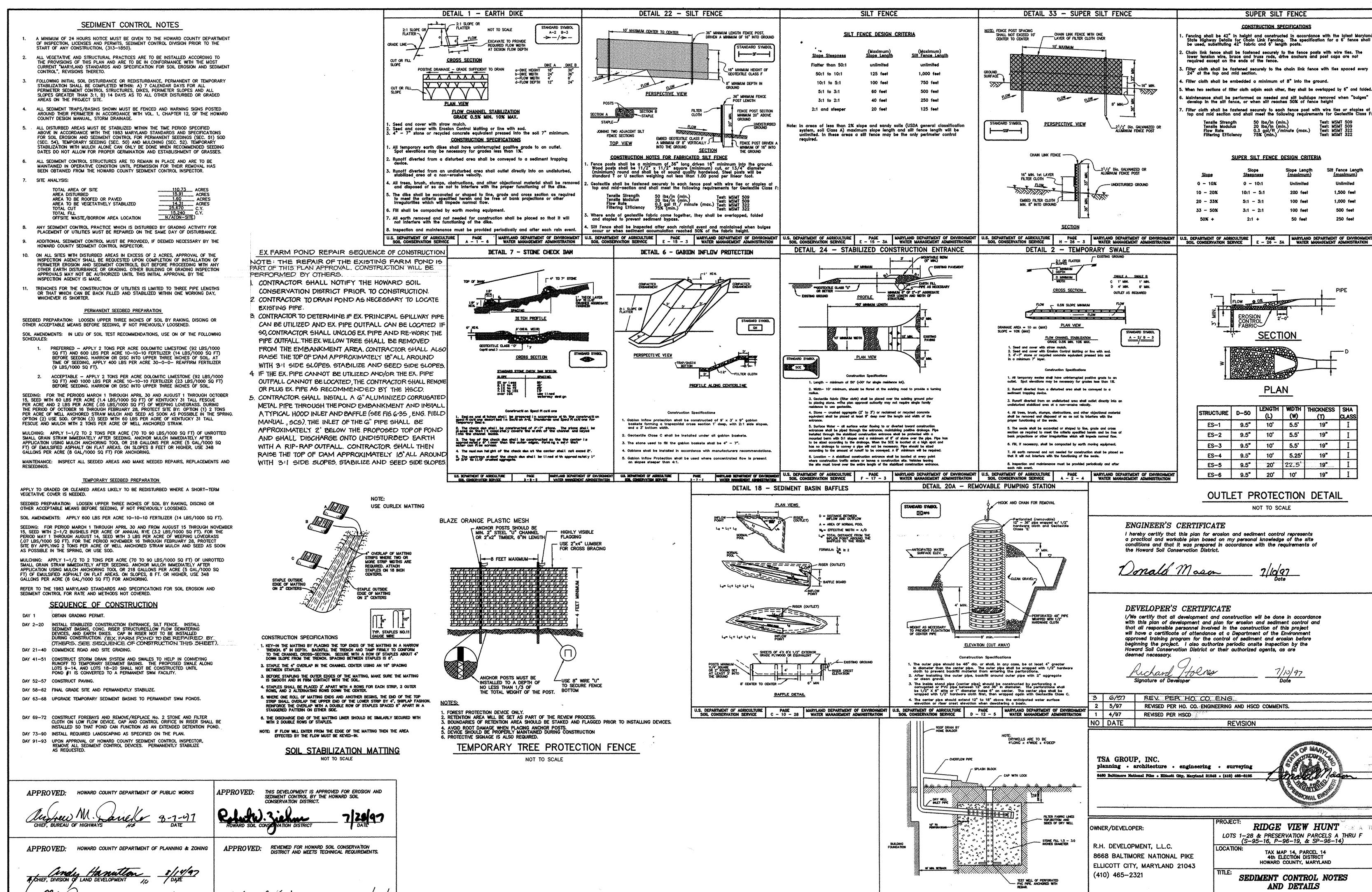
"I/We certify that all development and/or construction will by done according to these plans, and that any responsible personnel involved in the construction project will have a Certificate of Attendance at a Department of the Environment Approved Training Program for the Control of Sediment and Erosion before beginning the project. I shall engage a registered professional engineer to supervise pond construction and provide the Howard Soil Conservation District with an "as-built" plan of the pond within 30 days of completion. I also authorize periodic on-site inspections by

and sediment control represents a practical and workable plan based on my personal knowledge of the site conditions. This plan was prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Howard Soil Conservation District. I have notified

JMC DRAWING 14 OF 19 SCALE: AS SHOWN

CAM/MLV Draft:

F-97-120



. 4

mmun

F-97-120

DRAWING 15 OF 18

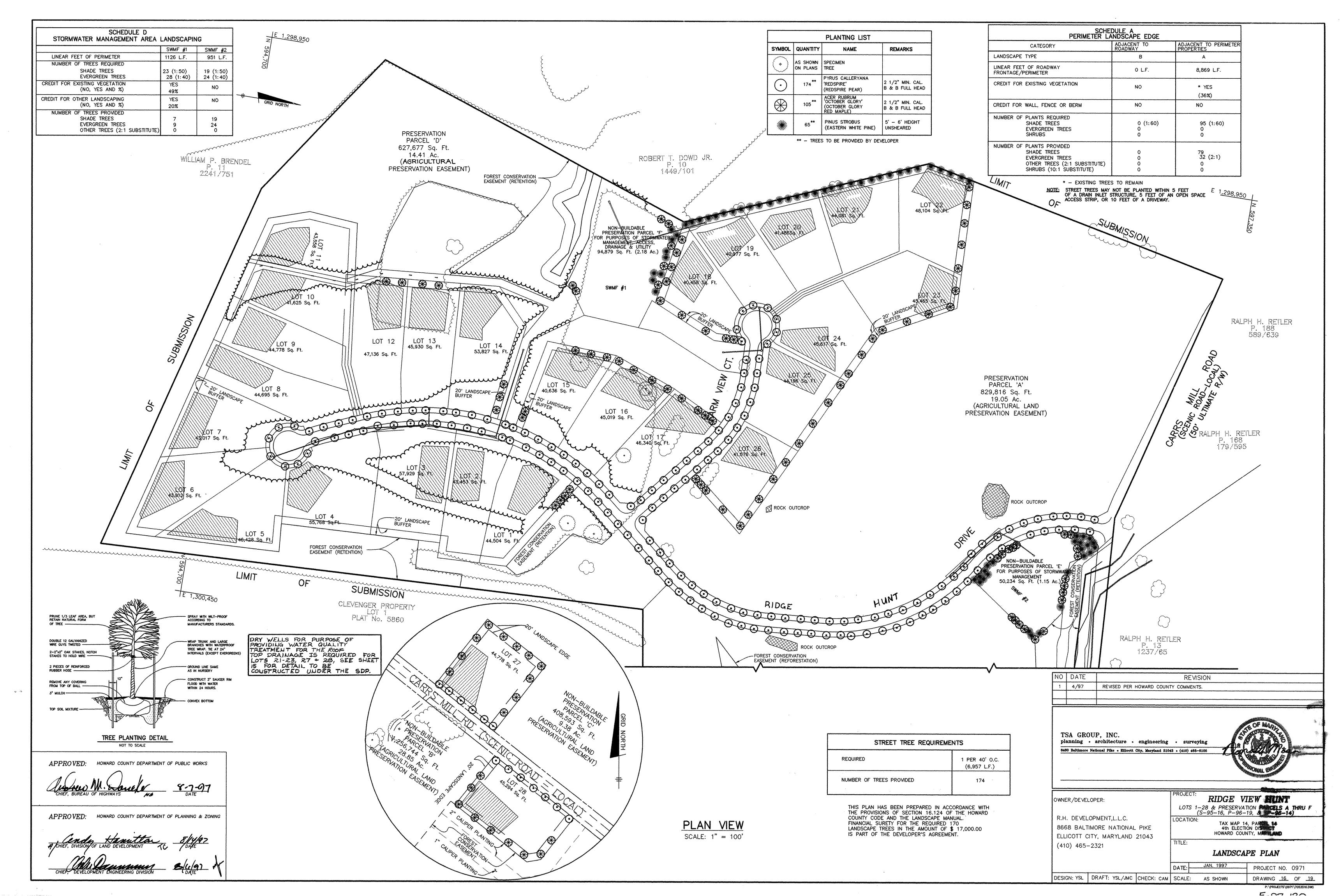
DATE: JAN. 1997 PROJECT NO. 0971

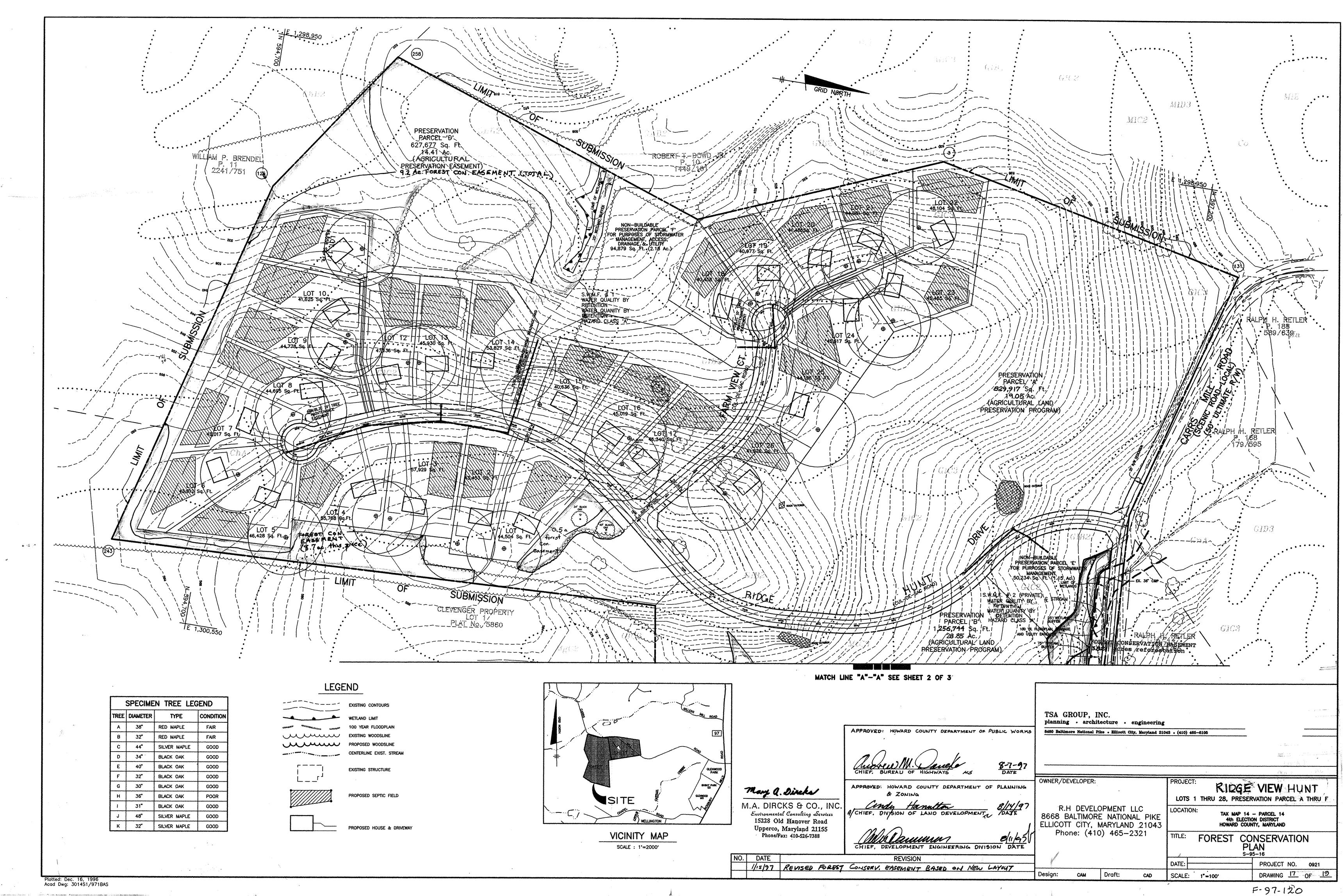
DESIGN: YSL DRAFT: YSL CHECK: CAM SCALE: NO SCALE

DRY WELL DETAIL

NOT TO SCALE

DIMENSION: 4'x 4'x 4')







		SOILS LEGEND
MAP SYMBOL	SOIL TYPE	MAPPING UNIT
BrC3	С	BRANDYWINE LOAM, 8 TO 15 PERCENT SLOPES, SEVERELY ERODED
BrF	С	BRANDYWINE LOAM, 25 TO 60 PERCENT SLOPES
ChA	В	CHESTER SILT LOAM, 0 TO 3 PERCENT SLOPES
ChB2	В	CHESTER SILT LOAM, 3 TO 8 PERCENT SLOPES, MODERATELY ERODED
ChC2	В	CHESTER SILT LOAM, 8 TO 15 PERCENT SLOPES, MODERATELY ERODED
* Co	С	CODORUS SILT LOAM
CuB	В	COMUS SILT LOAM, LOCAL ALLUVIUM, 3 TO 8 PERCENT SLOPES
EkB2	В	ELIOAK SILT LOAM, 3 TO 8 PERCENT SLOPES, MODERATELY ERODED
EkC2	В	ELIOAK SILT LOAM, 8 TO 15 PERCENT SLOPES, MODERATELY ERODED
GIB2	В	GLENELG LOAM, 3 TO 8 PERCENT SLOPES, MODERATELY ERODED
GIC2	В	GLENELG LOAM, 8 TO 15 PERCENT SLOPES, MODERATELY ERODED
GIC3	В	GLENELG LOAM, 8 TO 15 PERCENT SLOPES, SEVERELY ERODED
GID2	В	GLENELG LOAM, 15 TO 25 PERCENT SLOPES, MODERATELY ERODED
GID3	В	GLENELG LOAM, 15 TO 25 PERCENT SLOPES, SEVERELY ERODED
* GnA	С	GLENVILLE SILT LOAM, O TO 3 PERCENT SLOPES
∗ GnB2	С	GLENVILLE SILT LOAM, 3 TO 8 PERCENT SLOPES, MODERATELY ERODED
* Ha	D	HATBORO SILT LOAM
MgC2	8	MANOR GRAVELLY LOAM, 8 TO 15 PERCENT SLOPES, MODERATELY ERODED
MIC2	8	MANOR LOAM, 8 TO 15 PERCENT SLOPES, MODERATELY ERODED
MID3	В	MANOR LOAM, 15 TO 25 PERCENT SLOPES, SEVERELY ERODED
MIE	8	MANOR LOAM, 25 TO 45 PERCENT SLOPES
MnD	В	MANOR VERY STONY LOAM, 3 TO 25 PERCENT SLOPES
MtC3	В	MT. AIRY CHANNERY LOAM, 8 TO 15 PERCENT SLOPES, SEVERELY ERODED
MtD2	8	MT. AIRY CHANNERY LOAM, 15 TO 25 PERCENT SLOPES, MODERATELY ERODED

\* INDICATES HYDRIC SOILS SOILS MAP NOS. 6,7,12 & 13

NO. DATE REVISION

I 1/15/97 REVISED FOREST CONSERV. EASEMENT BASES ON NEW LAYOUT

2 3/14/97 REVISED FOREST CONSERVATION EASEMENT AND PLANTING PER CO. AGREEMENT

TSA GROUP, INC.
planning · architecture · engineering

8460 Baltimore National Pike · Ellicott City, Maryland 21043 · (410) 466-4106

OWNER/DEVELOPER:

R.H DEVELOPMENT LLC

8668 BALTIMORE NATIONAL PIKE
ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21043
Phone: (410) 465-2321

Design: CAM Draft: CAD SCALE: I" = 100' DRAWING LO G921

Design: CAM Draft: CAD SCALE: I" = 100' DRAWING LO G921

#### FOREST PROTECTION PROCEDURES - Preconstruction Phase

1.) The edge of the woods to be protected will be marked (staked or flagged) in the field per the limits of forest conservation easement shown in the approved site development plan prior to the start of construction activity. All areas within protective easement are to be considered "off limits" to any construction activities. The optional protective fencing shall be installed at the outside edge of forested areas and should be combined with sediment control devices when possible. The limit of the critical root zone and therefore the location of the protective devices is to be determined as follows:

Edge of Forested Area - 1 foot of protective radius/inch of DBH or an eight foot protective radius, which ever is greater.

Critical Root Zone for the forest on this site is an average of 15 feet from the trunk of the tree.

2.) Construction activities expressly prohibited within the preservation areas are:

Placing or stockpiling backfill or top soil in protected Felling trees into protected areas Driving construction equipment into or through protected Burning in or in close proximity to protected areas

Stacking or storing supplies of any kind Concrete wash-off areas. Conducting trenching operations Grading beyond the limits of disturbance Parking vehicles or construction equipment Removal of root mat or topsoil

Siting and construction of: Utility lines Access roads Impervious surfaces Stormwater management devices Staging areas

- 3.) Protective fencing (see Figure "Protective Fencing") shall be the responsibility of the general contractor. The general contractor shall affix signs to the fencing at 25' minimum intervals indicating that these areas are "Forest Retention Area" (see Figure "Signage"). The general contractor shall take great care to assure the restricted areas are not violated and that root systems are protected from smothering, flooding, excessive wetting from dewatering operations, off-site run-off, spillage, and drainage or solutions containing materials hazardous to tree roots.
- 4.) The general contractor shall be responsible for any tree damaged or destroyed within the preservation areas whether caused by the contractor, his agents, employees, subcontractors, or licensees.
- 5.) Foot traffic shall be kept to a minimum in the protective
- 6.) All trees which are not to be preserved within fifty feet of any tree preservation areas are to be removed in a manner that will not damage those trees that are designated for preservation. It is highly recommended that tree stumps within this fifty foot area be ground out with a stump grinding machine to minimize damage.
- 7.) The general contractor shall designate a "wash out" area onsite for concrete trucks which will not drain toward a protected area.
- 8.) A pre-construction meeting shall be held with local authorities before any disturbance has taken place on site.

# FOREST PROTECTION PROCEDURES - Construction Phase

Forest and tree conditions should be monitored during construction and corrective measures taken when appropriate.

The following shall be monitored:

- Soil compaction Root injury - prune and monitor; consider crown
- reduction Limb injury - prune and monitor
- Flooded conditions drain and monitor; correct
- Drought conditions water and monitor; correct problem.
- f.) Other stress signs determine reason, correct, and monitor.

FOREST PROTECTION PROCEDURES - Post-Construction Phase

The following measures shall be taken:

- 1.) Corrective measures if damages were incurred due to
  - a.) Stress reduction
  - b.) Removal of dead or dying trees. This may be done only if trees pose an immediate safety hazard
- 2.) Removal of temporary structures:
  - a.) No burial of discarded materials will occur on-site within the conservation area.
  - b.) No open burning within 100 feet of a wooded area.
  - c.) All temporary forest protection structures will be removed after construction.
  - d.) Remove temporary roads by removing stone or broadcasting mulch; pre-construction elevation should be maintained.
  - e.) Aerate compacted soil.

herbaceous plants.

- f.) Replant disturbed sites with trees, shrubs and/or
- g.) Retain signs for retention areas or specimen trees.
- h.) A County official shall inspect the entire site.
- 3.) Future protection measures:
  - a.) Howard County and the developer shall arrange for the dedication of an appropriate forest conservation easement at a later date.

#### PLANTING SPECIFICATIONS AND NOTES

### I. SITE PREPARATION AND SOILS

- 1.) Disturbance of soils should be limited to the Planting Field for each plant. Planting hole will be a minimum 18" auger hole, dug to the depth of the root ball. As shown on the detail view, a Planting Field of 18 " diameter (for whips) is
- 2.) In areas of steep slopes or erodible soils, soil disturbance will be limited to the Planting Field which is equal to the 18" diameter auger hole.
- 3.) Soil mix for all plants shall be native soil with no soil amendments, unless a soils analysis determines that soil amendments are required (disturbed sites). Natural amendments, such as organic mulch or leaf mold compost, are

#### II. PLANT STORAGE AND INSPECTION

- 1.) For container grown nursery stock, planting should occur within two weeks after delivery to site.
- 2.) Planting stock should be inspected prior to planting. Plants not conforming to standard nurseryman specifications for size. form, and vigor, roots, trunk wounds, insects and disease should be replaced.

#### III. SOIL AMENDMENTS

1.) Amendments are not recommended in the planting field as studies have shown that roots will be encouraged to stay within the amended soils.

#### IV. PLANT INSTALLATION

- 1.) Container grown stock should be removed from the container and roots gently loosened from the soil. If the roots encircle the root ball, substitution is required. J-shaped or kinked root systems should also be rejected. ROOTS MAY NOT BE TRIMMED ON SITE.
- 2.) The Planting Field should be prepared as specified (see detail). Stock must be planted in random pattern (see detail). Native dug soils should be used to backfill Planting Field. Set plant material no more than 1 " above existing ground and no lower than existing ground. Gently pack native soil around plant to eliminate all air pockets. After whip and container installation, rake soils evenly over the Planting Field and cover hole with three inches of

composted hardwood mulch. Water to settle soil and provide moisture, as needed.

- 3.) Prune whips to encourage branching. Container stock will be pruned to eliminate broken and dead branches.
- 4.) Newly planted trees may need watering depending on weather conditions. During the next two years watering may be required during summer and dry months. Any watering should consider for recent rainfall patterns.
- 5.) Staking of stock is not required, if preferred stock type
- 6.) Side dressing fertilization 1 year after planting may be warranted. Fertilizer may be added to each tree or shrub at the end of the first growing season and will contain the following by weight: 5% nitrogen, 10% phosphoric acid, and 5% potash. Nitrogen shall be derived from natural organic sources or ureaform; 40-50% of the nitrogen shall be water soluble. Organic fertilizers are preferred to synthetic fertilizers. See Tree Planting and Maintenance Calendar for planting and maintenance
- 7.) Integrated Pest Management (IPM) is one of the most effective and safest approaches for maintaining a healthy forest. A full IPM program can include:
- a.) Elimination of low vegetation before planting to help control rodents.
- Use of tree shelters to protect the trunks of seedlings or whips from animal damage. (These trees need more water than those without tree shelters.)
- Mulching around the trees to minimize trunk damage from
- d.) Pruning dead or diseased branches with a clean cut.
- e.) To prevent sunscald, allow small non-competitive branches, commonly pruned during or before planting, to grow on the sunny side of the trunk.

# V. MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE

Landscaper should conduct an inspection at the following intervals: 6 months after planting, 1 year after planting and 2 years after planting. The purpose of inspection is to evaluate survival rate with reference to the survival required at the end of the two year period (75% minimum).

Regular visits during the first growing season (yr 1) are to assess the success of the plantings and determine if supplemental watering or other actions are necessary. Early spring visits will determine winter kill and autumn visits will determine summer kill.

- 2.) Assess tree mortality of planting stock, remove and replace any dead or diseased plantings for the first 2 growing seasons.
- 3.) Volunteer seeding of native, local and endemic vegetation is to be expected. Do not discourage this effort unless it is negatively effecting the planted stock.
- 4.) Landscaper shall remove or control aggressive, noxious, invasive species (i.e. Multiflora Rose, Japanese Honeysuckle, and all herbaceous vegetation) within a 3-foot radius surrounding the planted woody nursery stock for 2 years after planting.

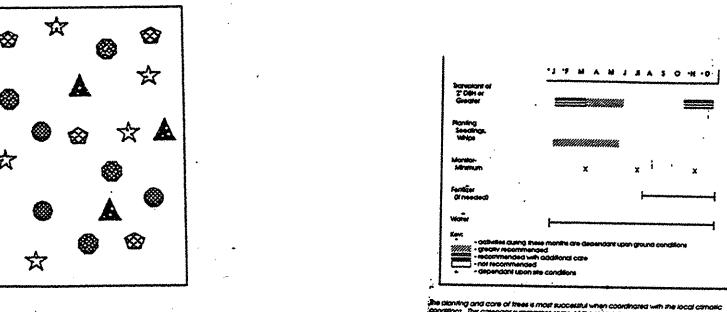
- 5.) The landscaper shall be responsible to remove down and dead material that is smothering planting stock. Naturally occurring material that is not affecting planted stock shall not be removed.
- 6.) Mowing is one of the most effective means to control exotic and/or invasive species. No mowing shall occur during the wildlife nesting period of early April through mid-July. The landscaper is responsible for mowing and/or weed wacking and/or applying herbicide around planting stock, if needed for 2 growing seasons after planting.

#### PLANT LIST

QTY	SPECIES	SIZE	
253	<u>Acer rubrum</u> Red maple	5'-6' 1" caliper	
254	<u>Pinus strobus</u> White pine	51-61	The part of the pa
297*	<u>Ouercus alba</u> White oak or pin oak	51-61*SEE NOTE BELOW	Home Here to the H
443	PRUNUS SEROTINA BLACK CHERRY	3'-4' whip	Forest protection device only.     Retention Area with the set on card of the review process.     Retention Area with the set of card of the review process.     Roundaries of Retention Area should be staked and flagged prior to Install Rould damage should be availed.     Protective signings may also be used.     Device should be maintained throughout construction.
443	LIQUIDAMBAR STYRACIFLUA	3'-4'whip	to be placed outside L.O.D.
444	JUNIPERUS VIRGINIANA RED CEDAR	18-24" BR	FENCING
Q A ACDEC	C DEPADECHANTAN DECLITOED		

8.0 ACRES REFORESTATION REQUIRED. \* 44 OAKS TO BE 2" CALIPER AND PLANTED IN THE DESIGNATED AREA WEAR LOT 28.

- 1.) Planting stock should be 3' to 4' whips and 1 1/2 to 2 gallon container stock at a minimum, with 5'- 6' trees for the oaks, maple and white pine.
- 2.) Only composted mulch may be used.
- 3.) Whips should be planted an average of 11 ft on center with 5 ft trees an average of 15 ft. (see random planting detail) Pines should be planted on the outside perimeter of the planting area. White oak and Black Cherry planted outside of wetland limits.



SYCAMORE /OAK TULIP POPLAR

**⊗** 

RED MAPLE TO BE PLANTED IN RANDOM DISTRIBUTION DOGWOOD : PATTERN

GREEN ASH

HEIGHT - ROOTBALL .

HEIGHT LESS 1"

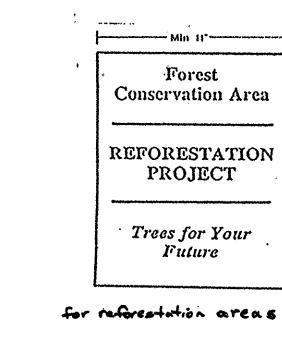
RANDOM PLANTING DETAIL

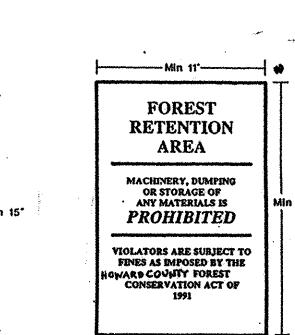
BACKFILL W//

NATIVE SOILS

WIDTH = AUGERED HOLE 18" MINIMUM

PLANTING FIELD DETAIL





SIGNAGE

—Anchor ports thould be Minimum 2" atrolio" chamble Or 2" v2" timber, G' in Linguist

maximum offet

NO. DATE

\* Signs shall be placed just outside limits of disturbance as shown on plan. APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PUBLICA WORKS)

CHIEF, BUREAU OF HIGHWAYS US APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING & ZONING

endy Hamilton A/CHIEF, DY 1510N OF LAND DEVELOPMENT / BATE

.......

CHIEF, DEVELOPMENT ENGINEERING DIVISION

REVISION 2 1/15/97 REVISED FOREST CONSERV, EASEMENT BASED ON NEW LAYOUT 3 3/17/97 REVISED PER COUNTY COMMENTS.

TSA GROUP, INC. planning · architecture · engineering

8480 Baltimore National Pike - Rilicott City, Maryland 21043 - (410) 465-8105

OWNER/DEVELOPER: R.H DEVELOPMENT LLC 8668 BALTIMORE NATIONAL PIKE ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21043 Phone: (410) 465-2321

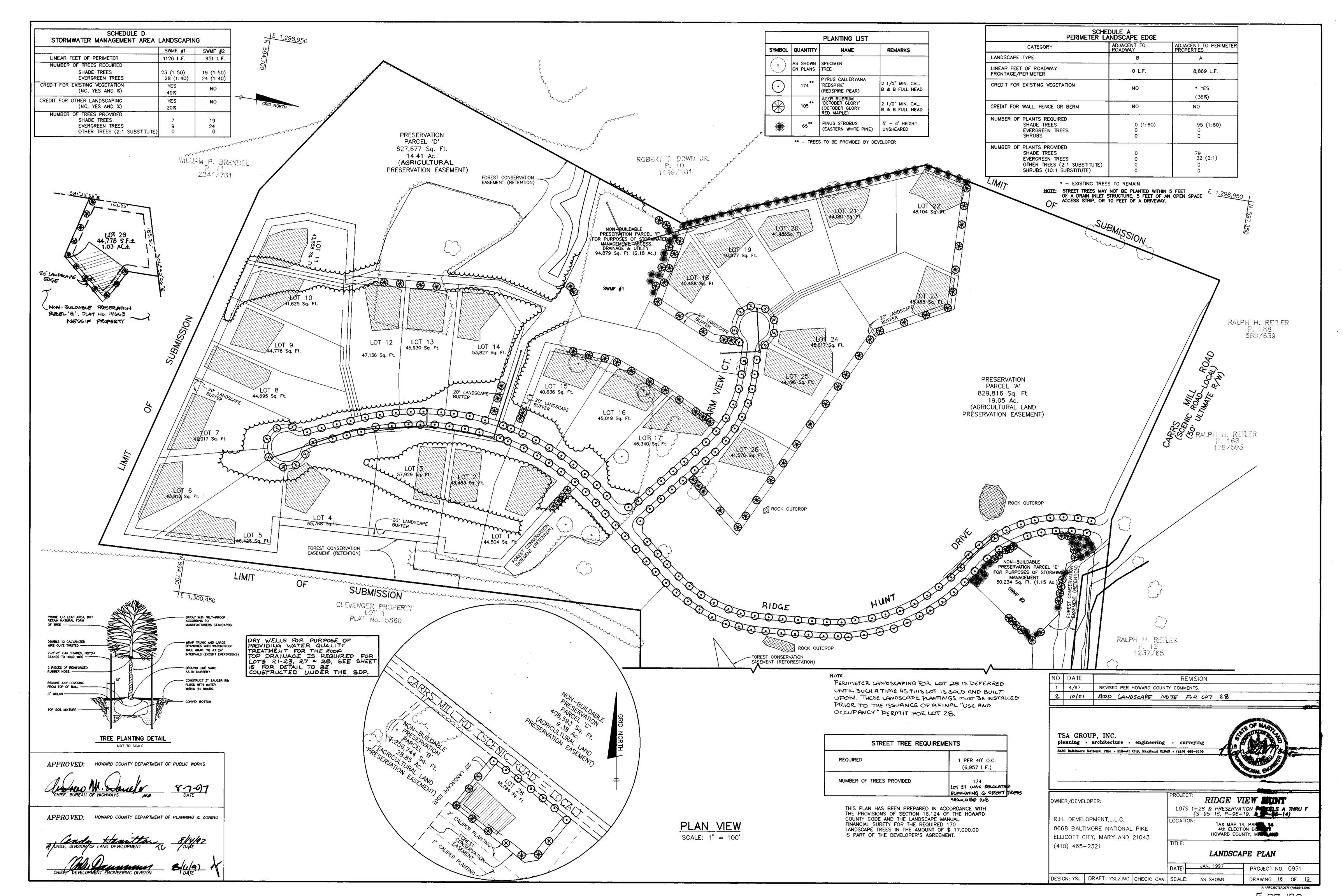
PROJECT: RIDGE VIEW HUN' LOTS 1 THRU 28, PRESERVATION PARCELS A-F OCATION: TAX MAP 14 - PARCEL 14

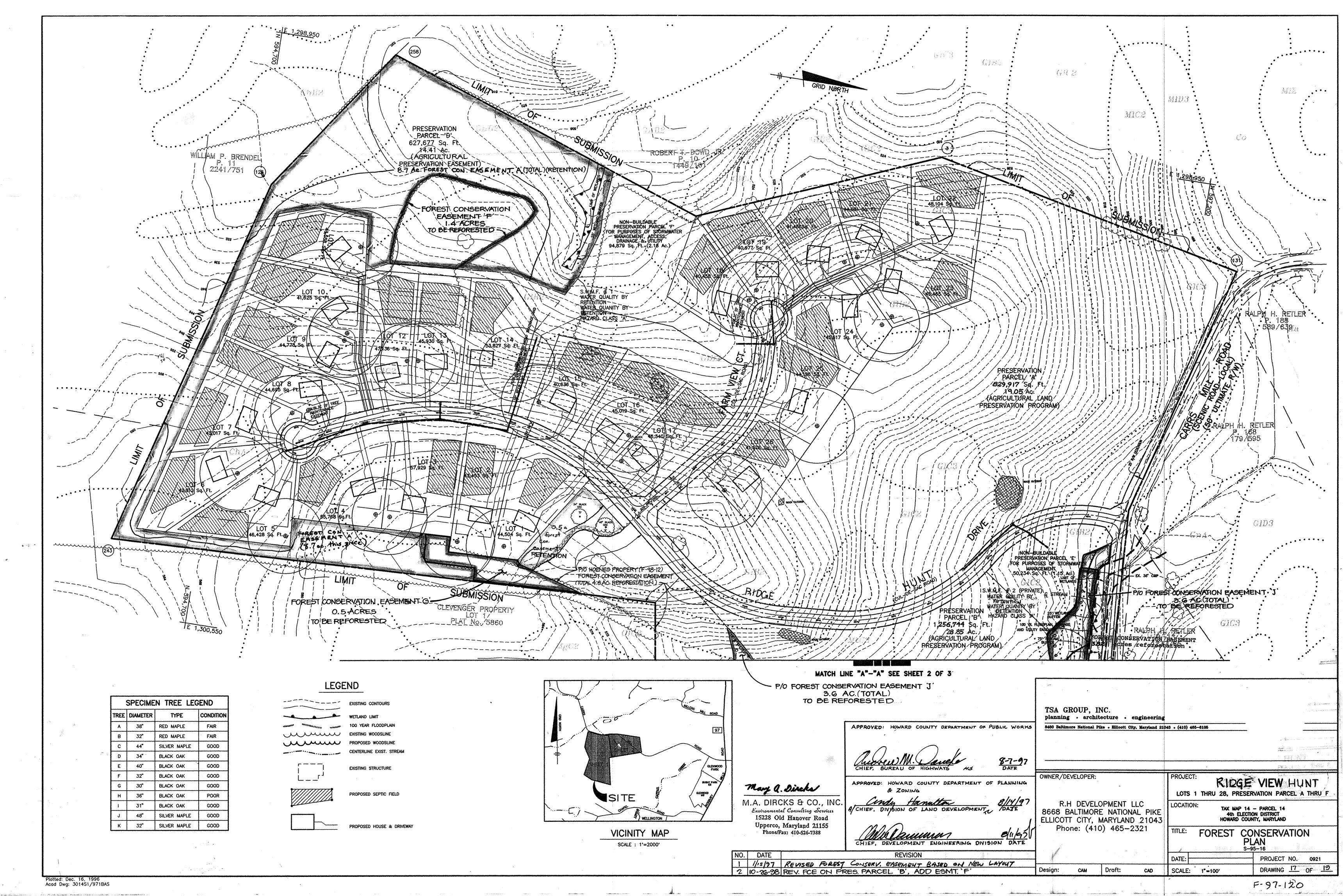
4th ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND FOREST CONSERVATION

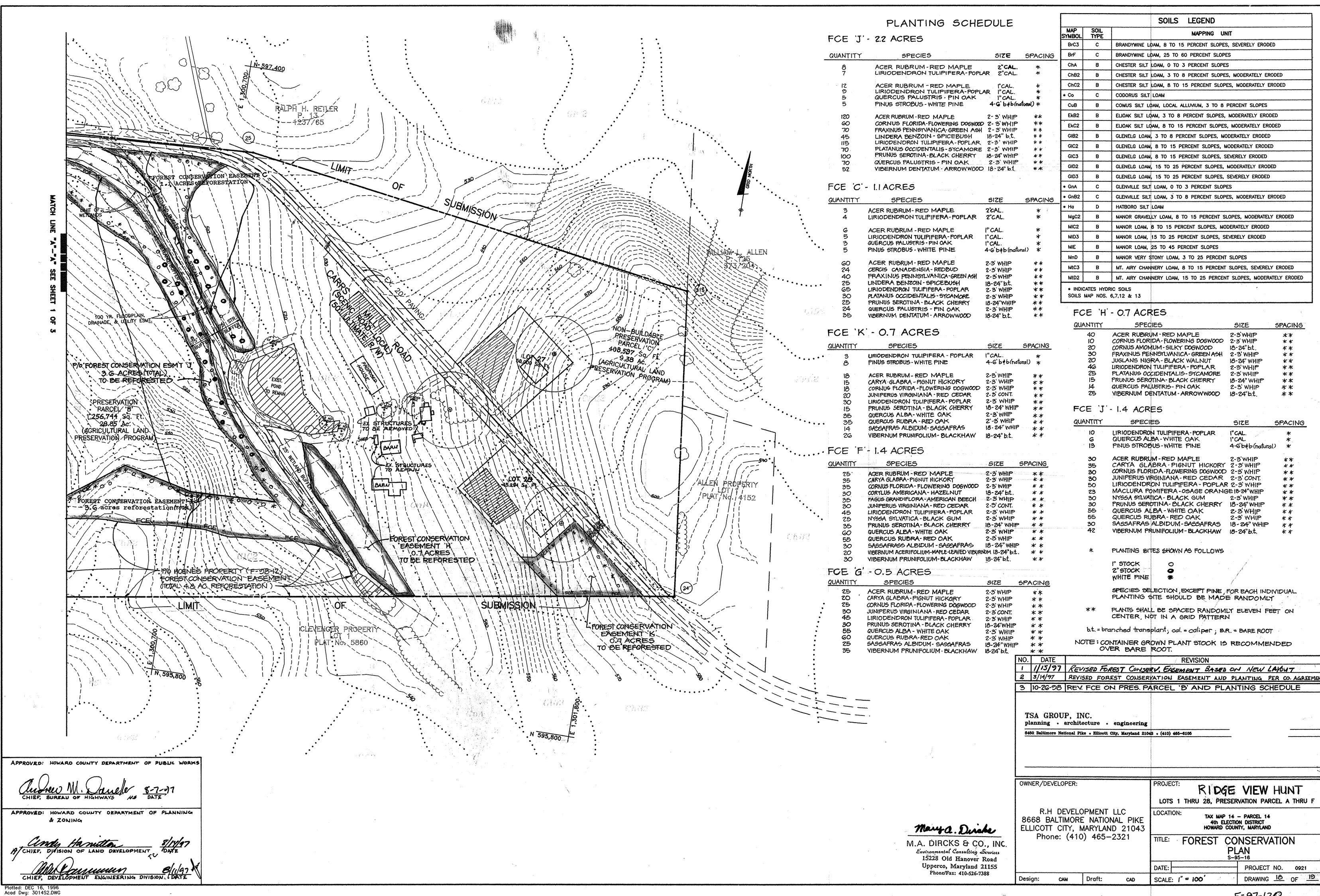
PROJECT NO. O 221

DATE: MAYOUS NOOF

Many a. Ducke 410-526-7388 15228 Old Hanover Road Upperco, MD 21155







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- 7.) Integrated Pest Management (IPM) is one of the most effective and safest approaches for maintaining a healthy forest. A full IPM program can include:
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- Mulching around the trees to minimize trunk damage from
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- To prevent sunscald, allow small non-competitive branches, commonly pruned during or before planting, to grow on the sunny side of the trunk.

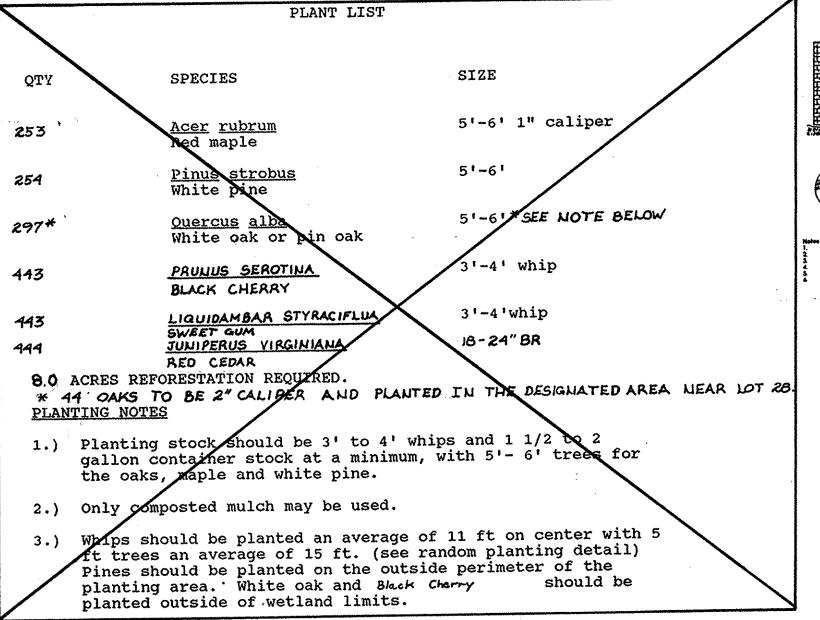
# V. MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE

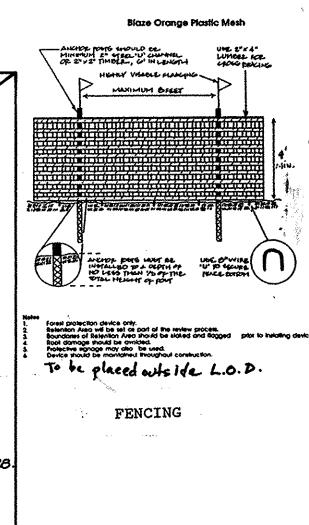
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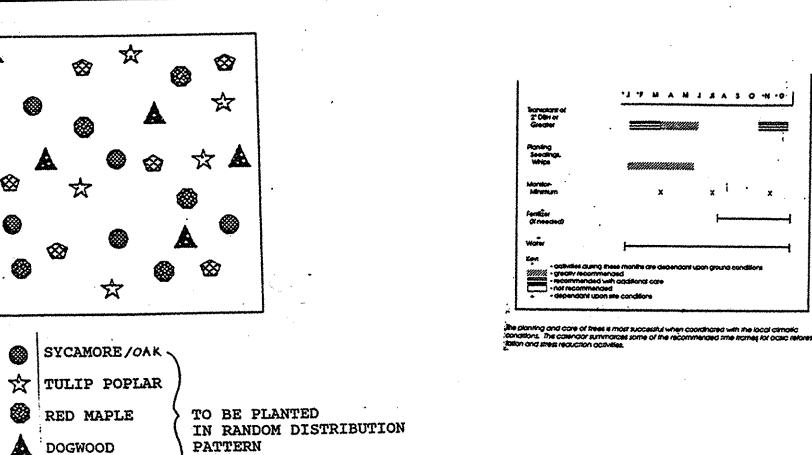
Regular visits during the first growing season (yr 1) are to assess the success of the plantings and determine if supplemental watering or other actions are necessary. Early spring visits will determine winter kill and autumn visits will determine summer kill.

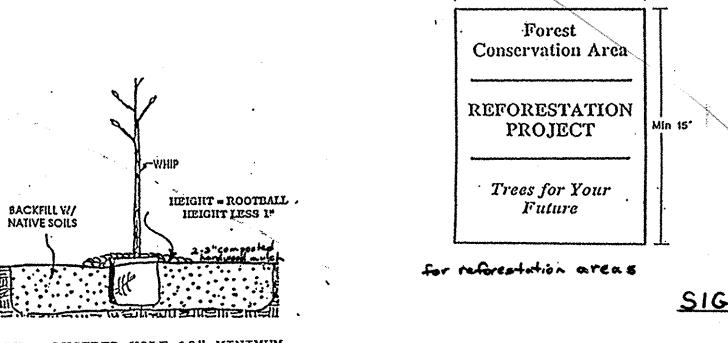
- 2.) Assess tree mortality of planting stock, remove and replace any dead or diseased plantings for the first 2 growing seasons.
- Volunteer seeding of native, local and endemic vegetation is to be expected. Do not discourage this effort unless it is negatively effecting the planted stock.
- Landscaper shall remove or control aggressive, noxious, invasive species (i.e. Multiflora Rose, Japanese Honeysuckle, and all herbaceous vegetation) within a 3-foot radius surrounding the planted woody nursery stock for 2 years after planting.

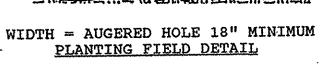
- 5.) The landscaper shall be responsible to remove down and dead material that is smothering planting stock. Naturally occurring material that is not affecting planted stock shall not be removed.
- 6.) Mowing is one of the most effective means to control exotic and/or invasive species. No mowing shall occur during the wildlife nesting period of early April through mid-July. The landscaper is responsible for mowing and/or weed wacking and/or applying herbicide around planting stock, if needed for 2 growing seasons after planting.







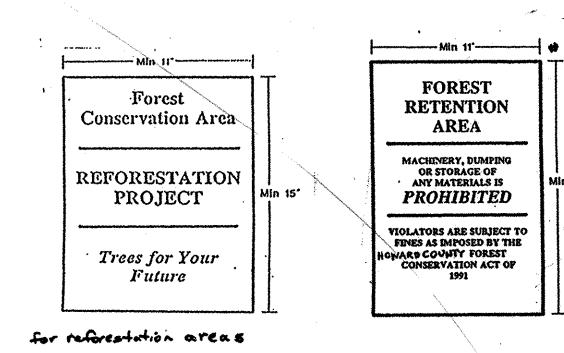




**⊗** 

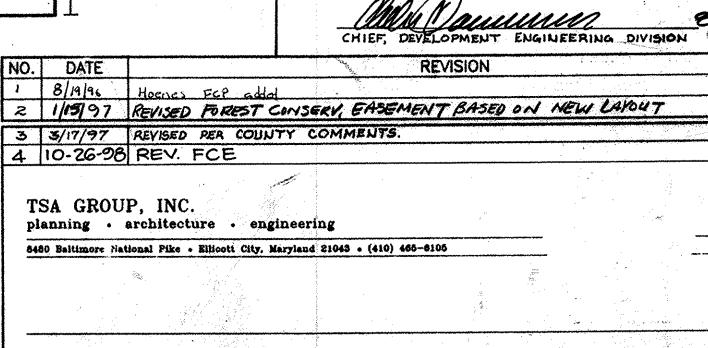
GREEN ASH

RANDOM PLANTING DETAIL



\* Signs shall be placed just outside limits of disturbance as shown on plan. APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC, WORKS CHIEF, BUREAU OF HIGHWAYS MY HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING & ZONING Undy Hamilton A/CHIEF, DWISION OF LAND DEVELOPMENT /

SIGNAGE



LOCATION:

R.H DEVELOPMENT LLC 8668 BALTIMORE NATIONAL PIKE ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21043 Phone: (410) 465-2321

OWNER/DEVELOPER:

TAX WAP 14 - PARCEL 14 4th ELECTION DISTRICT - HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

RIDGE VIEW HUNT

DRAWING -12

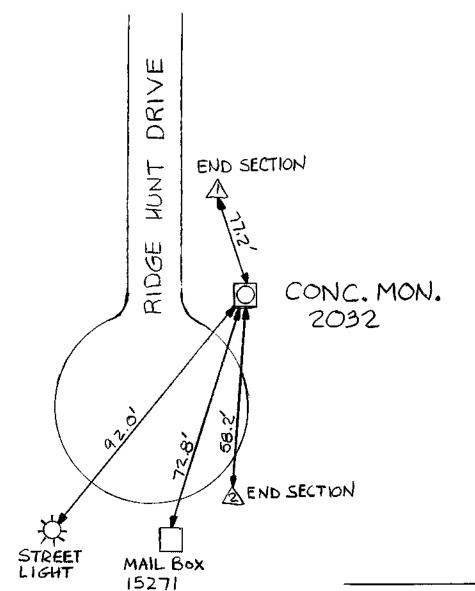
LOTS 1 THRU 28, PRESERVATION PARCELS A-1

FOREST CONSERVATION DATE: MAY 15, 100 G PROJECT NO. O 921

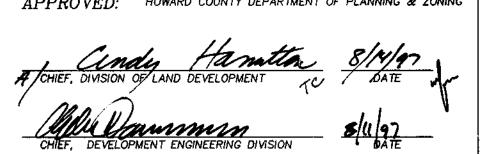
410-526-7388 15228 Old Hanover Road Upperco, MD 21155

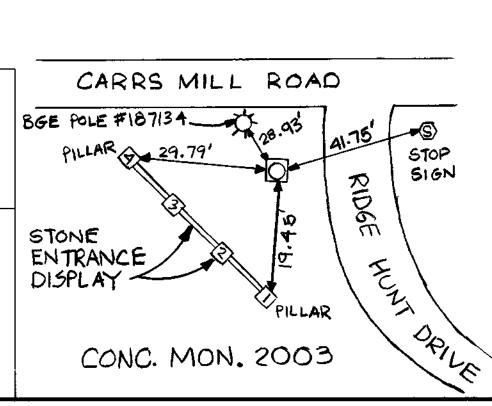
# GENERAL NOTES

- 1. All construction shall be in accordance with the latest standards and specifications of Howard County, plus MSHA standards and specifications, if applicable.
- 2. The contractor shall notify the Department of Public Works Construction Inspection Division at (410) 313-1880 at least (five) 5 working days prior to the start of work.
- 3. The contractor shall notify "Miss Utility" at 1-800-257-7777 at least 48 hours prior to any excavation work.
- 4. Project Background: Location: Tax Maps 14 - Parcel 14 Zoning: RC Total Tract Area: 110.73 Ac.± Number of Proposed Lots: 28 Cluster, 6 Preservation. Date Sketch Plan Approved: Sept. 22, 1995; rescinded April 26, 1996 DPZ Reference #: S-95-16 Date Preliminary Plan Denied: May 1, 1996. DPZ Reference #: P-96-19
  Date Preliminary Equivalent Sketch Plan Approved: Sept. 13, 1996 DPZ Reference #: SP-96-14
- 5. Traffic control devices, markings and signing shall be in accordance with the most current edition of the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD). All street and regulatory signs shall be in place prior to the placement of any asphalt.
- 6. The contours shown hereon have been taken from field run topographic surveys at 2' interval and 200 scale county topographic maps in area outside of construction. The topography was prepared by TSA Group, Inc. dated 1/95.
- 7. Howard County monuments 14E1 and 0039 were used for horizontal datum and 3432001 was used for vertical datum.
- 8. Water and Sewer for this subdivision is private.
- 9. Stormwater Management for this subdivision is provided by detention ponds for water quantity control and quality control by extended detention. The facility will be owned and maintained by the H.O.A.
- 10. Floodplain Study was provided by TSA GROUP, INC. for this project. and approved under the preliminary equivalent sketch plan SP-96-14.
- 11. Forest Stand Delineation was performed by MA DIRKS & CO. INC. dated October 1994 and approved under SP-96-14.
- 12. Traffic Study compiled by Lee Cunningham & Associates, Inc. dated Nov., 1994 and supplemented May 1996 and approved under SP-96-14.
- 13. Geotechnical Report compiled by Hillis Carnes Engineering Associates.
- 14. Existing utilities were located by record drawings and field
- 15. Unless noted as "private" all easements are public.
- 16. The Forest Conservation Easement has been established to fulfill the requirements of Section 16.1200 of the Howard County Code; Forest Conservation Act. No clearing, grading or construction is permitted within the Forest Conservation easement; Forest management practices as defined in the deed of Forest Conservation easement are allowed.
- 17. The preservation parcels for the stormwater facility will be owned and maintained by the H.O.A. and Howard County will be the easement holder.
- 18. IN THE CASE OF A SWM DAM BREACH, THE DAM BREACH FLOW WOULD ENTER A MAJOR STREAM BEFORE IT REACHED ANY ROADWAY CROSSING.



APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS



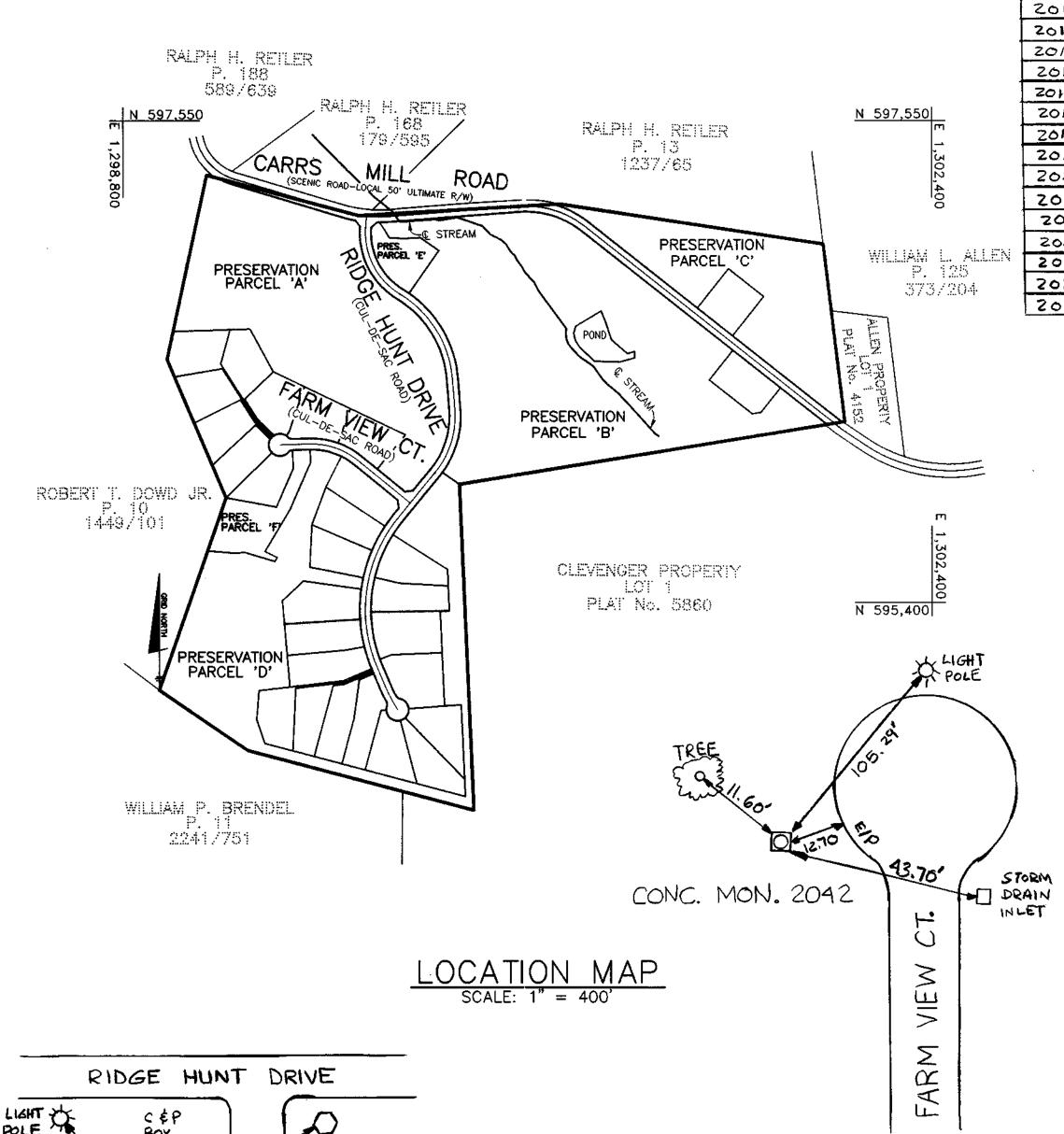


CONC. MON. 2035

# RIDGE VIEW HUNT

4th ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

# ROADS, STORMWATER MANAGEMENT AND STORM DRAINAGE CONSTRUCTION PLANS

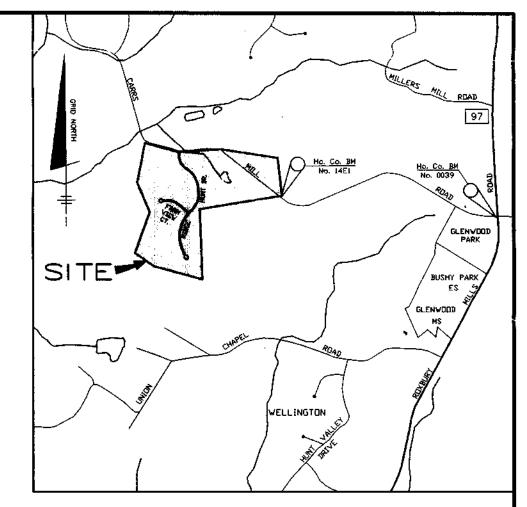


MONUMENT RECOVERY SKETCH

NTS

E 1,302,400	2018	REBARE
	2019	REBAR
1,3	2020	
02,	2021	rebaré Rebaré
100	2022	REBARÉ
•	2023	REBAR
*** :	2024	REBAR
AM L. ALLEN P. 125	2025	REBAR
373/204	2026	REBAR
ng g Tag g area to g a	2027	REBAR
E 1,302,400		
POLE		
9Q De	ORM AIN -ET	
( 1 1 1		

POINTNO	DESC	ELEV	FOINT NO.	DESC.	ELEV
2002	REBARÉCAP	496.12	2028	REBAR & CAP	572.75
2003	CONC. MON.	496.17	2029	REBAR & CAP	572.18
2004	REBARECAP	496.56	2030	REBAU CAP	572.09
2005	REBARECAP	495.70	2031	P.K. NAIL	572.22
2006	REBARECAP	496.14	2032	CON. MON.	571.65
2013	REBARÉCAP	520.07	2033	REBAR &CAP	58z.62
2014	REBARECAP	519.74	2034	REBAR & CAP	582.61
Z015	REBARECAP	552.71	2035	Con. Mon.	<i>5</i> 81.35
2016	REBAR & CAP	552.80	2036	REBAR &CAP	581.89
2017	REBARECAP	562.90	2037	REBAR & CAP	564.48
2018	REBARE CAP	563.07	8805	REBAR&CAP	563.80
2019	REBAR & CAP	579.64	2039	REBAR & CAP	548.40
2020	REBARECAP	<i>580.00</i>	2040	REBAR & CAP	548.76
2021	rebar & Cap	582-61	2041	REBAR & CAP	545.93
2022	REBAR & CAP	<i>5</i> 82.68	2042	CON. MON.	545.72
2023	REBARECAP	571.86	2043	REBAR &CAP	545.24
2024	REBARECAP	572.94	2044	REBAR & CAP	544.74
2025	REBAR &CAP	572.35	2049	REBARECAP	5 70.34
2026	rebar écap	572.72	2050	rebar fcap	570.95
2027	REBAR & CAP	572.82			



VICINITY MAP SCALE: 1" = 2000'

# BENCH MARKS (NAD83) HORIZONTAL

HO. CO. No. 14E1 STAMPED BRASS DISK SET ON TOP OF CONCRETE BASE N 596,213.6182 E 1,301,991.8973

HO. CO. No. 0039

STAMPED BRASS DISK SET ON TOP OF CONCRETE BASE N 595,722.8341 E 1,306,481.6720

## BENCH MARKS (NAD29) VERTICAL

STAMPED BRASS DISK SET ON TOP OF CONCRETE DOCT

	SHEET INDEX
NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	TITLE SHEET
2-3	ROAD FLAN
4–5	ROAD PROFILE
6-7	GRADING PLAN
8-9	STORM DRAIN PROFILES
10	STORM DRAIN : DRAINAGE AREA MAP
11-14	SWM FACILITY DETAILS & SECTIONS
15	SEDIMENT & EROSION CONTROL NOTES AND DETAILS
16	LANDSCAPE PLAN
17-19	FOREST CONSERVATION PLAN

F.97.120 NO DATE 4/97 | REVISED PER HOWARD COUNTY COMMENTS REV. PER HO. CO. ENG

AS-BUILT 9/7/00

DWNER/DEVELOPER:

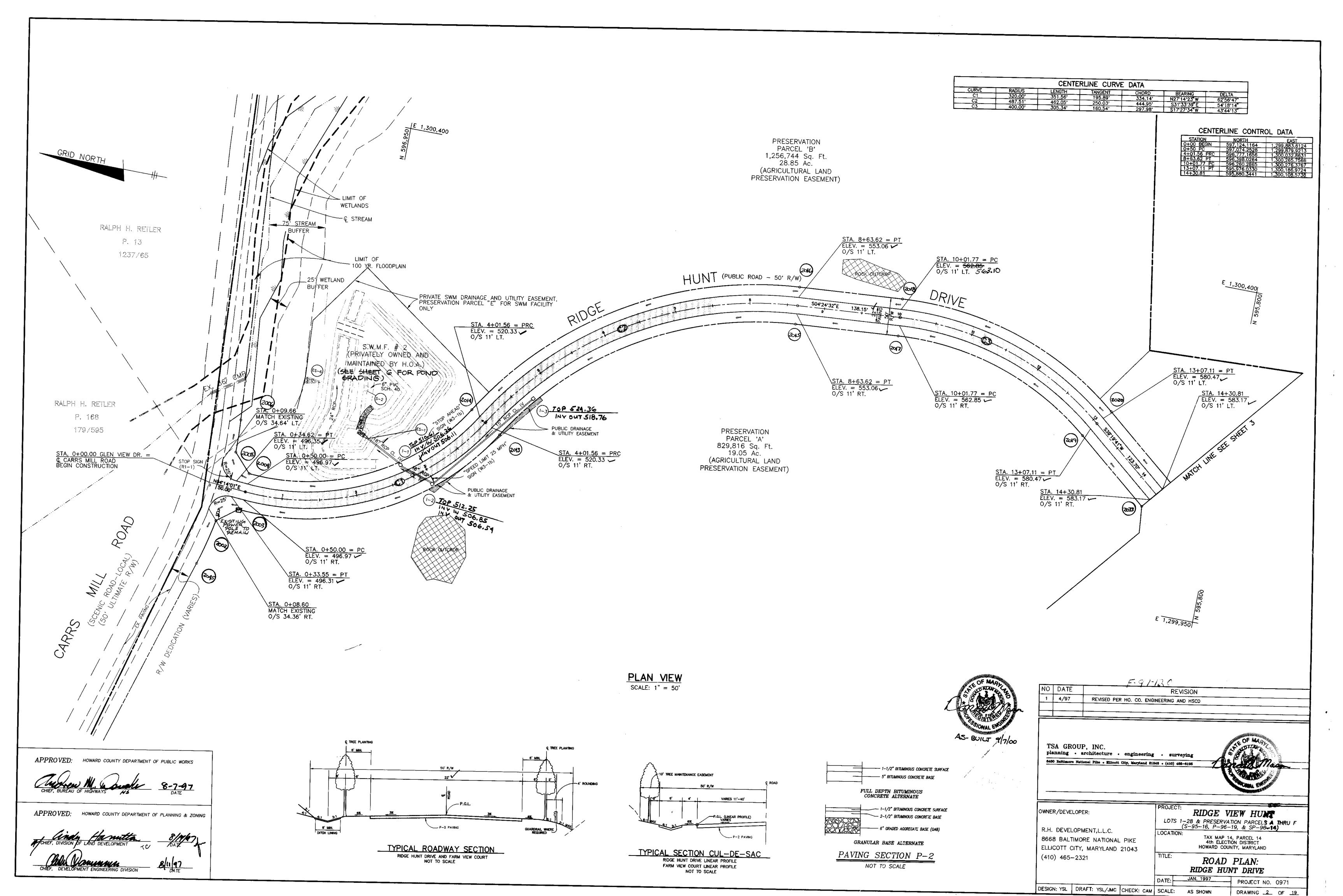
R. H. DEVELOPMENT L.L.C. 8668 BALTIMORE NATIONAL PIKE ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21041 (410) 465-2321

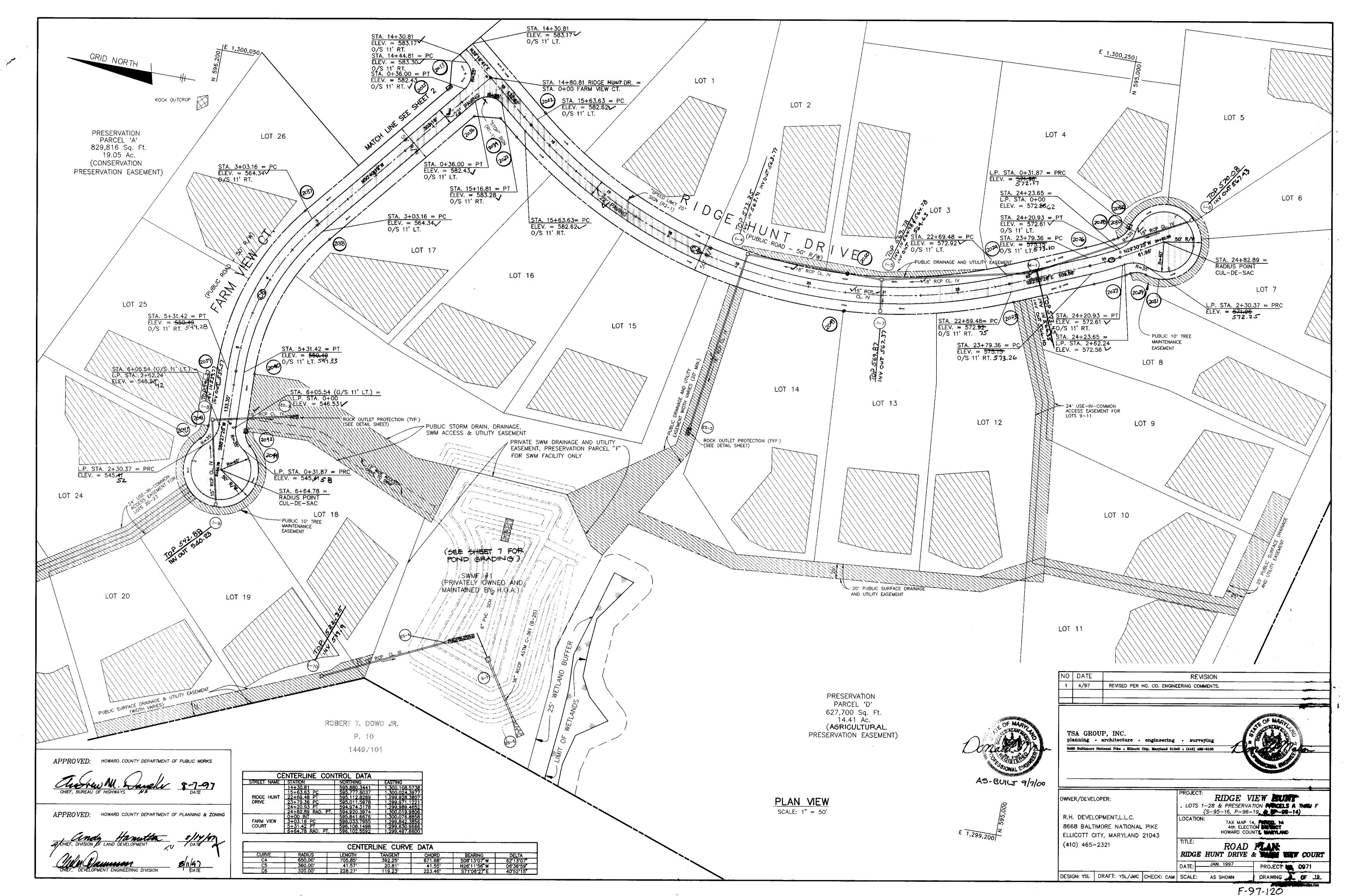
RIDGE VIEW HUNT LOTS 1-28 & PRESERVATION PARCELS A THRU F (S-95-16 & P-96-19 & SP-96-14)

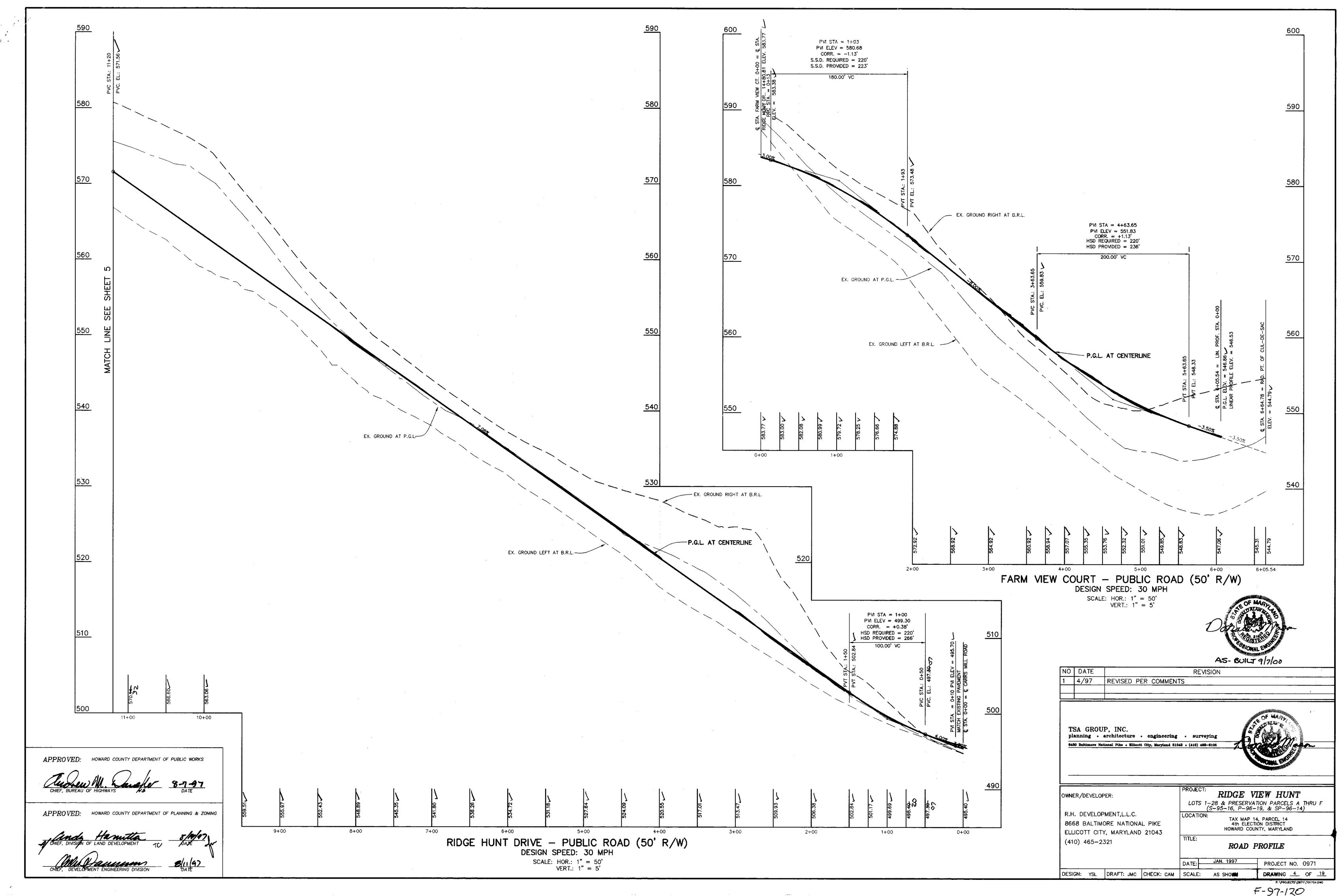
TAX MAP 14, PARCEL 14 4th ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND TITLE SHEET

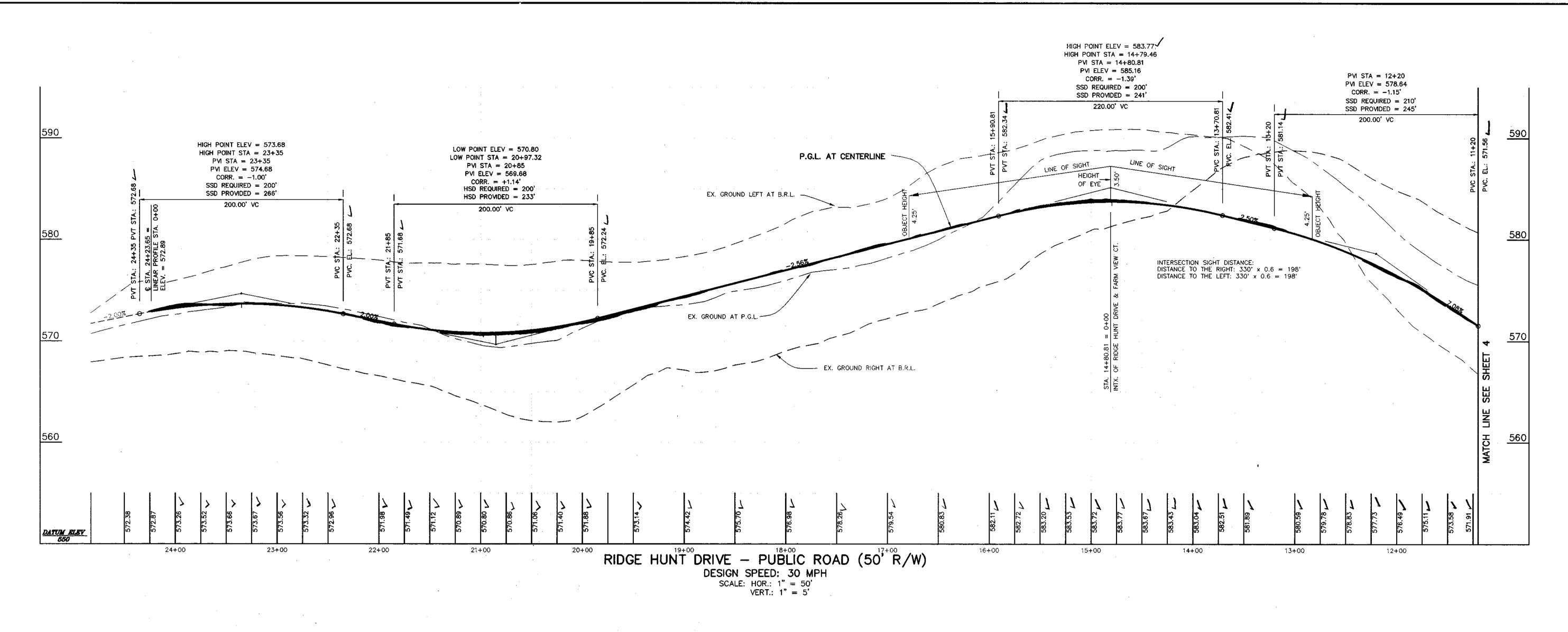
PROJECT NO. 0971 DESIGN: YSL DRAFT: YSL/JMC CHECK: CAM SCALE: AS SHOWN DRAWING \_1\_ OF \_19\_

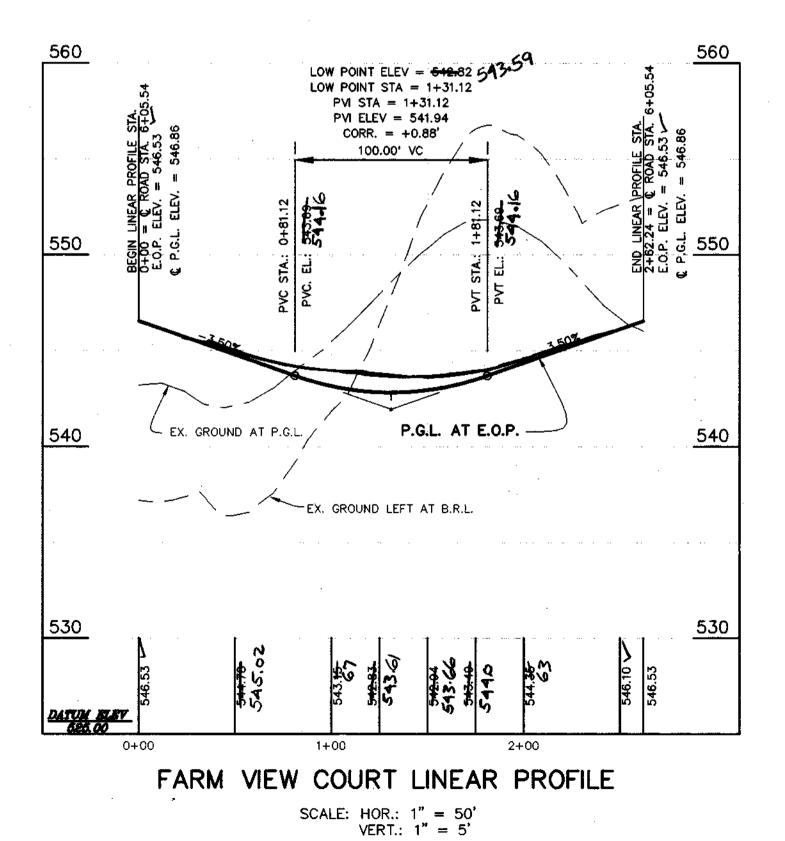
P:\PROJECTS\0971\700951.DW F - 97-120

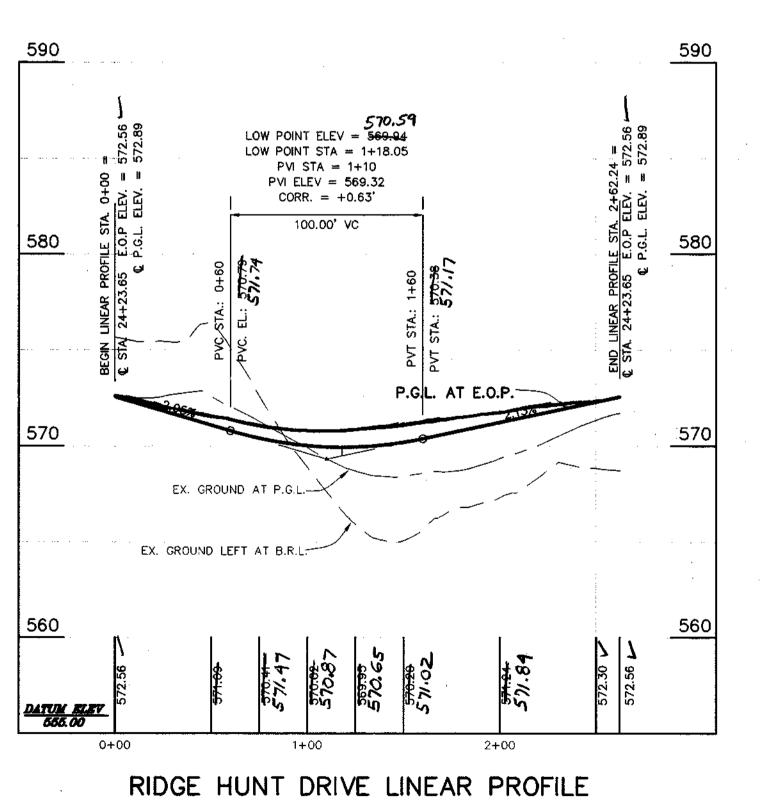




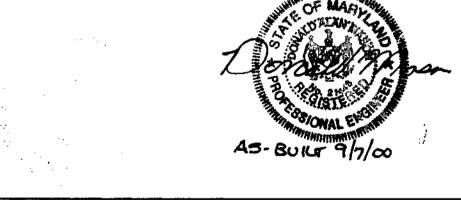








SCALE: HOR.: 1" = 50' VERT.: 1" = 5'



NO DATE REVISION 4/97 REVISED PER COMMENTS

TSA GROUP, INC. planning · architecture · engineering · surveying 8480 Baltimore National Pike + Ellicott City, Maryland 21043 - (410) 465-6105

DESIGN: YSL DRAFT: YSL CHECK: CAM SCALE: AS SHOWN

PROJECT: RIDGE VIEW HUNT

LOTS 1-28 & PRESERVATION PARCES A THRU F

(S-95-16, P-96-19, & S-26-14) OWNER/DEVELOPER: R.H. DEVELOPMENT, L.L.C. LOCATION: 8668 BALTIMORE NATIONAL PIKE ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21043 (410) 465-2321 ROAD PROFILE PROMECT NO. 0971

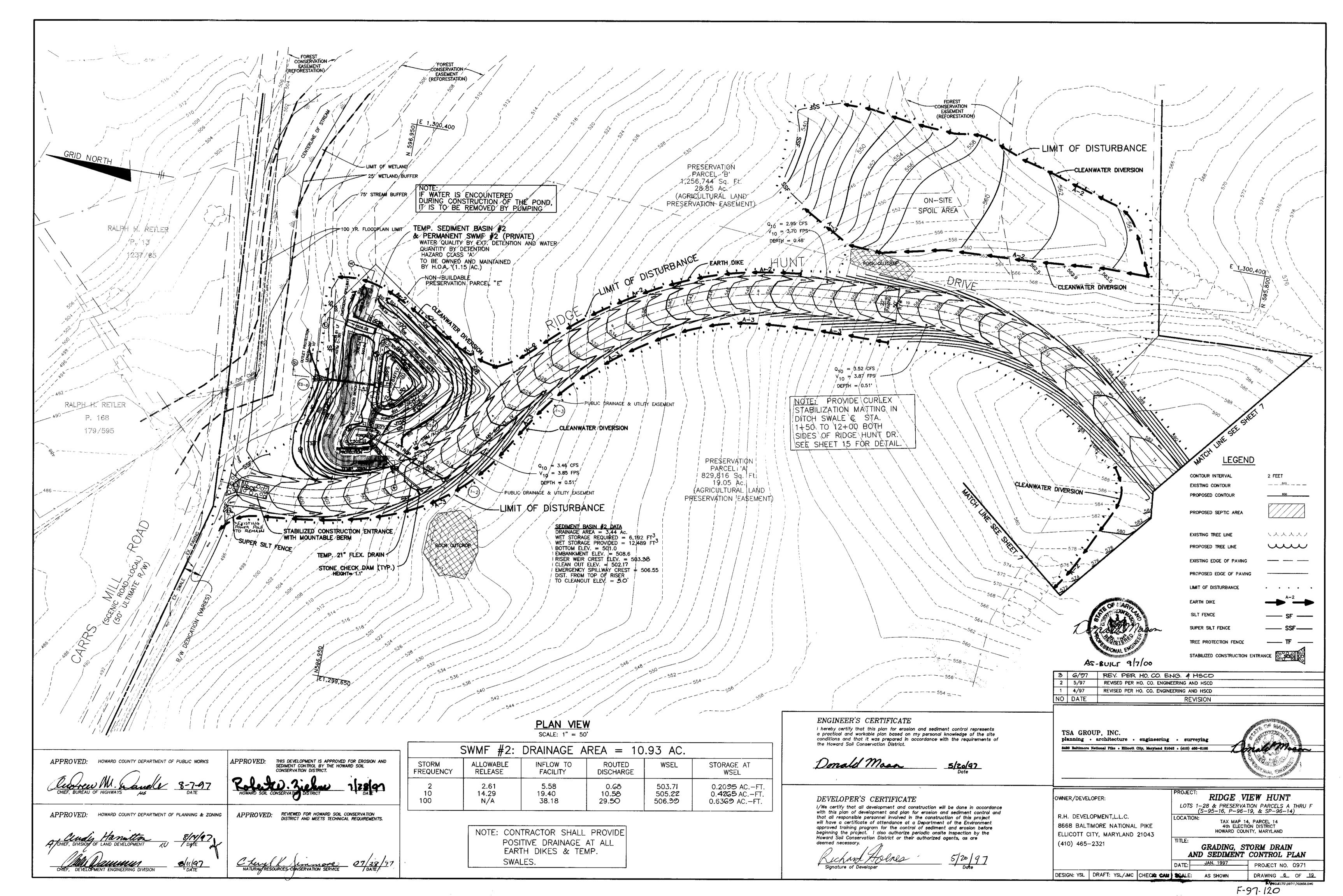
APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING & ZONING

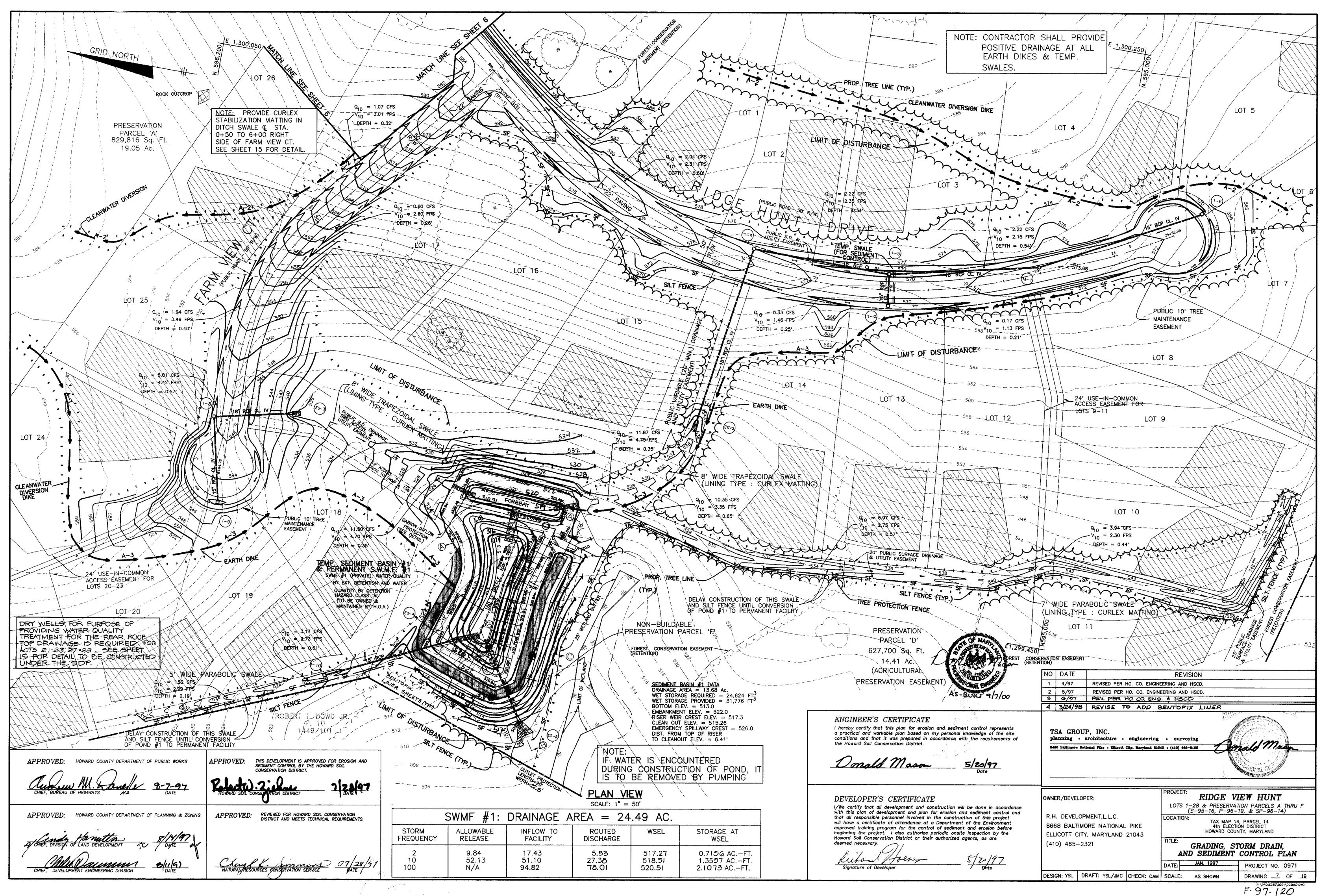
APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS

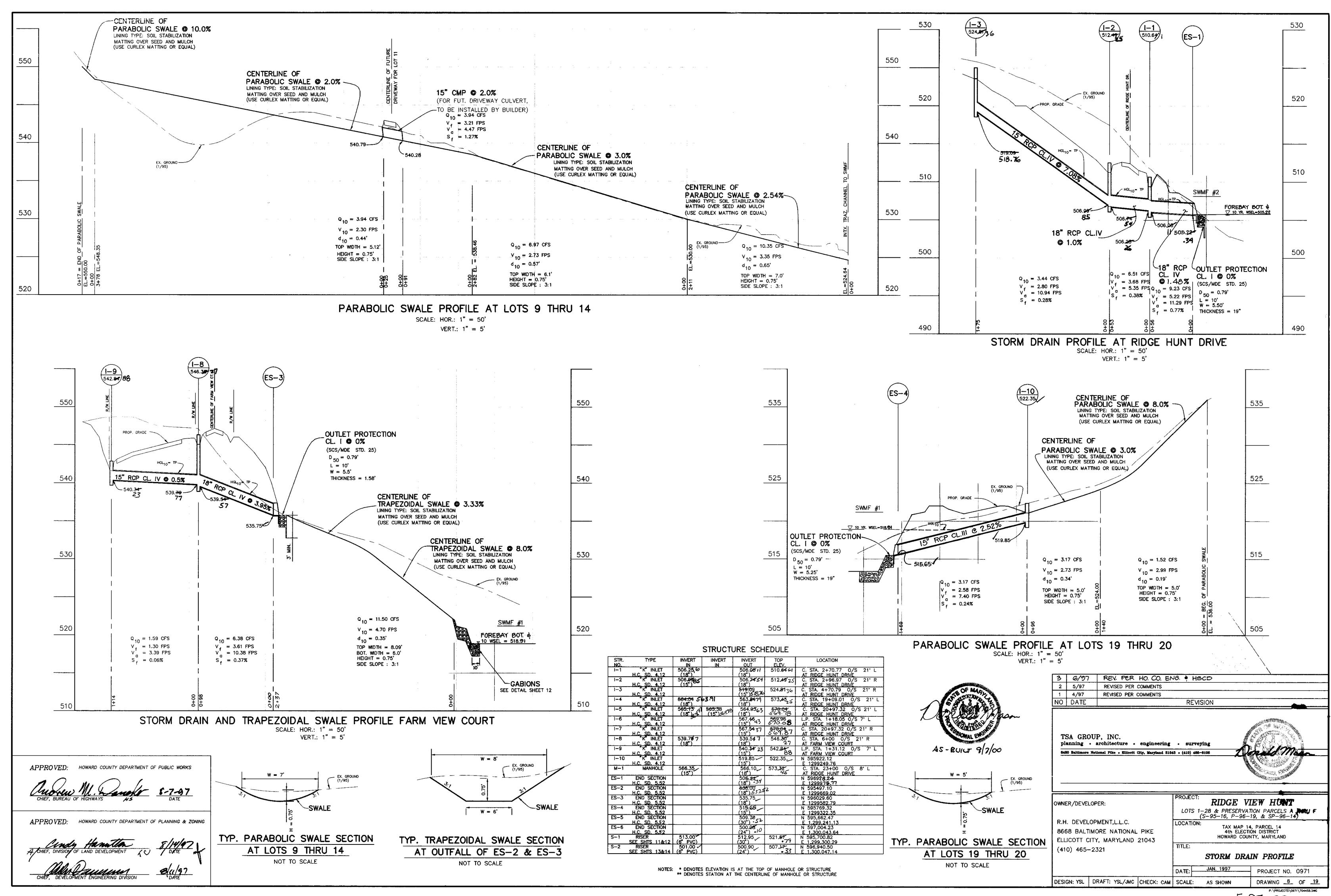
1. 1. 1. 1.

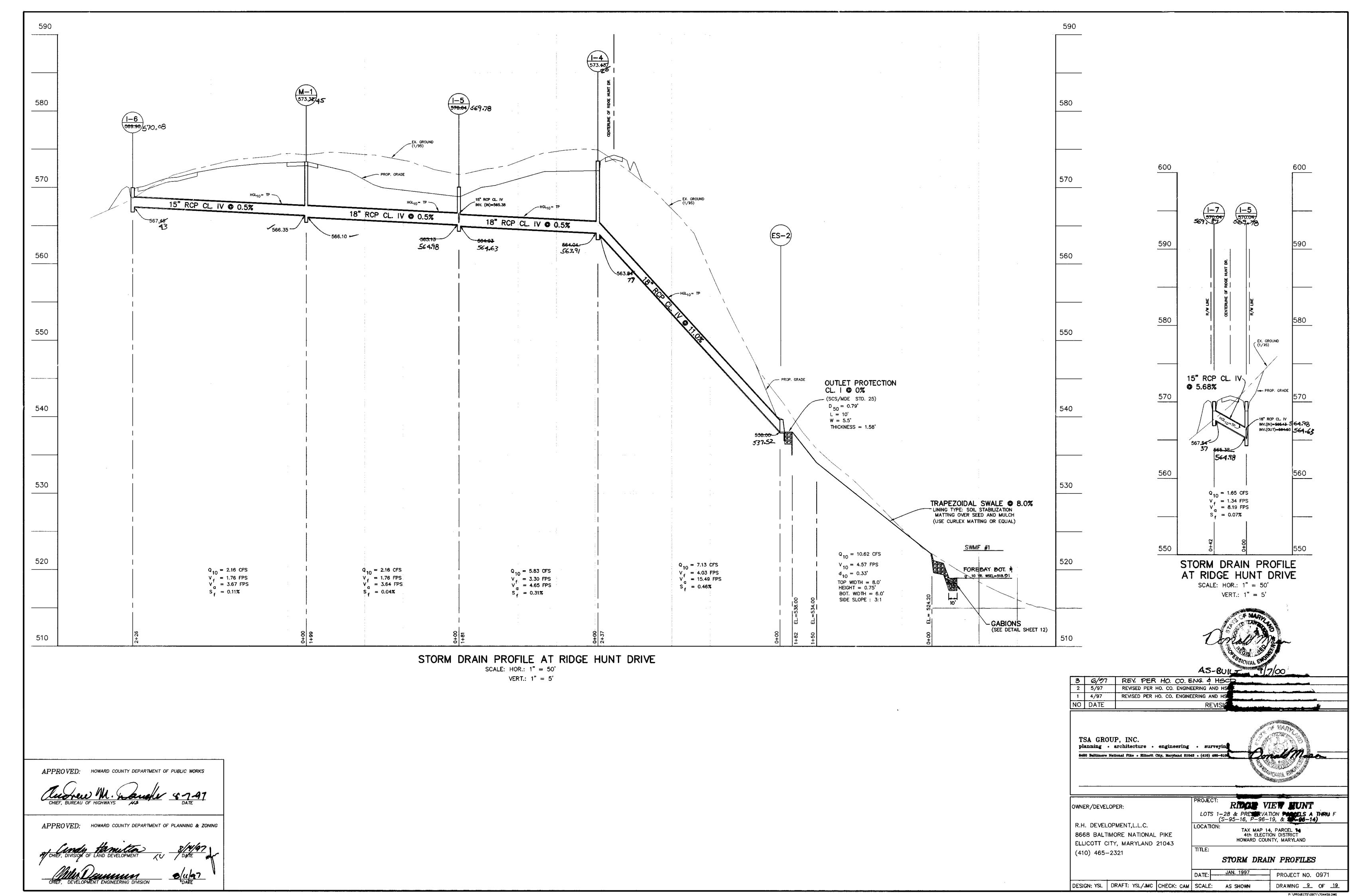
F-97-120

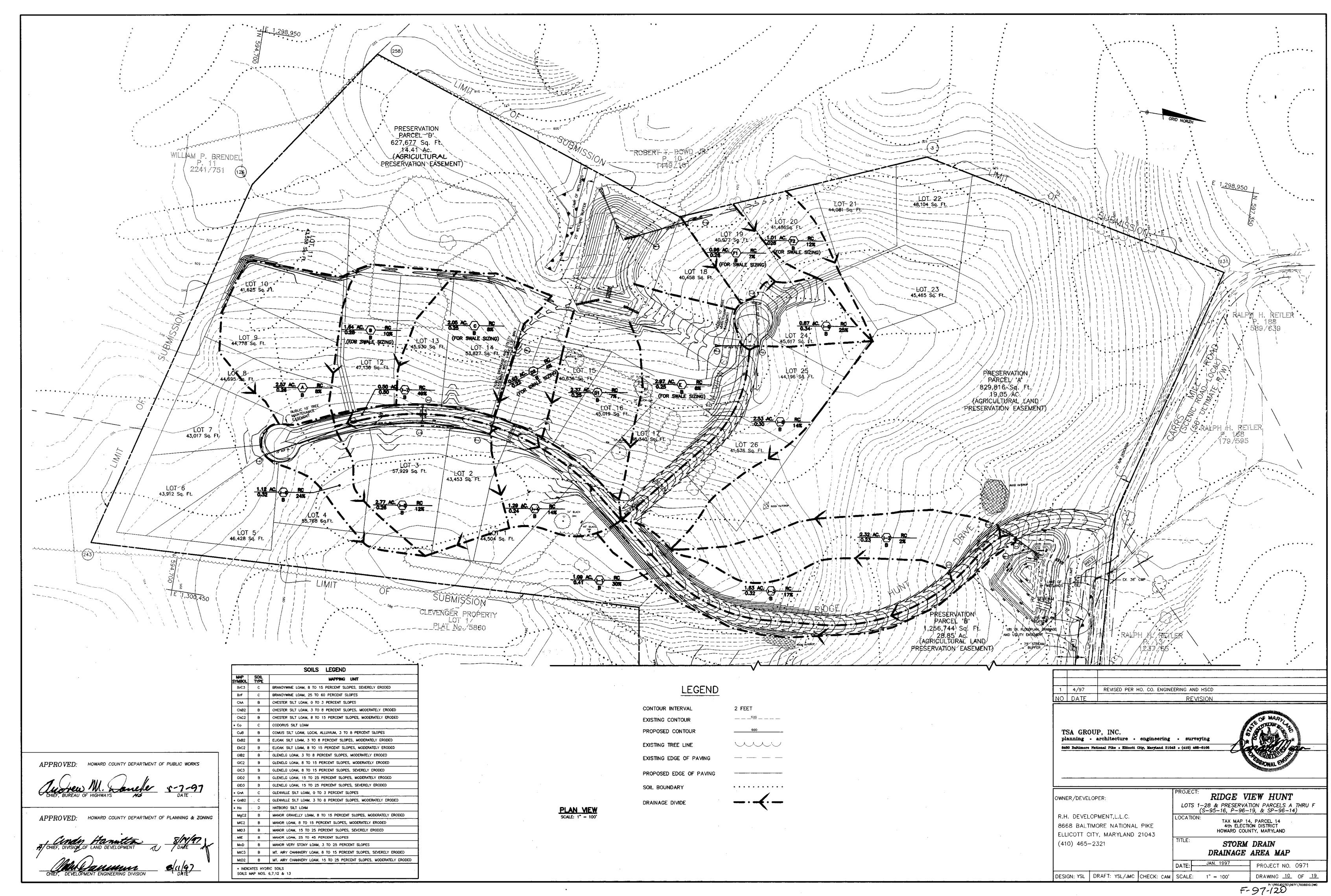
DRAWING 5 OF 19

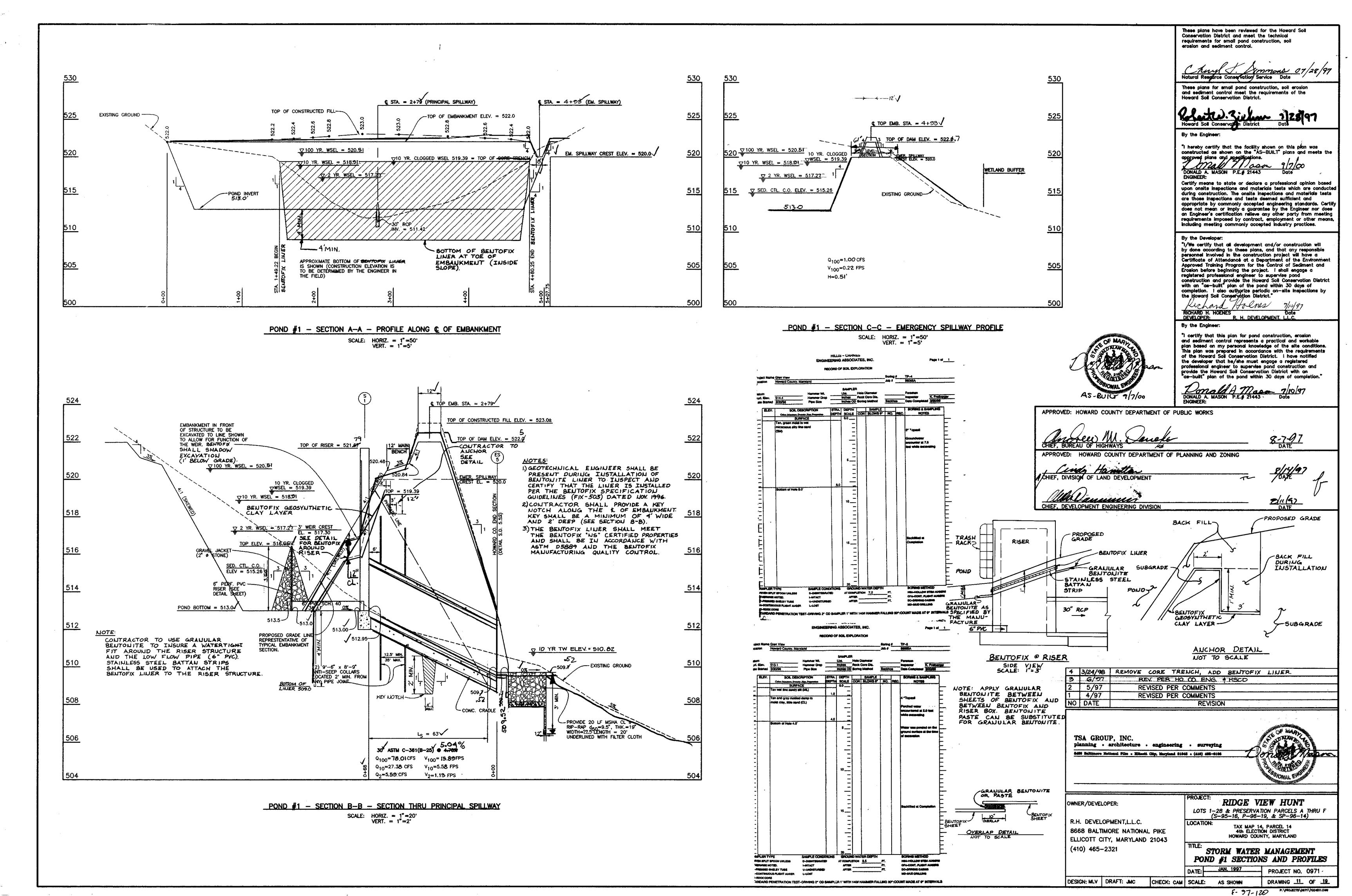












## POND CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS

#### Site Preparation

Areas designated for borrow areas, embankment, and structural works shall be cleared, grubbed and stripped of topsoil. All trees, vegetation, roots and other objectionable material shall be removed. Channel banks and sharp breaks shall be sloped to no

Areas to be covered by the reservoir will be cleared of all trees, brush, logs, fences, rubbish and other objectionable material unless otherwise designated on the plans. Trees, brush and stump shall be cut approximately level with the ground surface. For dry stormwater management ponds, a minimum of a 50 foot radius around the inlet structure shall be cleared.

All cleared and grubbed material shall be disposed of outside and below the limits of the dam and reservoir as directed by the owner or his representative. When specified, a sufficient quantity of topsoil will be stockpiled in a suitable location for use on the embankment and other designated areas.

Material - The fill material shall be taken from approved designated borrow areas. It shall be free of roots, stumps, wood rubbish, stones greater than 6", frozen or other objectionable materials. Fill material for the center of the embankment and cut off trench shall conform to Unified Soil Classification GC, SC, CH, or CL. Consideration may be given to the use of other materials in the embankment if design and construction are supervised by a geotechnical engineer.

Placement - Areas on which fill is to be placed shall be scarified prior to pigcement of fill. Fill materials shall be placed in maximum 8 inch thick (before compaction) layers which are to b continuous over the entire length of the fill. The most permeable barrow material shall be placed in the downstream portions of the embankment. The principal spillway must be installed concurrently with fill placement and not excavated into the embankment.

Compaction - The movement of the hauling and spreading equipment over the fill shall be controlled so that the entire surface of each lift shall be traversed by not less than one tread track of the equipment or compaction shall be achieved by a minimum of four complete passes of a sheepsfoot, rubber tired or vibratory roller.
Fill material shall contain sufficient moisture such that the required degree of compaction will be obtained with the equipmen used. The fill material shall contain sufficient moisture so that if formed into a ball it will not crumble yet not be so wet that water can be squeezed out.

Where a minimum required density is specified, it shall not be less than 95% of maximum dry density with a moisture content within +/-2% of the optimum. Each layer of fill shall be compacted as necessary to obtain that density, and is to be certified by the Engineer at the time of construction. All compaction is to be determined by AASHTO Method T-99.

Cut Off Trench - The cutoff trench shall be excavated into impervious material along or parallel to the centerline of the embankment as shown on the plans. The bottom width of the trench shall be governed by the equipment used for excavation, with the minimum width being four feet. The depth shall be at least four feet below existing grade or as shown on the plans. The side slopes of the trench shall be 1 to 1 or flatter. The backfill shall be compacted with construction equipment, rollers, or hand tampers to assure maximum density and minimum permeability.

Backfill adjacent to pipes or structures shall be of the type and quality conforming to that specified for the adjoining fill material. The fill shall be placed in horizontal layers not to exceed four inches in thickness and compacted by hand tampers or other manually directed compaction equipment. The material needs to fill completely all spaces under and adjacent to the pipe. At no time during the backfilling operation shall driven equipment be allowed to operate closer than four feet, measured horizontally, to any part of a structure. Under no circumstances shall equipment be driven over any part of a concrete structure or pipe, unless there is a compacted fill of 24" or greater over the structure or

# Pipe Conduits

All pipes shall be circular in cross section.

Corrugated Metal Pipe - All of the following criteria shall apply for corrugated metal pipe:

Materials - (Steel Pipe) - This pipe and its appurtenances shall be galvanized and fully bituminous coated and shall conform to the requirements of AASHTO Specification M-190 Type A with watertight coupling bands. Any bituminous coating damaged or otherwise removed shall be replaced with cold applied bituminous coating compound. Steel pipes with polymeric coatings shall have a minimum coating thickness of 0.01 inch (10 mil) on both sides of the pipe. The following coatings or an approved equal may be used: Nexon, Plasti-Cote, Blac-Klad, and Beth-Cu-Loy. Coated corrugated steel pipe shall meet the regulrements of AASHTO M-245 and M-246.

Materials - (Aluminum Coated Pipe) - This pipe and its appurtenances shall conform to the requirements of AASHTO Specification M-274 with watertight coupling bands or flanges. Any aluminum coating damaged or otherwise removed shall be replaced with cold applied bituminous coating compound.

Materials — (Aluminum Pipe) — This pipe and its appurtenances shall conform to the requirements of AASHTO Specification M— 196 or M-211 with watertight coupling bands or flanges. Aluminum surfaces that are to be in contact with concrete shall be painted with one coat of zinc chromate primer. Hot dip galvanized bolts may be used for connections. The pH of the surrounding soils shall be between 4 and 9.

- Coupling bands, anti-seep collars, end sections, etc., must be composed of the same material as the pipe. Metals must be insulated from dissimilar materials with use of rubber or plastic insulating materials at least 24 mils in thickness.
- Connections All connections with pipes must be completely watertight. The drain pipe or barrel connection to the riser shall be welded all around when the pipe and riser are metal. Anti-seep collars shall be connected to the pipe in such a manner as to be completely watertight. Dimple bands are not considered to be watertight.

All connections shall use a rubber or neoprene gasket when joining pipe sections. The end of each pipe shall be rean adequate number of corrugations to accommodate the band width. The following type connections are acceptable for pipes less than 48" in diameter: flanges on both ends of the pipe, a 12" wide standard top type band with 12" wide by 3/8" thick closed cell circular neoprene gasket; and a 12" wide hugger type band with 0-ring gaskets having a minimum diameter of 1/2" greater than the corrugation depth. Pipes 48" in diameter and larger shall be connected by a 24" long annular corrugated band using rods and lugs. A 12" wide by 3/8" thick closed cell circular neoprene gasket will be installed on the end of each pipe for a total of 24". Helically corrugated pipe shall have either continuously welded seams or have lock

- Bedding The pipe shall be firmly and uniformly bedded throughout its entire length. Where rock or soft, spongy or other unstable soil is encountered, all such material shall be removed and replaced with suitable earth compacted to provide adequate support.
- Backfilling shall conform to "Structure Backfill."
- 6. Other details (anti-seep collars, valves, etc.) shall be as shown on the drawings.

Reinforced Concrete Pipe - All of the following criteria shall apply for reinforced concrete pipe:

- 1. Materials Reinforced concrete pipe shall have bell and spigot joints with rubber gaskets and shall equal or exceed ASTM Designation C—361. An approved equivalent is AWWA
- 2. Bedding All reinforced concrete pipe conduits shall be laid in a concrete bedding for their entire length. This bedding shall consist of high slump concrete placed under the pipe and up the sides of the pipe at least 10% of its outside diameter with a minimum thickness of 3 inches, or as shown on the
- Laying pipe Bell and spigot pipe shall be placed with the bell end upstream. Joints shall be made in accordance with recommendations of the manufacturer of the material. After the joints are sealed for the entire line, the bedding shall be placed so that all spaces under the pipe are filled. Care shall be exercised to prevent any deviation from the original line and grade of the pipe. The first joint must be located within 2 feet from the riser.
- 4. Backfilling shall conform to "Structure Backfill".
- 5. Other details (anti-seep collars, valves, etc.) shall be as shown on the drawings.

Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Pipe — All of the following criteria shall apply for polyvinyl chloride (PVC) pipe:

- Materials PVC pipe shall be PVC-1120 or PVC-1220 conforming to ASTM D-1785 or ASTM D-2241.
- 2. Joints and connections to anti-seep collars shall be completely watertight.
- Bedding The pipe shall be firmly and uniformly bedded throughout its entire length. Where rock or soft, spongy or other unstable soil is encountered, all such material shall be removed and replaced with suitable earth compacted to provide adequate support.
- 4. Backfilling shall conform to "Structure Backfill."
- 5. Other details (anti-seep collars, valves, etc.) shall be as shown on the drawings

Concrete shall meet the requirements of Maryland Department of Transportation, State Highway Administration Standard Specifications for Construction and Materials, Section 608, Mix No

All rock shall be dense, sound, and free from cracks, seams, and other defects conducive to accelerated weathering. The rock fragments shall be angular to subrounded in shape. The least dimension of an individual rock fragment shall be not less than one third the greatest dimension of the fragment.

The rock shall have the following properties:

when sodium sulfate is used.

- 1. Bulk specific gravity (saturated surface-dry basis) not less
- 2. Absorption not more than three percent.
- Soundness: Weight loss in five cycles not more than 20 percent

Bulk specific gravity and absorption shall be determined according to ASTM C 127. The test for soundness shall be performed according

The riprop shall be placed to the required thickness in one operation. The rock shall be delivered and placed in a manner that will insure the riprop in place shall be reasonably homogeneous with the larger rocks uniformly distributed and firmly in contact one to another with the smaller rocks filling the voids between the larger rocks. Filter cloth shall be placed under all riprap and shall meet the requirements of Maryland Department of Transportation, State Highway Administration Standard Specifications for Construction and Materials, Section 919.12.

# Care of Water during Construction

All work on permanent structures shall be carried out in areas free from water. The Contractor shall construct and maintain all temporary dikes, levees, cofferdams, drainage channels, and stream diversions necessary to protect the areas to be occupied by the permanent works. The contractor shall also furnish, install, operate, and maintain all necessary pumping and other equipment required for removal of water from the various parts of the work and for maintaining the excavations, foundation, and other parts of the work free from water as required or directed by the engineer for constructing each part of the work. After having served their purpose, all temporary protective works shall be removed or leveled and graded to the extent required to prevent obstruction in any degree whatsoever of the flow of water to the spillway or outlet works and so as not to interfere in any way with the operation or maintenance of the structure. Stream diversions shall be maintained until the full flow can be passed through the permanent works. The removal of water from the required excavation and the foundation shall be accomplished in a manner and to the extent that will maintain stability of the excavated slopes and bottom of required excavations and will allow satisfactory performance of all construction operations. During the placing and compacting of material in required excavations, the water level at the locations being refilled shall be maintained below the bottom of the excavation at such locations which may require draining the water to sumps from which the water shall be pumped.

All borrow areas shall be graded to provide proper drainage and left in a sightly condition. All exposed surfaces of the embankment, spillway, spoil and borrow areas, and berms shall be stabilized by seeding, liming, fertilizing and mulching in accordance with the Maryland Soil Conservation Service Standards and Specifications for Critical Area Planting (MD-342) or as shown on the accompanying drawings.

# Erosion and Sediment Control

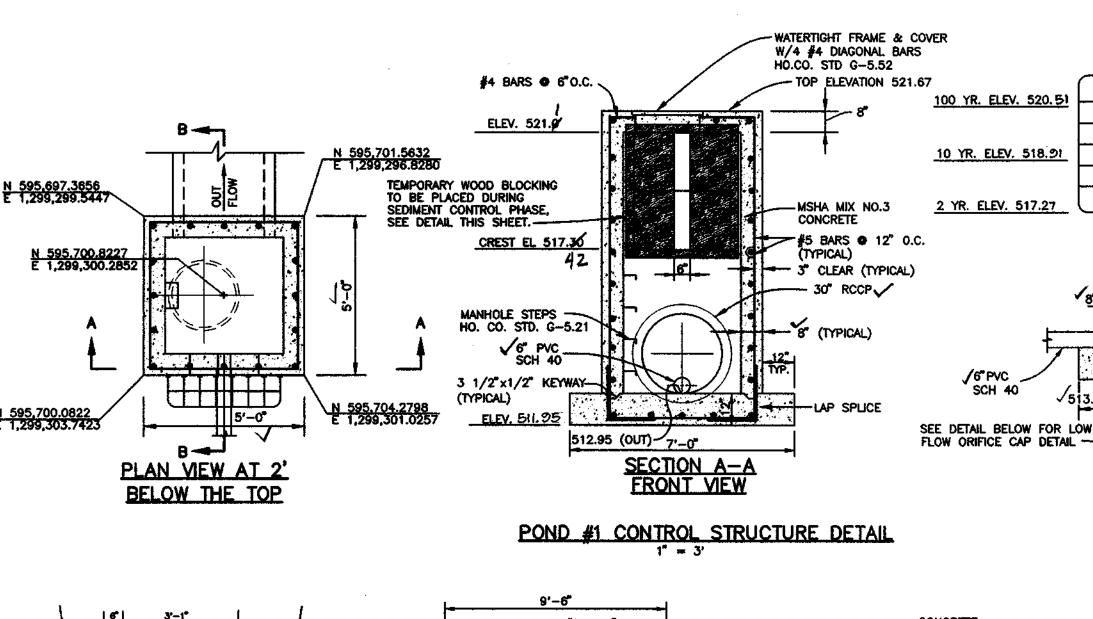
Construction operations will be carried out in such a manner that erosion will be controlled and water and air pollution minimized. State and local laws concerning pollution abatement will be followed. Construction plans shall detail erosion and sediment control measures to be employed during the construction process.

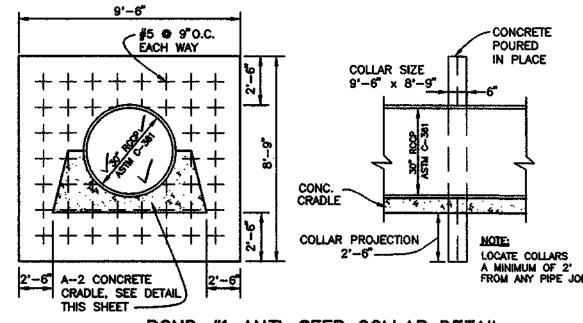
# EMBANKMENT AND CUT-OFF TRENCH CONSTRUCTION

The site should be stripped of topsoil and any other unsuitable materials from the embankment or structure area in accordance with Soil Conservation Guidelines. After stripping operations have been completed, the exposed subgrade material should be proofiplied with a loaded dump truck or similar equipment in the presence of a geotechnical engineer or his representative. For areas that are no accessible to a dump truck, the exposed materials should be observed and tested by a geotechnical engineer or his representative utilizing a Dynamic Cone Penetrometer. Any excessively soft or loose materials identified by proofrolling or penetrometer testing should be excavated to suitably firm soil, and then grades reestablished by backfilling with suitable soil.

A representative of the Geotechnical Engineer should be present to monitor placement and compaction of fill for the embankment and cut off trench. In accordance with Maryland Soil Conservation Specification 378 soils considered suitable for the center of the embankment and cut off trench shall conform to Unified Soil Classification GC, SC, Cl., or CH. Per SCS 378 consideration may be given to the use of other materials in the embankment if design and construction are supervised by a geotechnical engineer.

It is our professional opinion that in addition to the soil materials described above a fine grained soil, including Silt (ML) with a plasticity index of 10 or more can be utilized for the center of the embankment and core trench. Exploration with additional test pits and laboratory testing can be conducted prior to construction to identify and quantify potential borrow areas. All fill materials must be placed and compacted in accordance with MD 378 specifications.





POND #1 ANTI-SEEP COLLAR DETAIL NOT TO SCALE

RISER WALL-

6" & CAP WITH

2/4 CONTROL ORIFICE

INSTALL AFTER CONVERSION TO SWM POND

−6" ø PVC CAP

ELEV. = 513.00

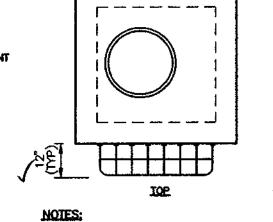
INSIDE RISER BOX

WRAP RISER WITH FILTER

CLOTH AND FASTEN WITH

REPLACE STONE AND REMOVE FILTER CLOTH WHEN CONVERTING TO PERMANENT SWM FACILITY ----

STAINLESS STEEL CLAMPS



10 YR. 515.84

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SECTION B-B

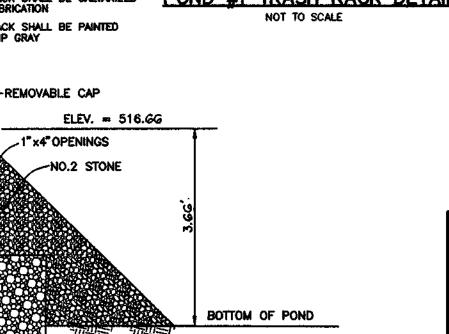
SIDE VIEW

/5i3.00 ---

1.) TRASH RACK SHALL BE GALVANIZED AFTER FABRICATION 2.) TRASH RACK SHALL BE PAINTED BATTLESHIP GRAY

WELD BAR TO PLATE -USE 1/2 0x3 GALVANIZED SIDE ELEVATION FRONT ELEVATION REMOVABLE

POND #1 TRASH RACK DETAIL



#4 BARS @ 6"O.C.

√30° RCCP -

ASTM C-361

8-25 \_\_\_

PROVIDE MAXIMUM 2' STUB ELEV. 521.67

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE

HOME OWNERS ASSOCIATION'S MAINTENANCE RESPONSIBILITIES:

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT FACILITIES

ELEV. 521.0

CREST EL 517.30

OF HOME OWNERS ASSOCIATION OWNED AND MAINTAINED

1.) TOP AND SIDE SLOPES OF THE EMBANKMENT SHALL BE MOWED A MINIMUM OF TWO (2) TIMES A YEAR, ONCE IN JUNE AND ONCE IN SEPTEMBER.

OTHER SIDE SLOPES AND MAINTENANCE ACCESS SHOULD BE MOWED

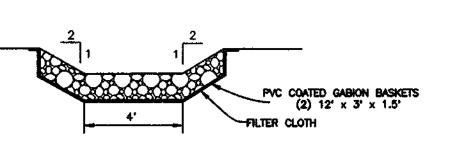
AND WATERTIGHT CONNECTION AT THE BARREL AND RISER

CONNECTION.

-CONCRETE CRADLE

**DETENTION PONDS:** 

GRAVEL JACKET --- CONCRETE ANTI-FLOTATION COLLAR 1.5' SQUARE POND #1 6" DEWATERING PIPE DETAIL AND PERMANENT EXTENDED DETENTION CONTROL ORIFICE NOT TO SCALE



PROFILE THROUGH FOREBAY WEIR

TYPICAL SECTION OF

NOT TO SCALE

**GABION WEIR AT FOREBA** 

4'-6"

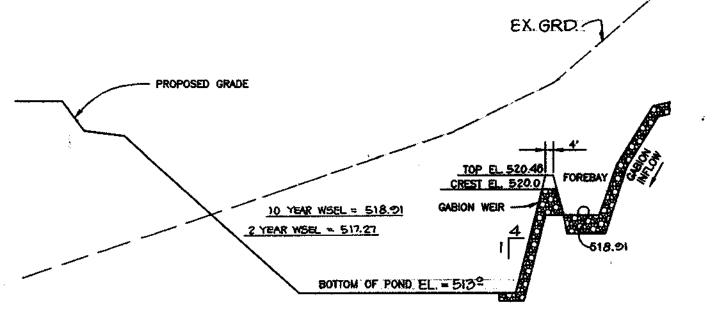
NOT TO SCALE

POND #1 TYPE A-2 CONCRETE CRADLE

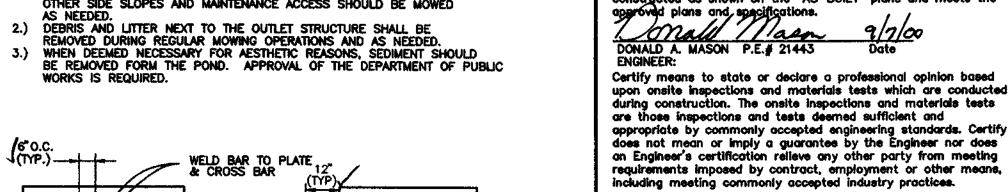
. IF WATER IS ENCOUNTERED DURBNG THE CONSTRUCTION OF THE CORE TRENCH, IT IS TO BE REMOVED BY PUMPING. C. CORE TRENCH SHALL CONSIST OF IMPERVOUS MATERIAL (CL, CH) AS DIRECTED BY A GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER ONSITE AND MAY REQUIRE TO BE HAULED FROM AN

CORE TRENCH SECTION

NOT TO SCALE



POND #1 SECTION THROUGH FOREBAY NOT TO SCALE



OPERATION. MAINTENANCE AND INSPECTION

IN PLYWOOD

**BLOCKING DETAIL FOR** 

<u>POND #1 TEMPORARY SWM</u>

**DURING CONSTRUCTION** 

A WALKA

A5-BUILT 9/7/00

CHIEF, DEVELOPMENT ENGINEERING DIVISION

FRONT VIEW OF RISER NOT TO SCALE

INSPECTION OF THE POND(S) SHOWN HEREON SHALL BE PERFORMED AT LEAST ANNUALLY, IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CHECKLIST AND REQUIREMENTS CONTAINED WITHIN USDA, SCS "STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR PONDS" (MD-378). THE POND OWNER(S) AND ANY HEIRS, SUCCESSORS, OR ASSIGNS SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE SAFETY OF THE POND AND THE CONTINUED OPERATION, SURVEILLANCE, INSPECTION, AND MAINTENANCE THEREOF. THE POND OWNER(S) SHALL PROMPTLY NOTIFY THE SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT OF ANY UNUSUAL OBSERVATIONS THAT MAY BE INDICATIONS OF DISTRESS SUCH AS EXCESSIVE SEEPAGE, TURBID SEEPAGE, SLIDING OR SLUMPING.

5/8" PLYWOOD BOLT TO FACE OF RISER USING

HOLES CREATED FOR TRASH RACK. (USE 1/2" x 3" BOLTS)

By the Developer: "I/We certify that all development and/or construction will by done according to these plans, and that any responsible personnel involved in the construction project will have a

Certificate of Attendance at a Department of the Environmen Approved Training Program for the Control of Sediment and Erosion before beginning the project. I shall engage a registered professional engineer to supervise pond construction and provide the Howard Soll Conservation District with an "as-built" plan of the pond within 30 days of completion. I also authorize periodic on-site inspections by the Howard Soli Conservation District."

These plans have been reviewed for the Howard Soil

These plans for small pond construction, soil erosion

I hereby certify that the facility shown on this pian was

constructed as shown on the "AS-BUILT" plans and meets the

and sediment control meet the requirements of the

Natural Resource Conservation Service Date 07/28/97

Conservation District and meet the technical

requirements for small pend construction, soil

erosion and sediment control.

Howard Soil Conservation District.

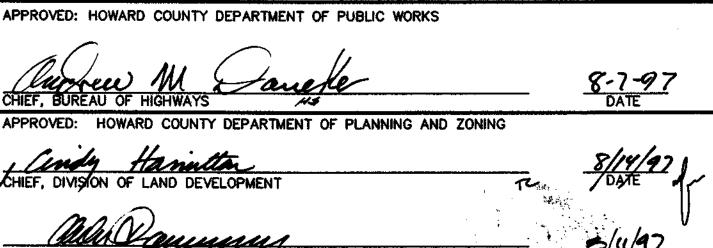
Howard Soil Conservation District

By the Engineer:

Richard Holnes 1/1./97 RICHARD H. HOENES R. H. DEVELOPMENT. L.L.C. DEVELOPER: By the Engineer:

"I certify that this plan for pond construction, erosion and sediment control represents a practical and workable plan based on my personal knowledge of the site conditions. This plan was prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Howard Soil Conservation District. I have notified the developer that he/she must engage a registered professional engineer to supervise pond construction and provide the Howard Soil Conservation District with an "as—built" plan of the pond within 30 days of completion."

DONALD A. MASON P.E.# 21443
ENGINEER:



6/97 REV. PER HO. CO. ENG. & HSCD 5/97 REVISED PER HO. CO. ENGINEERING AND HSCD 4/97 REVISED PER HO. CO. ENGINEERING AND HSCD DATE

TSA GROUP, INC planning · architecture · engineering · surveying 8480 Baltimore National Pike • Ellicott City, Maryland 21043 • (410) 485-6105

DATE: -

OWNER/DEVELOPER R. H. DEVELOPMENT, L.L.C. LOCATION: 8668 BALTIMORE NATIONAL PIKE ELLICOTT CITY, MD. 21043 (410) 465-2321

Draft:

Design: CAM/MLV

RIDGE VIEW HUNT LOTS 1 - 28 & PRESERVATION PARCELS A THRU (S-95-16, P-96-19, & SP-96-14)

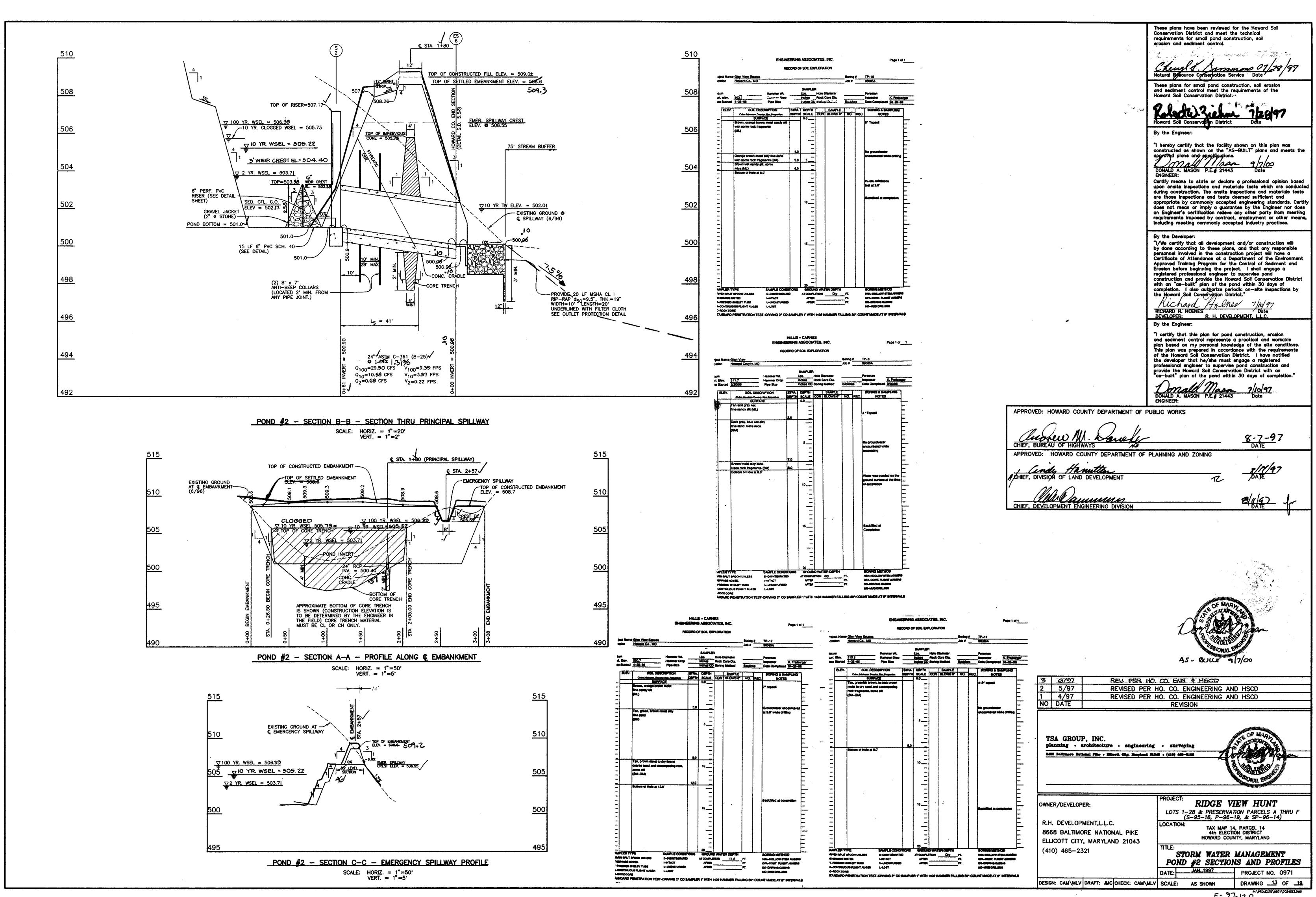
> TAX MAP 14. PARCEL 14 4th ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

STORM WATER MANAGEMENT POND #1 NOTES AND DETAILS

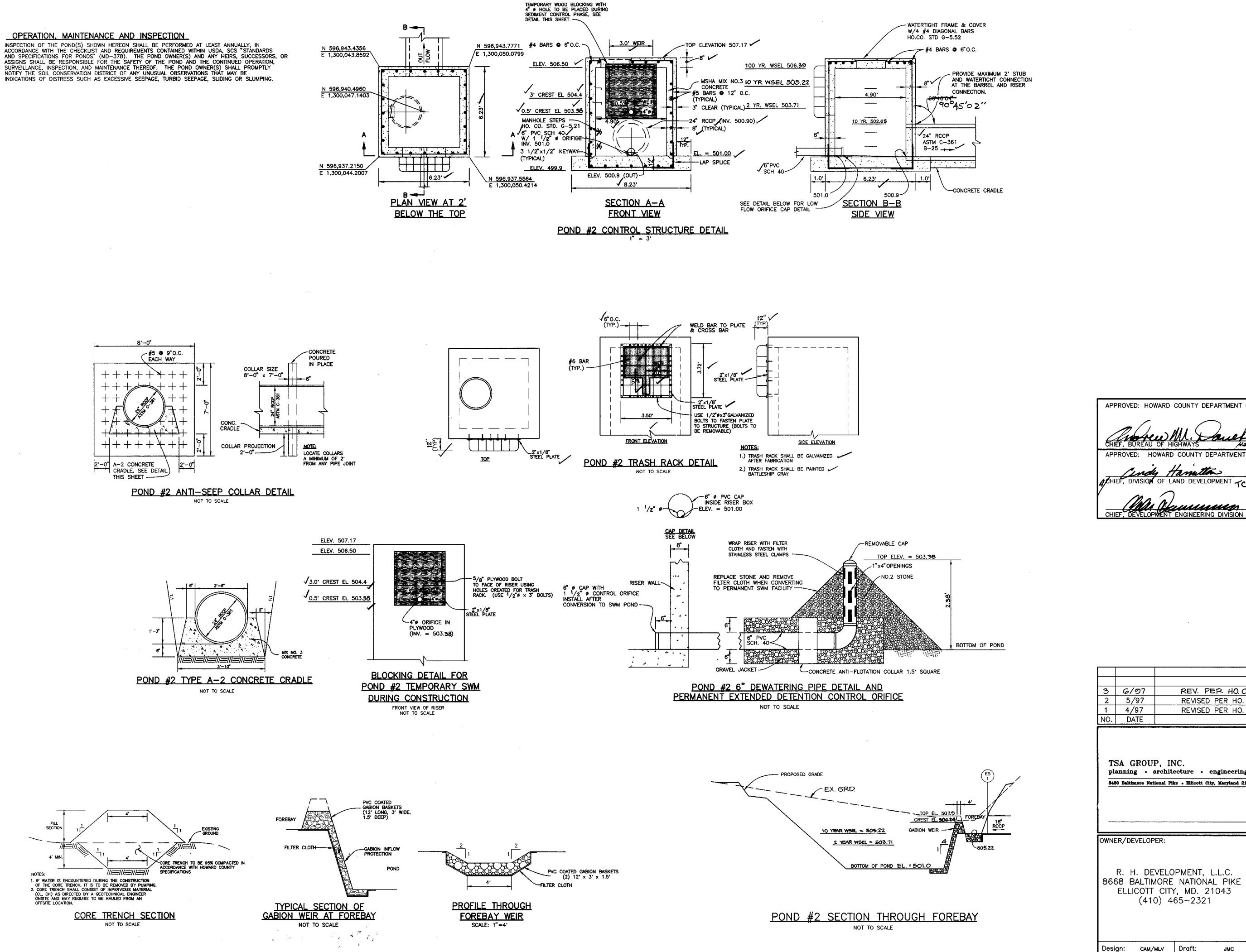
DRAWING 12 OF 19 SCALE: AS SHOWN

Acad Dwg: 7024S12

PROJECT NO. 0971



F- 97-120



These plans have been reviewed for the Howard Soil Conservation District and meet the technical requirements for small pond construction, soil erosion and sediment control. These plans for small pond construction, soil erosion and sediment control meet the requirements of the Howard Soil Conservation District.

By the Engineer:

'I hereby certify that the facility shown on this plan was constructed as shown on the "AS-BUILT" plans and meets the approved plans and specifications.

Certify means to state or declare a professional opinion based upon onsite inspections and materials tests which are conducted during construction. The onsite inspections and materials tests are those inspections and tests deemed sufficient and appropriate by commonly accepted engineering standards. Certify does not mean or imply a guarantee by the Engineer nor does an Engineer's certification relieve any other party from meeting requirements imposed by contract, employment or other means, including meeting commonly accepted industry practices.

By the Developer:

\*I/We certify that all development and/or construction will by done according to these plans, and that any responsible personnel involved in the construction project will have a Certificate of Attendance at a Department of the Environment Approved Training Program for the Control of Sediment and Erosion before beginning the project. I shall engage a registered professional engineer to supervise pond construction and provide the Howard Soil Conservation District with an "as-built" plan of the pond within 30 days of completion. I also authorize periodic on—site inspections by the Howard Soil Conservation District."

RICHARD H. HOENES R. H. DEVELOPMENT, L.L.C DEVELOPER:

By the Engineer:

"I certify that this plan for pond construction, erosion and sediment control represents a practical and workable plan based on my personal knowledge of the site conditions. This plan was prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Howard Soil Conservation District. I have notified the developer that he/she must engage a registered professional engineer to supervise pond construction and provide the Howard Soil Conservation District with an as-built" plan of the pond within 30 days of completion."

APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS

APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING Cendy Hamittan

ACHIEF, DIVISION OF LAND DEVELOPMENT TO

8/14/97 DAVE

3	6/97	REV. PER HO, CO. ENG. \$ HSCD
2	5/97	REVISED PER HO. CO. ENGINEERING AND HSCD.
1	4/97	REVISED PER HO. CO. ENGINEERING AND HSCD.
NO.	DATE	REVISION

TSA GROUP, INC.

planning • architecture • engineering • surveying

8480 Baltimore National Pike + Rilicott City, Maryland 21043 + (410) 485-6105

OWNER/DEVELOPER: R. H. DEVELOPMENT, L.L.C. LOCATION: 8668 BALTIMORE NATIONAL PIKE ELLICOTT CITY, MD. 21043 (410) 465-2321

Draft:

RIDGE VIEW HUNT LOTS 1 - 28 & PRESERVATION PARCES A THRU F (S-95-16, P-96-19, & SP-96-14)

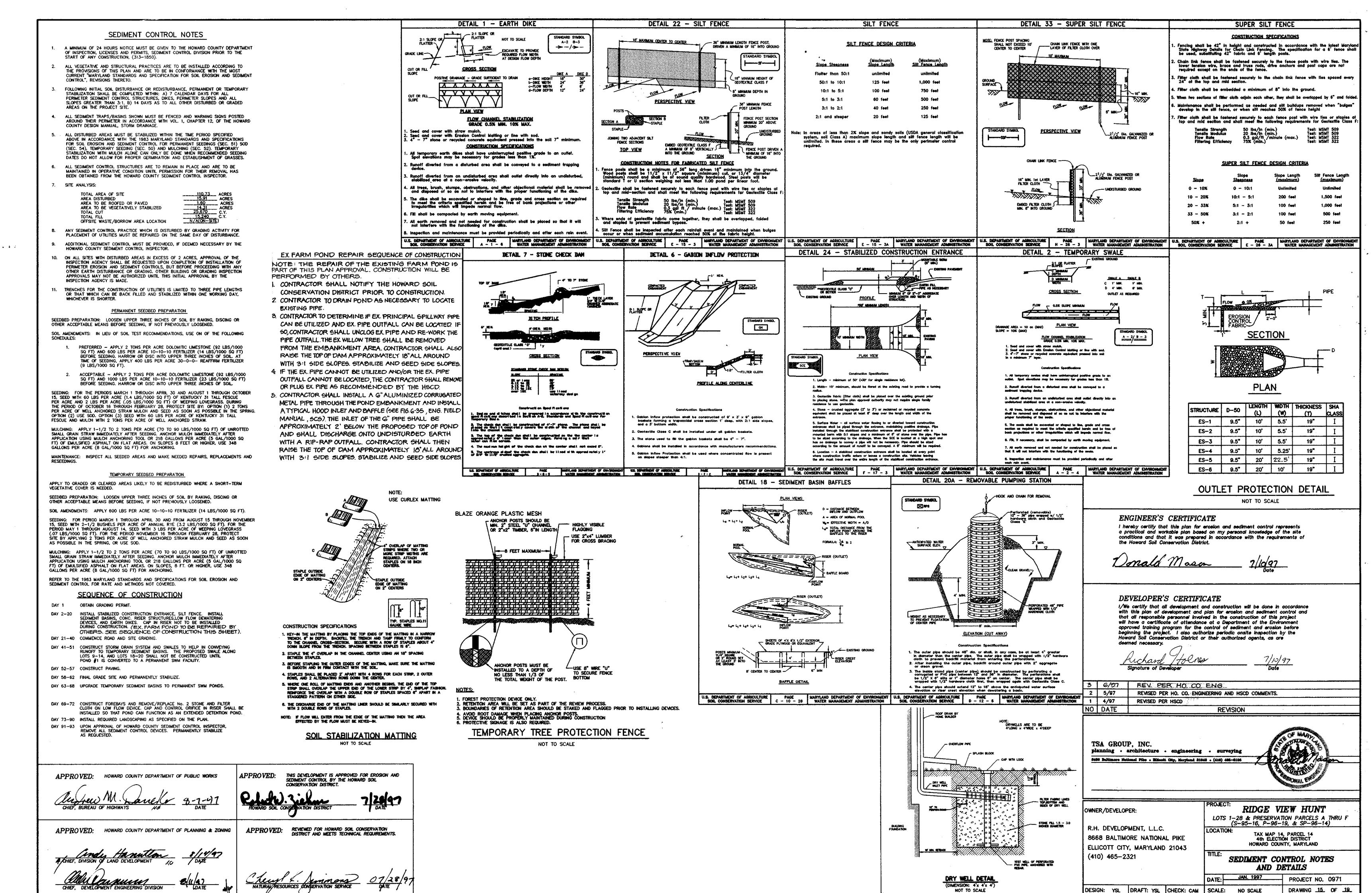
TAX MAP 14, PARCEL 14
4th ELECTION DISTRICT
HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

STORM WATER MANAGEMENT POND #2 NOTES AND DETAILS DATE: PROJECT NO. 0971

SCALE: AS SHOWN

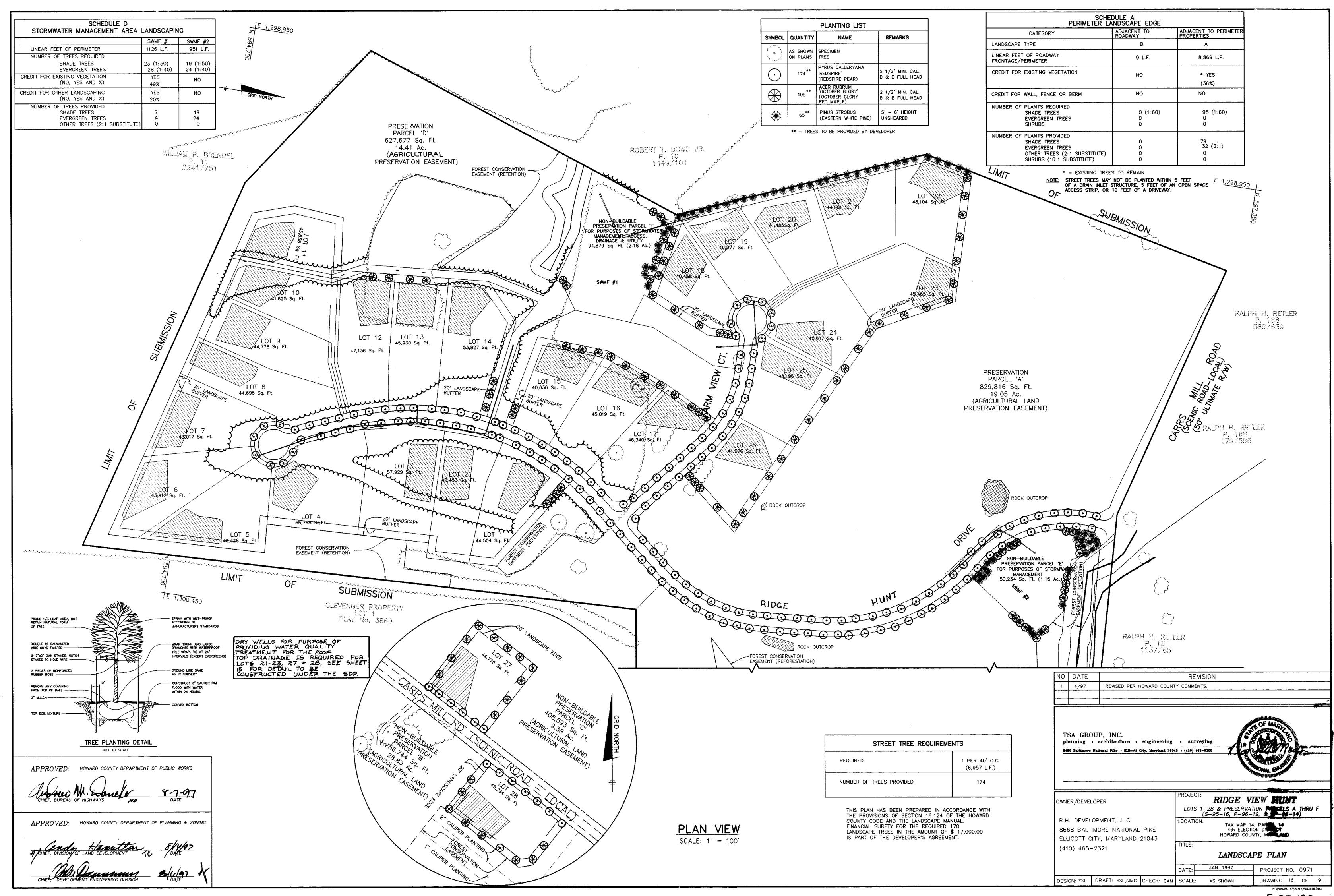
Plotted: MAY 20, 199 Acad Dwg: 7024S14

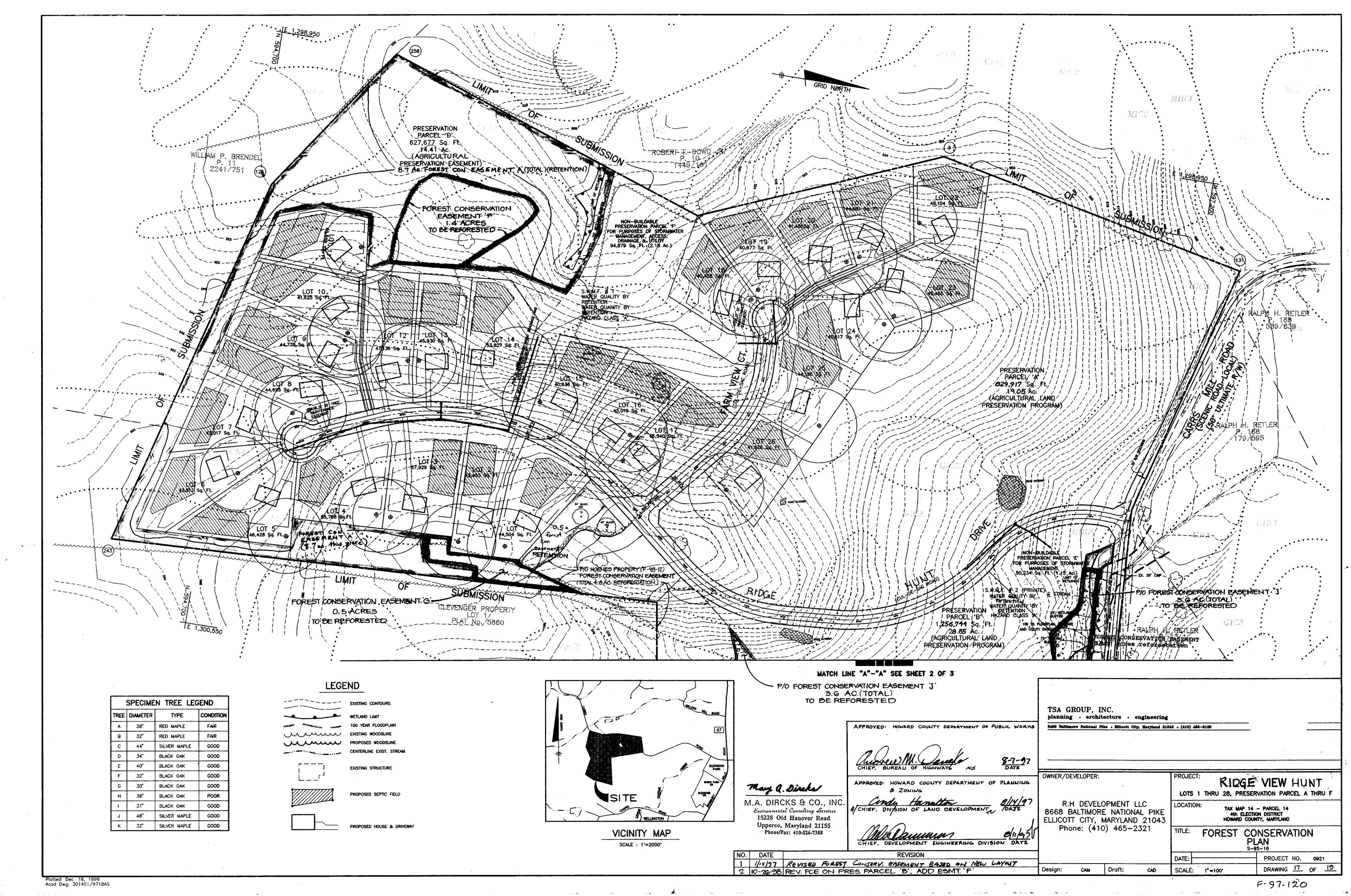
DRAWING 14 OF 19

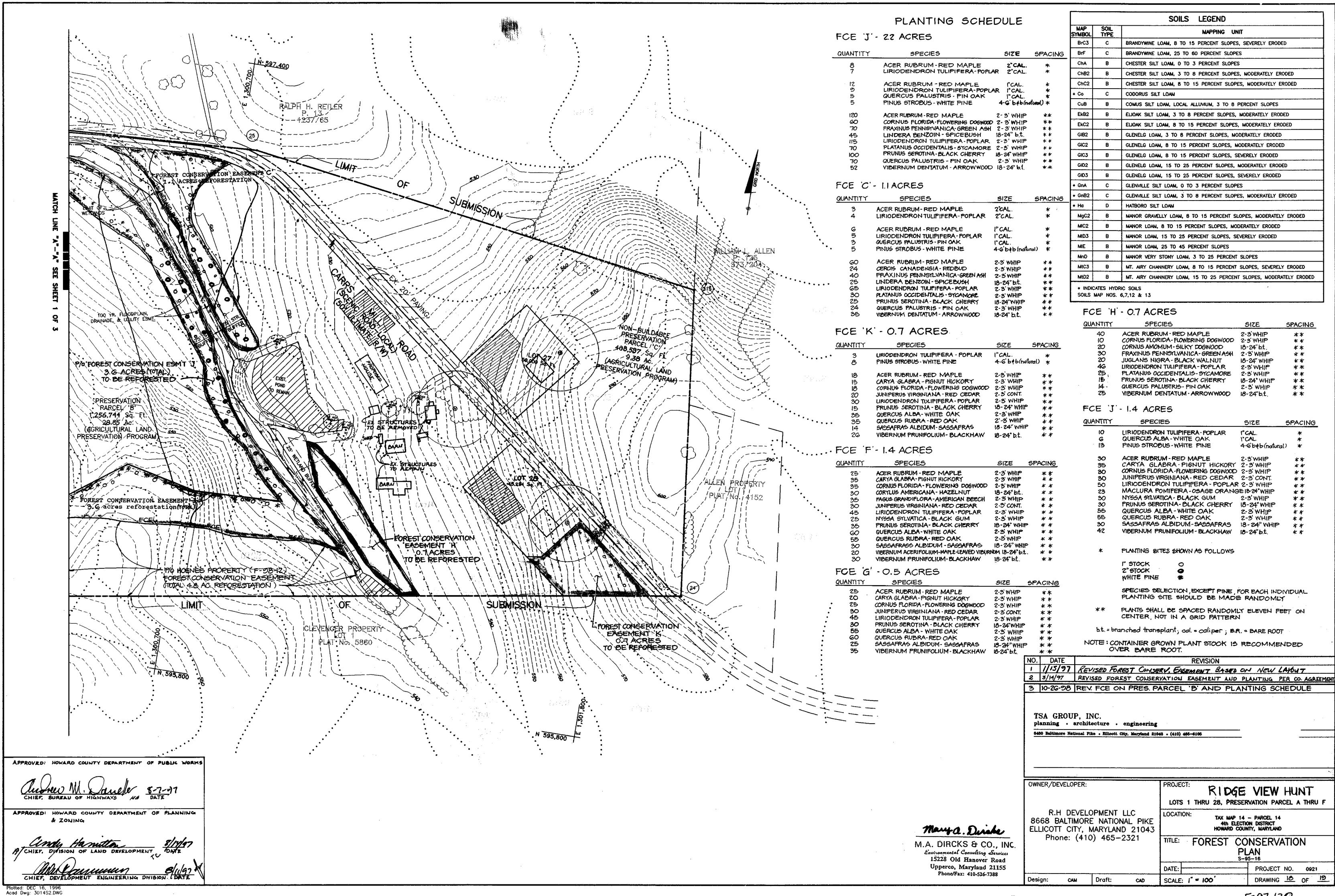


F-97-120

NO SCALE DRAWING 15. OF 19.







## FOREST PROTECTION PROCEDURES - Preconstruction Phase

1.) The edge of the woods to be protected will be marked (staked or flagged) in the field per the limits of forest conservation easement shown in the approved site development plan prior to the start of construction activity. All areas within protective easement are to be considered "off limits" to any construction activities. The optional protective fencing shall be installed at the outside edge of forested areas and should be combined with sediment control devices when possible. The limit of the critical root zone and therefore the location of the protective devices is to be determined as follows:

Edge of Forested Area - 1 foot of protective radius/inch of DBH or an eight foot protective radius, which ever is greater.

Critical Root Zone for the forest on this site is an average of 15 feet from the trunk of the tree.

2.) Construction activities expressly prohibited within the preservation areas are:

Placing or stockpiling backfill or top soil in protected

Felling trees into protected areas
Driving construction equipment into or through protected

Burning in or in close proximity to protected areas Stacking or storing supplies of any kind Concrete wash-off areas.

Conducting trenching operations
Grading beyond the limits of disturbance
Parking vehicles or construction equipment
Removal of root mat or topsoil

Siting and construction of: Utility lines
Access roads
Impervious surfaces
Stormwater management devices
Staging areas

- shall be the responsibility of the general contractor. The general contractor shall affix signs to the fencing at 25' minimum intervals indicating that these areas are "Forest Retention Area" (see Figure "Signage"). The general contractor shall take great care to assure the restricted areas are not violated and that root systems are protected from smothering, flooding, excessive wetting from dewatering operations, off-site run-off, spillage, and drainage or solutions containing materials hazardous to tree roots.
- 4.) The general contractor shall be responsible for any tree damaged or destroyed within the preservation areas whether caused by the contractor, his agents, employees, subcontractors, or licensees.
- 5.) Foot traffic shall be kept to a minimum in the protective areas.
- 6.) All trees which are not to be preserved within fifty feet of any tree preservation areas are to be removed in a manner that will not damage those trees that are designated for preservation. It is highly recommended that tree stumps within this fifty foot area be ground out with a stump grinding machine to minimize damage.
- 7.) The general contractor shall designate a "wash out" area onsite for concrete trucks which will not drain toward a protected area.
- 8.) A pre-construction meeting shall be held with local authorities before any disturbance has taken place on site.

# FOREST PROTECTION PROCEDURES - Construction Phase

Forest and tree conditions should be monitored during construction and corrective measures taken when appropriate.

The following shall be monitored:

- a.) Soil compaction
- b.) Root injury prune and monitor; consider crown reduction
- c.) Limb injury prune and monitor
- d.) Flooded conditions drain and monitor; correct problem
- e.) Drought conditions water and monitor; correct
- problem.
  f.) Other stress signs determine reason, correct, and
  monitor.

# FOREST PROTECTION PROCEDURES - Post-Construction Phase

The following measures shall be taken:

- 1.) Corrective measures if damages were incurred due to negligence:
  - a.) Stress reduction
  - b.) Removal of dead or dying trees. This may be done only if trees pose an immediate safety hazard
- 2.) Removal of temporary structures:
  - a.) No burial of discarded materials will occur on-site within the conservation area.
  - b.) No open burning within 100 feet of a wooded area.
  - c.) All temporary forest protection structures will be removed after construction.
  - .) Remove temporary roads by removing stone or broadcasting mulch; pre-construction elevation should be maintained.
  - e.) Aerate compacted soil.

herbaceous plants.

- f.) Replant disturbed sites with trees, shrubs and/or
- g.) Retain signs for retention areas or specimen trees.
- h.) A County official shall inspect the entire site.
- 3.) Future protection measures:
  - a.) Howard County and the developer shall arrange for the dedication of an appropriate forest conservation easement at a later date.

## PLANTING SPECIFICATIONS AND NOTES

## I. SITE PREPARATION AND SOILS

- 1.) Disturbance of soils should be limited to the Planting Field for each plant. Planting hole will be a minimum 18" auger hole, dug to the depth of the root ball. As shown on the detail view, a Planting Field of 18 " diameter (for whips) is recommended.
- 2.) In areas of steep slopes or erodible soils, soil disturbance will be limited to the Planting Field which is equal to the 18" diameter auger hole.
- 3.) Soil mix for all plants shall be native soil with no soil amendments, unless a soils analysis determines that soil amendments are required (disturbed sites). Natural amendments, such as organic mulch or leaf mold compost, are preferred.

#### II. PLANT STORAGE AND INSPECTION

- 1.) For container grown nursery stock, planting should occur within two weeks after delivery to site.
- 2.) Planting stock should be inspected prior to planting. Plants not conforming to standard nurseryman specifications for size, form, and vigor, roots, trunk wounds, insects and disease should be replaced.

#### III. SOIL AMENDMENTS

1.) Amendments are not recommended in the planting field as studies have shown that roots will be encouraged to stay within the amended soils.

#### IV. PLANT INSTALLATION

- 1.) Container grown stock should be removed from the container and roots gently loosened from the soil. If the roots encircle the root ball, substitution is required. J-shaped or kinked root systems should also be rejected. ROOTS MAY NOT BE TRIMMED ON SITE.
- 2.) The Planting Field should be prepared as specified (see detail). Stock must be planted in random pattern (see detail). Native dug soils should be used to backfill Planting Field. Set plant material no more than 1 " above existing ground and no lower than existing ground. Gently pack native soil around plant to eliminate all air pockets. After whip and container installation, rake soils evenly over the Planting Field and cover hole with three inches of

composted hardwood mulch. Water to settle soil and provide moisture, as needed.

- 3.) Prune whips to encourage branching. Container stock will be pruned to eliminate broken and dead branches.
- 4.) Newly planted trees may need watering depending on weather conditions. During the next two years watering may be required during summer and dry months. Any watering should consider for recent rainfall patterns.
- 5.) Staking of stock is not required, if preferred stock type used.
- 6.) Side dressing fertilization 1 year after planting may be warranted. Fertilizer may be added to each tree or shrub at the end of the first growing season and will contain the following by weight:

  5% nitrogen, 10% phosphoric acid, and 5% potash. Nitrogen shall be derived from natural organic sources or ureaform: 40-

5% nitrogen, 10% phosphoric acid, and 5% potash. Nitrogen shall be derived from natural organic sources or ureaform; 40-50% of the nitrogen shall be water soluble. Organic fertilizers are preferred to synthetic fertilizers. See Tree Planting and Maintenance Calendar for planting and maintenance dates.

- 7.) Integrated Pest Management (IPM) is one of the most effective and safest approaches for maintaining a healthy forest. A full IPM program can include:
- a.) Elimination of low vegetation before planting to help curiou
- b.) Use of tree shelters to protect the trunks of seedlings or whips from animal damage. (These trees need more water than those without tree shelters.)
- c.) Mulching around the trees to minimize trunk damage from mowers.
- d.) Pruning dead or diseased branches with a clean cut.
- e.) To prevent sunscald, allow small non-competitive branches, commonly pruned during or before planting, to grow on the sunny side of the trunk.

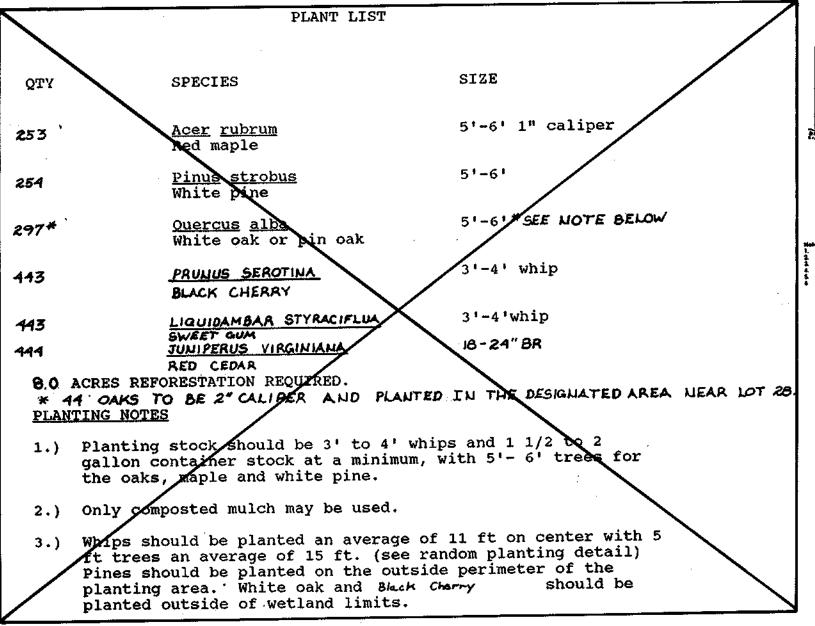
# V. MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE

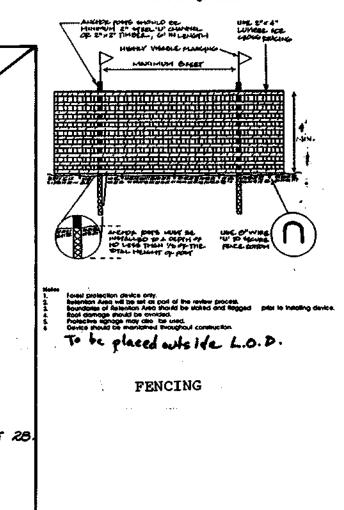
1.) Landscaper should conduct an inspection at the following intervals: 6 months after planting, 1 year after planting and 2 years after planting. The purpose of inspection is to evaluate survival rate with reference to the survival required at the end of the two year period (75% minimum).

Regular visits during the first growing season (yr 1) are to assess the success of the plantings and determine if supplemental watering or other actions are necessary. Early spring visits will determine winter kill and autumn visits will determine summer

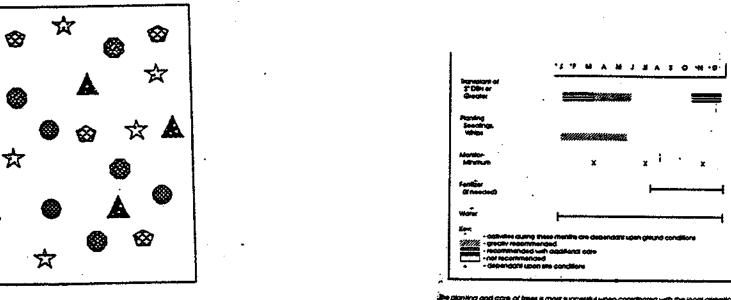
- 2.) Assess tree mortality of planting stock, remove and replace any dead or diseased plantings for the first 2 growing seasons.
- 3.) Volunteer seeding of native, local and endemic vegetation is to be expected. Do not discourage this effort unless it is negatively effecting the planted stock.
- 4.) Landscaper shall remove or control aggressive, noxious, invasive species (i.e. Multiflora Rose, Japanese Honeysuckle, and all herbaceous vegetation) within a 3-foot radius surrounding the planted woody nursery stock for 2 years after planting.

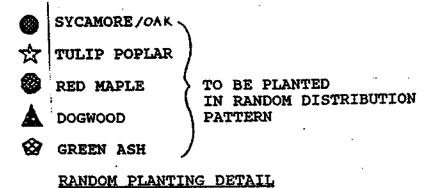
- 5.) The landscaper shall be responsible to remove down and dead material that is smothering planting stock. Naturally occurring material that is not affecting planted stock shall not be removed.
- 6.) Mowing is one of the most effective means to control exotic and/or invasive species. No mowing shall occur during the wildlife nesting period of early April through mid-July. The landscaper is responsible for mowing and/or weed wacking and/or applying herbicide around planting stock, if needed for 2 growing seasons after planting.





**Biaze Orange Plastic Mest** 





BACKFILL V//

NATIVE SOILS

WIDTH = AUGERED HOLE 18" MINIMUM PLANTING FIELD DETAIL

⊗

Forest
Conservation Area

REFORESTATION
PROJECT

Trees for Your
Future

FOREST
RETENTION
AREA

STATION
JECT

Min 15

Min 15

Min 15

PROHIBITED

VIOLATORS ARE SUBJECT TO FINES AS IMPOSED BY THE HOWARD COUNTY FOREST CONSERVATION ACT OF 1991

APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF

WINTION
REA

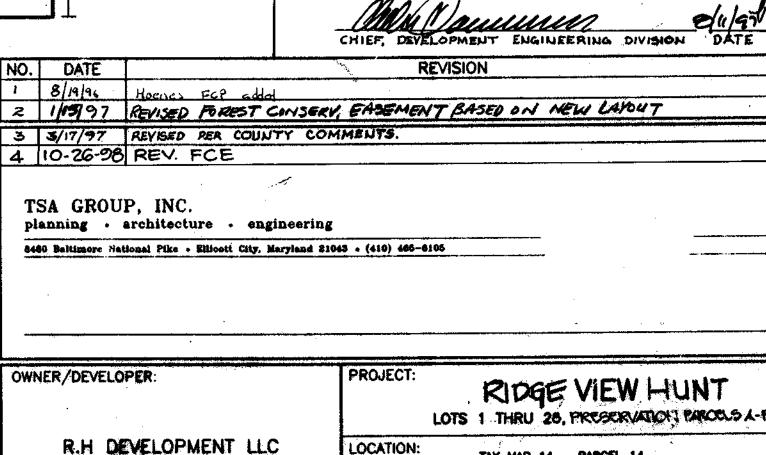
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410-526-7388
15228 Old Hanover Road
Upperco, MD 21155

HEIGHT - ROOTBALL

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R.H DEVELOPMENT LLC

8668 BALTIMORE NATIONAL PIKE
ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21043
Phona: (410) 465-2321

TITLE: FOREST CONSERVATION
PLAN
5-85-16

PATE: HORK 15,1996. PROJECT NO. 0.000

SCALE: