		treet lig	HT CHART
STREET NAME	STATION	OFFSET	FIXTURE/POLE TYPE
SQUIRREL HILL DRIVE	0+36	30'R	. 150-watt H.P.S. Premier post top Mounted on a 14-foot black fiberglass Pole.
EDMOND COURT	0+08	15'L	100-WATT H.P.S. PREMIER POST TOP
EDMOND COURT	LP. 1+44	3' BEHIND CURB	MOUNTED ON A 14-FOOT BLACK FIBERGLASS
TENNEY COURT	LP. 1+72	3' BEHIND CURB	. FULL

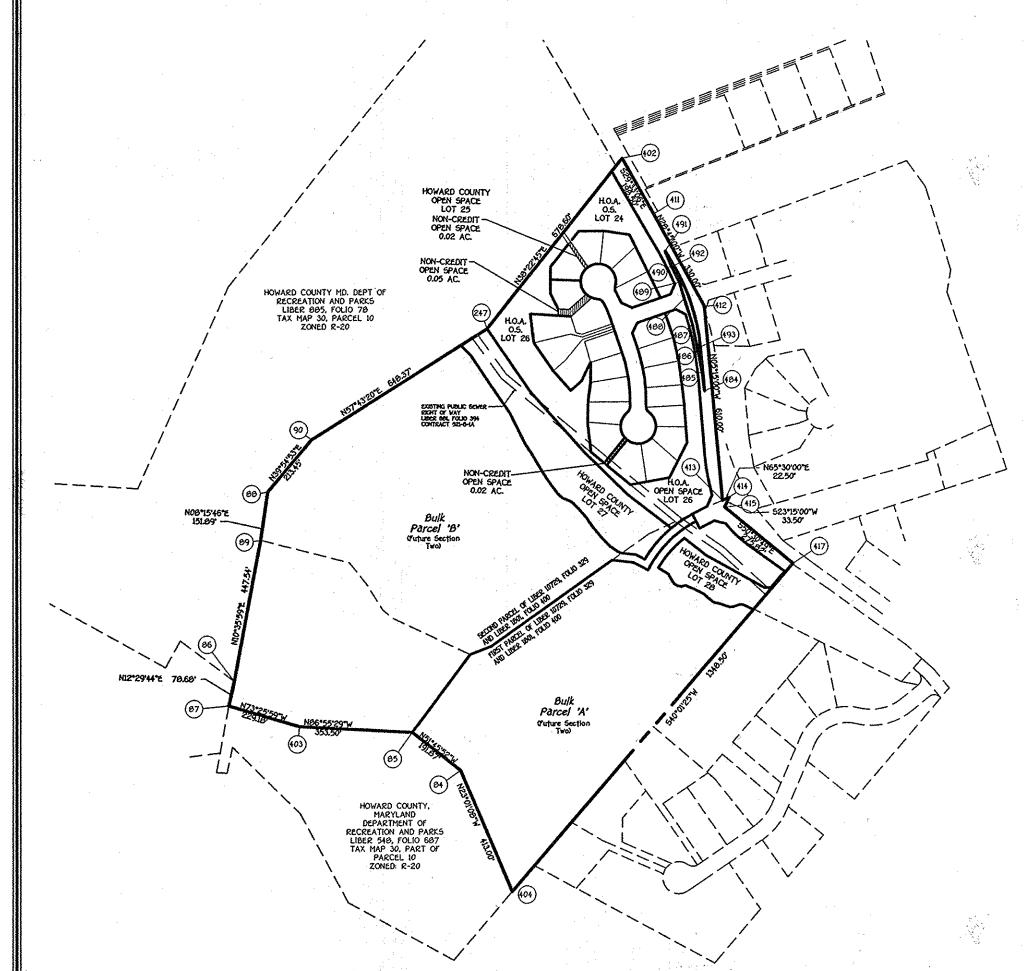
REMOVE EXISTING STREET LIGHT FROM OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD, STA. 4+34 R

ROADWAY INFORMATION CHART									
ROAD NAME	CLASSIFICATION	Design speed	R/W WIDTH						
SQUIRREL HILL DRIVE	PUBLIC ACCESS STREET	30 M.P.H.	50'						
EDMOND COURT	PUBLIC ACCESS PLACE	25 M.P.H.	50'						
TENNEY COURT	PUBLIC ACCESS PLACE	25 M.P.H.	50'						

TRA	FFIC CONTROL	*:	
ROAD NAME	CENTERLINE STA.	POSTED SIGN	SIGN CODE
SQUIRREL HILL DRIVE	0+48 L	STOP	R1-1
SQUIRREL HILL DRIVE	1+00 R	SPEED LIMIT 25	R2-1
SQUIRREL HILL DRIVE	2+00 R	STOP	R1-1
WELLFORD DRIVE	0+40 L	STOP	R1-1

<b>5</b> T	ORMWATER MAN PRACTICI	
1	LOT No./ADDRESS	DRY WELLS M-5 (NUMBER)
8	9834 TENNEY CT.	2
9	9830 TENNEY CT.	2
10	9826 TENNEY CT.	1
14	9810 TENNEY CT.	1
15	9806 TENNEY CT.	1
16	9802 TENNEY CT.	2

NOTE: ALL DRYWELLS ARE TO BE SIZED AND INSTALLED WITH THE FUTURE SITE



METES AND BOUNDS SCALE: 1" = 300'

JOHN TENNEY MASON, JR. FAMILY LLC AND FRANCES WELLFORD MASON FAMILY LLC c/o MR. JOHN TENNEY MASON, III, GENERAL MEMBER 7636 GAITHER ROAD SYKESVILLE, MD 21784

DEVELOPER DOUBLE R VENTURES, LLC c/o LAND DESIGN AND DEVELOPMENT, INC. 5300 DORSEY HALL DRIVE, SUITE 102 ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042

(443-367-0422)

FINAL ROAD CONSTRUCTION, GRADING AND STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLANS

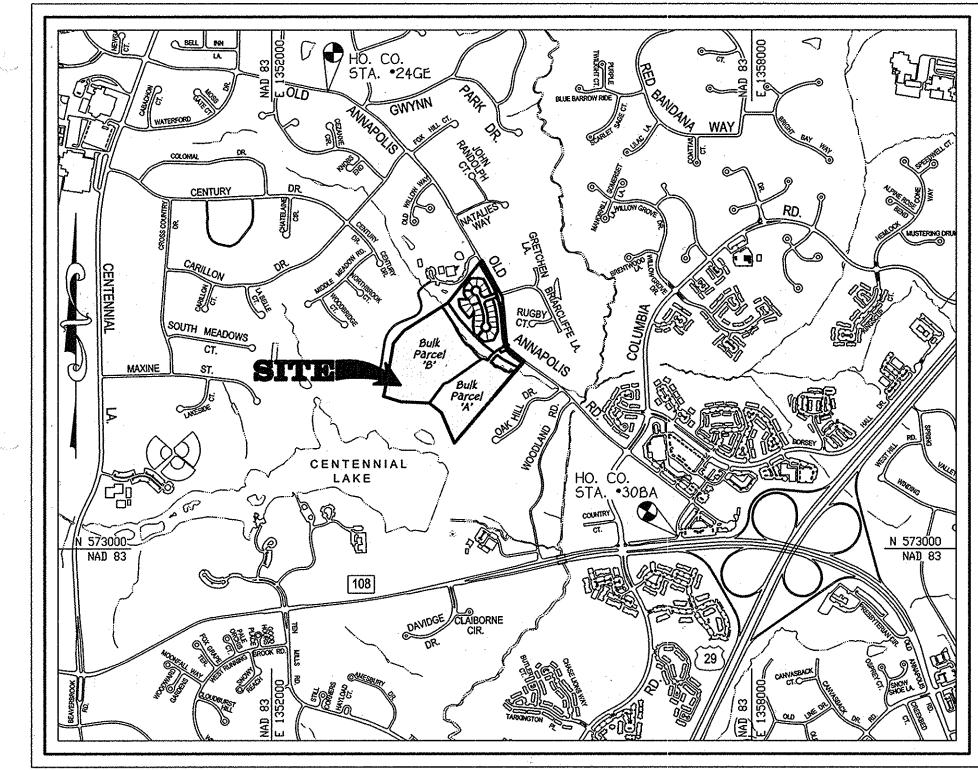
# CENTENNIAL LAKE OVERLOOK

(Formerly Mason Property)

# SECTION ONE

BUILDABLE LOTS 1 THRU 23, OPEN SPACE LOTS 24 THRU 28 AND BUILDABLE BULK PARCELS 'A' AND 'B'

> ZONING: R-20 TAX MAP No. 30, GRID No. 2 PARCEL No. 86



VICINITY MAP

SCALE: 1" = 1200'

REFER TO HOWARD CO. ADC MAP 4935, D-1

# SECOND ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

32. THE LANDSCAPE SURETY IN THE AMOUNT OF \$21,690.00 FOR PERIMETER LANDSCAPE REQUIREMENTS (48 SHADE TREES, 47 EVERGREEN TREES AND 8 SHRUBS) OF SECTION 16.124 OF THE HOWARD COUNTY CODE AND THE LANDSCAPE MANUAL IS PROVIDED WITH THE DEVELOPERS AGREEMENT FOR THIS PLAN

33. SEVERAL SPEÇIMEN TREES HAVE BEEN LOCATED ON-SITE. THIS PLAN IS SUBJECT TO WAIVER PETITION WP-13-096 TO ALLOW FOR THE REMOVAL OF 15 SPECIMEN TREES (No. 1, 9, 10, 12-16, 18-20, 23, 24, 37 & 39) WITHIN THE PROJECT BOUNDARY AND FOR WAIVER TO THE FINAL PLAT TO ALLOW AN ADJOINER DEED TRANSFER BETWEEN PARCELS. THE WAIVER WAS APPROVED ON JANUARY 14, 2013 WITH THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS:

1. APPROVAL IS GIVEN FOR A READJUSTMENT OF THE PARCEL LOT LINE BETWEEN THE FIRST AND SECOND PARCELS OF LAND AS DESCRIBED IN

2. APPROVAL IS GIVEN FOR REMOVAL OF 15 SPECIMEN TREES AS SHOWN AND IDENTIFIED ON THE REVISED WAIVER PETITION EXHIBIT DATED JANUARY 9. 2013. PROPOSED PERIMETER LANDSCAPING, ON-SITE FOREST CONSERVATION RETENTION AND PLANTING EASEMENT AREAS, STREET TREE PLANTING AND RETENTION OF OVER HALF THE REMAINING SPECIMEN TREES WILL SERVE TO MITIGATE SPECIMEN TREE REMOVAL

34. USING THE NEIGHBORHOOD PRESERVATION EXCHANGE OPTION DESCRIBED IN SECTION 120.L OF THE ZONING REGULATIONS THE RIGHTS FOR ONE (1) OF THE RESIDENTIAL LOTS SHOWN ON THE SUBDIVISION PLAN FOR CENTENNIAL LAKE OVERLOOK HAS BEEN TRANSFERRED FROM BREWER PROPERTY

1. ALL CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LATEST STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS OF HOWARD COUNTY PLUS MSHA STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS IF APPLICABLE. THIS PROJECT IS IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE LATEST HOWARD COUNTY STANDARDS UNLESS WAIVERS HAVE BEEN APPROVED

APPROVED: DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS

CHIEF, DIVISION OF LAND DEVELOPMENT

APPROVED: DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING

**REVISIONS** 

DESCRIPTION

2-20-14

2.26.14

Mile J. Miles CHIEF, BUREAU OF HIGHWAYS MS

2. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS / BUREAU OF ENGINEERING / CONSTRUCTION AT LEAST (5) WORKING DAYS PRIOR TO THE START OF WORK.

3. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY "MISS UTILITY" AT 1-800-257-7777 AT LEAST 48 HOURS PRIOR TO ANY EXCAVATION WORK BEING DONE

b. The traffic control device locations shown on the plans are approximate and must be field approved by howard county traffic division

("QUICK PUNCH"), SQUARE TUBE POST (14 GAUGE) INSERTED INTO A 2-1/2" GALVANIZED STEEL, PERFORATED, SQUARE TUBE SLEEVE (12 GAUGE) - 3' LONG.

REGULATIONS PER COUNCIL BILL NO. 32-2013. DEVELOPMENT OR CONSTRUCTION ON THESE LOTS OR PARCELS MUST COMPLY WITH SETBACKS AND BUFFER REGULATIONS IN PEFECT AT THE TIME OF SUBMISSION OF A BUILDING OR GRADING PERMIT APPLICATION

7. THIS R-20 ZONED SUBDIVISION IS BEING DEVELOPED PURSUANT TO SECTION 107.E OF THE R-ED ZONING DISTRICT REGULATIONS AND CRITERIA PER SECTION

8. BACKGROUND INFORMATION: a. SUBDIVISION NAME: CENTENNIAL LAKE OVERLOOK

b. TAX MAP NO.: 30 c. PARCEL NO.: 86

d. ZONING: R-20

e. ELECTION DISTRICT: SECOND f. GROSS AREA OF TRACT = 46.487 ACRES

a. NUMBER OF BUILDABLE LOTS: 23 (Section One) ĥ. NET DENSITY = 42.907 x 2 UNITS/ACRE = 05. TRANSFER INTO PROPERTY ● 10% = 0, MAX. DENSITY ALLOWED = 93

. NUMBER OF OPEN SPACE LOTS: 5

. AREA OF BUILDABLE LOTS: 4.524 ACRES

! AREA OF OPEN SPACE LOTS: 7.202 ACRES m. AREA OF BULK PARCELS: 32.159 ACRES (FUTURE SECTION TWO)

n. AREA OF PUBLIC ROADWAY TO BE DEDICATED: 2.522 ACRES o. AREA OF FLOODPLAIN = 3.04 ACRES

p. AREA OF 25% OR GREATER SLOPES = 0.460 ACRES (outside floodplain) a. NET AREA OF TRACT = 42.907 ACRES

r. PREVIOUS FILE NUMBERS: ECP-12-053, WP-13-096 (see note no. 32), 5P-13-004, PB-399

9. OPEN SPACE REQUIREMENTS: (SECTION ONE AND FUTURE SECTION TWO) a. REQUIRED OPEN SPACE = (50% x 46.487 ac. (GROSS AREA)) = 23.244 AC\*

b. AREA OF SECTION ONE = 14.328 AC.+

(REQUIRED OPEN SPACE FOR SECTION ONE = 50% OF 14.320 AC. = 7.164 ac. \* c OPEN SPACE PROVIDED FOR SECTION ONE = 7.292 AC+

d. RECREATIONAL OPEN SPACE REQUIRED FOR PROJECT TOTAL = (300 SQ.FT. PER UNIT) = 27,900 SQ.FT

I. PROVIDED RECREATIONAL OPEN SPACE = 29,500 SQ.FT. (NOTE: THIS AREA IS PROVIDED WITHIN SECTION TWO AS SHOWN ON SP-13-004)

e. THE RECREATIONAL OPEN SPACE REQUIRED FOR SECTION ONE = (300 SQ.FT./LOT x 23 LOTS) = 6,900 SQ.FT.

f. The recreational open space provided for section one will be provided by active/passive areas. This includes a pedestrian pathway SYSTEM WITH A DIRECT CONNECTION TO THE ADJACENT COUNTY PARK AND A WOODED AND MEADOW ENVIRONMENTAL AREA LOCATED ALONG THE STREAM VALLEY ON OPEN SPACE LOTS 26 AND 27.

10. THERE ARE AREAS OF STEEP SLOPES LOCATED ON THIS PROPERTY AS DEFINED BY THE HOWARD COUNTY SUBDIVISION AND LAND DEVELOPMENT

REGULATIONS, SECTION 16.116.b., (0.46 Ac. outside of floodplain) 11. NO NOISE STUDY IS REQUIRED FOR THIS PROJECT.

12. EXISTING WATER IS PUBLIC (CONTRACT No. 801 W&S) EXISTING SEWER IS PUBLIC (CONTRACT Nos. 801 W&S, 521-5-1A)

13. SOILS INFORMATION TAKEN FROM HOWARD COUNTY SOIL SURVEY ISSUED JULY 1968, MAP No. 19.

14. EXISTING PAVING AND/OR STRUCTURES LOCATED ON SITE ARE TO BE RAZED AS SHOWN ON PLAN (SHEETS 3 AND 4). THE EXISTING DWELLINGS ON

PROPOSED LOTS 72 AND 79 ARE TO REMAIN 15. BOUNDARY OUTLINE BASED ON FIELD RUN SURVEY PERFORMED BY FISHER COLLINS AND CARTER, INC. DATED JANUARY, 2012.

FIELD RUN TOPOGRAPHY PREPARED BY FISHER, COLLINS AND CARTER, INC. DATED MARCH, 2012.

17. ALL FILL AREAS WITHIN ROADWAYS AND UNDER STRUCTURES SHALL BE COMPACTED TO A MINIMUM OF 95% COMPACTION OF AASHTO T-180. 18. STORMWATER MANAGEMENT WILL BE PROVIDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE 2010 MDE, CHAPTER 5 REGULATIONS AND THE LATEST HOWARD COUNTY

DESIGN MANUAL, VOL. I, CHAPTER 5 ADOPTED ON OR AROUND MAY 4, 2010. GROUNDWATER RECHARGE VOLUME WILL BE PROVIDED THROUGH THE USE OF STONE RESERVOIRS LOCATED BENEATH THE VARIOUS ESD FACILITIES. THE REQUIRED ESD VOLUMES WILL BE PROVIDED BY BIO-RETENTION (F-6), MICRO BIO-RETENTION (M-6). DRYWELLS (M-5) AND INFILTRATION BERMS (M-4). OVERBANK FLOOD PROTECTION VOLUME AND EXTREME FLOOD VOLUMES ARE NOT REQUIRED FOR THIS SITE. THE STORMWATER MANAGEMENT FACILITIES (BIO-RETENTION AND MICRO BIO-RETENTION) WILL BE PRIVATELY OWNED BY THE H.O.A. AND JOINTLY MAINTAINED BY THE H.O.A. AND HOWARD COUNTY. THE DRYWELLS LOCATED ON BUILDABLE LOTS

WILL BE PRIVATELY OWNED AND MAINTAINED BY THE HOMEOWNER. THE INFILTRATION BERM WILL BE PRIVATELY OWNED & MAINTAINED BY THE H.O.A.

19. DURING THE INSTALLATION PROCESS OF PUBLIC WATER AND SEWER, THE WELL AND SEPTIC AT 9725 ANNAPOLIS ROAD AND AT 9725-A ANNAPOLIS ROAD, ELLICOTT CITY. MARYLAND 21042 WILL BE PROPERLY ABANDONED/SEALED IN CENTENNIAL LAKE OVERLOOK, SECTION TWO, CONTRACT No. 24-4764-D AND THE HOWARD COUNTY HEALTH DEPARTMENT WILL BE NOTIFIED. DOCUMENTATION OF PROPER ABANDONMENT OF THE WELL BY A LICENSED WELL DRILLER AND PROPER ABANDONMENT OF THE SEPTIC SYSTEM WILL BE FORWARDED TO THE HOWARD COUNTY HEALTH DEPARTMENT.

20. FLOODPLAIN STUDY SHOWN HEREON WAS PREPARED BY FIGHER, COLLINS & CARTER, INC. DATED MARCH, 2012 AND WAS APPROVED ON MARCH 14, 2013. 21. TRAFFIC STUDY WAS PREPARED BY THE TRAFFIC GROUP, INC. DATED JANUARY, 2012 AND WAS APPROVED MARCH 14, 2013.

22. THE FOREST STAND DELINEATION AND WETLAND DELINEATION FOR THIS PROJECT WAS PREPARED BY MCCARTHY & ASSOCIATES, INC. DATED MARCH, 2012

24. NO KNOWN CEMETERIES EXIST WITHIN THIS SUBDIVISION. ONE HISTORIC STRUCTURE EXISTS ON-SITE, HO 401, SQUIRREL HILL, WHICH WILL REMAIN ON PROPOSED LOT 79. THIS PLAN CAME TO THE HISTORIC DISTRICT COMMISSION ON JUNE 7, 2012 FOR ADVISORY COMMENTS.

CONSIDERED NECESSARY OR WAIVERS ARE APPROVED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING. ROAD CONSTRUCTION FOR ROAD 'A' AND NSTALLATION OF SEWER AND/OR STORM DRAINS IN THE FLOODPLAIN, STREAM BUFFER AND/OR WETLAND BUFFER SHALL BE CONSIDERED ESSENTIAL DISTURBANCE BY DPZ IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 16.116(c) OF THE SUBDIVISION AND LAND DEVELOPMENT REGULATIONS.

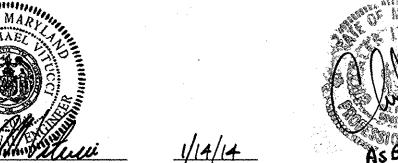
26. THE GEOTECHNICAL REPORT FOR THIS PROJECT WAS PREPARED BY HILLIS-CARNES ENGINEERING ASSOCIATES, INC. DATED AUGUST, 2012 AND WAS

27. STREET LIGHT PLACEMENT AND THE TYPE OF FIXTURES AND POLES SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE HOWARD COUNTY DESIGN MANUAL, VOLUME III (2006), SECTION 5.5.A. A MINIMUM OF 20' SHALL BE MAINTAINED BETWEEN ANY STREET LIGHT AND ANY TREE. 20. A PRIVATE RANGE OF ADDRESS STREET NAME SIGN ASSEMBLY FOR TENNEY COURT SHALL BE FABRICATED AND INSTALLED BY HOWARD COUNTY

BUREAU OF HIGHWAYS AT THE DEVELOPERS/OWNERS EXPENSE. CONTACT HOWARD COUNTY TRAFFIC DIVISION AT 410-313-5752 FOR DETAILS AND COST 29. FOR FLAG OR PIPESTEM LOTS, REFUSE COLLECTION, SNOW REMOVAL AND ROAD MAINTENANCE ARE PROVIDED TO THE JUNCTION OF THE FLAG OR

PIPESTEM AND THE ROAD RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE ONLY AND NOT ONTO THE FLAG OR PIPESTEM LOT DRIVEWAY. 31. THE FOREST CONSERVATION REQUIREMENTS PER SECTION 16.1200 OF THE HOWARD COUNTY CODE AND THE FOREST CONSERVATION MANUAL FOR THIS

SUBDIVISION WILL BE FULFILLED BY PROVIDING 3.82 ACRES OF ON-SITE FOREST RETENTION, 5.14 ACRES OF REFORESTATION AND 0.14 ACRES OF AFFORESTATION WHICH IS SUFFICIENT TO MEET 3.01 ACRES OF REQUIRED RETENTION AND 5.20 ACRES OF PLANTINGS. SURETY IN THE AMOUNT OF \$114,999.000 FOR REQUIRED PLANTINGS (\$0.50 X 229,997 SQ. FT.) SHALL BE POSTED WITH THE DEVELOPER'S AGREEMENT FOR THIS PLAN (F-14-002).



"Professional certification. I hereby certify that these documents were prepared by me, and that I am a duly Licensed Professional Engineer under the laws of the state of Maryland, License No. <u>20748</u>, Expiration Date <u>2-22-15</u>.

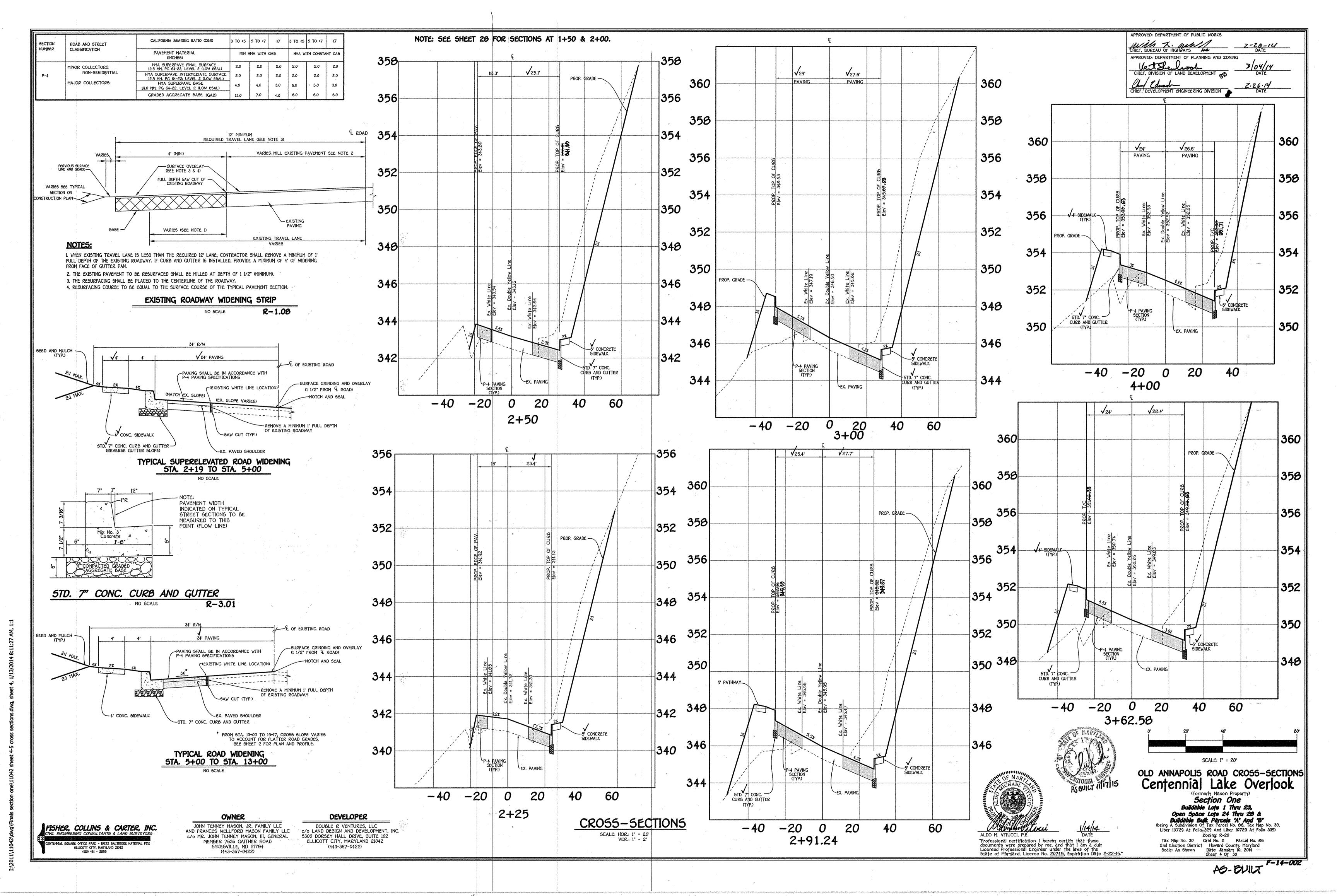


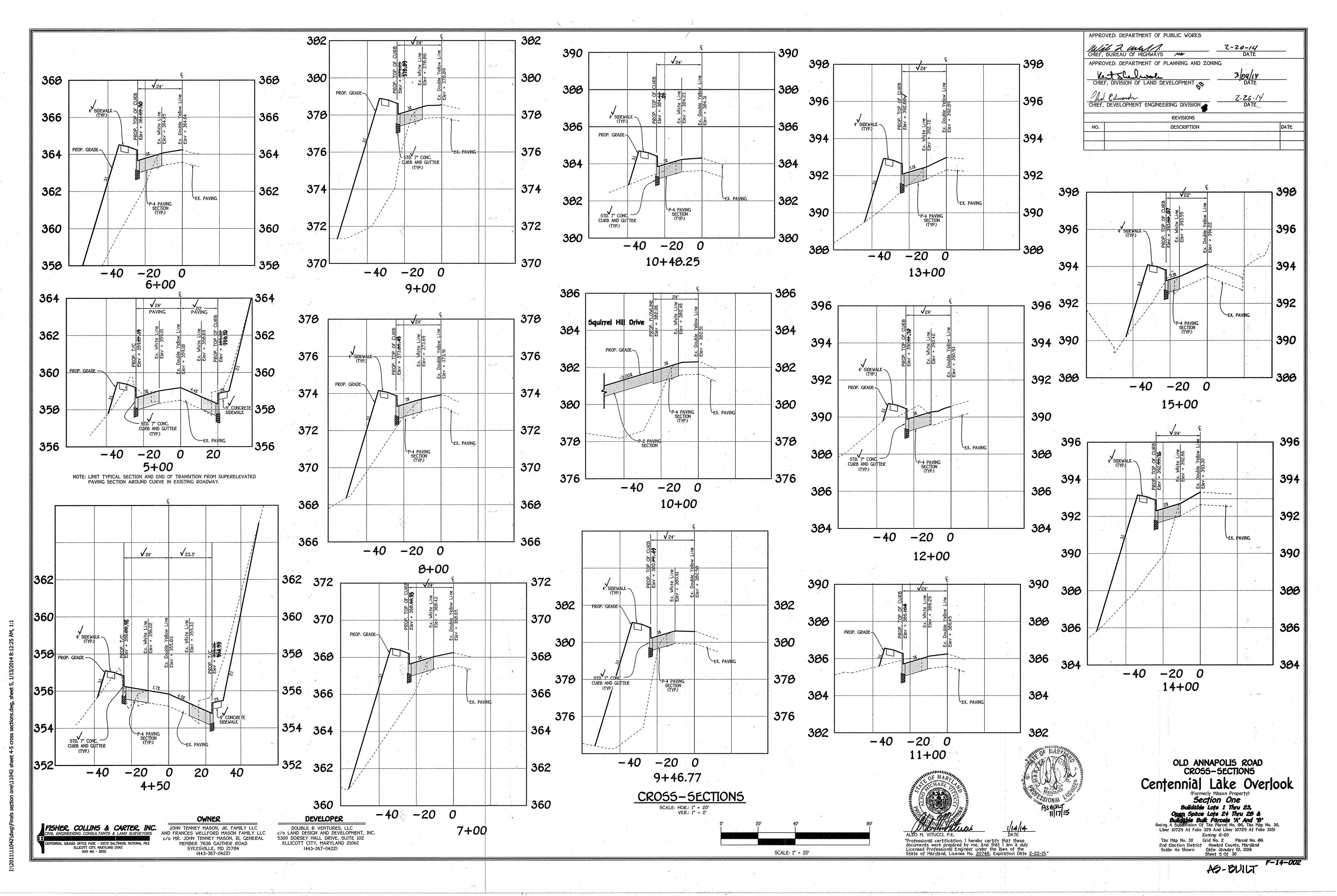
Centennial Lake Overlook

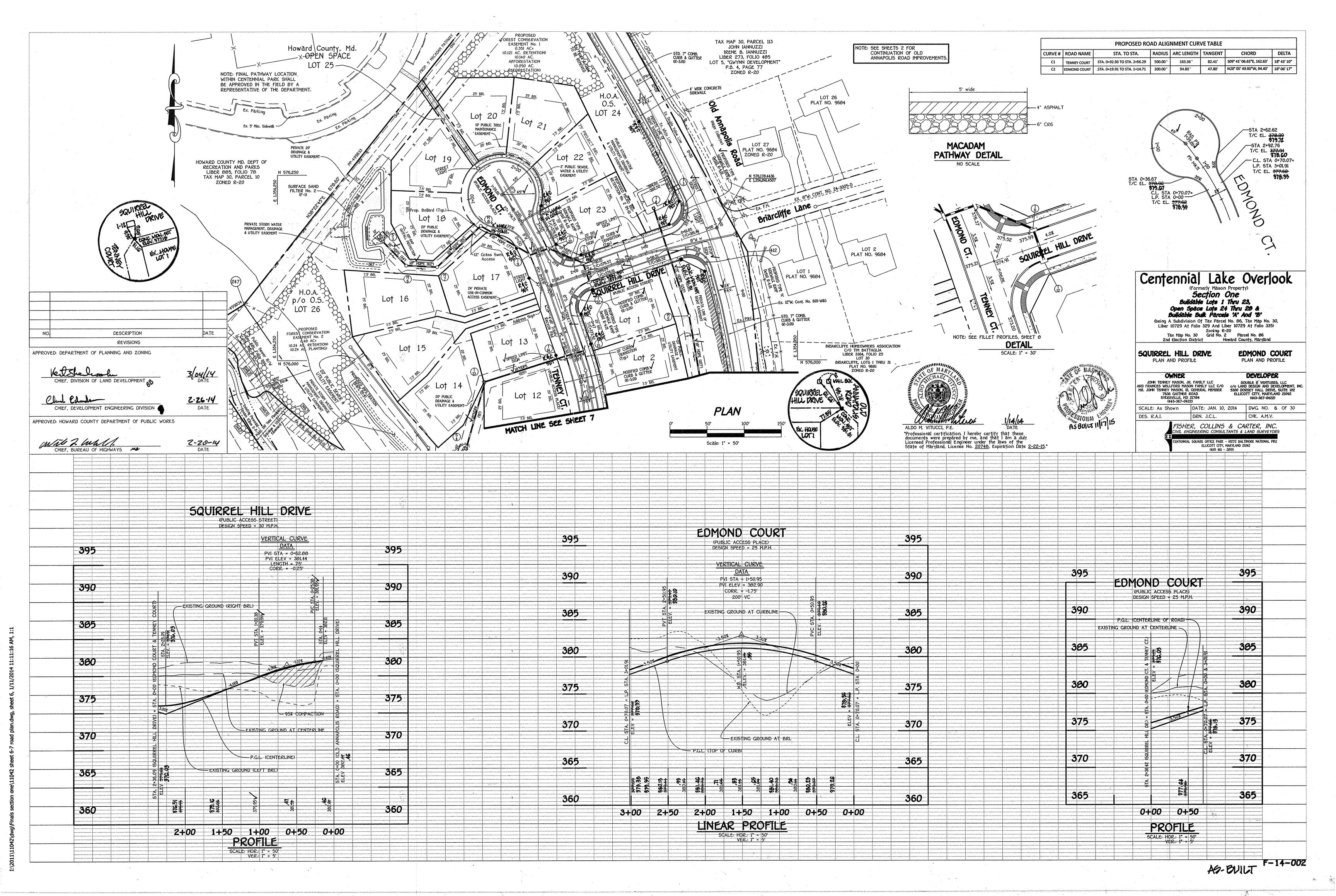
Open Space Lots 24 Thru 28 ( Zoning: R-20

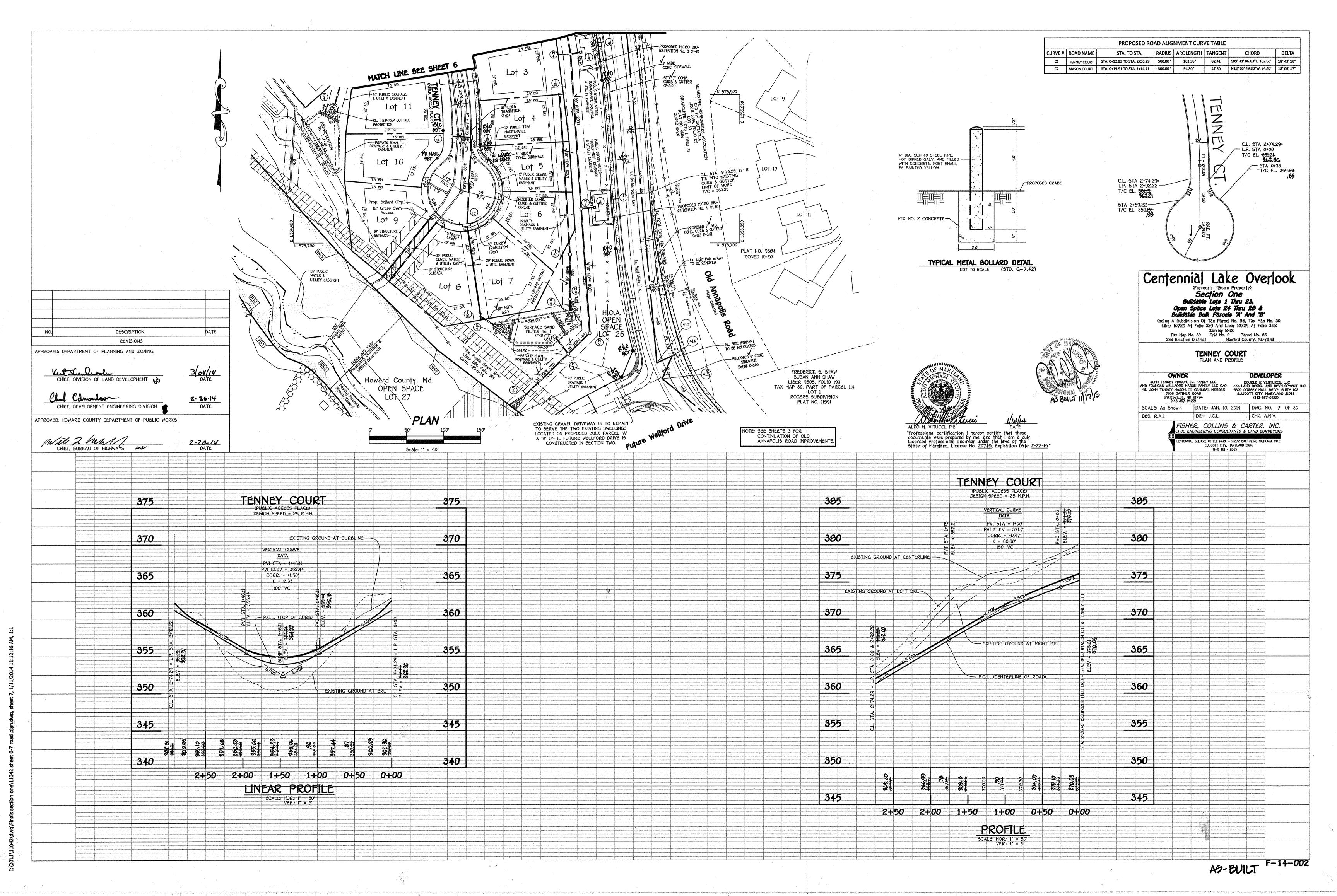
Tax Map No. 30 Grid No. 2 Parcel No. 86

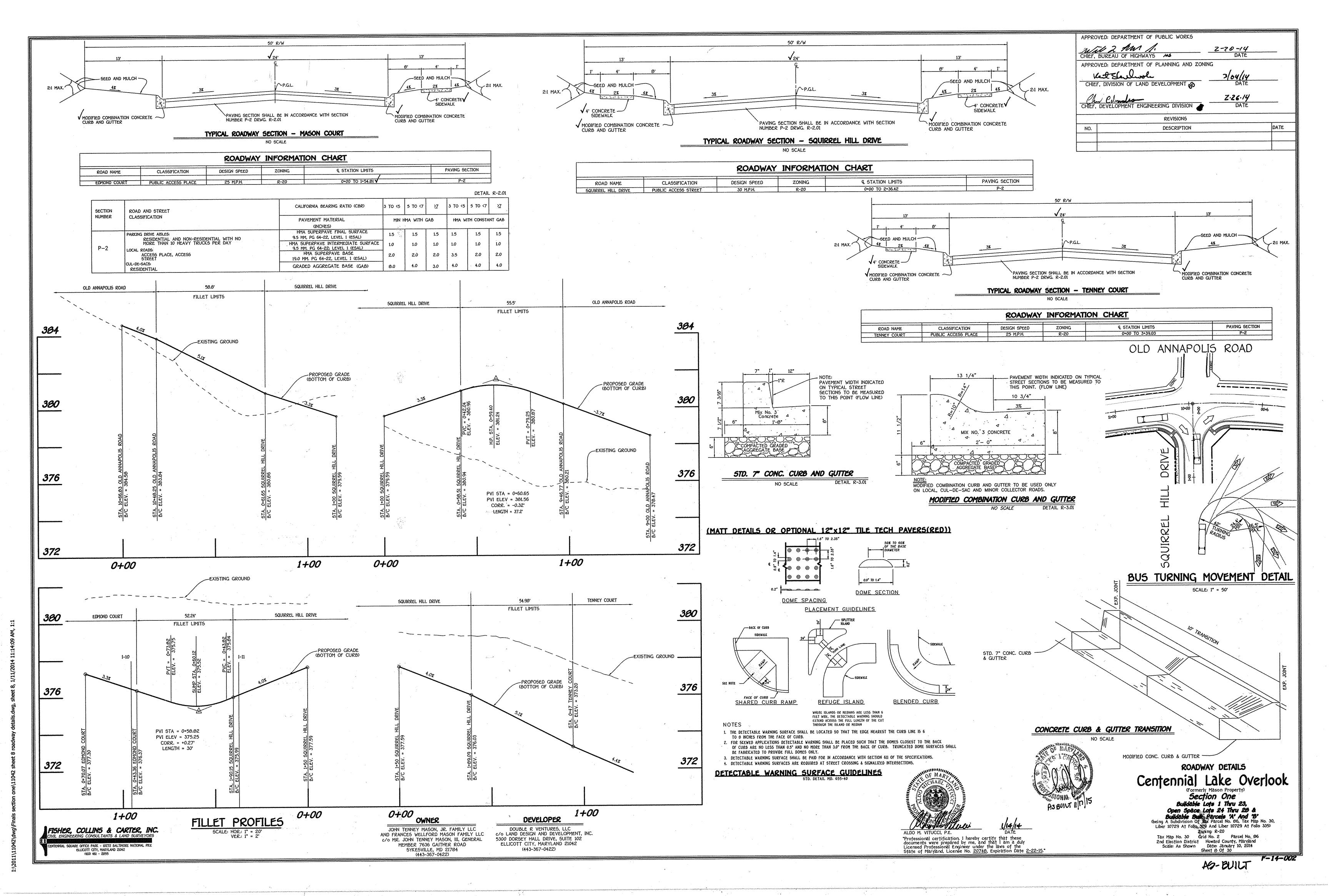
FISHER, COLLINS & CARTER, INC.

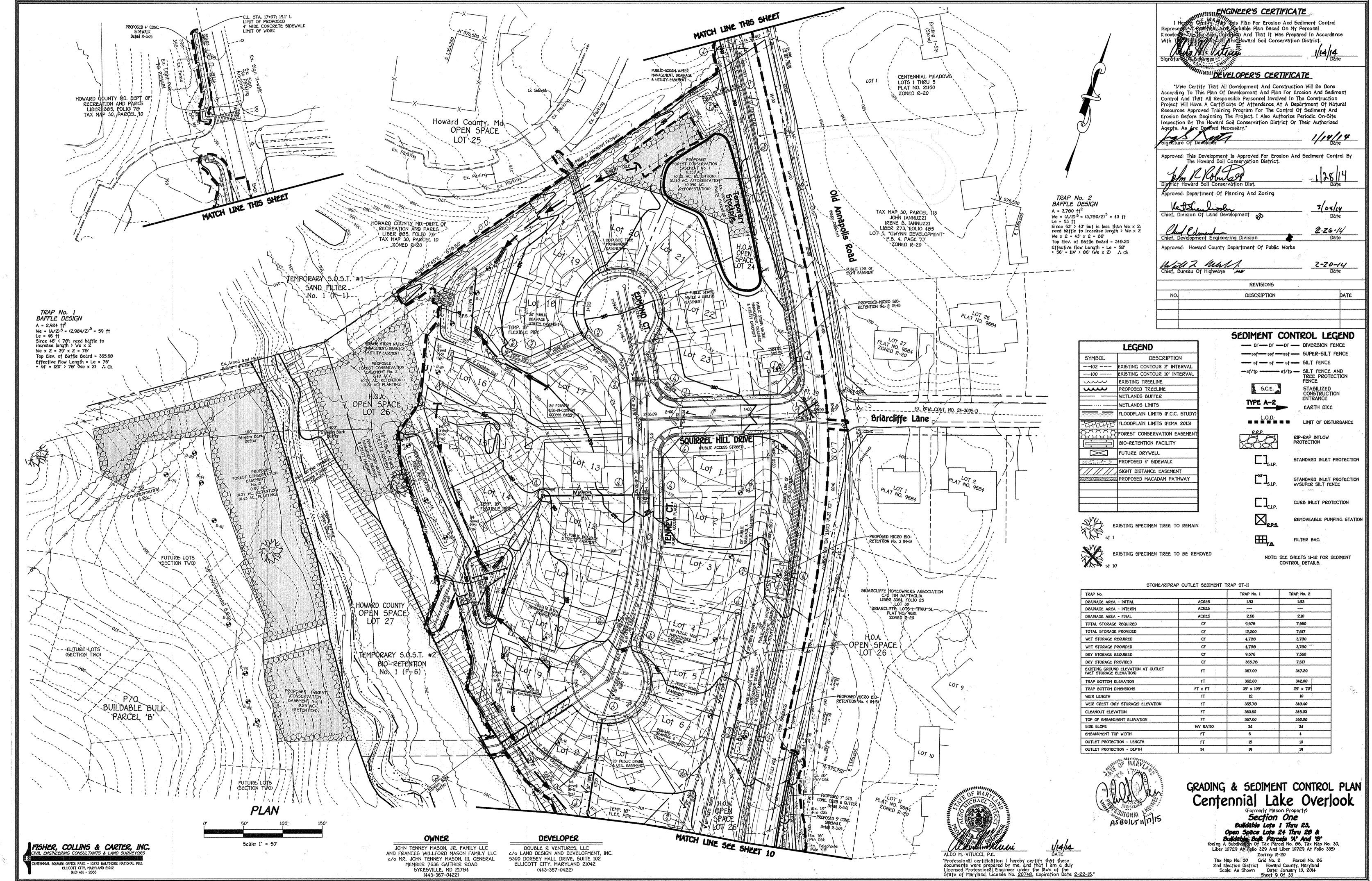




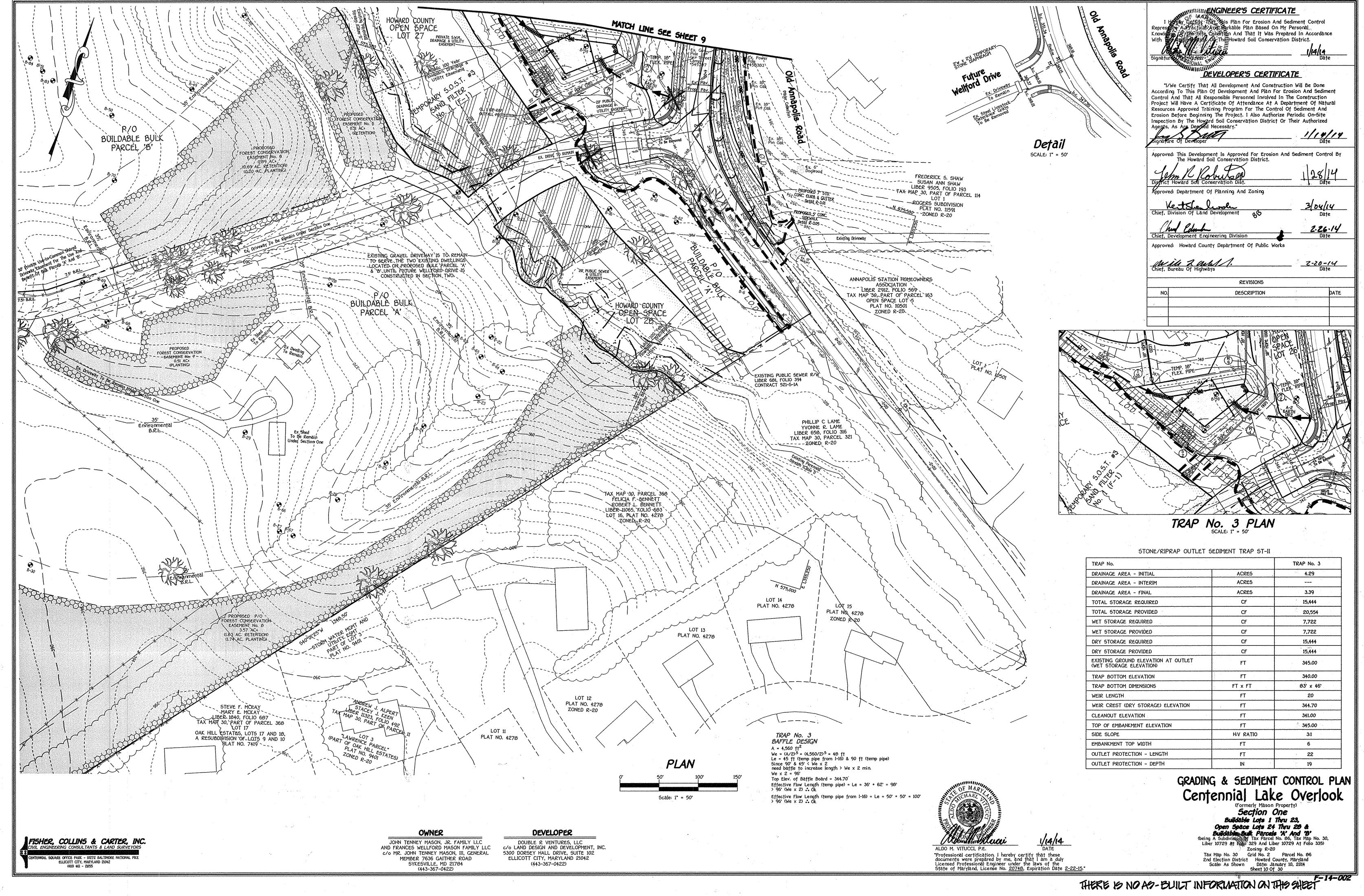








AG-BUILT F-14-002



### Temporary Stabilization

- a. Seedbed preparation consists of loosening soil to a depth of 3 to 5 inches by means of suitable agricultural or construction equipment, such as disc harrows or chisel plows or rippers mounted on construction equipment. After the soil is loosened, it must not be rolled or dragged smooth but left in the roughened condition. Slopes 3:1 or flatter are to be tracked with ridges running parallel to the contour of the slope.
- b. Apply fertilizer and lime as prescribed on the plans.
- c. Incorporate lime and fertilizer into the top 3 to 5 inches of soil by disking or other suitable means.
- 2. Permanent Stabilization
- a. A soil test is required for any earth disturbance of 5 acres or more. The minimum soil conditions required for permanent vegetative establishment are:
- i. Soil pH between 6.0 and 7.0.
- ii. Soluble salts less than 500 parts per million (ppm). iii. Soil contains less than 40 percent clay but enough fine grained material (greater than 30 percent silt plus clay) to provide the capacity to hold a moderate amount of moisture. An exception if lovegrass will be planted, then a sandy soil (less than 30 percent silt plus clay) would be acceptable.
- iv. Soil contains 1.5 percent minimum organic matter by weight. v. Soil contains sufficient pore space to permit adequate root penetration
- b. Application of amendments or topsoil is required if on-site soils do not meet the above conditions c. Graded areas must be maintained in a true and even grade as specified on the approved plan, then
- scarified or otherwise loosened to a depth of 3 to 5 inches. d. Apply soil amendments as specified on the approved plan or as indicated by the results of a soil test.
- e. Mix soil amendments into the top 3 to 5 inches of soil by disking or other suitable means. Rake lawn areas to smooth the surface, remove large objects like stones and branches, and ready the area for seed application. Loosen surface soil by dragging with a heavy chain or other equipment to roughen the surface where site conditions will not permit normal seedbed preparation. Track slopes 3:1 or flatter with tracked equipment leaving the soil in an irregular condition with ridges running parallel to the contour of the slope. Leave the top 1 to 3 inches of soil loose and friable. Seedbed loosening may be unnecessary on newly disturbed areas.

#### B. Topsoiling

1. Topsoil is placed over prepared subsoil prior to establishment of permanent vegetation. The purpose is to provide a suitable soil medium for vegetative growth. Soils of concern have low moisture content, low nutrient levels, low pH, materials toxic to plants, and/or unacceptable soil gradation.

- 2. Topsoil salvaged from an existing site may be used provided it meets the standards as set forth in these specifications. Typically, the depth of topsoil to be salvaged for a given soil type can be found in the representative soil profile section in the Soil Survey published by USDA-NRCS.
- 3. Topsoiling is limited to areas having 2:1 or flatter slopes where:

continuing supplies of moisture and plant nutrients

- a. The texture of the exposed subsoil/parent material is not adequate to produce vegetative growth
- b. The soil material is so shallow that the rooting zone is not deep enough to support plants or furnish
- c. The original soil to be vegetated contains material toxic to plant growth
- d. The soil is so acidic that treatment with limestone is not feasible.
- 4. Areas having slopes steeper than 2:1 require special consideration and design
- 5. Topsoil Specifications: Soil to be used as topsoil must meet the following criteria:
- a. Topsoil must be a loam, sandy loam, clay loam, silt loam, sandy clay loam, or loamy sand. Other soils may be used if recommended by an agronomist or soil scientist and approved by the appropriate approval authority. Topsoil must not be a mixture of contrasting textured subsoils and must contain less than 5 percent by volume of cinders, stones, slag, coarse fragments, gravel, sticks, roots, trash, or other materials larger than 1
- b. Topsoil must be free of noxious plants or plant parts such as Bermuda grass, quack grass, Johnson grass, nut sedge, poison ivy, thistle, or others as specified.
- c. Topsoil substitutes or amendments, as recommended by a qualified agronomist or soil scientist and approved by the appropriate approval authority, may be used in lieu of natural topsoil.
- 6. Topsoil Application
- a. Erosion and sediment control practices must be maintained when applying topsoil.
- b. Uniformly distribute topsoil in a 5 to 8 inch layer and lightly compact to a minimum thickness of 4 inches. Spreading is to be performed in such a manner that sodding or seeding can proceed with a minimum of additional soil preparation and tillage. Any irregularities in the surface resulting from topsoiling or other operations must be corrected in order to prevent the formation of depressions or water pockets.
- c. Topsoil must not be placed if the topsoil or subsoil is in a frozen or muddy condition, when the subsoil is excessively wet or in a condition that may otherwise be detrimental to proper grading and seedbed preparation

### C. Soil Amendments (Fertilizer and Lime Specifications)

1. Soil tests must be performed to determine the exact ratios and application rates for both lime and fertilizer on sites having disturbed areas of 5 acres or more. Soil analysis may be performed by a recognized private or commercial laboratory. Soil samples taken for engineering purposes may also be used for chemical

equipment. Manure may be substituted for fertilizer with prior approval from the appropriate approval authority. Fertilizers must all be delivered to the site fully labeled according to the applicable laws and must bear the name, trade name or trademark and warranty of the producer.

2. Fertilizers must be uniform in composition, free flowing and suitable for accurate application by appropriate

3. Lime materials must be ground limestone (hydrated or burnt lime may be substituted except when hydroseeding) which contains at least 50 percent total oxides (calcium oxide plus magnesium oxide). Limestone must be ground to such fineness that at least 50 percent will pass through a \*100 mesh sieve and 90 to 100

4. Lime and fertilizer are to be evenly distributed and incorporated into the top 3 to 5 inches of soil by disking or other suitable means.

5. Where the subsoil is either highly acidic or composed of heavy clays, spread ground limestone at the rate of 4 to 8 tons/acre (200-400 pounds per 1,000 square feet) prior to the placement of topsoil.

# TEMPORARY SEEDING NOTES (8-4-4)

- To stabilize disturbed soils with vegetation for up to 6 months.
- To use fast growing vegetation that provides cover on disturbed soils.

Conditions Where Practice Applies Exposed soils where ground cover is needed for a period of 6 months or less. For longer duration of time, permanent stabilization practices are required.

1. Select one or more of the species or seed mixtures listed in Table 8.1 for the appropriate Plant Hardiness Zone (from Figure B.3), and enter them in the Temporary Seeding Summary below along with application rates, seeding dates and seeding depths. If this Summary is not put on the plan and completed, then Table B.1 plus fertilizer and lime rates must be put on the plan.

2. For sites having soil tests performed, use and show the recommended rates by the testing agency. Soil tests are not required for Temporary Seeding.

3. When stabilization is required outside of a seeding season, apply seed and mulch or straw mulch alone as prescribed in Section 8-4-3.A.l.b and maintain until the next seeding season

				Temporary	Seeding	Summa
	/£ 6°	_	21.	6h		

ardiness Zone eed Mixture (1	(from Figure B.3) from Table B.1):	Fertilizer Rate (10-20-20)	Lime Rate		
Species	Application Rate (lb/ac)	Seeding Dates	Seeding Depths	·	·
BARLEY	96	3/1 - 5/15, 8/15 - 10/15	1"	436 lb/ac	2 tons/ac
OATS	72	3/1 - 5/15, 8/15 - 10/15	1"	(10 lb/ 1000 sf)	(90 lb/ 1000 sf)
RYE	112	3/1 - 5/15, 8/15 - 10/15	1-		

#### PERMANENT SEEDING NOTES (8-4-5)

#### A. Seed Modures

General Use

a. Select one or more of the species or mixtures listed in Table B.3 for the appropriate Plant Hardiness Zone (from Figure B.3) and based on the site condition or purpose found on Table B.2. Enter selected mixture(s), application rates, and seeding dates in the Permanent Seeding Summary. The Summary is to be

b. Additional planting specifications for exceptional sites such as shorelines, stream banks, or dunes or for special purposes such as wildlife or aesthetic treatment may be found in USDA-NRCS Technical Field Office

c. For sites having disturbed area over 5 acres, use and show the rates recommended by the soil testing agency. d. For areas receiving low maintenance, apply urea form fertilizer (46-0-0) at 3 1/2 pounds per 1000 square feet (150 pounds per acre) at the time of seeding in addition to the soil amendments shown in the Permanent Seeding Summary.

a. Areas where turforass may be desired include lawns, parks, playgrounds, and commercial sites which will receive a medium to high level of maintenance

b. Select one or more of the species or mixtures listed below based on the site conditions or purpose. Enter selected mixture(s), application rates, and seeding dates in the Permanent Seeding Summary. The summary is to be placed on the plan.

i. Kentucky Bluegrass: Full Sun Mixture: For use in areas that receive intensive management. Irrigation required in the areas of central Maryland and Eastern Shore. Recommended Certified Kentucky Bluegrass Cultivars Seeding Rate: 1.5 to 2.0 pounds per 1000 square feet. Choose a minimum of three Kentucky bluegrass cultivars with each ranging from 10 to 35 percent of the total mixture by weight.

ii. Kentucky Bluegrass/Perennial Rye: Full Sun Mixture: For use in full sun areas where rapid establishment is necessary and when turf will receive medium to intensive management. Certified Perennial Ryegrass Cultivars/Certified Kentucky Bluegrass Seeding Rate: 2 pounds mixture per 1000 square feet. Choose a minimum of three Kentucky bluegrass cultivars with each ranging from 10 to 35 percent of the

iii. Tall Fescue/Kentucky Bluegrass: Full Sun Mixture: For use in drought prone areas and/or for areas receiving low to medium management in full sun to medium shade. Recommended mixture includes; Certified Tall Fescue Cultivars 95 to 100 percent, Certified Kentucky Bluegrass Cultivars 0 to 5 percent. Seeding Rate: 5 to 8 pounds per 1000 square feet. One or more cultivars may be blended.

iv. Kentucky Bluegrass/Fine Fescue: Shade Mixture: For use in areas with shade in Bluegrass lawns. For establishment in high quality, intensively managed turf area. Mixture includes, Certified Kentucky Bluegrass Cultivars 30 to 40 percent and Certified Fine Fescue and 60 to 70 percent. Seeding Rate: 1 1/2 to 3 pounds per 1000 square feet.

Select turfgrass varieties from those listed in the most current University of Maryland Publication, Agronomy Memo \*77, "Turforass Cultivar Recommendations for Maryland"

Choose certified material. Certified material is the best guarantee of cultivar purity. The certification program of the Maryland Department of Agriculture, Turf and Seed Section, provides a reliable means of consumer protection

Ideal Times of Seeding for Turf Grass Mixtures Western MD: March 15 to June 1, August 1 to October 1 (Hardiness Zones: 5b, 6a) Central MD: March 1 to May 15, August 15 to October 15 (Hardiness Zone: 6b) Southern MD. Eastern Shore: March 1 to May 15, August 15 to October 15

d. Till areas to receive seed by disking or other approved methods to a depth of 2 to 4 inches, level and rake the areas to prepare a proper seedbed. Remove stones and debris over 1 1/2 inches in diameter. The resulting seedbed must be in such condition that future mowing of grasses will pose no

e. If soil moisture is deficient, supply new seedings with adequate water for plant growth ( 1/2 to 1 inch every 3 to 4 days depending on soil texture) until they are firmly established. This is especially true when seedings are made late in the planting season, in abnormally dry or hot seasons, or on adverse

#### Permanent Seeding Summary

Hardiness Zone (from Figure B.3): 6b Seed Mixture (from Table B.3): 6						Fertilizer Rate (10-20-20)			
No.	Species	Application Rate (lb/ac)	Seeding Dates	Seeding Depths	N	P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>	K <sub>2</sub> 0		
8	TALL FESCUE	100	Mar. 1-May 15 Aug. 1-Oct. 15	1/4-1/2 in	45 lbs. per acre	90 lb/ac (2 lb/	90 lb/ac (2 lb/	2 tons/ac (90 lb/	
					(1.0 lb/ 1000 sf)	1000 sf)	1000 sf)	1000 sf)	
							:		

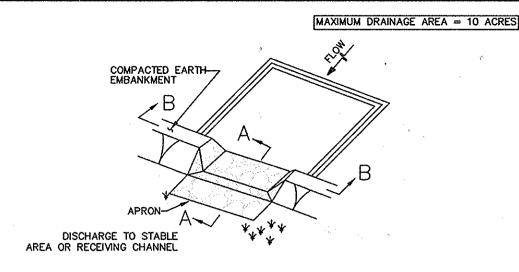
# STANDARD STABILIZATION NOTE

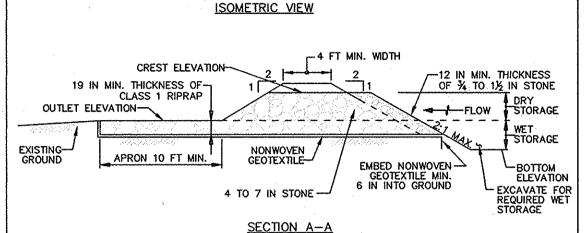
FOLLOWING INITIAL SOIL DISTURBANCE OR RE-DISTURBANCE, PERMANENT OR TEMPORARY STABILIZATION MUST BE COMPLETED WITHIN:

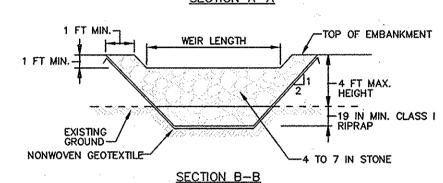
a.) THREE (3) CALENDAR DAYS AS TO THE SURFACE OF ALL PERIMETER DIKES. SWALES, DITCHES, PERIMETER SLOPES AND ALL SLOPES STEEPER THAN 3 HORIZONTAL TO 1 VERTICAL (3:1): AND

b.) SEVEN (7) CALENDAR DAYS AS TO ALL OTHER DISTURBED OR GRADED AREAS, ON THE PROJECT SITE NOT UNDER ACTIVE GRADING.

#### STANDARD SYMBOL DETAIL G-1-2 STONE/RIPRAP OUTLET ST-II SEDIMENT TRAP ST-II







#### CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS

- CONSTRUCT TRAP IN SUCH A MANNER THAT EROSION AND WATER POLLUTION ARE AVOIDED.
- CLEAR, GRUB, AND STRIP ANY VEGETATION AND ROOT MAT FROM THE AREA UNDER THE EMBANKMENT AND TRAP BOTTOM.
- USE FILL MATERIAL FREE OF ROOTS, WOODY VEGETATION, OVERSIZED STONES, ROCKS, ORGANIC MATERIAL, OR OTHER OBJECTIONABLE MATERIAL FOR THE EMBANKMENT.
- . CONSTRUCT TOP OF EMBANKMENT 1 FOOT MINIMUM ABOVE WEIR CREST. COMPACT THE EMBANKMENT BY TRAVERSING WITH EQUIPMENT WHILE IT IS BEING CONSTRUCTED.
- . MAKE ALL CUT AND FILL SLOPES 2:1 OR FLATTER:
- . PLACE NONWOVEN GEOTEXTILE, AS SPECIFIED IN SECTION H-1 MATERIALS, OVER THE BOTTOM AND SIDES OF OUTLET AND APRON PRIOR TO PLACEMENT OF RIPRAP. OVERLAP SECTIONS OF GEOTEXTILE AT LEAST 1 FOOT WITH THE SECTION NEARER TO THE TRAP PLACED ON TOP. EMBED GEOTEXTILE AT LEAST 6 INCHES INTO EXISTING GROUND AT ENTRANCE OF OUTLET CHANNE
- . USE CLEAN 4 TO 7 INCH RIPRAP TO CONSTRUCT THE WEIR. USE CLASS I RIPRAP FOR THE APRON. USE OF RECYCLED CONCRETE EQUIVALENT IS ACCEPTABLE.
- 3. PLACE 1 FOOT OF CLEAN ¾ TO 1½ INCH STONE OR EQUIVALENT RECYCLED CONCRETE ON THE UPSTREAM FACE OF THE WEIR.
- CONSTRUCT AND MAINTAIN THE OUTLET ACCORDING TO APPROVED PLAN, AND IN SUCH A MANNER THAT EROSION AT OR BELOW THE OUTLET DOES NOT OCCUR.
- O. STABILIZE THE EMBANKMENT AND INTERIOR SLOPES WITH SEED AND MULCH, STABILIZE POINTS OF CONCENTRATED INFLOW AS SHOWN ON APPROVED PLAN.
- REMOVE SEDIMENT AND RESTORE TRAP TO ORIGINAL DIMENSIONS WHEN SEDIMENT HAS ACCUMULATED TO CLEANOUT ELEVATION (50% OF WET STORAGE DEPTH). DEPOSIT REMOVED SEDIMENT IN AN APPROVED AREA AND IN SUCH A MANNER THAT IT WILL NOT ERODE, KEEP POINTS OF INFLOW AND OUTFLOW AS WELL AS INTERIOR OF THE TRAP FREE FROM EROSION, AND REMOVE ACCUMULATED DEBRIS. MAINTAIN EMBANKMENTS TO CONTINUOUSLY MEET REQUIREMENTS FOR ADEQUATE VEGETATIVE FSTARI ISHMENT IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION B-4 VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION, REMOVE ANY TREES, BRUSH, OR OTHER WOODY VEGETATION GROWING ON EMBANKMENT OR NEAR PRINCIPAL SPILLWAY. MAINTAIN LINE, GRADE, AND CROSS SECTION.

TURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE

- 12. WHEN DEWATERING TRAP, PASS REMOVED WATER THROUGH AN APPROVED SEDIMENT CONTROL
- 13. UPON REMOVAL, GRADE AND STABILIZE THE AREA OCCUPIED BY TRAP.

1	MARYLAND	STANDARDS	AND S	SPECIFICATIONS	FOR	SOIL	EROSION	AND	SEDIMENT (	CONTRO	DL.
U.S. DE	PARTMENT	OF AGRICULT	URE		244		MARY	LAND	DEPARTMEN	T OF E	NVIRONMENT

# SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION

- 1. OBTAIN GRADING PERMITS. (2 WEEKS)
- 2. NOTIFY "MISS UTILITY" AT LEAST 40 HOURS BEFORE BEGINNING ANY WORK AT 1-000-257-7777. NOTIFY HOWARD COUNTY OFFICE OF CONSTRUCTION/INSPECTION DIVISION AT 410-313-1070 AT LEAST 24 HOURS BEFORE STARTING ANY WORK. IN ADDITION, NOTIFY AT&T PRIOR TO ANY ACTIVITY WITHIN THEIR EASEMENT.
- 3. INSTALL STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE. (1 DAY)
- 4. INSTALL SUPER-SILT FENCE AND TREE PROTECTION WHERE SHOWN ON THE PLANS. CLEAR AND GRUB WHERE NECESSARY FOR ROADWAY CONSTRUCTION AND LOT CONSTRUCTION, (4 WEEKS)
- 5. INSTALL SEDIMENT CONTROL STONE OUTLET TRAPS •1 THRU •3. (2 WEEKS)
- 6. INSTALL EARTH DIKES TO SEDIMENT TRAPS FROM STEP 5 ALONG WITH THE PROPOSED BAFFLES AS SHOWN ON THE PLANS. OBTAIN PERMISSION FROM INSPECTOR AFTER CONSTRUCTING THESE TRAPS AND EARTH DIKES. (2 WEEKS)
- 7. AFTER PERMISSION IS GRANTED BY THE SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR, GRADE SITE TO SUBGRADE AND STABILIZE USING TEMPORARY SEEDING NOTES. (1 WEEK)
- 8. INSTALL STORM DRAIN SYSTEM AS SHOWN ON THE PLANS. BLOCK OFF M-2 AT THE OUTFALL AND INSTALL 10" FLEXIBLE PIPE TO OUTFALL INTO THE PROPOSED STONE OUTLET SEDIMENT TRAP \*3. BLOCK OFF I-13 & M-6 AND INSTALL 10" FLEXIBLE PIPE INTO THE PROPOSED STONE OUTLET SEDIMENT TRAPS \*1 & \*2. (3 WEEKS)
- 9. INSTALL ROADWAY BASE COURSE PAVING. (2 WEEKS)
- 10. STABILIZE ALL DISTURBED AREAS. (1 DAY)
- 11. APPLY TACK COAT TO BASE COURSE PAVING AND LAY SURFACE COURSE. (2 WEEKS)

12. WHEN ALL CONTRIBUTING AREAS TO THE SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES HAVE BEEN STABILIZED AND WITH THE PERMISSION OF THE SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR, THE DEVICES MAY BE REMOVED AND/OR BACKFILLED AND THE REMAINING AREAS BROUGHT TO FINAL GRADE. THIS INCLUDES THE INSTALLATION OF THE 4 MICRO BIO-RETENTION (M-6) FACILITIES TO TREAT THE ROADWAY RUNOFF. IN ADDITION, INSTALL THE PROPOSED BIO-RETENTION . (F-6) FACILITY ON OPEN SPACE LOT 26. THE INFILTRATION BERM (M-4) AND SURFACE SAND FILTERS (F-1) . 4 . 2. (3 WEEKS)

13 UPON COMPLETION OF ROADWAY CONSTRUCTION, STABILIZE AREAS AND REMOVE TEMPORARY DEVICES INCLUDING THE THREE (3) BULKHEADS LOCATED WITHIN M-2. I-13 & M-6. (1 DAY)

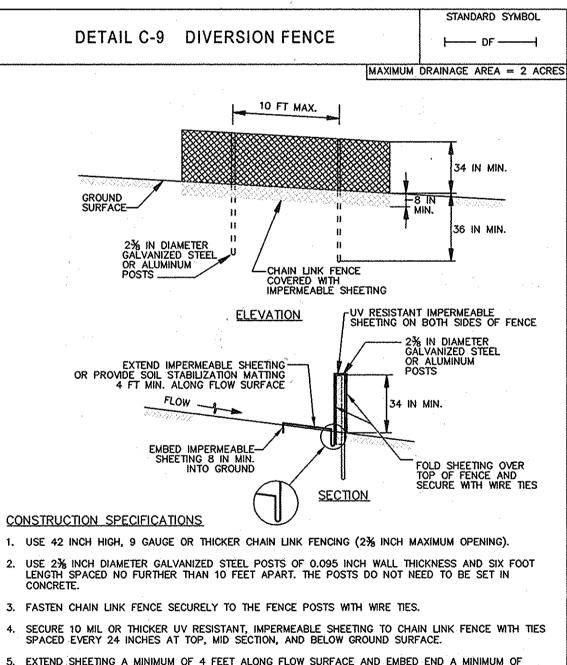
13. NOTIFY HOWARD COUNTY OFFICE OF INSPECTIONS AND PERMITS FOR A FINAL INSPECTION OF THE COMPLETED PROJECT.

14. AFTER CONSTRUCTION OF THE FINAL STORMWATER FACILITY HAS BEEN COMPLETED, THE DEVELOPER MUST HAVE AN AS-BUILT PLAN PREPARED AND SUBMITTED TO HOWARD COUNTY BY THE PROJECT ENGINEER.

NOTE: CONTRACTOR SHALL CLEAN AND RESTORE THE RECEIVING PONDS OF ANY AND ALL SEDIMENT, TO THEIR ORIGINALLY DESIGNED GRADE.

NOTE: THE CONTRACTOR SHALL INSPECT AND PROVIDE NECESSARY MAINTENANCE ON ALL SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL STRUCTURES SHOWN HEREON AFTER EACH RAINFALL AND ON A DAILY BASIS. REMOVE SEDIMENT FROM S.O.S.T. No.'s 1 THRU 3 WHEN CLEANOUT ELEVATIONS ARE REACHED. ALL SEDIMENT MUST BE PLACED UPSTREAM OF AN APPROVED BASIN DEVICE.

NOTE: NO REVISION TO THE SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION WILL BE ALLOWED WITHOUT PRIOR APPROVAL FROM THE HOWARD 5CD.



- 5. EXTEND SHEETING A MINIMUM OF 4 FEET ALONG FLOW SURFACE AND EMBED END A MINIMUM OF 8 INCHES INTO GROUND. SOIL STABILIZATION MATTING MAY BE USED IN LIEU OF IMPERMEABLE SHEETING ALONG FLOW SURFACE.
- WHEN TWO SECTIONS OF SHEETING ADJOIN EACH OTHER, OVERLAP BY 6 INCHES AND FOLD WITH SEAM
- FACING DOWNGRADE. KEEP FLOW SURFACE ALONG DIVERSION FENCE AND POINT OF DISCHARGE FREE OF EROSION. REMOVE ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT AND DEBRIS. MAINTAIN POSITIVE DRAINAGE. REPLACE IMPERMEABLE SHEETING IF TORN. IF UNDERMINING OCCURS, REINSTALL FENCE.

MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION



"Professional certification. I hereby certify that these documents were prepared by me, and that I am a duly Licensed Professional Engineer under the laws of the State of Maryland, License No. 20740, Expiration Date 2-22-15."

**REVISIONS** DATE DESCRIPTION

ENGINEER'S CERTIFICATE

Represense A Practical And Workable Plan Based On My Personal

Resulting of the Howard Soil Conservation District.

DEVELOPER'S CERTIFICATE

"I/We Certify That All Development And Construction Will Be Done

According to This Plan Of Development And Plan For Erosion And Sediment

Project Will Have A Certificate Of Attendance At A Department Of Natural

Approved: This Development Is Approved For Erosion And Sediment Control By

3/04/14

Z.26.14

2-20-14

Control And That All Responsible Personnel Involved In The Construction

Resources Approved Training Program For The Control Of Sediment And

Erosion Before Beginning The Project. I Also Authorize Periodic On-Site

Inspection By The Howard Soil Conservation District Or Their Authorized

The Howard Soil Conservation District.

opproved: Department Of Planning And Zoning

Approved: Howard County Department Of Public Works

chief. Development Engineering Division

May J. Mehl. Chief, Bureau Of Highways Mr.

Agents, As Are Deemed Necessary."

Certification This Plan For Erosion And Sediment Control

The Site Condition And That It Was Prepared in Accordance

#### HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT STANDARD SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES

PROVISIONS OF THIS PLAN AND ARE TO BE IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE MOST CURRENT

- D A MINIMUM OF 48 HOURS NOTICE MUST BE GIVEN TO THE HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF INSPECTIONS, LICENSES AND PERMITS, SEDIMENT CONTROL DIVISION PRIOR TO THE START OF ANY CONSTRUCTION (410-313-1055). 2) ALL VEGETATIVE AND STRUCTURAL PRACTICES ARE TO BE INSTALLED ACCORDING TO THE
- MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL AND REVISIONS THERETO. 3) FOLLOWING INITIAL SOIL DISTURBANCE OR RE-DISTURBANCE, PERMANENT OR TEMPORARY STABILIZATION SHALL BE COMPLETED WITHIN: a) 3 CALENDAR DAYS FOR ALL PERIMETER SEDIMENT CONTROL STRUCTURES, DIKES, PERIMETER SLOPES AND ALL SLOPES GREATER THAN
- 3:1, b) 7 DAYS AS TO ALL OTHER DISTURBED OR GRADED AREAS ON THE PROJECT SITE. 4) ALL DISTURBED AREAS MUST BE STABILIZED WITHIN THE TIME PERIOD SPECIFIED ABOVE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE 2011 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL FOR PERMANENT SEEDING (SEC. 8-4-5), TEMPORARY SEEDING (SEC. B-4-4) AND MULCHING (SEC. B-4-3). TEMPORARY STABILIZATION WITH MULCH ALONE CAN ONLY BE DONE WHEN RECOMMENDED SEEDING DATES DO NOT ALLOW FOR
- PROPER GERMINATION AND ESTABLISHMENT OF GRASSES. 5) ALL SEDIMENT CONTROL STRUCTURES ARE TO REMAIN IN PLACE AND ARE TO BE MAINTAINED IN OPERATIVE CONDITION UNTIL PERMISSION FOR THEIR REMOVAL HAS BEEN OBTAINED FROM THE HOWARD COUNTY SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR.
- 6) SITE ANALYSIS: TOTAL AREA OF SITE 46.489 ACRES AREA DISTURBED 10.03 ACRES AREA TO BE ROOFED OR PAVED 3.10 ACRES AREA TO BE VEGETATIVELY STABILIZED 6.93 ACRES
- 20,000 CU.YDS. (Unadjusted) 15,000 CU.YDS. (Unadjusted) TOTAL FILL OFFSITE WASTE/BORROW AREA LOCATION ANY SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICE THAT IS DISTURBED BY GRADING ACTIVITY FOR PLACEMENT OF UTILITIES MUST BE REPAIRED ON THE SAME DAY OF DISTURBANCE. 3) ADDITIONAL SEDIMENT CONTROL MUST BE PROVIDED, IF DEEMED NECESSARY BY THE

TOTAL CUT

- HOWARD COUNTY SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR. 9) ON ALL SITES WITH DISTURBED AREAS IN EXCESS OF 2 ACRES, APPROVAL OF THE INSPECTION AGENCY SHALL BE REQUESTED UPON COMPLETION OF INSTALLATION OF PERIMETER EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS, BUT BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH ANY OTHER EARTH DISTURBANCE OR GRADING. OTHER BUILDING OR GRADING INSPECTION APPROVALS MAY NOT BE AUTHORIZED UNTIL THIS INITIAL APPROVAL BY THE INSPECTION AGENCY IS MADE.
- (0) TRENCHES FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF UTILITIES IS LIMITED TO THREE PIPE LENGTHS OR THAT WHICH SHALL BE BACK-FILLED AND STABILIZED BY THE END OF EACH WORKDAY, WHICHEVER IS SHORTER. 11) ANY CHANGES OR REVISIONS TO THE SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION MUST BE REVIEWED AND APPROVED BY THE PLAN APPROVAL AUTHORITY PRIOR TO PROCEEDING WITH
- 12) A PROJECT IS TO BE SEQUENCED SO THAT GRADING ACTIVITIES BEGIN ON ONE GRADING UNIT MAXIMUM ACREAGE OF 20 ACRE PER GRADING UNIT) AT A TIME. WORK MAY PROCEED TO A SUBSEQUENT GRADING UNIT WHEN AT LEAST 50 PERCENT OF THE DISTURBED AREA IN THE PROCEEDING GRADING UNIT HAS BEEN STABILIZED AND APPROVED BY THE ENFORCEMENT AUTHORITY. UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED AND APPROVED BY THE APPROVAL AUTHORITY, NO MORE THAN 30 ACRES CUMULATIVELY MAY BE DISTURBED AT A GIVEN TIME.

SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL NOTES & DETAILS

Centennial Lake Overlook

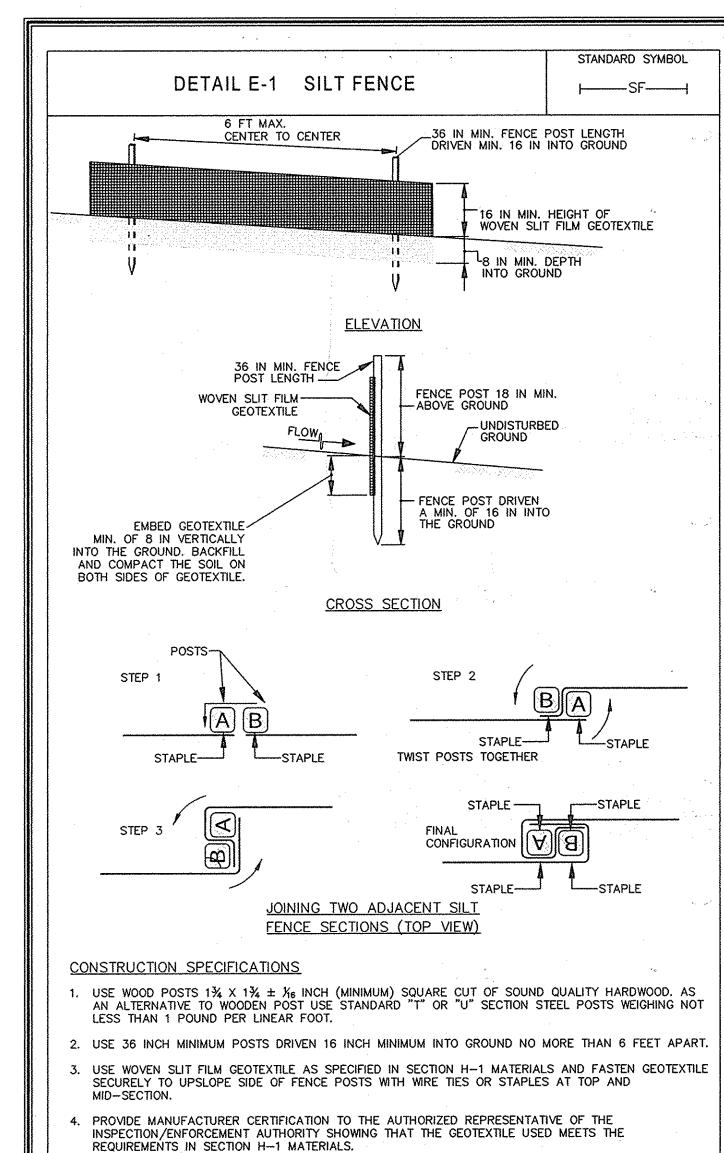
Section One Buildable Lots 1 Thru 23. Open Space Logs 24 Thru 20 & Buildable Bulk Parcels 'A' And 'B'

10729 At Folio 329 And Liber 10729 At Folio 335) Zonina: R-20 Tax Map No. 30 Grid No. 2 Parcel No. 86 2nd Election District Howard County, Maryland

Scale: As Shown Date: January 10, 2014 Sheet 11 Of 30

IVIL ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS & LAND SURVEYOR L SQUARE OFFICE PARK - 10272 BALTIMORE NATIONAL PIK ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042

I FISHER, COLLINS & CARTER, INC.



EMBED GEOTEXTILE A MINIMUM OF 8 INCHES VERTICALLY INTO THE GROUND. BACKFILL AND COMPACT

45 DEGREES TO THE MAIN FENCE ALIGNMENT TO PREVENT RUNOFF FROM GOING AROUND THE ENDS

WHERE TWO SECTIONS OF GEOTEXTILE ADJOIN: OVERLAP, TWIST, AND STAPLE TO POST IN

EXTEND BOTH ENDS OF THE SILT FENCE A MINIMUM OF FIVE HORIZONTAL FEET UPSLOPE AT

REMOVE ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT AND DEBRIS WHEN BULGES DEVELOP IN SILT FENCE OR WHEN SEDIMENT REACHES 25% OF FENCE HEIGHT. REPLACE GEOTEXTILE IF TORN. IF UNDERMINING OCCURS,

MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

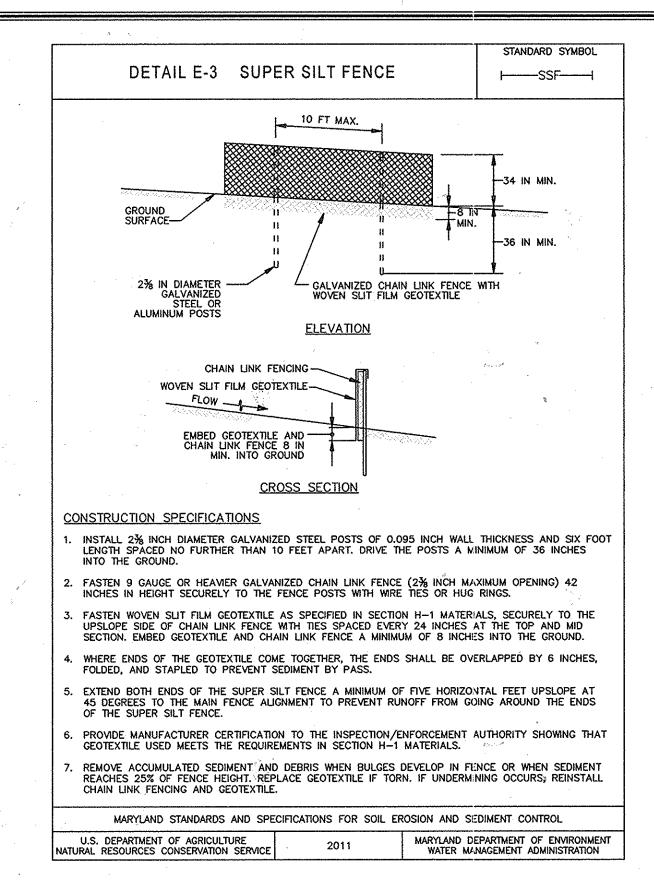
MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT

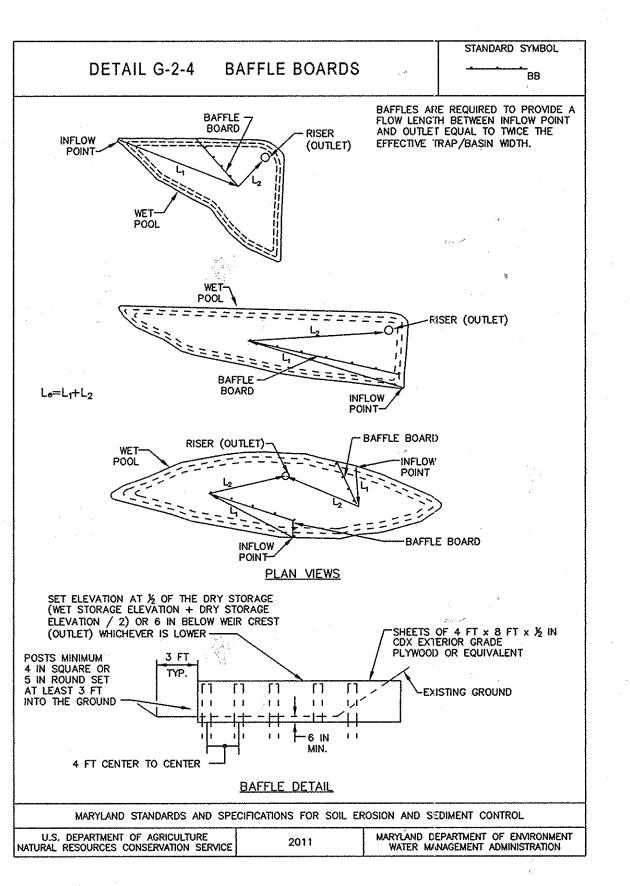
WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION

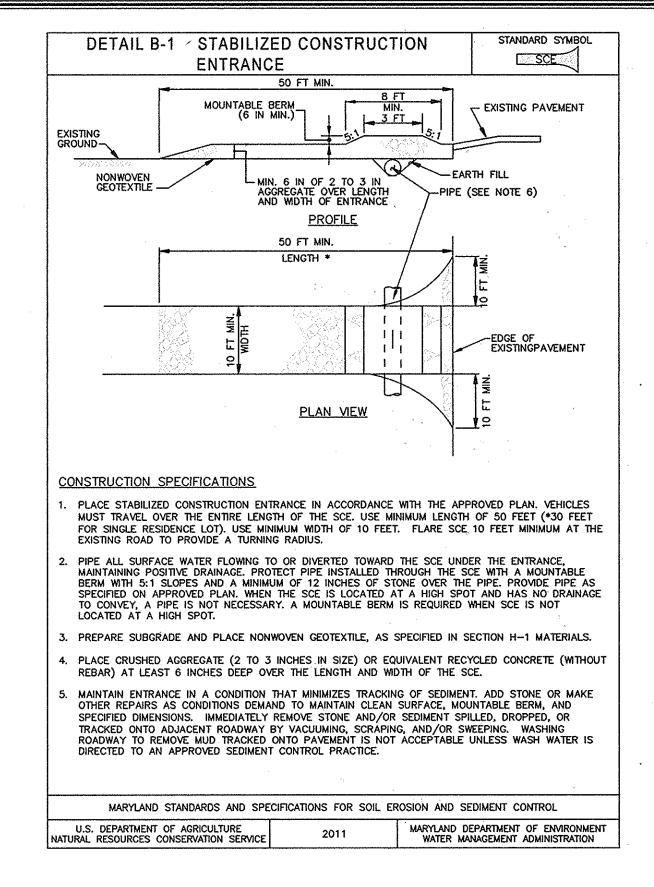
ACCORDANCE WITH THIS DETAIL.

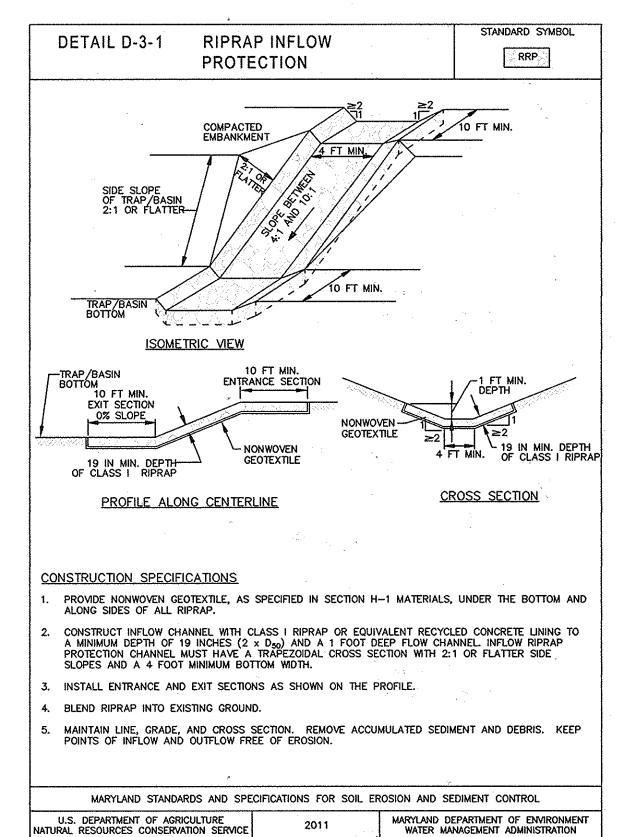
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

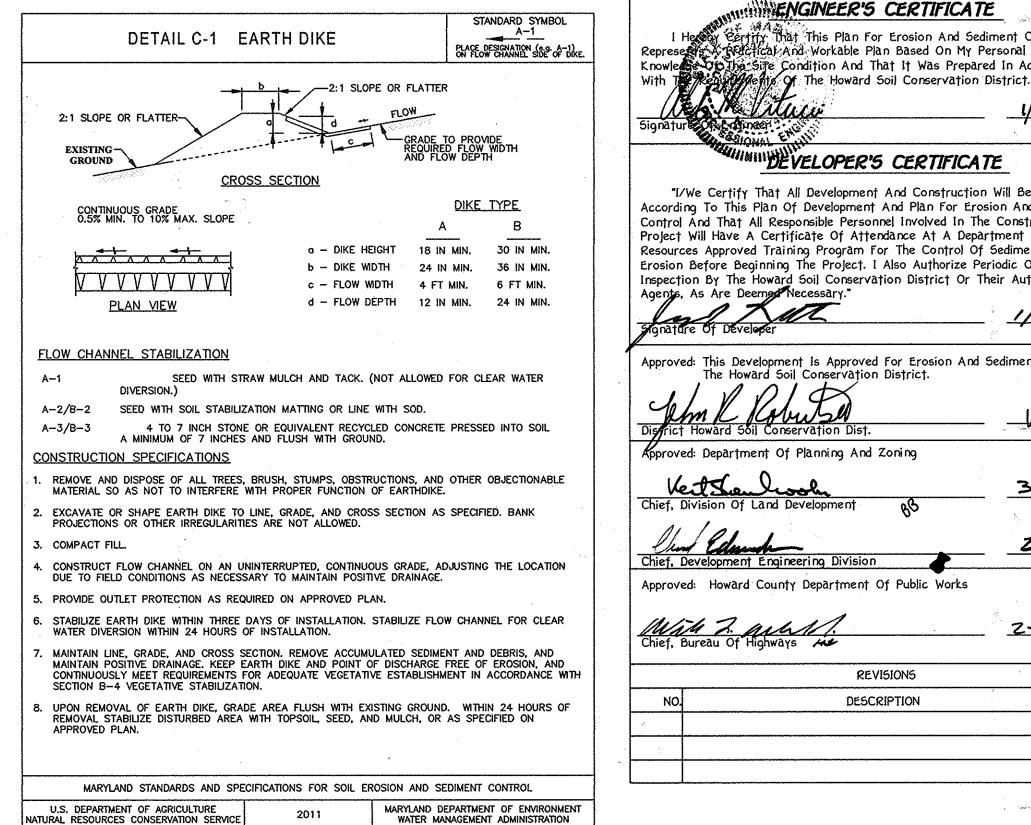
NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE







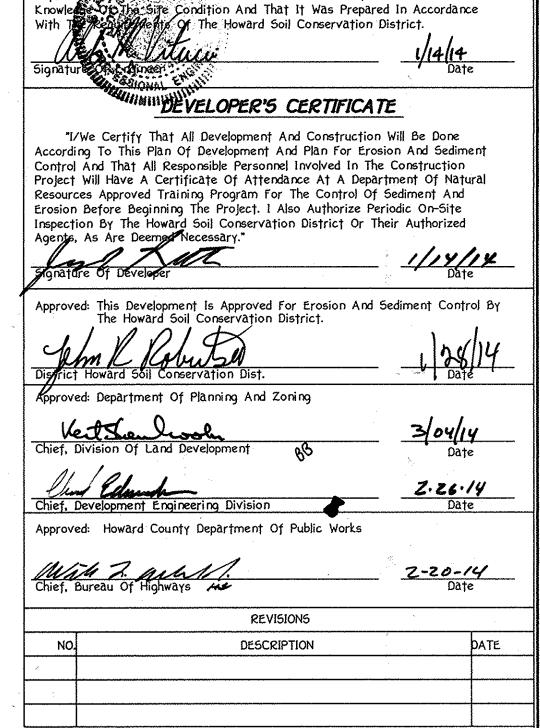




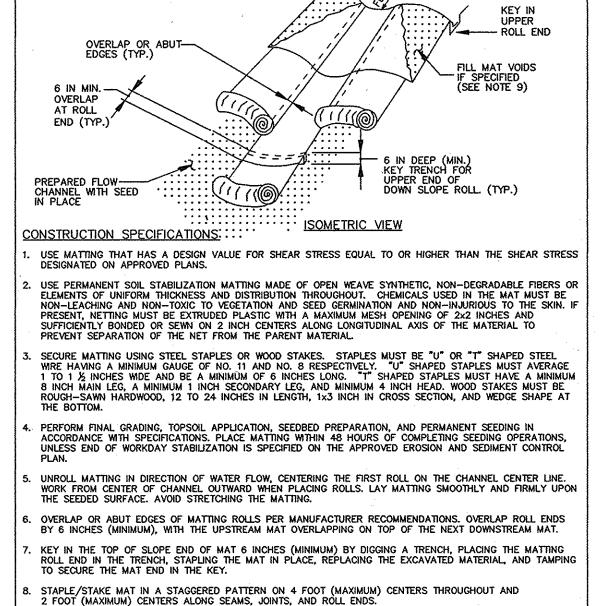
STANDARD SYMBOL

PSSMC - \* lb/ft

(\* INCLUDE SHEAR STRESS)



That This Plan For Erosion And Sediment Control



PERMANENT SOIL

STABILIZATION MATTING

CHANNEL APPLICATION

DETAIL B-4-6-C

B. STAPLE/STAKE MAT IN A STAGGERED PATTERN ON 4 FOOT (MAXIMUM) CENTERS THROUGHOUT AND 2 FOOT (MAXIMUM) CENTERS ALONG SEAMS, JOINTS, AND ROLL ENDS. . IF SPECIFIED BY THE DESIGNER OR MANUFACTURER AND DEPENDING ON THE TYPE OF MAT BEING INSTALLED, ONCE THE MATTING IS KEYED AND STAPLED IN PLACE, FILL THE MAT VOIDS WITH TOP SOIL OR GRANULAR

MATERIAL AND LIGHTLY COMPACT OR ROLL TO MAXIMIZE SOIL/MAT CONTACT WITHOUT CRUSHING MAT. 10. ESTABLISH AND MAINTAIN VEGETATION SO THAT REQUIREMENTS FOR ADEQUATE VEGETATIVE ESTABLISHMENT ARE CONTINUOUSLY MET IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION B-4 VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION.

MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

"Professional certification. I hereby certify that these documents were prepared by me, and that I am a duly Licensed Professional Engineer under the laws of the State of Maryland, License No. 20748. Expiration Date 2-22-15."

SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL NOTES & DETAILS

Centennial Lake Overlook

Section One Buildable Lots 1 Thru 23, Open Space Lots 24 Thru 28 & Buildable Builk Parcels 'A' And 'B' (being A Subdivision Of Tax Parcel No. 86, Tax Map No. 30, Liber 10729 At Folio 329 And Liber 10729 At Folio 335) Zoning: R-20

Tax Map No. 30 Grid No. 2 Parcel No. 86 2nd Election District Howard County, Maryland Scale: As Shown Date: January 10, 2014 Sheet 12 Of 30

IFISHER, COLLINS & CARTER, INC. ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042

OWNER JOHN TENNEY MASON, JR. FAMILY LLC AND FRANCES WELLFORD MASON FAMILY "LLC c/o MR. JOHN TENNEY MASON, III, GENERAL MEMBER 7636 GAITHER ROAD

SYKESVILLE, MD 21704

DEVELOPER DOUBLE R VENTURES, LLC c/o LAND DESIGN AND DEVELOPMENT, INC. 5300 DORSEY HALL DRIVE, SUITE 102 ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042 (443-367-0422)

THERE IS NO AS-BUILT INFORMATION ON THIS SHEET

1. The owner shall maintain the plant material, mulch layer and soil layer annually, maintenance of mulch and soil is limited to correcting areas of erosion or wash out. Any mulch replacement shall be done in the spring. Plant material shall be checked for disease and insect infestation and maintenance will address dead material and pruning Acceptable replacement plant material is limited to the following: 2000 Maryland stormwater design manual volume II, table A.4.1 and 2.

2. The owner shall perform a plant in the spring and in the fall each year during the inspection, the owner shall remove dead and diseased vegetation considered beyond treatment, replace dead plant material with acceptable replacement plant material. Treat diseased trees and shrubs and replace all deficient stakes and wires. 3. The owner shall inspect the mulch each spring. The mulch shall be replaced every two to three years, The

previous mulch layer shall be removed before the new layer is applied. 4. The owner shall correct soil erosion on an as needed basis, with a minimum of once per month and after each

### Infiltration and Filter System Construction Specifications

permeable medium such as sand for WC), and Re v. In some instances where permeability is great, these facilities may be used for Op as well. The most common systems include infiltration trenches, infiltration basins, sand filters, and organic filters

When properly planted, vegetation will thrive and enhance the functioning of these systems. For example, pre-treatment buffers will trap sediments that often are bound with phosphorous and metals. Vegetation planted in the facility will aid in nutrient uptake and water storage. Additionally, plant roots will provide arteries for stormwater to permeate soil for groundwater recharge. Finally, successful plantings provide aesthetic value and wildlife habitat making these facilities more desirable to the public.

#### Design Constraints:

> Planting buffer strips of at least 20 feet will cause sediments to settle out before reaching the facility, thereby reducing the possibility of clogging.

> Determine areas that will be saturated with water and water table depth so that appropriate plants may be selected (hydrology will be similar to bioretention facilities, see figure A.5 and Table A.4 for planting material guidance).

> Plants known to send down deep taproots should be avoided in systems where filter fabric is

used as part of facility design.

> Test soil conditions to determine if soil amendments are necessary. > Plants shall be located so that access is possible for structure maintenance

> Stabilize heavy flow areas with erosion control mats or sod. > Temporarily divert flows from seeded areas until vegetation is established > See Table A.5 for additional design considerations.

Soil Bed Characteristics
The characteristics of the soil for the bioretention facility are perhaps as important as the facility location, size, and treatment volume. The soil must be permeable enough to allow runoff to filter through the media, while having characteristics suitable to promote and sustain a robust vegetative cover crop. In addition, much of the nutrient pollutant uptake (nitrogen and phosphorus) is accomplished through absorption and microbial activity within the soil profile. Therefore, soils must balance their chemical and physical properties to support biotic communities above and below oround.

The planting soil should be a sandy loam, loamy sand, loam (USDA), or a loam/sand mix (should contain a minimum 35 to 60% sand, by volume). The clay content for these soils should be less than 25% by volume [Environmental Quality Resources (EQR), 1996; Engineering Technology Inc. and Biohabitats, Inc. (ETAB), 1993). Soils should fall within the SM, ML, SC classifications of the Unified Soil Classification System (USCS). A permeability of at least 1.0 feet per day (0.5°/hr) is required (a conservative value of 0.5 feet per day is used for design). The soil should be free of stones, stumps, roots, or other woody material over 1° in diameter. Brush o seeds from noxious weeds (e.g., Johnson Grass, Mugwort, Nutsedge, and Canada Thistie or other noxious weeds as specified under COMAR 15.08.01.05.) should not be present in the soils. Placement of the planting soil should be in 12 to 18 lifts that are loosely compacted (tamped lightly with a backhoe bucket or traversed by dozer tracks). The specific characteristics are presented in Table A.3.

Parameter	Value
pH range	5.2 to 7.00
Organic matter	1.5 to 4.0% (by weight)
Magnesium	35 lbs. per acre, minimum
Phosphorus (phosphäte - P2O5)	75 lbs. per acre, minimum
Potassium (potash -1(K2O)	05 lbs. per acre, minimum
Soluble salts	500 ppm
Clay	10 to 25 X
Silt	30 to 55 ¥
5and	35 to 60%

# Mulch Layer

The mulch layer plays an important role in the performance of the bioretention system. The mulch layer helps maintain soil moisture and avoids surface sealing, which reduces permeability Much helps prevent erosion, and provides a microenvironment suitable for soil biota at the mulch/soil interface. It also serves as a pretreatment layer, trapping the finer sediments,

The mulch layer should be standard landscape style, single or double shredded hardwood mulch or chips. The mulch layer should be well aged (stockpiled or stored for at least 12 months), uniform in color, and free of other materials, such as weed seeds, soil, roots, etc. The mulch should be applied to a maximum depth of three inches. Grass clippings should not be used as a

**Planting Guidance**Plant material selection should be based on the goal of simulating a terrestrial forested community of native species. Bioretention simulates an upland-species ecosystem. The community should be dominated by trees, but have a distinct community of understory trees, shrubs and herbaceous materials. By creating a diverse, dense plant cover, a bioretention facility will be able to treat stormwater runoff and withstand urban stresses from insects. disease, drought, temperature, wind, and exposure. The proper selection and installation of plant materials is key to a successful system. There are essentially three zones within a bioretention facility (Figure A.5). The lowest elevation supports plant species adapted to standing and fluctuating water levels. The middle elevation supports plants that like drier soil conditions, but can still tolerate occasional inundation by

water. The outer edge is the highest elevation and generally supports plants adapted to dryer conditions. A sample of appropriate plant materials for bioretention facilities are included in Table A.4. The layout of plant material should be flexible, but should follow the general principals described in Table A.S. The objective is to have a system, which resembles a random, and natural plant layout, while maintaining optimal conditions for plant establishment and growth. For a more extensive bioretention plan, consult ETAB, 1993 or Claytor and Schueler, 1997.

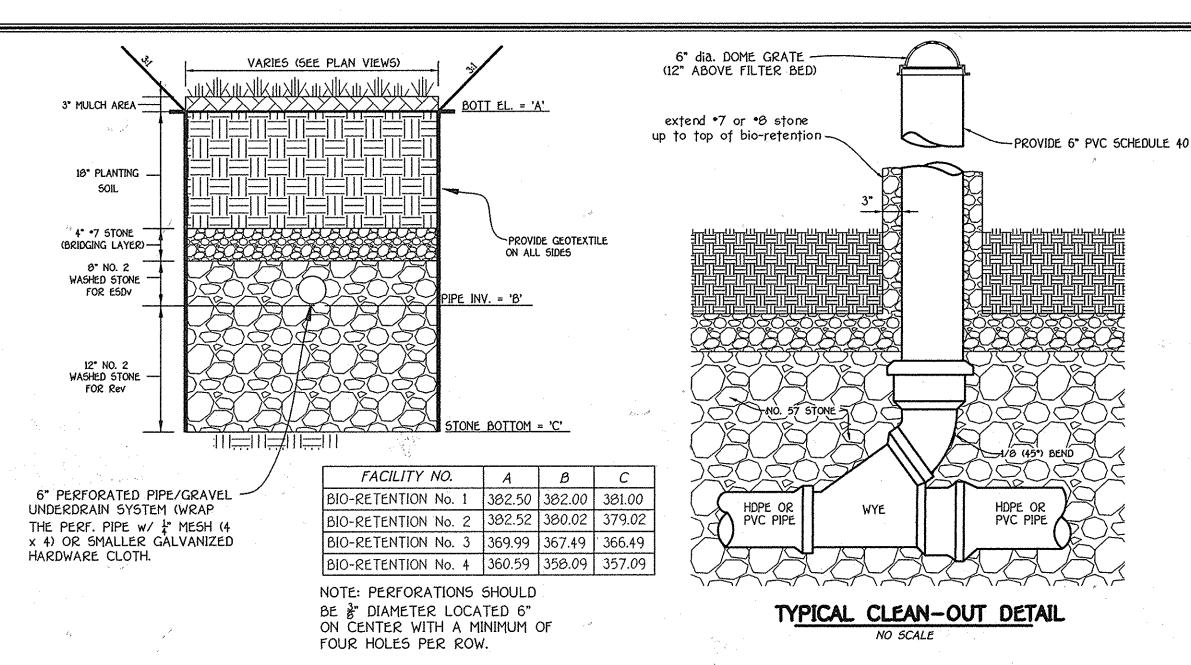
> NOTE: THE PROPOSED 4' SIDEWALK SHALL BE TRAFFIC BEARING (7" REINFORCED CONCRETE) A MINIMUM OF 25' ON EITHER SIDE OF THE PROPOSED COG/COS INLET OPENING

FISHER, COLLINS & CARTER, INC.

ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042

(410) 461 - 2855

SQUARE OFFICE PARK - 10272 BALTIMORE NATIONAL PI



(FACILITY Nos. 1 THRU 4) MICRO BIO-RETENTION (M-6) SECTION

NO SCALE

# Table B.3.1 Material Specifications for Sand filters

Material	Specifications/Test Method	Size	Notes
and .	clean AASHTO-M-6 of ASTM-Cconcrete sand	0.02" to 0.04"	Sand substitutions such as Diabase and Graystone *10 are note acceptable. No calcium carbonated or dolomitic sand substitutions are: acceptable. No' "rock dust" can be used for sand:
pea†	ash content: < 15% pH range: 5.2 to 4.9 loose bulk density 0.12 to 0.15 g/cc	N/a	The material must be reed-sedge hemic peat, shredded, uncompacted, uniform, and clean
eaf compost		N/a	
underdrain gravel	AA5HTO-M-43	0.375" to 0.75"	
peotextile fabric (if required)	ASTM-D-4833 (puncture strength lb.) ASTM-D-4632 (Tensile Strength lb.)	0.08" thick equivalent opening size of *80 sieve	Must maintain 125 gpm per sq. ft. flow rate. Note: a 4" pea gravel layer may be substituted for geotextiles meant to "separate" sand filter layers.
mpermeable liner f required)	ASTM-D-4833 (thickness) ASTM-D-412 (tensile strength 1,100 lb., elongation 200%) ASTM-D-624 (Tear resistance - 150 lb./in)	30 mil thickness	Liner to be ultraviolet resistant. A geotextile fabric should be used to protect the liner from puncture.
	ASTM-D-471 (water adsorption +8 to -2% mass)		Est of
inderdrain piping	F 750, Type P5 20 or AASHTO-M-270	4" - 6" rigid schedule 40 PVC or 5DR35	3/8" perf. © 6" on center, 4 holes per row; minimum of 3" of gravel over pipes; not necessary underneath pipes
concrete (cast-in-place)	MSHA Standards and Specs. Section 902, Mix No. 3, f'c = 3500 psi, normal weight, air-entrained: reinforcing to meet ASTM-615-60	N/a	on-site testing of poured-in-place concrete required: 28 day strength and slump test; all concrete design (cast-in-place or precast) not using previously approved State or local standards requires design drawings sealed and approved by a professional structural engineer licensed in the State of Maryland
oncrete (pre-cast)	per pre-cast manufacturer	N/a	SEE ABOVE NOTE
on-rebar steel	ASTM A-36	N/a	

# Sand Filter Specifications

1. Material Specifications for Sand Filters

The allowable materials for sand filter construction are detailed in Table B.3.1. 2. Sand Filter Testing Specifications

Underground sand filters, facilities within sensitive groundwater aquifers, and filters designed to serve urban hot spots are to be tested for water tightness prior to placement of filter media. Entrances and exits should be plugged and the system completely filled with water to demonstrate water tightness. Water tightness means no leakage for a period of 8 hours.

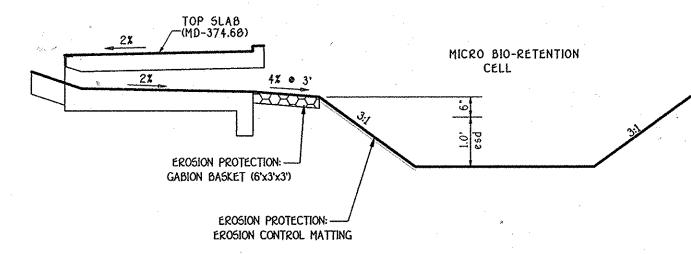
All overflow weirs, multiple orifices and flow distribution slots are to be field-tested to verify adequate distribution of flows.

3. Sand Filter Construction Specifications Provide sufficient maintenance access (i.e., 12-foot-wide road with legally recorded easement). Vegetated access slopes are to be a maximum of 10%; gravel slopes to 15%; paved slopes to

Absolutely no runoff is to enter the filter until all contributing drainage areas have been stabilized. Surface of filter bed is to be level.

All underground sand filters should be clearly delineated with signs so that they may be located when maintenance is due.

Surface sand filters may be planted with appropriate grasses: see MAA Approved Species List. "Pocket" sandfilters (and residential bio-retention facilities treating areas larger than an acre) shall be sized with a' stone "window" that covers approximately 10% of the filter area. This "window" shall be filled pea gravel (3/4 inch stone).



SCHEMATIC SECTION FLOW INLET INTO MICRO BIO-RETENTION

note: see sheet 20 for details of the private STORMWATER MANAGEMENT FACILITIES TO BE BUILT

OWNER

under the 50p.

JOHN TENNEY MASON, JR. FAMILY LLC AND FRANCES WELLFORD MASON FAMILY LLC c/o MR. JOHN TENNEY MASON, III, GENERAL MEMBER 7636 GAITHER ROAD 5YKE5VILLE, MD 21704 (443-367-0422)

DEVELOPER DOUBLE R VENTURES, LLC c/o LAND DESIGN AND DEVELOPMENT, INC. 5300 DORSEY HALL DRIVE, SUITE 102 ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042 (443-367-0422)

UNDERDRAIN PIPE SHALL BE 4" TO 6" DIAMETER, SLOTTED OR PERFORATED RIGID PLASTIC PIPE (ASTMF 750, TYPE PS 28 OR AASHTO-M- 278) IN A GRAVEL LAYER. THE PREFERRED MATERIAL IS SLOTTED 4" RIGID PIPE (e.g., PVC OR HDPE).

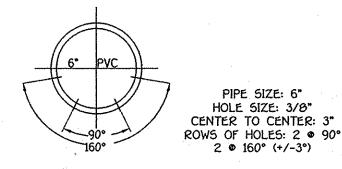
PERFORATIONS SHALL BE 3/8" DIAMETER LOCATED 6" ON CENTER WITH A MINIMUM OF FOUR HOLES PER ROW. PIPE SHALL BE WRAPPED WITH A 1/4" (No. 4 OR 4 x 4)

GALVANIZED HARDWARE CLOTH.

GRAVEL LAYER SHALL BE (No. 57 STONE PREFERRED) AT LEAST 3" THICK ABOVE AND BELOW THE UNDERDRAIN. THE MAIN COLLECTOR PIPE SHALL BE AT A MINIMUM 0.5%

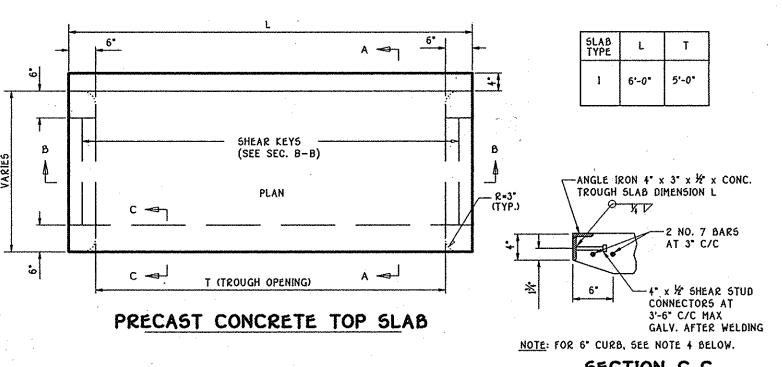
A RIGID. NON PERFORATED OBSERVATION WELL MUST BE PROVIDED (ONE PER EVERY 1,000 SQ.FT.) TO PROVIDE A CLEANOUT PORT AND MONITOR PERFORMANCE OF THE

A 4" LAYER OF PEA GRAVEL (1/8" TO 3/8" STONE) SHALL BE LOCATED BETWEEN THE FILTER MEDIA AND UNDERDRAIN TO PREVENT MIGRATION OF FINES INTO THE UNDERDRAIN. THIS LAYER MAY BE CONSIDERED PART OF THE FILTER BED WHEN BED THICKNESS EXCEEDS 24".

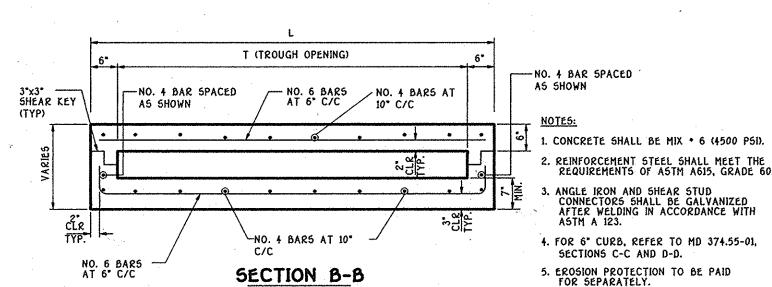


**5CH40 PVC PERFORATED** UNDERDRAIN PIPE DETAIL FOR HORIZONTAL DRAIN PIPE

NO SCALE



SECTION C-C DEPRESSED CONCRETE GUTTER -NO. 6 BARS AT 6" TO BE CAST IN THE FIELD SEE STD. MD-374.65 NORMAL ROADWAY-CROSS SLOPE NO. 4 BARS AT 10" 2' • 4% % x6\* TIE DEVICES 20\* C/C CAST IN FRONT FACE OF TROUGH OR PLASTIC INSERT TO -EROSION PROTECTION: 6"--57 STONE BEDDING NO. 4 BARS AT 10° C/C SECTION A-A NO. 6 BARS AT 6" C/C

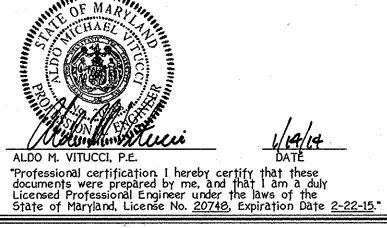


PRECAST OR CAST IN PLACE COG/COS OPENING FOR & CURB (5' ONLY)

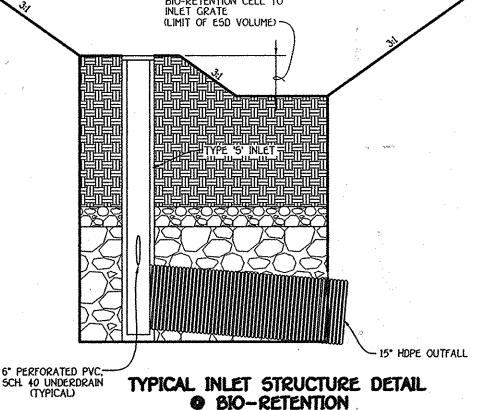
### SWM SUMMARY TABLE SECTION ONE

TYPE OF REQUIREMENT	VOLUME REQUIRED	VOLUME PROVIDED AND NOTES
Re <sub>VOI</sub> Recharge Vol. for Entire Site)	2.88 acres or 0.282 acre-feet	0.0764 acres w/ % Area Method
WQ <sub>Voj</sub>		
Ared 'E'	0.0574 acre-feet	0.165 ac. Ft. • SWM Facility •5
Area 'F'	0.0369 acre-feet	0.054 ac. Ft. • SWM Facility •6
Area 'G'	0.0673 acre-feet	0.0040 ac. Ft. • SWM Facility •7
Cp vol		
Ared 'E'	N/A	N/A
Ared 'F'	N/A <sup>*</sup>	N/A
Area 'G'	N/A	N/A

NOTE: Both Qp (Overbank Flood Protection or 10-year storm) and Qf (Extreme Flood Volume of 100year storm) are not required for this since this watershed area is not classified as one of the sensitive watershed areas for Howard County.



APPROVED: DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS Mat 7. Mells 2-20-14 CHIEF, BUREAU OF HIGHWAYS APPROVED: DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING CHIEF, DIVISION OF LAND DEVELOPMENT CHIEF, DEVELOPMENT ENGINEERING DIVISION REVISIONS DESCRIPTION DATE 12" OF ESD STORAGE DEPTH FROM BIO-RETENTION CELL TO



#### B.4.C Specifications for Micro-Bioretention, Rain Gardens, Landscape Infiltration & Infiltration Berms

The allowable materials to be used in these practices are detailed in Table 8.4.1. 2. Filtering Media or Planting Soil The soil shall be a uniform mix, free of stones, stumps, roots or other similar objects

larger than two inches. No other materials or substances shall be mixed or dumped within the micro-bioretention practice that may be harmful to plant growth, or prove a hindrance to the planting or maintenance operations. The planting soil shall be free of Bermuda grass, Quackgrass, Johnson grass, or other noxious weeds as specified under COMAR 15.08.01.05. The planting soil shall be tested and shall meet the following criteria: Soil Component - Loamy Sand or Sandy Loam (USDA Soil Textural Classification)

Organic Content - Minimum 10% by dry weight (ASTM D 2974). In general, this can be met with a mixture of loamy sand (60%-65%) and compost (35% to 40%) or sandy loam (30%), coarse sand (30%), and compost (40%). Clay Content - Media shall have a clay content of less than 5%. pH Range -Should be between 5.5 - 7.0. Amendments (e.g., lime, iron sulfate plus sulfur) may be mixed into the soil to increase or decrease pH. There shall be at least one soil test per project. Each test shall consist of both the

standard soil test for pH, and additional tests of organic matter, and soluble salts. A textural analysis is required from the site stockpiled topsoil. It topsoil is imported, then a texture analysis shall be performed for each location where the topsoil was excavated. 3. Compaction

the required backfill. When possible, use excavation hoes to remove original soil. If ractices are excavated using a loader, the contractor should use wide track or marsh track equipment, or light equipment with turf type tires. Use of equipment with narrow tracks or narrow tires, rubber tires with large lugs, or high-pressure tires will cause excessive compaction resulting in reduced infiltration rates and is not acceptable. Compaction will significantly contribute to design failure. Compaction can be alleviated at the base of the bioretention facility by using a primary

tilling operation such as a chisel plow, ripper, or subsoiler. These tilling operations are to refracture the soil profile through the 12 inch compaction zone. Substitute methods must be approved by the engineer. Rototillers typically do not till deep enough to reduce the

Rototill 2 to 3 inches of sand into the base of the bioretention facility before backfilling the optional sand layer. Pump any ponded water before preparing (rototilling) base. When backfilling the topsoil over the sand layer, first place 3 to 4 inches of topsoil over the sand, then rototill the sand/topsoil to create a gradation zone. Backfill the remainder

When backfilling the bioretention facility, place soil in lifts 12" to 18". Do not use heavy equipment within the bioretention basin. Heavy equipment can be used around the perimeter of the basin to supply soils and sand. Grade bioretention materials with light equipment such as a compact loader or a dozer/loader with marsh tracks.

Recommended plant material for micro-bioretention practices can be found in Appendix A. Section A.2.3. 5. Plant Installation Compost is a better organic material source, is less likely to float, and should be placed in the invert and other low areas. Mulch should be placed in surrounding to a uniform

thickness of 2" to 3". Shredded or chipped hardwood mulch is the only accepted mulch. during a storm event and are not acceptable. Shredded mulch must be well aged (6 to Rootstock of the plant material shall be kept moist during transport and on-site storage.

The plant root ball should be planted so 1/0 th of the ball is above final grade surface. The diameter of the planting pit shall be at least six inches larger than the diameter of e planting ball. Set and maintain the plant straight during the entire planting process. lhoroughly water ground bed cover after installation Trees shall be braced using 2" by 2" stakes only as necessary and for the first growing

season only. Stakes are to be equally spaced on the outside of the tree ball. Grasses and legume seed should be drilled into the soil to a depth of at least one inch. Grass and legume plugs shall be planted following the non-grass ground cover planting

The topsoil specifications provide enough organic material to adequately supply nutrients water quality. Adding fertilizers defeats, or at a minimum, impedes this goal. Only add

Underdrains should meet the following criteria: Pipe- Should be 4" to 6" diameter, slotted or perforated rigid plastic pipe (ASTMF 750,

Type PS 28, or AASHTO-H-278) in a gravel layer. The preferred material is slotted, 4° rigid pipe (e.g., PVC or HDPE). Perforations - It perforated pipe is used, perforations should be 3/8° diameter located 6° on center with a minimum of four holes per row. Pipe shall be wrapped with a 1/4° (No. 4 or

Gravel -The gravel layer (No. 57 stone preferred) shall be at least 3" thick above and

The main collector pipe shall be at a minimum 0.5% slope. A rigid, non-perforated observation well must be provided (one per every 1,000 square feet) to provide a clean-out port and monitor performance of the filter. A Flayer of pea gravel (1/4° to 3/8'stone) shall be located between the filter media and underdrain to prevent migration of fines into the underdrain. This layer may be considered part of the filter bed when bed thickness exceeds 24". The main collector pipe for underdrain systems shall be constructed at a minimum slope

of 0.5%. Observation wells and/or clean-out pipes must be provided (one minimum per every 1000 square feet of surface area). These practices may not be constructed until all contributing drainage area has been stabilized

# STORMWATER MANAGEMENT DETAILS Centennial Lake Overlook

(Formerly Mason Property) Section One Buildable Lots 1 Thru 23, Open Space Lots 24 Thru 20 & Buildable Bulk Parcels 'A' And 'B' (being A Subdivision Of Tax Parcel No. 86, Tax Map No. 30, Liber 10729 At Folio 329 And Liber 10729 At Folio 335)

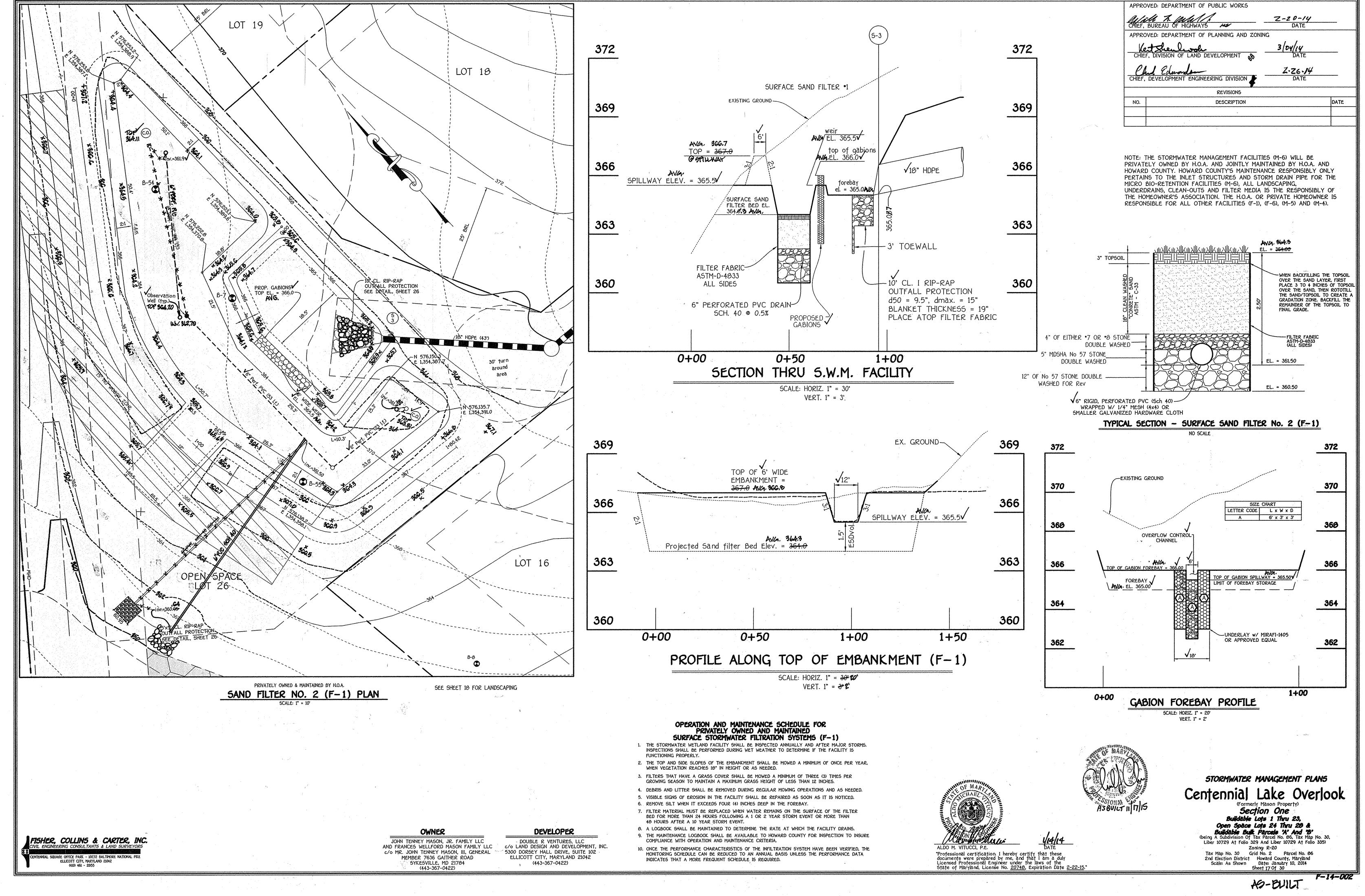
Zoning: R-20 Tax Map No. 30 Grid No. 2 Parcel No. 86 2nd Election District Howard County, Maryland Scale: As Shown Date: January 10, 2014 Sheet 13 Of 30

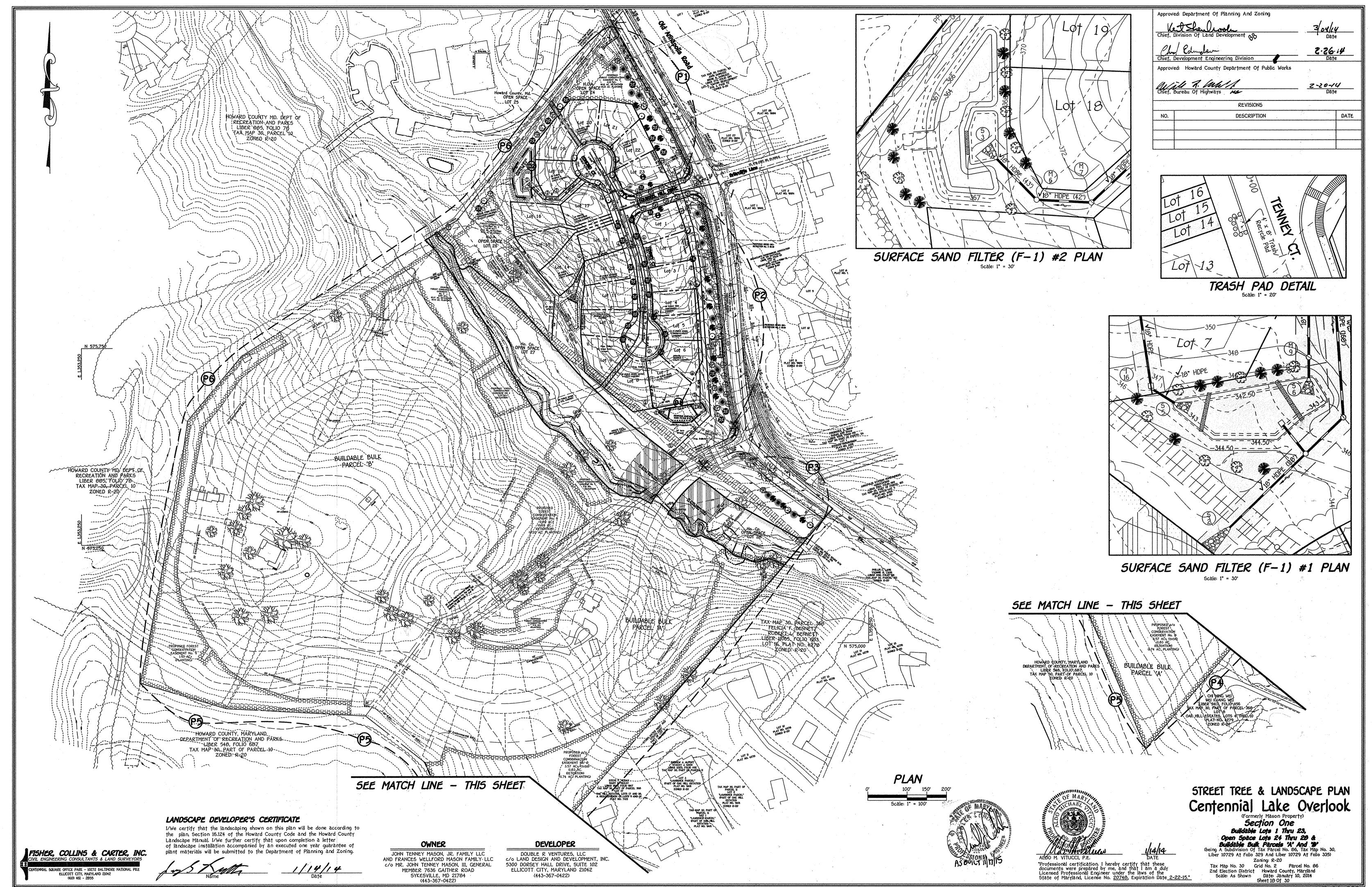
THERE IS NO AS-BUILT INFORMATION ON THIS SHEET

I:\2011\11042\dwg\Finals section one\11042 sheet 13-17 swm plans.dwg,

AS-BUILT

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AS-BUILT

F-14-002

## PLANTING SPECIFICATIONS

Plants, related material, and operations shall meet the detailed description as given on the plans and as described herein All plant material, unless otherwise specified, shall be nursery grown uniformly branched, have a vigorous root system, and shall conform to the species, size, root and shape shown on the plant list and the American Association of Nurserymen (AAN) Standards. Plant material shall be healthy, vigorous, free from defects, decay, disfiguring roots, sun scald injuries, abrasions of the bark, plant disease, insect pest eggs, borers and all forms of insect infestations or objectionable disfigurements. Plant material that is weak or which has been cut back from larger grades to meet specified requirements will be rejected. Trees with forked leaders will not be accepted. All plants shall be freshly dug: no healed-in plants from cold storage will be accepted. Unless otherwise specified, all general conditions, planting operations, details and planting specification shall conform to "Landscape Specification Guidelines for Baltimore-Washington Metropolitan Areas". (hereinafter "Landscape Guidelines") approved by the Landscape Contractors Association of Metropolitan Washington and the Potomac Chapter of the American Society of Landscape Architect, latest edition, including all agenda.

Contractor shall be required to guarantee all plant material for a period of one year after date of acceptance in accordance with the appropriate section of the Landscape Guidelines Contractor's attention is directed to the maintenance requirements found within the one year specifications including watering and replacement of specified plant material.

Contractor shall be responsible for notifying utility companies, utility contractors and "Miss Utility" a minimum of 48 hours prior to beginning any work. Contractor may make minor adjustments in spacing and location of plant material to avoid conflicts with utilities. Damage to existing structure and utilities shall be repaired at the expense of the Contractor. Protection of existing vegetation to remain shall be accomplished by the temporary installation of 4 foot high snow tence or blaze orange safety fence at Contractor id responsible for installing all material in the proper planting season for each plant type. All planting is to be completed within the growing

season of completion of site construction. Bid shall be base on actual site conditions. No extra payment shall be made for work arising from site conditions differing from those indicated on Plant quantities are provided for the convenience of the contractor only. If discrepancies exist between quantities shown on plan and those shown on the plant list, the quantities on the plan take precedence

All shrubs shall be planted in continuous trenches or prepared planting beds and mulched with composted hardwood mulch as details and specified except where noted on plans. Positive drainage shall be maintained in planting beds 2 percent slope).

Planting mix shall be as follows: Deciduous Plants - Two parts topsoil, one part well-rotted cow or horse manure. Add 3 lbs. of standard fertilizer per cubic yard of planting mix. Evergreen Plants - two parts topsoil, one part humus or other approved organic material. Add 3 lbs. of evergreen (acidic) fertilizer per cubic yard of planting mix. Topsoil shall conform to the Landscape Guidelines. Weed Control: Incorporate a pre-emergent herbicide into the planting bed following recommended rates on the label. Caution: Be sure to carefully check the chemical used to assure its adaptability to the specific ground cover to be treated.

All areas within contract limits disturbed during or prior to construction not designated to receive plants and mulch shall be fine graded and seeded.

This plan is intended for landscape use only. see other plan sheets for more information on grading, sediment control, layout, etc.

	CATEGORY		LINEAR FEET OF	CREDIT FOR	CREDIT FOR WALL,	NUMBER	OF PLANTS	REQUIRED	NUMBER	OF PLANTS	PROVID
PERIMETER	(PROPERTIES/ ROADWAYS)	LANDSCAPE TYPE	FRONTAGE	EXISTING VEGETATION (YES, NO, LINEAR FEET) (DESCRIBE BELOW IF NEEDED)	FENCE OR BERM (YES, NO, LINEAR FEET) (DESCRIBE BELOW IF NEEDED)	SHADE TREES	EVERGREEN TREES	SHRUBS	SHADE TREES	EVERGREEN TREES	SHRL
P-1	ADJACENT TO ROADWAY	В	404.77'	NO	NO	8	10	-	8	10	-
P-2	ADJACENT TO ROADWAY	В	572.22'	NO	NO	11	14	-	11	14	-
P-3	ADJACENT TO ROADWAY	В	240.35'	YES (ST-2, 31° White Oak & ST-3, 49° White Oak)	NO	3	6	_	3	6	_
P-4	ADJACENT TO PERIMETER	Α	1313.37'	YES (1218')	NO	2	-	-	0	<del></del>	***
P-5	ADJACENT TO PERIMETER	Α	1107.37'	YE5 (59')	NO	19	_	<del>-</del>	0	<u>-</u>	_
P-6	ADJACENT TO PERIMETER		2166.39' (Total) 723' (This Submission)	. NO	NO	12	***		12	*	-
P-7	SIDE TO ROADWAY	В	57'	NO	NO	1	1		1	1	_
P-8	SIDE TO ROADWAY	ß	57'	NO	NO	1	1 -	-	1	1	

GD G

4' x 8' PAD NUMBER:

SHADE TREES EVERGREEN TREES

SHADE TREES EVERGREEN TREES

NUMBER OF TREES REQUIRED:

NUMBER OF TREES PROVIDED:

SHRUBS - (AZALEA 'BLAAW'S PINK'/ BLAAW'S PINK AZALEA PLANTED 10"-24" APART)

#### the tree with the equivalent species or with a tree which will obtain the same height, spread and growth characteristics. The replacement tree must be a minimum of 3 inches in caliper and installed as required in the Howard County landscape manual. At the time of plant installation, all trees listed and approved on the landscape Plan, shall comply with the proper height requirement in accordance with the Howard County Landscape Manual In addition, no subtitutions or relocations of the required plantings may be made without prior review and approval from the Department of Planning and Zoning. Any deviations from the approved Landscape Plan may result in denial or delay in the release of landscape surety until such time as all required materials are planted and/or revisions are made to the road drawing plans. The Owner, tenants and/or their agents shall be responsible for maintenace of the required perimeter landscaping. All plant materials shall be maintained in good growing condition, and when necessary, replaced with new materials to ensure continued compliance with applicable regulations. All the other required landscaping shall be permanently maintained

NOTES:

Should any tree designated for preservation for which landscaping credit is

PLANT MATERIAL-MICRO BIO-RETENTION No. 1

PLANT MATERIAL-MICRO BIO-RETENTION No. 2

QUANTITY NAME MAXIMUM SPACING (FT.)

PLANT MATERIAL-MICRO BIO-RETENTION-No. 3

PLANT MATERIAL-MICRO BIO-RETENTION No. 4

PLANT MATERIAL-BIO-RETENTION (F-6) No. 1

PLANT MATERIAL-INFILTRATION BERM

NAME TREES SHRUBS

QUANTITY NAME MAXIMUM SPACING (FT.)

NAME

MIXED PERENNIALS

SHRUBS

MIXED PERENNIALS

MIXED PERENNIALS

SHRUBS

MIXED PERENNIALS

SHRUBS

27

20

27

Plant Material Must Cover At Least 50% Of The Surface

Area Of The Bio-retention See Plant Material Charts For Quantities And Spacing

NOTES:

LEGEND

HEM - Hemerocallis Mix

PV5 - Panicum virgatum 'Shenandoah'

QUANTITY NAME

See Sheet 14 for Planting Layout

MIXED PERENNIALS

SHRUBS TREE

IVH - Itea Virginica 'Little Henry'

BNH - Betula nigra 'Heritage'

IGS - Ilex Glabra 'Shamrock'

TREE

MAXIMUM SPACING (FT.)

36" o.c.

36"-40" o.c.

-----

36" o.c.

36"-40" o.c.

18" o.c.

18° o.c.

Variety for all season bloom

Red Switch Grass

Virginia Sweetspire

Shamrock Inkberry

River Birch 2-1/2" cal. min.

MAXIMUM SPACING (FT.)

36° o.c. 36"-40" o.c.

as shown

MAXIMUM SPACING (FT.)

36"-40" o.c.

36"-40" o.c.

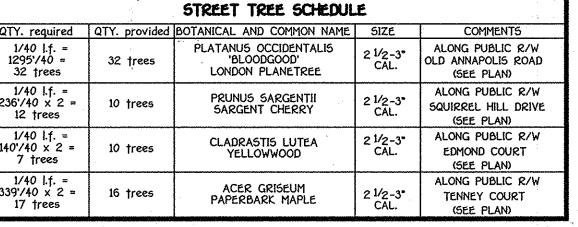
NAME MAXIMUM SPACING (FT.)

given, die prior to release of bonds, the owner will be required to replace

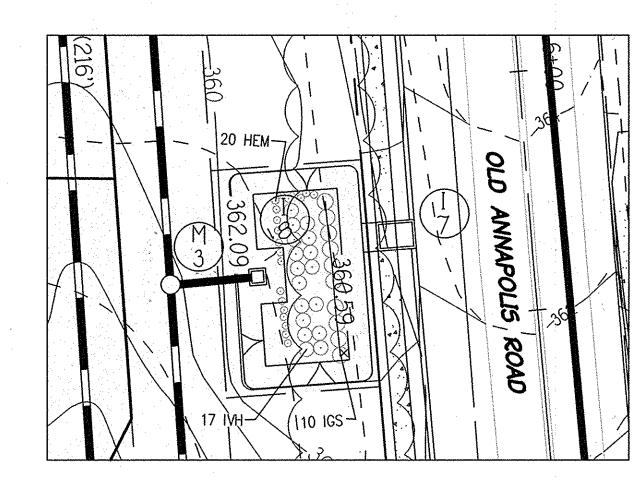
in good condition, and when necessary, repaired or replaced.

O'NILL INLL OURD						<b>₩</b>		
		QTY. required	QTY. provided	BOTANICAL AND COMMON NAME	SIZE	COMMENTS		
		1/40 l.f. = 1295'/40 = 32 trees	32 trees	PLATANUS OCCIDENTALIS 'BLOODGOOD' LONDON PLANETREE	2 1/2-3" CAL.	ALONG PUBLIC R/W OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAI (SEE PLAN)		
PRIVATE REFUSE PAD	D LANDSCAPING PAD NO. 1	1/40 l.f. = 236 <sup>-</sup> /40 x 2 = 12 trees	10 trees	PRUNUS SARGENTII SARGENT CHERRY	2 1/2-3* CAL.	ALONG PUBLIC R/V SQUIRREL HILL DRIV (SEE PLAN)		
EES REQUIRED:		1/40 l.f. = 140'/40 x 2 = 7 trees	10 trees	CLADRASTIS LUTEA YELLOWWOOD	2 1/2-3* CAL.	ALONG PUBLIC R/V EDMOND COURT (SEE PLAN)		
EES PROVIDED:		1/40 l.f. = 339º/40 x 2 = 17 trees	16 trees	ACER GRISEUM PAPERBARK MAPLE	2 1/2-3* CAL.	ALONG PUBLIC R/V TENNEY COURT (SEE PLAN)		
ZALEA 'BLAAW'S PINK'/	8	George Communication Communica						

NOTE: FINAL PLACEMENT OF STREET TREES WILL OCCUR IN THE FIELD AND BE PLACED A MINIMUM OF 30 FEET FROM ALL SIGNS AND INTERSECTIONS WHEN PLANTED BETWEEN SIDEWALK AND CURB, BE LOCATED WITH CONSIDERATION OF UNDERGROUND UTILITIES AND STRUCTURES AND MAINTAIN A MINIMUM 5 FEET DISTANCE ON CENTER FROM A DRAIN INLET STRUCTURE, 5 FEET FROM AN OPEN SPACE ACCESS STRIP AND 10 FEET FROM A DRIVEWAY.



MICRO BIO-RETENTION No. 2 PLANTING DETAIL



MICRO BIO-RETENTION No. 4 PLANTING DETAIL

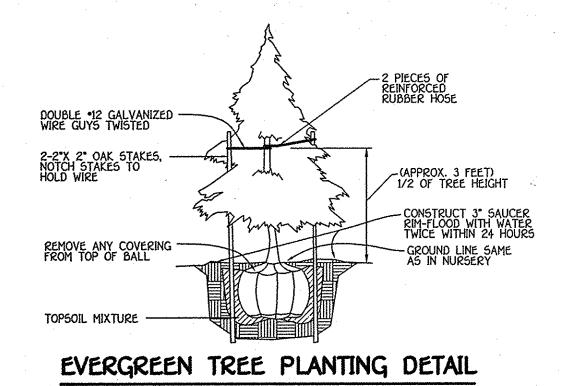
LANDSCAPE NOTES & DETAILS Centennial Lake Overlook

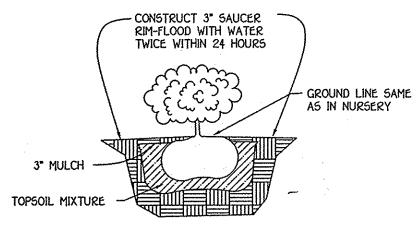
Section One
Buildable Lots 1 Thru 23,
Open Space Lots 24 Thru 28 &
Buildable Builk Parcels 'A' And 'B'
(being A Subdivision Of Tax Parcel No. 86, Tax Map No. 30, Liber 10729 At Folio 329 And Liber 10729 At Folio 335) Zoning: R-20

Tax Map No. 30 Grid No. 2 Parcel No. 86
2nd Election District Howard County, Maryland
Scale: As Shown Date: January 10, 2014
Sheet 19 Of 30

SPRAY WITH WILT-PROOF ACCORDING TO MANUFACTURERS STANDARDS PRUNE 1/3 LEAF AREA BUT RETAIN NATURAL FORM OF TREE 2 PIECES OF REINFORCED . DOUBLE \*12 GALVANIZED WIRE GUYS TWISTED 3-2"X 2" OAK STAKES, WIRE REMOVE ANY COVERING FROM TOP OF ROOT CROWN CONSTRUCT 3" SAUCER RIM-FLOOD -WITH WATER TWICE WITHIN 24 HOURS TOP SOIL MIXTURE -CONVEX BOTTOM 6" MIN. HT.

> SHADE TREE PLANTING DETAIL NO SCALE





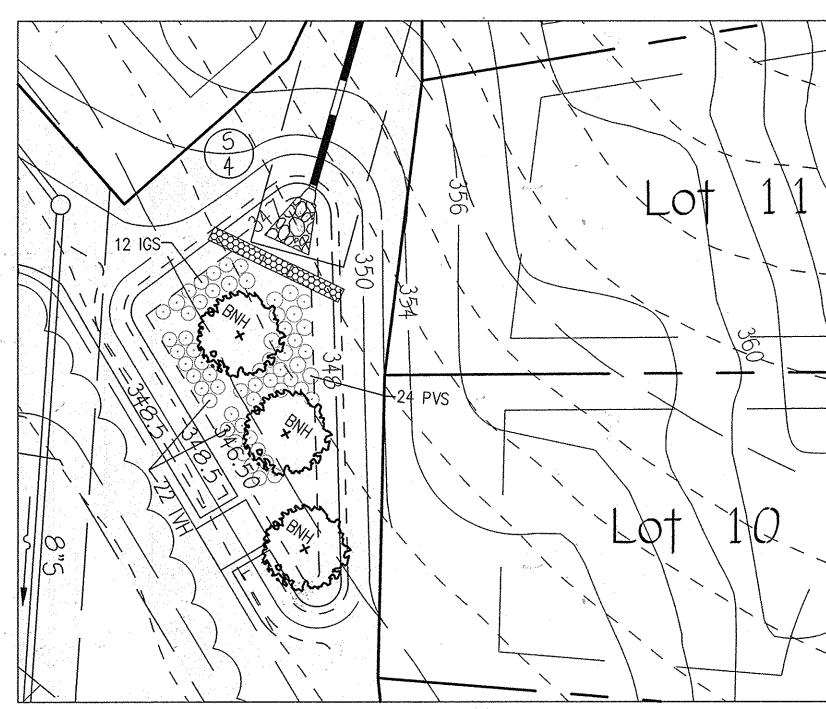
SHRUB PLANTING DETAIL

SCHEDULE D STORMWATER I	MANAGEMENT AREA	LANDSCAPING
LINEAR FEET OF PERIMETER	D-1 : 275'	D-2 : 304'
NUMBER OF TREES REQUIRED & PROVIDED: SHADE TREES EVERGREEN TREES	6 7	6
CREDIT FOR EXISTING VEGETATION (NO, YES AND %)	. NO	NO
CREDIT FOR OTHER LANDSCAPING (NO, YES AND %)	NO	NO *

		PLANT LIST	
SYMBOL	QTY.	BOTANICAL AND COMMON NAME	SIZE
	32	PLATANUS OCCIDENTALIS 'BLOODGOOD' LONDON PLANETREE	2 1/2-3* CAL.
	34	PRUNUS SARGENTII SARGENT CHERRY	2 1/2-3* CAL.
	20	CLADRASTIS LUTEA YELLOWWOOD	2 1/2-3* CAL.
	30	ACER GRISEUM PAPERBARK MAPLE	2 1/2-3" CAL.
**	15	PINUS STROBUS EASTERN WHITE PINE	6' - <i>0</i> ' HT.
*	32	CHINESE JUNIPER ROBUSTA	5' - 6' HT.
0	8	AZALEA 'BLAAW'S PINK'/ BLAAW'S PINK AZALEA	10"-24" SPREAD

1. FINANCIAL SURETY FOR THE REQUIRED 68 STREET TREES HAS SHALL BE POSTED AS PART OF THE DEVELOPER'S AGREEMENT IN THE AMOUNT OF \$20,400.00

2. FINANCIAL SURETY FOR THE REQUIRED 48 SHADE TREES, 47 EVERGREEN TREES AND Ø SHRUBS HAS SHALL BE POSTED AS PART OF THE DEVELOPER'S AGREEMENT IN THE AMOUNT OF



BIO-RETENTION No. 1 PLANTING DETAIL SCALE: 1" = 20"

OWNER
JOHN TENNEY MASON, JR. FAMILY LLC AND FRANCES WELLFORD MASON FAMILY L
c/o MR. JOHN TENNEY MASON, III, GENERA MEMBER 7636 GAITHER ROAD

SYKESVILLE, MD 21784

DEVELOPER DOUBLE R VENTURES, LLC c/o LAND DESIGN AND DEVELOPMENT, INC. 5300 DORSEY HALL DRIVE, SUITE 102 ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042 (443-367-0422)



MICRO BIO-RETENTION No. 1 PLANTING DETAIL

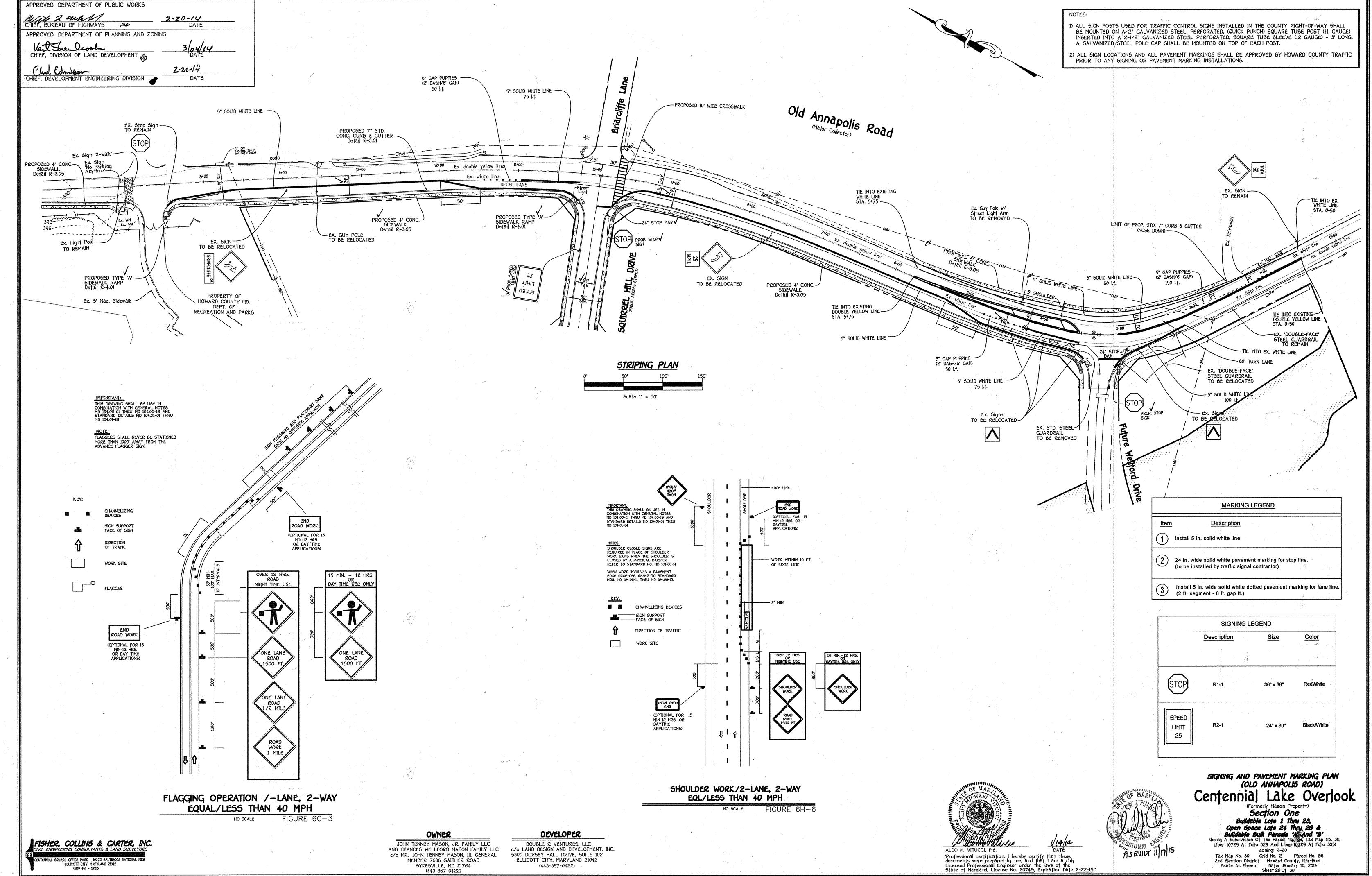
MICRO BIO-RETENTION No. 3 PLANTING DETAIL

### LANDSCAPE DEVELOPER'S CERTIFICATE

I/We certify that the landscaping shown on this plan will be done according to the plan, Section 16.124 of the Howard County Code and the Howard County Landscape Manual. I/We further certify that upon completion a letter of landscape installation accompanied by an executed one year quarantee of plant materials will be submitted to the Department of Planning and Zoning.

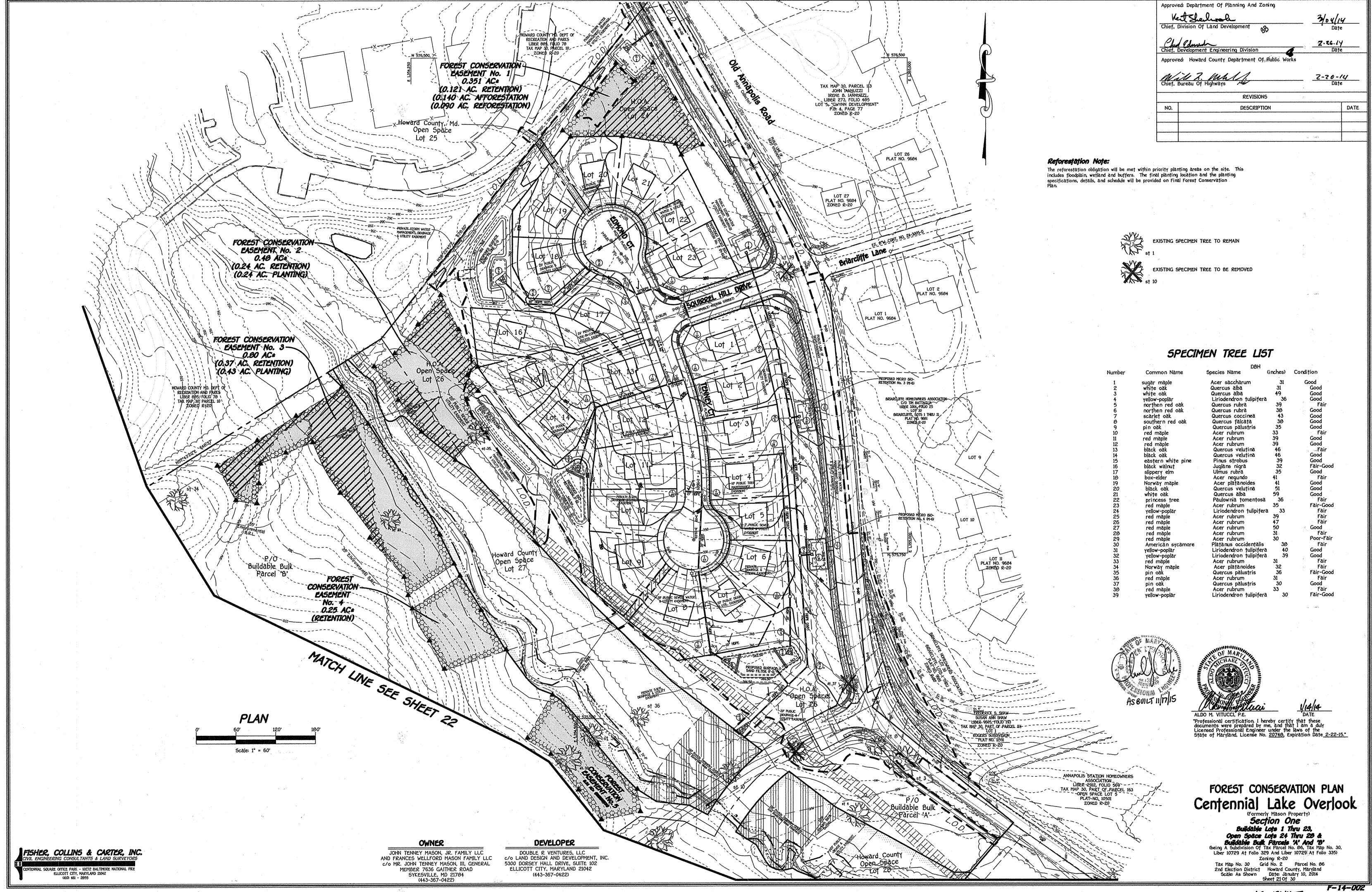
"Professional certification. I hereby certify that these documents were prepared by me, and that I am a duly Licensed Professional Engineer under the laws of the State of Maryland, License No. 20748, Expiration Date 2-22-15."

FISHER, COLLINS & CARTER, INC. SOUARE OFFICE PARK - 10272 BALTIMORE NATIONAL P

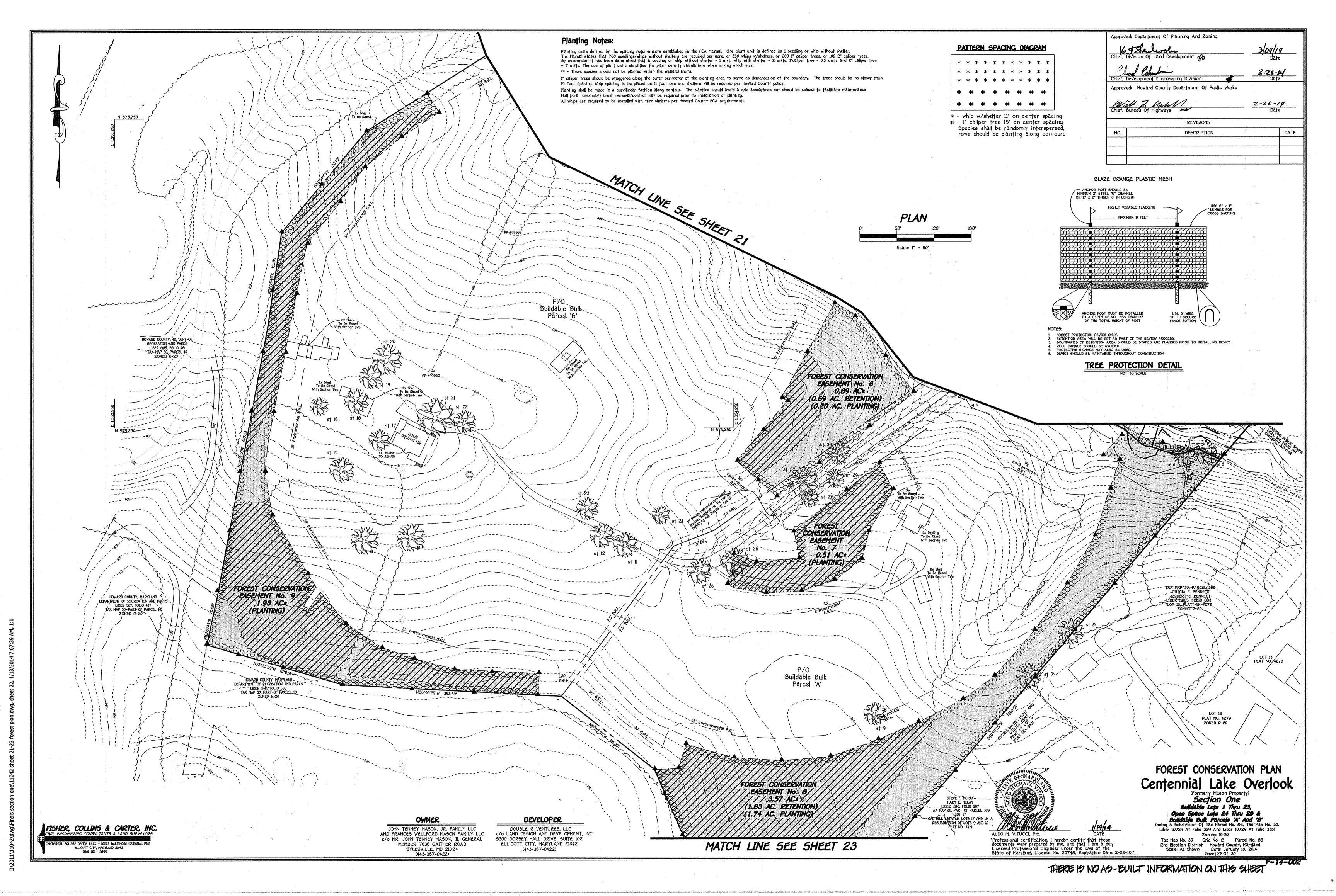


I:\2011\11042\dwq\Finals section one\11042 sheet 20 striping plan.d

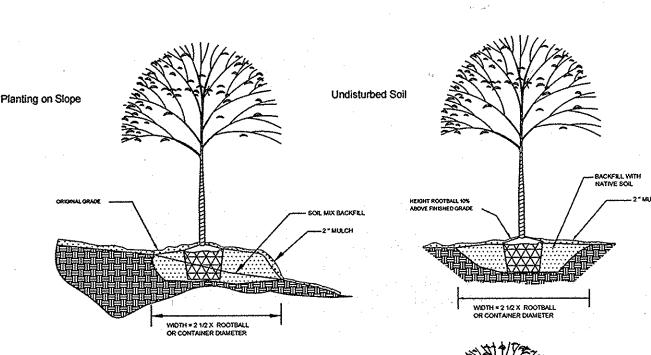
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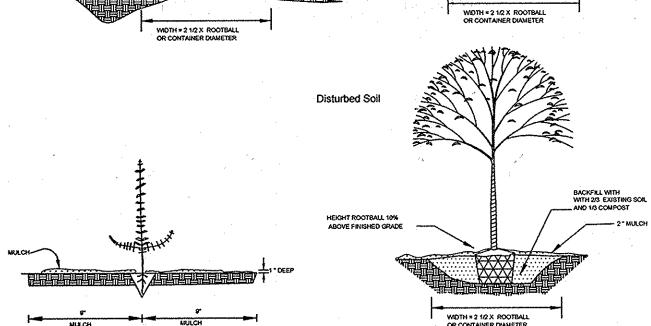


AG-BUILT



MATCH LINE SEE SHEET 22 FOREST CONSERVATION EASEMENT No. 8/ /\3.57\AC#// (1.83 AC. RETENTION) ((1.74 AC. PLANTING) HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF REGREATION AND PARKS LIBER 548, FOLIO 687 TAX MAP 80, PART OF PARCOL 10 CHI MING WEI WEI KUANG WEI OAK HILL ESTATES, LOTS & THRU 10 PLAT NO. 4279 \ ZONED-R-20 TAX MAP 30, PART OF PARCEL 368 OAK HILLT ESTATES, LOTS & THRU 10 PLAT NO. 4279 BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS OF HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF RECREATION AND PARKS





Seeding and Whip Planting Specification

FISHER, COLLINS & CARTER, INC.

VIAL SQUARE OFFICE PARK - 10272 BALTIMORE NATIONAL PIKE

Planting/Soil Specifications

 Installation of bareroot plant stock shall take place between March 15 - April 20: b&b/container stock March 15
-May 30 or September 15 - November 15. Fall planting of B&B stock is not recommended. 2. Disturbed areas shall be seeded and stabilized as per general construction plan for project. Planting areas not

impacted by site grading shall have no additional topsoil installed. 3. Barcroot plants shall be installed so that the top of root mass is level with the top of existing grade. Roots shall be dipped in an anti-desiccant gel prior to planting. Backfill in the planting pits shall consist of 3 parts existing soil to 1 part pine fines or equivalent.

Fertilizer shall consist of Agriform 22-8-2, or equivalent, applied as per manufacturer's specifications, for woody plants. Herbaceous plants shall be fertilized with Osmocote 8-6-12.

5. Plant material shall be transported to the site in a tarped or covered truck. Plants shall be kept moist prior to

6. All non-organic debris associated with the planting operation shall be removed from the site by the contractor. Sequence of Construction

Sediment control shall be installed in accordance with general construction plan for site. Plants shall be installed as per Plant Schedule and the Planting/Soil Specifications for the project.

4. Plantings shall be maintained and guaranteed in accordance with the Maintenance and Guarantee requirements for project. Upon completion of the planting, signage shall be installed as shown Maintenance of Plantings

Maintenance of plantings shall last for a period of 2 years. Plantings must receive 2 gallons of water, either through precipitation or watering, weekly during the 1st

Invasive exotics and noxious weeds will be removed, as required, from planting areas mechanically and/or with limited herbicide application (see groundcover note where appropriate). Old field successional species will be retained. Plants will be examined a minimum two times during the growing season for serious plant pests and diseases.
 Serious problems will be treated with the appropriate agent.

Dead branches will be pruned from plantings. Guarantee Requirements

A 75 percent survival rate of forestation plantings will be required at the end of 2 growing seasons. All plant material below the 75 percent threshold will be replaced at the beginning of the next growing season. Wild trees arising from natural regeneration may be counted up to 50 percent towards the total survival number if they are healthy, native species at least 12 inches tall.

Surety for Forestation

The developer shall post a surety (bond, letter of credit) to ensure that forestation plantings are completed. SEE GENERAL NOTE 31, SHEET 1. Planting Notes When possible, plants shall be installed within 24 hours of delivery. If installation cannot be performed within this time frame, plant stock shall be watered and protected from dessication

Application of herbicide, Round-up or equivalent, may be used to reduce plant competition from old field successional growth at the time of installation. Mowing, re-application of herbicide, or a combination thereof, may be used to control unwanted, competing vegetation. Planting shall be installed within one year or two growing seasons of subdivision approval. Plantings shall be installed in accordance with the time schedule included in Note 1 of the planting /Seeding Specifications.

FCE Planting Area # 1 - 0.23 acres Planting units required: 162 (01 whips)

Qty	Species	Size	Spacing	Total FCA Units
21	Acer rubrum - Red maple	2-3' whip	11' o.c.	
20	Cercis cānādensis - Red bud	2-3' whip	11' o.c.	
20	Cornus florida - Flowering dogwood	2-3' whip	11' o.c.	
20	Liriodendron tulipifera - Tulip poplar	2-3' whip	ii' o.c.	
	81 Total whip plantings (2 planting units per tr	ee) = 162 Tota	FCA unit c	redit

### FCE Planting Area # 2 - 0.24 acres

Pla.m	ing units provided: 168 (84 whips)		
Qty	Species	5ize	Spacin
24	. Acer rubrum - Red maple	2-3' whip	11° o.c.

Planting units required: 160 (04 whips)

Qty	Species	Size	Spacing	Total FC
24	. Acer rubrum - Red maple	2-3' whip	11' o.c.	
20	Cercis canadensis - Red bud	2-3' whip	11' o.c.	
20	Cornus florida - Flowering dogwood	2-3' whip	11' o.c.	
20	Liriodendron tulipifera - Tulip poplar	2-3' whip	il' o.c.	
	84 Total whip plantings (2 planting units per t	ree) = 168 Tota	l FCA unit c	redit

# FCE Planting Area # 3 - 0.43 acres

Planting	นกรร แก่ปร	provided:	302	(116	whips	and	20	trees)	
r								- J	

Q†Y	Species	Size	Spacing	Total FCA Units
10	Acer rubrum - Red maple	1" cal.	15' o.c.	
10	Quercus alba - White oak	1" cal.	15' o.c.	
2	20 Total 1° caliper trees (3.5 planting units per t	ree) = 70 °	Total FCA uni	t credit
15	Acer rubrum - Red maple	2-3' whip	11' o.c.	
15	Cercis canadensis - Red bud	2-3' whip	11' o.c.	
15	Cornus florida - Flowering dogwood	2-3' whip	11' o.c.	
15	Liriodendron tulipifera - Tulip poplar	2-3' whip	11° o.c.	
15	Prunus serotina - Black cherry	2-3' whip	11' o.c.	
15	Robinia pseudo-acacia – Black locust	2-3' whip	11' o.c.	
13	Quercus alba - White oak	2-3' whip	11' o.c.	
13	Viburnum prunifolium - Blackhaw	2-3' whip	11' o.c.	
:	U6 Total whip plantings (2 planting units per tree	e) - 232 To	otal FCA unit	credit
	Total Unit Credit (232	+ 70)		302

1" CAL. TREES = 200/ACRE (20 TREES/200 = 0.10 AC) WHIPS w/shelters = 350/ACRE = 350 x 0.33 AC. = 116 WHIPS 3.5 Planting units \* 1 - 1" Cal. Tree

# FCE Planting Area # 6 - 0.20 acres

2 Planting units = 1 Whip

Species	Size	Spacing	Total FCA Units
Acer rubrum - Red maple	2-3' whip	11' o.c.	
Cercis canadensis - Red bud	2-3' whip	11' o.c.	
Cornus florida - Flowering dogwood	2-3' whip	11' o.c.	
Liriodendron tulipitera - Tulip poplar	2-3' whip-	11' o.c.	
-	Cercis canadensis - Red bud Cornus florida - Flowering dogwood	Cercis canadensis - Red bud 2-3' whip  Cornus florida - Flowering dogwood 2-3' whip  Liriodendron tulipifera - Tulip poplar 2-3' whip	Cercis canadensis - Red bud 2-3' whip 11' o.c.  Cornus florida - Flowering dogwood 2-3' whip 11' o.c.  Liriodendron tulipifera - Tulip poplar 2-3' whip 11' o.c.

# ON-SITE SIGNAGE

# FOREST CONSERVATION EASEMENT

UNAUTHORIZED DISTURBANCE OF VEGETATION IS PROHIBITED. VIOLATORS SUBJECT TO PENALTIES UNDER THE HOWARD COUNTY FOREST CONSERVATION ACT OF

> TREES FOR YOUR FUTURE

> > 11" MINIMUM

# FCE Planting Area # 7 - 0.51 acres

Planting units required: 350 (179 whips)
Planting units provided: 359 (127 whips and 30 trees)

Qty	Species	Size	Spacing	Total FCA Units
15	Acer rubrum - Red mäple	1° cal.	15' o.c.	
15	Quercus alba - White oak	i" cal.	15' o.c.	
;	30 Total 1° caliper trees (3.5 planting units per tr	ee) = 105	Total FCA un	it credit
20	Acer rubrum - Red maple	2-3' whip	11° o.c.	
15	Cercis canadensis - Red bud	2-3' whip	11' o.c.	
15	Cornus florida - Flowering dogwood	2-3' whip	11' o.c.	
15	Liriodendron tulipifera - Tulip poplar	2-3' whip	11' o.c.	
15	Prunus serotina - Black cherry	2-3' whip	11' o.c.	
15	Robinia pseudo-acacia – Black locust	2-3' whip	11' o.c.	
16	Quercus alba - White oak	2-3' whip	11' o.c.	
16	Viburnum prunifolium - Blackhaw	2-3' whip	11' o.c.	
	127 Total whip plantings (2 planting units per tree	e) = 254 To	tal FCA unit	credit
	Total Unit Credit (254 1	105)		359

1" CAL. TREES = 200/ACRE (30 TREES/200 = 0.15 AC.) WHIPS w/shelters = 350/ACRE = 350 x 0.36 AC. = 127 WHIPS 3.5 Planting units = 1 - 1° Cal. Tree

2 Planting units = 1 Whip

# FCE Planting Area # 8 - 1.74 acres

Planting units required: 1218 (609 whips)

Qty	Species	Size	Spacing	Total FCA Units
50	Acer rubrum - Red maple	1" cal.	15' o.c.	
50	Quercus alba - White oak	1° cai.	15' o.c.	
1	00 Total 1" caliper trees (3.5 planting units per tr	ree) = 350	Total FCA u	nit credit
72	Acer rubrum - Red maple	2-3' whip	11' o.c.	
72	Cercis canadensis - Red bud	2-3' whip	11' o.c.	
65	Cornus florida - Flowering dogwood	2-3' whip	11' o.c.	
65	Liriodendron tulipifera – Tulip poplar	2-3' whip	11' o.c.	
40	Prunus serotina - Black cherry	2-3' whip	11' o.c.	
40	Robinia pseudo-acacia - Black locust	2-3' whip	11' o.c.	
40	Quercus alba - White oak	2-3' whip	11° o.c.	
40	Viburnum prunifolium - Blackhaw	2-3' whip	11' o.c.	
	434 Total whip plantings (2 planting units per tree	) - 868 T	otal FCA unit	credit
٠	Total Unit Credit (068 +	350)		1218

1" CAL TREES = 200/ACRE (100 TREES/200 = 0.50 AC) WHIPS w/shelters = 350/ACRE = 350 x 1.24 AC. = 434 WHIPS

3.5 Planting units = 1 - 1" Cal. Tree 2 Planting units = 1 Whip

# FCE Planting Area # 9 - 1.93 acres

Planting units required: 1352 (676 whips)
Planting units provided: 1352 (501 whips and 100 trees

Qty	Species	Size	Spacing	Total FCA Units
50	Acer rubrum - Red maple	i" caj.	15' o.c.	
50	Quercus alba - White oak	1" cal.	15' o.c.	
1	00 Total 1° caliper trees (3.5 planting units per tr	ee) = 350	Total FCA t	unit credit
76	Acer rubrum - Red māpļe	2-3' whip	11' o.c.	
75	Cercis canadensis - Red bud	2-3' whip	il' o.c.	
75	Cornus florida - Flowering dogwood	2-3' whip	11' o.c.	
75	Liriodendron tulipifera - Tulip poplar	2-3' whip	11' o.c.	
50	Prunus serotina - Black cherry	2-3' whip	11' o.c.	
50	Robinia pseudo-acacia – Black locust	2-3" whip	11' o.c.	
50	Quercus alba - White oak	2-3' whip	11' o.c.	
50	Viburnum prunifolium - Blackhaw	2-3' whip	11' o.c.	
	501 Total whip plantings (2 planting units per tree)	= 1002 T	otal FCA uni	credit
	Total Unit Credit (1002 +	- 350)		1352

1" CAL. TREES = 200/ACRE (100 TREE5/200 = 0.50 AC.) WHIPS w/shelters = 350/ACRE = 350 x L43 AC. = 501 WHIPS 3.5 Planting units = 1 - 1" Cal. Tree 2 Planting units = 1 Whip

#### FCP NOTES

1. Any Forest Conservation Easement (FCE) area shown hereon is subject to protective covenants which may be found in the Land Records of Howard County which restrict the disturbance and use of

2. Forested areas occurring outside of the FCE shall not be considered part of the FCE and shall not be subject to protective land covenants.

3. Limits of disturbance shall be restricted to areas outside the limit of temporary fencing or the FCE boundary, whichever is greater.

4. There shall be no clearing, grading, construction or disturbance of vegetation in the Forest Conservation Easement, except as permitted by Howard County DPZ.

5. No stockpiles, parking areas, equipment cleaning areas, etc. shall occur within areas designated as Forest Conservation Easements.

6. Temporary fencing shall be used to protect forest resources during construction. The fencing shall be placed along all FCE boundaries which occur within 15 feet of the proposed limits of disturbance.

7. Permanent signage shall be placed 50-100' apart along the boundaries of all areas included in Forest Conservation Easements.

8. The Forest Conservation Requirements Per Section 16.1200 Of The Howard County Code And The Forest Conservation Manual For This Subdivision Will Be Fulfilled By Providing 3.82 Acres Of On-site Forest Retention, 5.14 Acres Of Reforestation And 0.14 Acres Of Afforestation Which Is Sufficient To Meet 3.81 Acres Of Required Retention And 5.28 Acres Of Plantings. Surety In The Amount Of \$114,999.000 For Required Plantings (\$0.50 X 229,997 Sq. Ft.) Shall Be Posted With The Developer's Agreement For This Plan (F-14-002).

Note: THE FOREST CONSERVATION EASEMENT(S) WILL BE ESTABLISHED TO FULFILL THE REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 16.1200 OF THE HOWARD COUNTY FOREST CONSERVATION ACT. NO CLEARING, GRADING OR CONSTRUCTION IS PERMITTED WITHIN THE FOREST CONSERVATION EASEMENT, EXCEPT AS SHOWN ON AN APPROVED ROAD CONSTRUCTION DRAWING. HOWEVER, FOREST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES AS DEFINED IN THE DEED OF FOREST CONSERVATION EASEMENT ARE ALLOWED.

### Construction Period Protection Program

A. Forest Protection Techniques 1. Soil Protection Area (Critical Root Zone)

The soil projection area, or critical root zone, of a tree is that portion of the soil column where most of its roots may be found. The majority of roots responsible for water and nutrient uptake are located just below the soil surface. The limit of disturbance 0.000 line depicted on the plan shows the proposed extent of construction activities. Eco-Science Professionals, or another qualified professional designated by the developer, will assist in the field flagging of the LOO to ensure that the Critical Root Zone for the Forest Retention Area is determined in accordance with the in-field Edge Determination Guidelines in Appendix & Eco-Science Professionals, or another qualified professional, will also assess the condition of the new forest edge to determine if selective thinking or pruning is needed to improve the condition of the edge. 2. <u>Fencing and Signage</u>

All forest retention areas will be protected from unauthorized infinision by appropriate signage and fencing. Signage and fencing will be installed prior to any construction activity. Installation of these devices will be expervised by Eco-Science Professionals or another qualified professional fencing will placed along all LOO lines that occur within 35 feet of existing treetnes. Signage will be placed along the edge of the FCC every 100 feet. Fencing will consist of blaze orange mesh fence or super sit fence. See Forest Conservation Plan for standard specification B. Pre-Construction Meeting

Upon staking of limits of disturbance and installation of all signage, a pre-construction meeting will be held between the developer, contractor and appropriate County inspector. The purpose of the meeting will be to verify that all tree projection measures outlined in the FCP are in place, that all sediment control is in order, and to notify the contractor of possible penalties for non-compliance with the FCP.

C. Storage Facilities/Equipment Cleaning All equipment storage, parking, earliary facilities, material stockpling, etc. associated with construction of the project will be restricted to those areas shown within the limit of disturbance. Healting of equipment will be prohibited from all forest retemion areas. Wastewater resulting from equipment cleaning will be controlled to prevent runoff into wetlands, streams and other environmentally sensitive areas.

D. Sequence of Construction The following timetable represents the proposed timetable for construction of the proposed project. The construction start date for this project has not been formalized. The actual project start date is predicated on the issuance of all necessary permits and approvals for the project. The items outlined in the Forest Conservation Plan will be enacted upon commencement of the project.

Below find a sequence of construction. 1 Install all tree protection signage, fencing, and sediment control devices.

2. Hold pre-construction meeting between developer, contractor and County inspector. 1. Grade site and construct improvements. Stabilize all disturbed areas in accordance with grading plan. 4. Remove sediment control. Replace any forest retention slopage in poor condition. 5. Hold post-construction meeting with County inspectors to assure compliance with FCP.

E Construction Monitoring Eco-Science Professionals, or another qualified professional designated by the developer, will monitor construction of the project to ensure that a activities are in compliance with the Forest Conservation Plan. This will include inspections to ensure that signage is properly maintained and that or unauthorized infusions have been made into forest retention areas.

F. Activities Permitted During Construction

The forest conservation plan will allow the following activities within forest resources during the construction phase of the project:

1. Passive recreation (birdwatching, hiking, etc.) These activities will not damage or negatively impact the forest resources on the property.

G. Post-Construction Meeting

Upon completion of construction Eco-Science Professionals, or another qualified professional designated by the developer, will notify the County that construction has been completed and arrange for a post-construction meeting to review the project size. The meeting will allow the County inspector to verify that all forest Conservation Easement areas have been properly retained and that all post construction protection measures operatured signals. have been installed.

### Post-Construction Management Plan

The post-construction management plan will further ensure that all forest Conservation Easement Areas are maintained. The developer will be responsible for implementation of the cost-construction management plan.

The following items will be incorporated into the plan for the subject property A. Signage

Signage indicating the limits of the forest retention areas shall be maintained

# C. TOTAL AREA OF FOREST TO BE RETAINED - EXISTING FOREST COVER (F) - FOREST TO BE CLEARED (J)

NET TRACT AREA

A. TOTAL TRACT AREA

EXISTING FOREST COVER

REQUIRED)

G . F - E: OTHERWISE G . O.

CONSERVATION TRESHOLD (E):

H = EXISTING FOREST COVER (F)

PROPOSED FOREST CLEARING

TOTAL AREA OF FOREST TO BE CLEARED

FOREST CLEARING PERMITTED WITHOUT MITIGATION

1 - EXISTING FOREST COVER (F) - BREAKEVEN POINT (H)

PLANTING REQUIREMENTS f the total area of forest to be retained (k) is at or above the breakeven point (h), no

FOREST CONSERVATION WORKSHEET

IF THE EXISTING FOREST COVER (F) IS GREATER THAN THE CONSERVATION TRESHOLD (E), THEN

. Breakeven point amount of forest that must be retained so that no mitigation is

(1) IF THE AREA OF FOREST ABOVE CONSERVATION TRESHOLD (C) IS GREATER THAN O, THEN

(2) IF THE AREA OF FOREST ABOVE CONSERVATION TRESHOLD (G) IS EQUAL TO 0. THEN

H = (0.2 x THE AREA OF FOREST ABOVE CONSERVATION TRESHOLD (G) + THE

B. DEDUCTIONS (CRITICAL AREA, AREA RESTRICTED BY LOCAL OR PROGRAM)

LAND USE CATEGORY: MEDIUM DENSITY RESIDENTIAL

). AFFORESTATION THRESHOLD (NET TRACT AREA (C) x 15%)

E. CONSERVATION THRESHOLD (NET TRACT AREA [C] x 20%)

F. EXISTING FOREST COVER WITHIN THE NET TRACT AREA

G. AREA OF FOREST ABOVE CONSERVATION TRESHOLD

C. NET TRACT AREA - NET TRACT AREA - TOTAL TRACT (A) - DEDUCTIONS (B)

ACRES

3.04

43.45

6.52

8.69

6.38

5.14

5.28

PLANTING IS REQUIRED, AND NO FURTHER CALCULATIONS ARE NECESSARY ( 1.0, M-0, N-0, P-0, Q-0,

OTHERWISE, CALCULATE THE PLANTING REQUIREMENT(5) AS FOLLOWS: REFORESTATION FOR CLEARING ABOVE THE CONSERVATION TRESHOLD (I) IF THE TOTAL AREA OF FOREST TO BE RETAINED (C) IS GREATER THAN THE

(E), THEN L . AREA OF FOREST ABOVE CONSERVATION TRESHOLD (G) x 0.25

REFORESTATION FOR CLEARING BELOW THE CONSERVATION TRESHOLD (1) IF EXISTING FOREST COVER (F) IS GREATER THAN THE CONSERVATION TRESHOLD (E) AND THE

FOREST TO BE RETAINED (K) IS LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO THE CONSERVATION TRESHOLD (E), THEN M . 2.0 x (CONSERVATION TRESHOLD (E) - FOREST TO BE RETAINED (K) (2) IF EXISTING FOREST COVER (F) IS LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO THE CONSERVATION TRESHOLD (E), THEN M . 2.0 x FOREST TO BE CLEARED (J)

. CREDIT FOR RETENTION ABOVE THE CONSERVATION TRESHOLD

THE AREA OF FOREST TO BE RETAINED (K) IS GREATER THAN THE CONSERVATION TRESHOLD (E), THEN N = K - E: OTHERWISE N = 0

TOTAL REFORESTATION REQUIRED P . L . M - N . TOTAL AFFORESTATION REQUIRED

IF EXISTING FOREST COVER (F) IS LESS THAN THE AFFORESTATION TRESHOLD (D), THEN Q = AFFORESTATION TRESHOLD (D) - EXISTING FOREST COVER (F) R. TOTAL PLANTING REQUIREMENT R • P • Q

#### FOREST CONSERVATION DATA RETENTION AREA PLANTING AREA TOTAL EASEMENT AREA 0.23 AC. 0.12 AC. 0.35 AC. 0.24 AC. 0.24 AC. 0.48 AC. 0.37 AC. 0.43 AC. 0.80 AC. 0.25 AC. 0.25 AC. 0.31 AC. 0.31 AC. \_\_\_\_ 0.69 AC. 0.89 AC. 0.20 AC. 0.51 AC. ----0.51 AC. 1.74 AC. 3.57 AC. 1.83 AC. 1.93 AC. 1.93 AC.

TOTAL 3.81 AC. 5.28 AC.

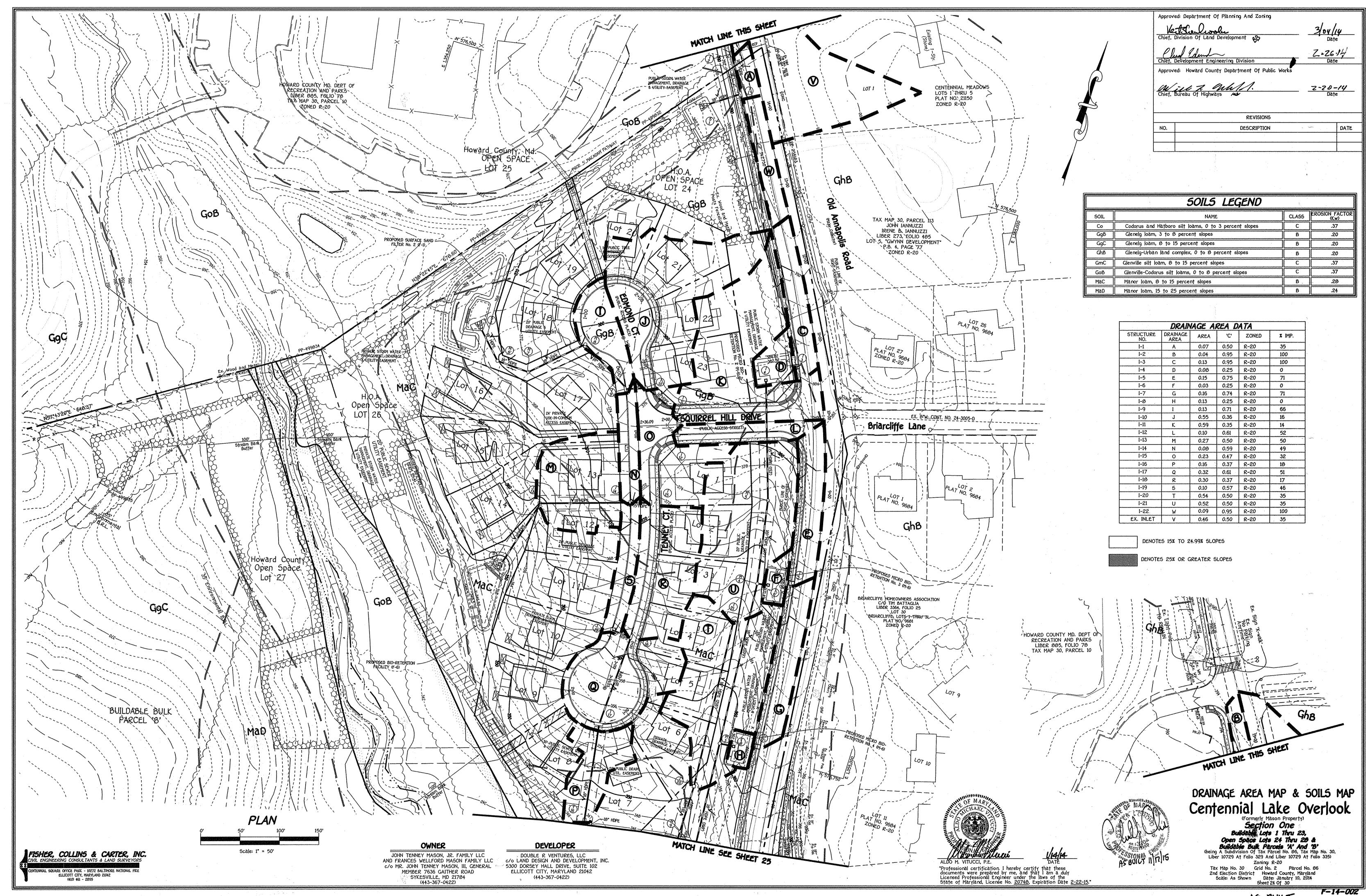
FOREST CONSERVATION PLAN Centennial Lake Overlook Section One Buildable Lots 1 Thru 23,

Open Space Lots 24 Thru 28 & Buildable Bulk Parcels 'A' And 'B' being A Subdivision Of Tax Parcel No. 86, Tax Map No. 30, Liber 10729 At Folio 329 And Liber 10729 At Folio 335) Tax Map No. 30 Grid No. 2 Parcel No. 86

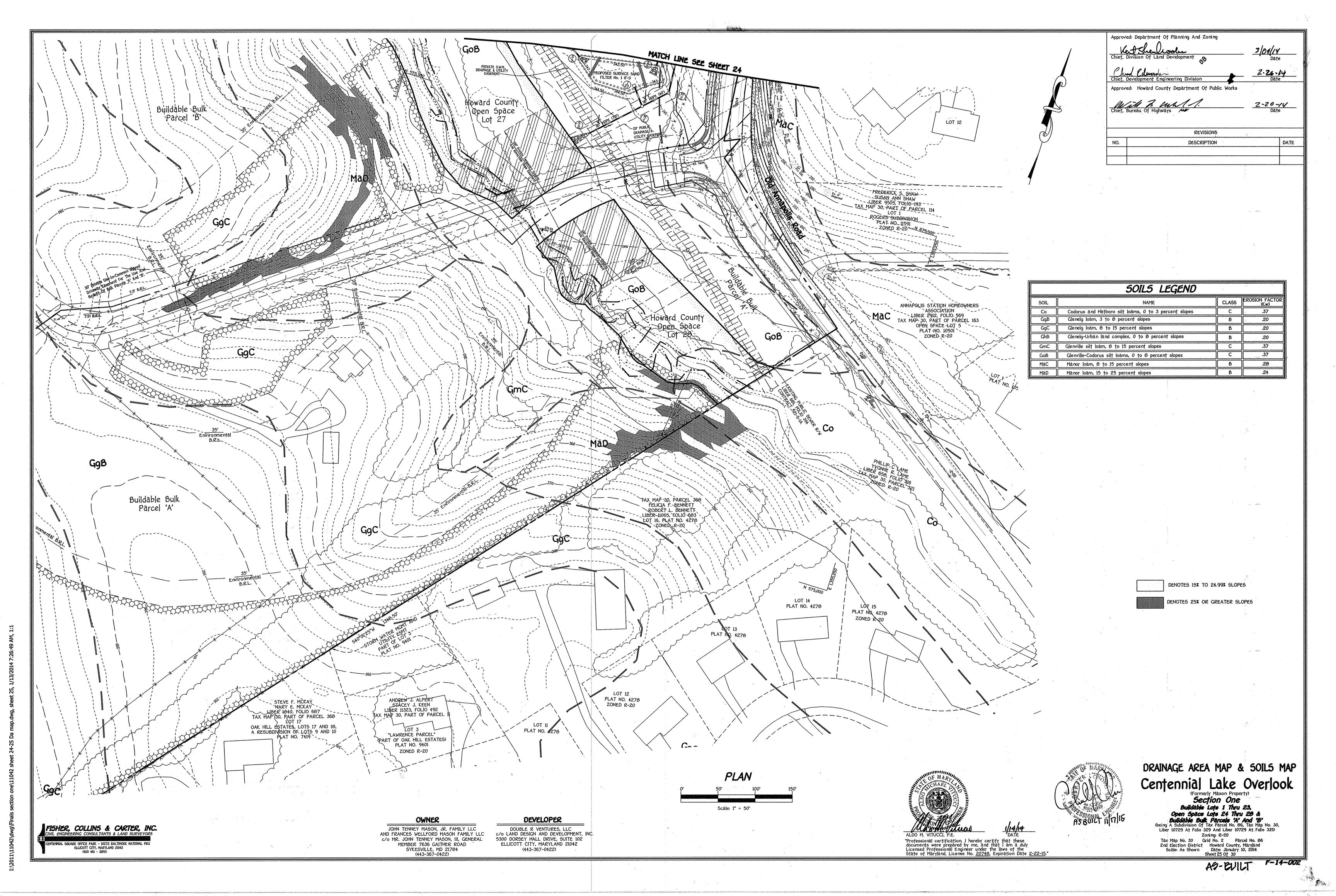
2nd Election District Howard County, Maryland Scale: As Shown Date: January 10, 2014 Sheet 23 Of 30

OWNER JOHN TENNEY MASON, JR. FAMILY LLC AND FRANCES WELLFORD MASON FAMILY LLC c/o MR. JOHN TENNEY MASON, III, GENERAL MEMBER 7636 GAITHER ROAD (443-367-0422) SYKESVILLE, MD 21704 (443-367-0422)

"Professional certification. I hereby certify that these documents were prepared by me, and that I am a duly Licensed Professional Engineer under the laws of the State of Maryland, License No. 20748, Expiration Date 2-22-15."

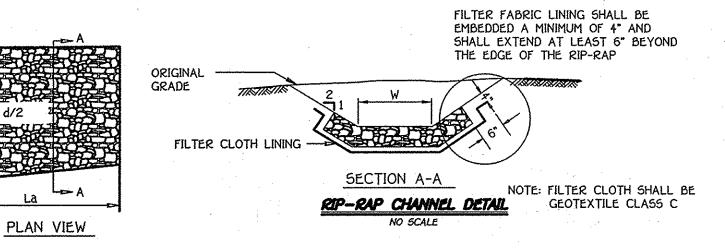


AG-BUILT



STRUCTURE SCHEDULE										
STRUCTURE NO.	TOP ELEVATION	INV.IN	INV.OUT	LOCATION (ROAD NAME/COORINATE)	ROAD STA.	OFFSET	TYPE AND WIDTH	REMARK5		
I-1	392. <del>76</del> .61	385.9 <b>87</b> (15"), 385. <del>78</del> (18")	3 <del>63.3</del> 6 (18°)	OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD	14+22-95	24' LV	A-5 (2.5') <b>√</b>	D - 4.01		
I-2	392.90,8]	388.0+ (18")▼	308.€ (18")√	OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD	14+22-95 4-30 ) 14+7 <del>5-12</del>	23.4' L√	A-5 (2.5') <b>√</b>	D - 4.01		
I-3	385. <del>25</del> ,17	/		OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD	10+6	24' L 🗸	COG/COS OPENING	MD - 374.68		
I-4	383. <del>52</del> .38	300,02 (6") 379,92	378.41 (15") <b>V</b>	SQUIRREL HILL DRIVE	0+72.35	53' R <b>√</b>	'5' INLET√	D - 4.22		
1-5	372.7 <b>‡1</b>	7./	70 /	OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD	7+8 <del>1.52</del>	24' LV	COG/COS OPENING	MD - 374.68		
I-6	370. <del>99.74</del>	367.49 (6")	365. <del>9€</del> (15")√	OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD	7+75.21	57' L <b>√</b>	'S' INLET√	D - 4.22		
I-7	363. <b>32,15</b>	/		OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD	5+ <b>57-35</b>	24' LV	COG/COS OPENINGV	MD - 374.68		
1-8	361. <del>59</del> . <b>20</b>	350.09 (6") 357.91	356.27 (15")	OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD	5+61.49 <b>√</b>	57' L√	'S' INLET	D - 4.22		
I-9	377. <del>10</del> , <b>38</b>	370.6 (18")	370.44 (18")	EDMOND COURT	0+47.61✓	12' L√	A-5 (2.5°) <b>√</b>	D - 4.01		
I-10	3 <del>77.10</del> 378,10	371 🚉 (18")	370.974(18")	EDMOND COURT	0+47.61	12' R√	A-5 (2.5°)√	D - 4.01		
I-11	2 <del>76.72</del> <b>317.</b> 57	372.47 (15")	372.2 <b>%</b> (18*)	SQUIRREL HILL DRIVE	0+47.61 1+0	12' R√	A-5 (2.5')√	D - 4.01		
I-12	3 <del>76.72</del> 317.39	450.07	372.75 (15*)	SQUIRREL HILL DRIVE	1+86.30	12' L√	A-5 (2.5")√	D - 4.01		
I-13	throat = 359.7531	0.68 355.95 (18")V	(18")	N 575,97 <del>0.60</del> £ 1,354,527.891	6,93		'D' INLET	D - 4.10		
I-14	3 <del>71.50</del> 378.3	·	365-54 (19") 1	TENNEY COURT	0+9 <del>7-16</del>	12' RV	A-5 (2.5°)√	D - 4.01		
I-15	<del>371.50</del> 572.57		367.7 <b>/29</b> (15")	TENNEY COURT	0+9 <del>7.16</del>	12' LV	A-5 (2.5')√	D - 4.01		
I-16	throat = 346. <del>60,</del> 44	343. <u>59</u> (18")	343.49 (18")	N 575,60296 E 1,354,70146	****		'D' INLET	D - 4.10		
I-17	354. <del>20,<b>97</b></del>	348:44 (18")	348.24 (18")	TENNEY COURT	L.P. 1:46.11V		A-10 (2.5")	D - 4.03		
I-18	<del>361.90</del> - <b>362</b> 7	356.60 (15°)√ 357.62	12.45 (187) V	TENNEY COURT	2+67-00 2+65-61	12' LV	A-5 (2.5°)√	D - 4.01		
I-19	36 <del>1.99</del> <b>362.</b> 79		356.88 (15*)	TENNEY COURT	2+6 <del>5.61</del>	12' RV	A-5 (2.5')	D - 4.01		
I-20	throat = 351.50,6	347.95 (15")	347.70 (18")	N 575,684.61 E 1,354,821.99			'D' INLET	D - 4.10		
I-21	throat = 363. <del>25</del> ,18	<b></b>	359.50(15")	N 575,900.49 E 1,354,807.72			'D' INLET	D - 4.10		
I-22	392. <del>92</del> . <b>54</b>	339,84	357.54 (15")	OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD	13+4#3,50	24' LV	A-5 (2.5′)√	D - 4.01		
I-23	throat = 343. <del>50.</del> 13	240-99 (6")V	330.50 (15°)√	N 575,57 <del>3.51</del> E 1,354,80 <del>0.5</del>			'D' INLET	D - 4.10		
M-1	344.65,94	339.70 (157), 339.45 (167)	339.35 (18")	N 575,591.01 E 1,354,819.70			4' DIA. MANHOLEV	G - 5.12		
M-2	348.001	(18°)V	341.75 (18")	OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD	4+05.57	85.4' LV	4' DIA. MANHOLE	G - 5.12		
M-3	350.25✔	352.92 (15 x 351.42 (10 ) V	341, 45 (18") V	OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD	5+61.16 🗸	75.5' L <b>V</b>	4' DIA. MANHOLEV	G - 5.12		
M-4	369. <del>50</del> ,45	364.75 (157), 364.50 (187)	363.6€ (18")√	OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD	7+74.06	70.7' L	4' DIA. MANHOLE	G - 5.12		
M-5	374.00 <b>373,8</b> 6	369.75 (15")√	369.50 (10")	OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD	Ø÷Ø5.29	70.5' L	4' DIA. MANHOLE	G - 5.12		
M-6	369.99	366. <del>20</del> (18")√,	365.950(18")	N 576,12 <del>9,02</del> E 1,354,4234 <del>7</del>			4' DIA. MANHOLE	G - 5.12		
M-7	372.093	366.97 (18")	366.621(10")	N 576,125-93 E 1,354,464-92			4' DIA. MANHOLE	G - 5.12		
M-8	<del>379.90</del> <b>380,3</b>	369. <b>6</b> 7 (18")	369.42 (10")	N 576,10 <del>1.25</del> E 1,354,523.69	ate two like atro		4' DIA. MANHOLE	G - 5.12		
M-9	348. <del>00</del> , <b>11</b>	343.54 (18")	343.34 (16*)	N 575,624.10 E 1,354,821.4			4' DIA. MANHOLE	G - 5.12		
	· 4					,				
5-1	384. <del>10</del> , <b>23</b>	382. <del>60</del> .73		OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD	14+12.53	64.7' LV	18" FLARED END SECTION V	**		
5-2	340.45 <b>.55</b>	<del>338.95</del> <b>339,0</b> 5	Marriage WH sup	OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD N 575,492.59 E 1,354,760.62	*******		18" FLARED END SECTION	**		
5-3	366.5 <b>%</b>	365.08 🍫		N 576,159.66 E 1,354,393.40			10" FLARED END SECTION	**		
5-4	348. <del>70</del> , <b>CG</b>	347. <del>20</del> ,16		N 575,00245 E 1,354,50546	AS-149, NA 300		18" FLARED END SECTION	**		
5-5	344.55,20	343.05 3AR.70		N 575,506.27 E 1,354,711.01			18" FLARED END SECTION	**		
5-6	344. <del>52</del> .48	<del>313.02</del> <b>3</b> 42.98	4m 3df 4m 4m	N 575,609.00 E 1,354,822.01			18" FLARED END SECTION	**		
NOTE: TOP ELEVATION OF COG/COS OPENING IS AT 12' OFFSET FROM CENTERLINE ON OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD  ** - ADS (ADVANCED DRAINAGE SYSTEMS) OR EQUAL										

NOTE: TOP ELEVATION OF COG/COS OPENING IS AT 12' OFFSET FROM CENTERLINE ON OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD \*\* - ADS (ADVANCED DRAINAGE SYSTEMS) OR EQUAL NOTE: SEE SHEET 13 FOR COG/COS OPENING DETAIL



### CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS FOR RIP-RAP OUTFALLS

 The subgrade for the filter, riprap or gabion shall be prepared to the required lines and grades. Am fill required in the subgrade shall be compacted to a density of approximately that of the surrounding undisturbed material. The rock or gravel shall conform to the specified grading limits when installed

respectively in the riprap or filter. Filter cloth shall be protected from punching, cutting or tearing. Any damage other than an occasional shall hole shall be repaired by placing another piece of cloth over the damaged part or by completely replacing the cloth. All overlaps whether for repairs or for joining two pieces of cloth shall be a minimum of one foot.

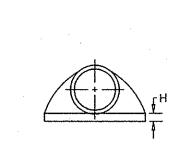
Stone for the riprap or gabion outlets may be placed by equipment. Both shall each be constructed to the full course thickness in one operation and in such a manner as to avoid displacement of underlying materials. The stone for riprap or gabion outlets shall be delivered and placed in a manner that will insure that it is reasonably homogenous with the smaller stones and spalls filling the voids between the larger stones. Riprap shall be placed in a manner to prevent damage to the filter blanket or filter cloth. Hand placement will be required to the extent necessary to prevent damage to the

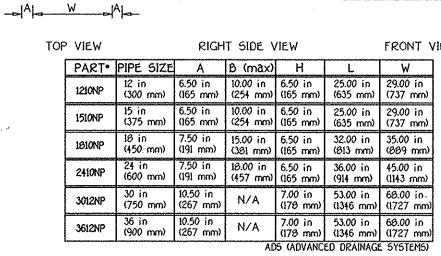
=	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
n	EXISTING STABILIZED AREA  TOE WALL 3' MINIMUM DEPTH  I' MINIMUM WIDTH  ELEVATION
	The second secon

RIP-RAP CHANNEL DESIGN DATA																
STRUCTURE	AREA (5.F.)	WETTED PERIMETER	R	g 2/3	5	5 1/2	W	d	n	V (f.p.s.)	Q (c.f.s.)	RIP-RA D 50	P SIZE D <sub>HAX</sub>	BLANKET THICKNESS	PIPE SIZE	La
5-1	1.78	8.49	0.2096	0.3510	0.005	0.0707	8.0	0.17'	0.04	0.93	1.65	9.5"	15"	19"	18"	10'
5-2	2.74	8.75	0.3131	0.4593	0.005	0.0707	8.0'	0.31	0.04	1.21	3.31	9.5"	15"	19"	18"	20'
5-3	3.11	8.85	0.3514	0.6867	0.005	0.0707	Ø.0°	0.38'	0.04	1.31	4.01	9.5"	15"	19"	18"	10'
5-4	2.20	Ø.61	0.2555	0.4993	0.005	0.0707	8.0°	0.27'	0.04	1.06	2.30	9.5	15"	19"	18"	10'
5-5	2.51	8.69	0.2888	0.5644	0.005	0.0707	8.0°	0.31	0.04	1.15	2.88	9.5"	15*	19"	18"	10'
5-6	3.36	8.91	0.3771	0.7369	0.005	0.0707	8.0'	0.41'	0.04	1.37	4.59	9.5"	15"	19"	18"	10'

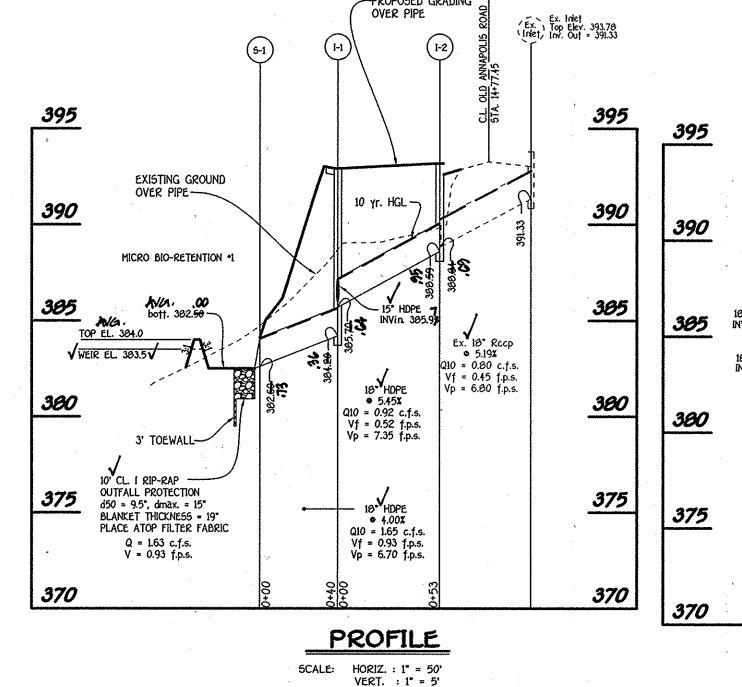
5IZE	CLA55	LENGTH
15"	HDPE	560 L.F.
16*	HDPE	1,609 L.F.
6"	SOLID PVC, SCH. 40	202 L.F.
6*	PERFORATED PVC, SCH. 40	422 L.F.

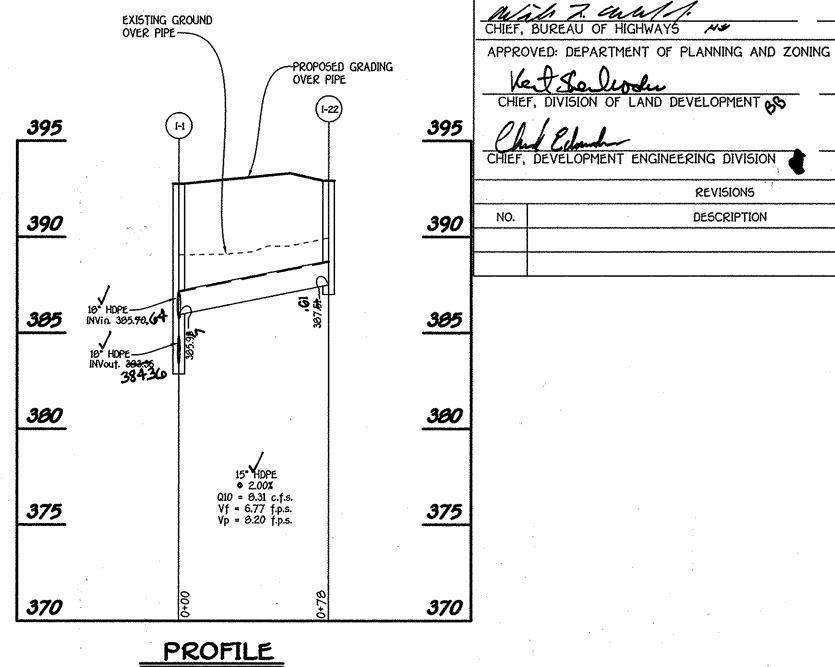
PE THREADED ROD w/WING NUTS (SEE NOTE)





NOTE: PE THREADED ROD W/WING NUTS PROVIDED FOR END SECTIONS 12" - 24". 30" - 36" END SECTIONS TO BE WELDED TO WELD PER MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS. FRONT VIEW

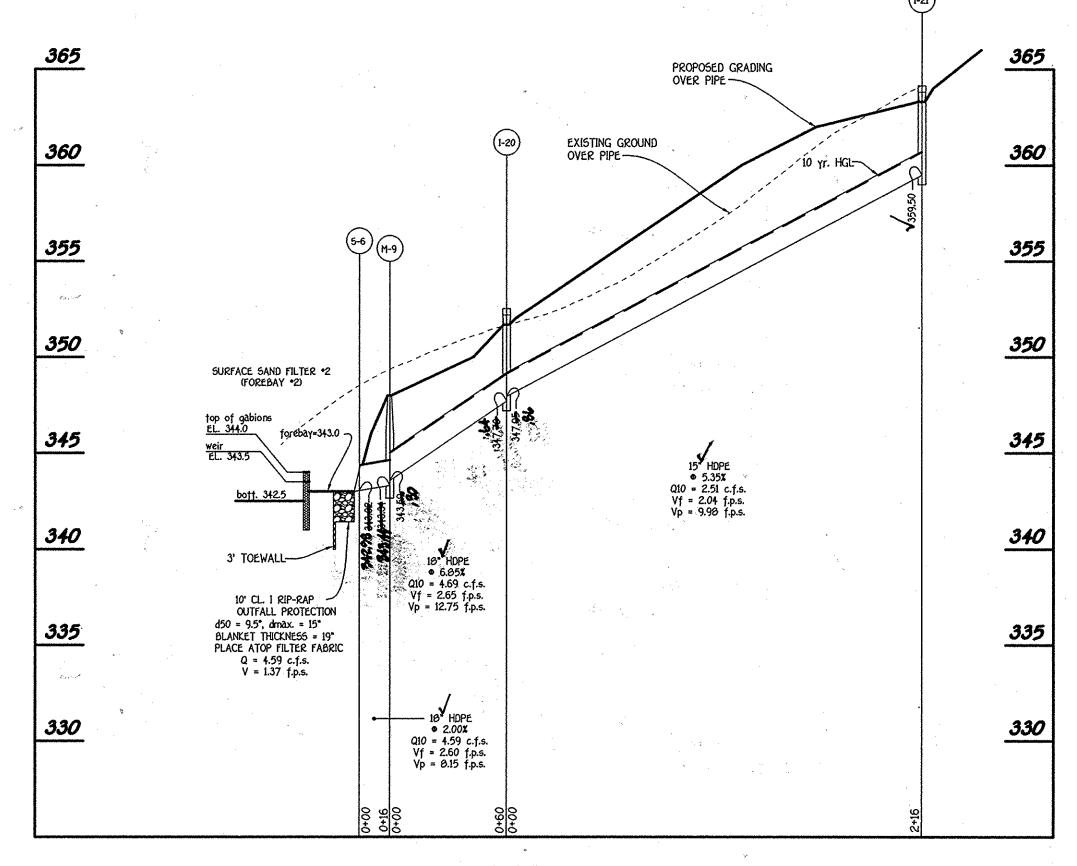




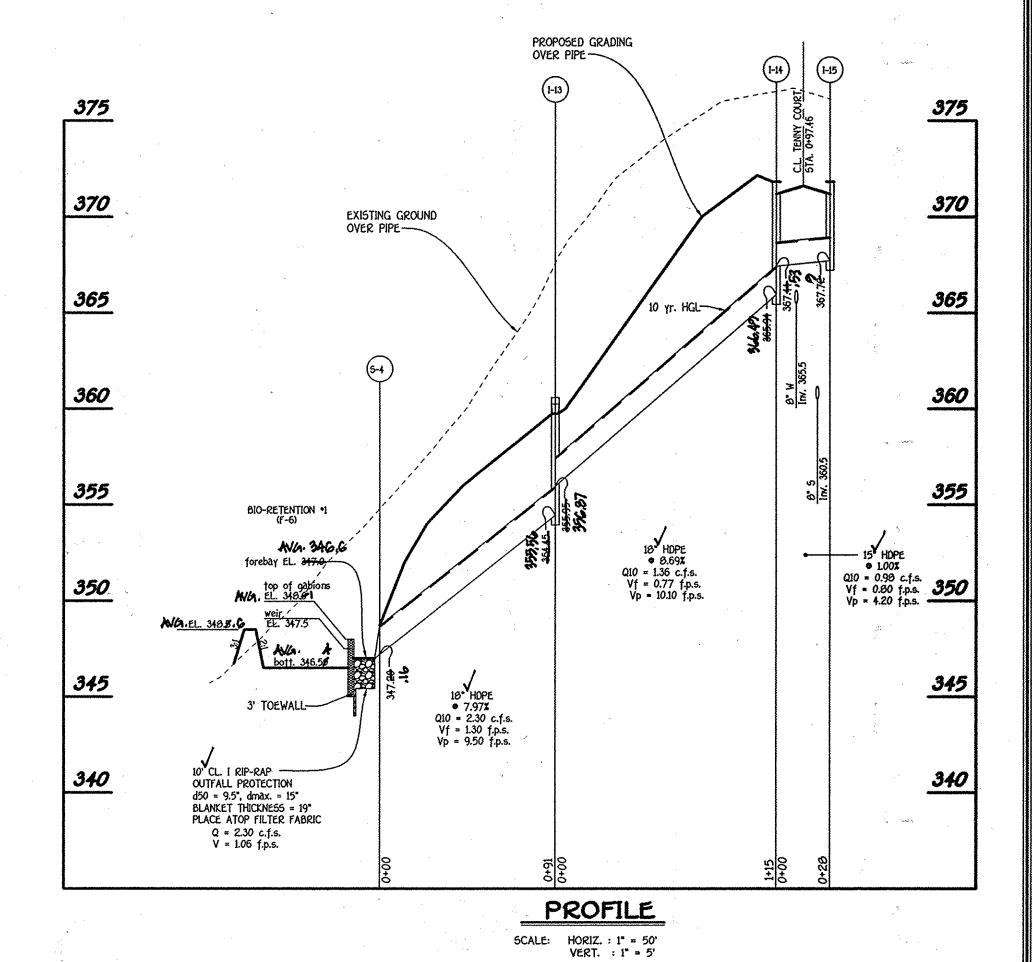
EXISTING GROUND

SCALE: HORIZ. : I\* = 50' VERT. : 1" = 5"

FLARED END SECTION DETAIL



PROFILE SCALE: HORIZ. : 1" = 50' VERT. : 1" = 5'



APPROVED: DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS

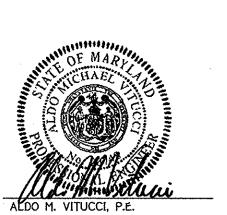
REVISIONS

DESCRIPTION

7-20-14

7.26.14

DATE



"Professional certification. I hereby certify that these documents were prepared by me, and that I am a duly Licensed Professional Engineer under the laws of the State of Maryland, License No. 20748, Expiration Date 2-22-15."

STORM DRAIN PROFILES

Centennial Lake Overlook

(Formerly Mason Property)

Section One

Buildable Lots 1 Thru 23,

Open Space Lots 24 Thru 28 &

Buildable Bulk Parcels 'A' And 'B'

(being A Subdivision Of Tax Parcel No. 85, Tax Map No. 30,

Liber 10729 At Folio 329 And Liber 10729 At Folio 335) Liber 10729 At Folio 329 And Liber 10729 At Folio 335) Zoning: R-20
Tax Map No. 30 Grid No. 2 Parcel No. 26
2nd Election District Howard County, Maryland
Scale: As Shown Date: January 10, 2014
Sheet 26 Of 30

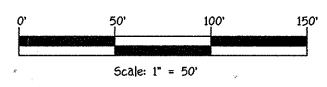
FISHER, COLLINS & CARTER, INC. ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042 (410) 461 ~ 2055

OWNER JOHN TENNEY MASON, JR. FAMILY LLC AND FRANCES WELLFORD MASON FAMILY LLC c/o MR. JOHN TENNEY MASON, III, GENERAL MEMBER 7636 GAITHER ROAD

SYKESVILLE, MD 21784

(443-367-0422)

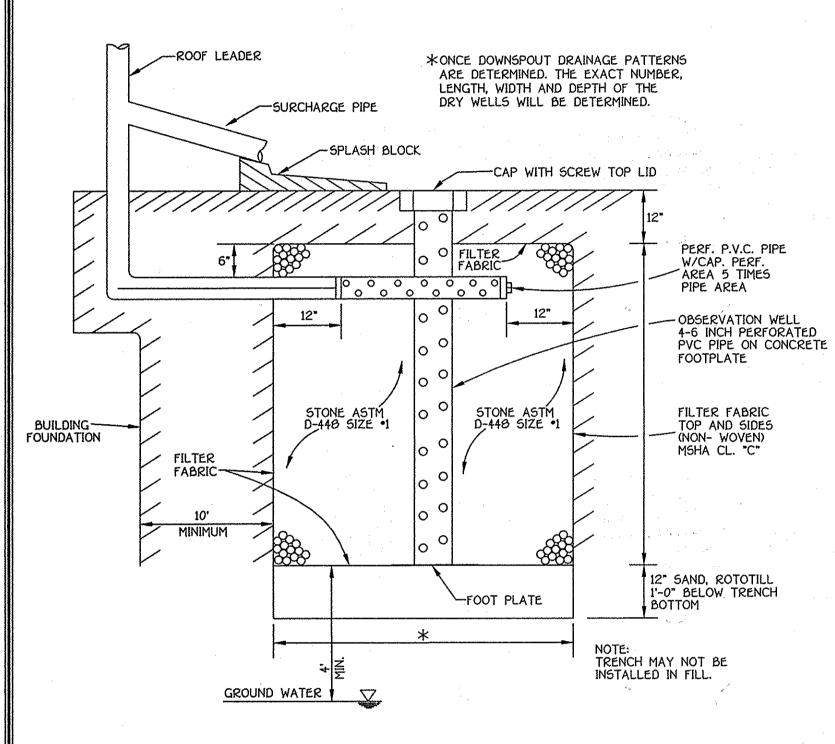
DEVELOPER DOUBLE R VENTURES, LLC c/o LAND DESIGN AND DEVELOPMENT, INC. 5300 DORSEY HALL DRIVE, SUITE 102 ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042 (443-367-0422)



I:\2011\11042\dwa\Finals section one\11042 sheet 26-27 storm drain profiles.dwg. sheet 27, 1/13/2014 7:

# GUTTER DRAIN FILTER DETAIL

NOT TO SCALE



# FUTURE DRY WELL DETAIL (LOTS 8, 9, 10, 14, 15 & 16) NOT TO SCALE

# FUTURE PRIVATE FACILITIES

NOTE: ALL PRIVATE FACILITIES ARE TO BE CONSTRUCTED & DETAILED AT THE SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN PHASE, ONCE ACTUAL HOUSE TYPES ARE SELECTED.

# STORMWATER MANAGEMENT NOTES

- 1. STORMWATER MANAGEMENT IS PROVIDED IN ACCORDANCE
- WITH THE 2000 MARYLAND STORMWATER DESIGN MANUAL. 2. CREDITS ARE GIVEN FOR DISCONNECTION OF IMPERVIOUS COVERS.
- 3. MAXIMUM CONTRIBUTING ROOF TOP AREA TO EACH DOWNSPOUT SHALL BE LESS THAN 500 SQ. FT.
- 4. DRYWELLS SHALL BE PROVIDED AT LOCATIONS WHERE THE LENGTH OF DISCONNECTION IS LESS THAN 75' AT 5%. THE SIZE AND CONSTRUCTION OF THE DRYWELL SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE FIGURE 5.2 OF THE MANUAL AND
- THE DETAIL SHOWN ON THIS SHEET. 5. FINAL GRADING SHALL BE SHOWN ON SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN.

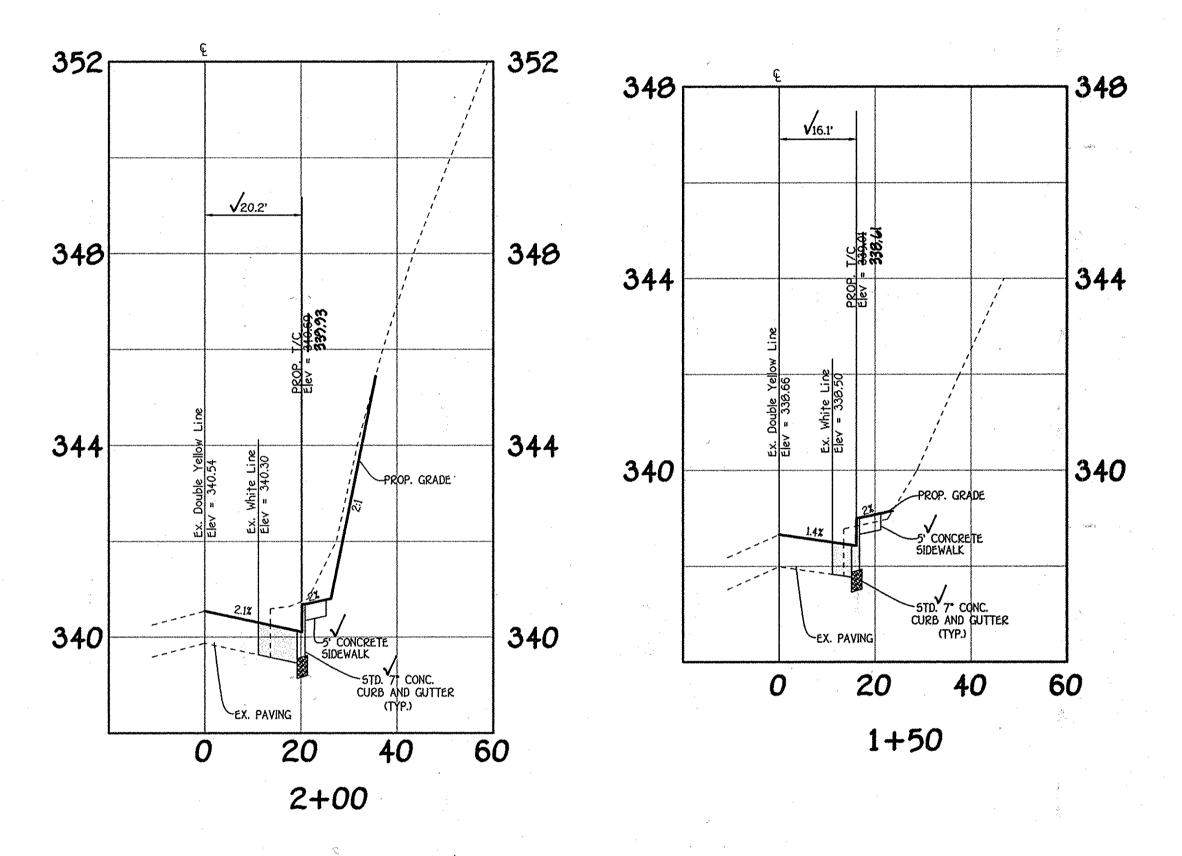
# OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE FOR DRYWELLS (M-5)

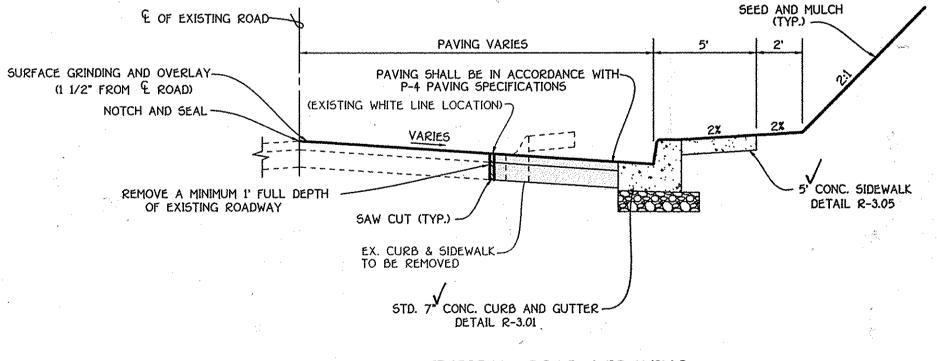
- a. The owner shall inspect the monitoring wells and structures on a quarterly basis and after every heavy storm event.
- b. The owner shall record the water levels and sediment build up in the monitoring wells over a period of
- several days to insure trench drainage.

  c. The owner shall maintain a log book to determine the rate at which the facility drains.
- d. When the facility becomes clogged so that it does not drain down within a seventy two (72) hour time period, corrective action shall be taken.
- e. The maintenance log book shall be available to Howard County for inspection to insure compliance with operation and maintenance criteria.
- f. Once the performance characteristics of the infiltration facility have been verified, the monitoring schedule can be reduced to an annual basis unless the performance data indicates that a more frequent schedule is required.

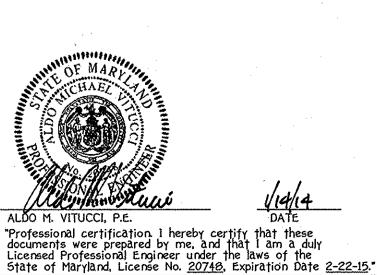
DRYWELL CHART (FOR FUTURE SITE PLAN USE)								
LOT No.	ESD REQ'D. (cu.ff.)	DRYWELL SIZE	No. OF DRYWELLS PER LOT	ESD PROV'D. (cu.ft.)				
8	285	7.5'x14'x4' deep	2	336				
9	285	7.5'x14'x4' deep	2	336				
10	143	7.5'x14'x4' deep	1	168				
14	143	8'x16'x4' deep	1	205				
15	143	8'x16'x4' deep	1	205				
16	285	7.5'x14'x4' deep	2	336				
,		<u> </u>						

APPROVED: DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS CHIEF, BUREAU OF HIGHWAYS AND 2-20-14 APPROVED: DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING EVELOPMENT ENGINEERING DIVISION **REVISIONS** DATE DESCRIPTION





TYPICAL ROAD WIDENING



FUTURE PRIVATE S.W.M. NOTES & DETAILS AND OLD ANNAPOLIS ROAD CROSS-SECTIONS

Section One Buildable Lofs 1 Thru 23,
Open Space Lots 24 Thru 20 &
Buildable Builk Parcels 'A' And 'B'
(being A Subdivision Of Tax Parcel No. 26, Tax Map No. 30,

Zoning: R-20
Tax Map No. 30 Grid No. 2 Parcel No. 86
2nd Election District Howard County, Maryland
Scale: As Shown Date: January 10, 2014
Sheet 28 Of 30

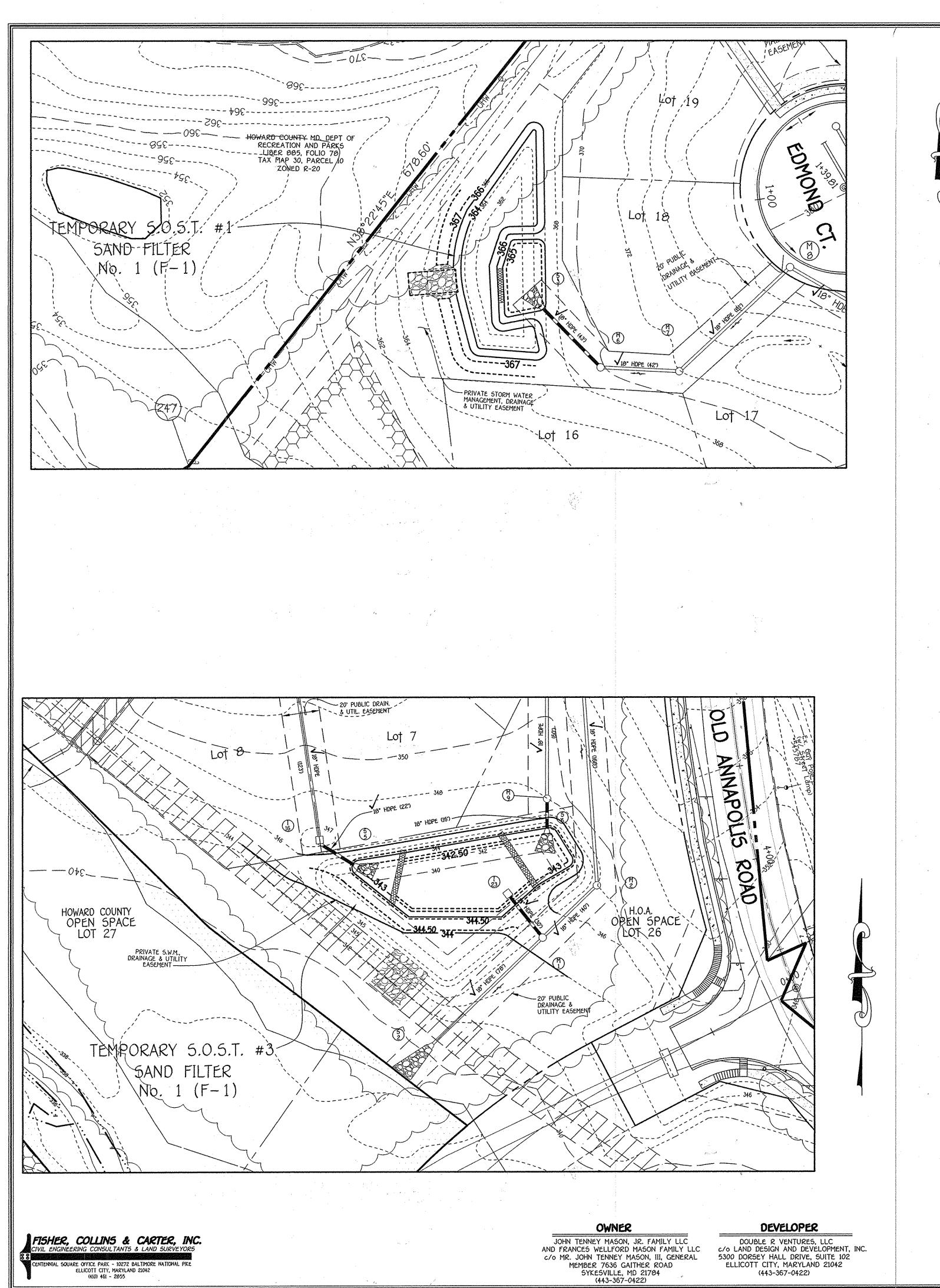
FISHER, COLLINS & CARTER, INC.
CIVIL ENGINEERING CONSULTANTS & LAND SURVEYORS SQUARE OFFICE PARK - 10272 BALTIMORE NATIONAL PIKE

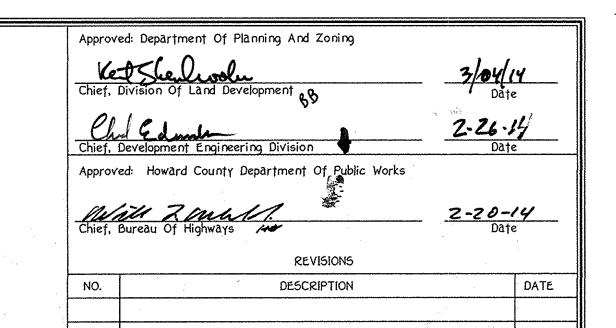
OWNER JOHN TENNEY MASON, JR. FAMILY LLC AND FRANCES WELLFORD MASON FAMILY LLC C/O MR. JOHN TENNEY MASON, III, GENERAL MEMBER 7636 GAITHER ROAD

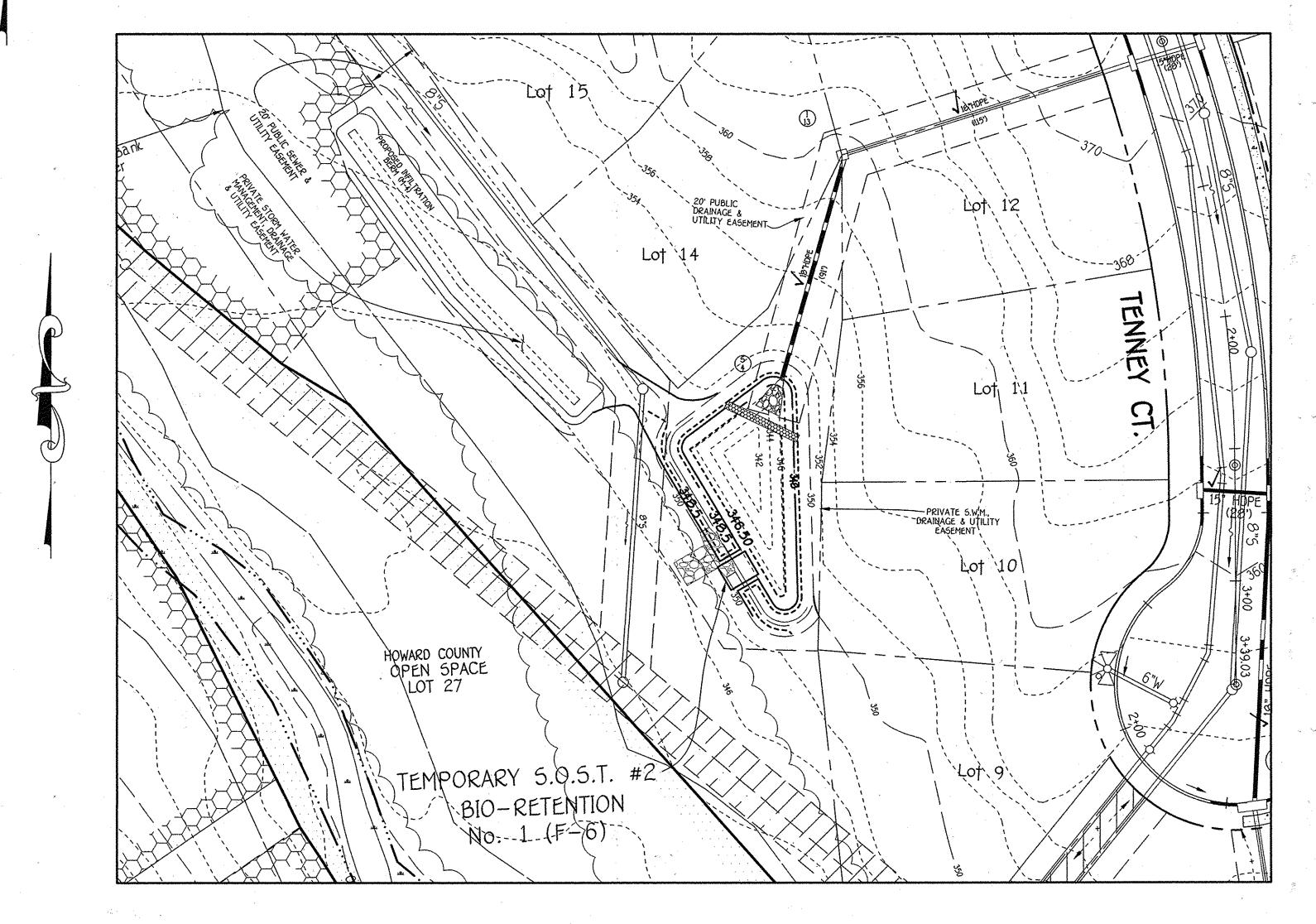
SYKESVILLE, MD 21704 (443-367-0422)

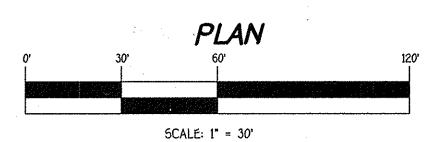
DEVELOPER DOUBLE R VENTURES, LLC c/o LAND DESIGN AND DEVELOPMENT, INC. 5300 DORSEY HALL DRIVE, SUITE 102 ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21042 (443-367-0422)

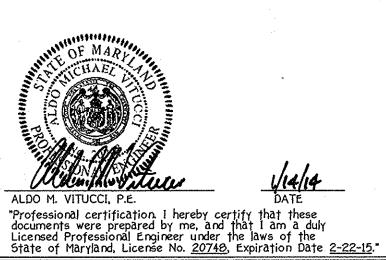
SCALE: 1" = 20"

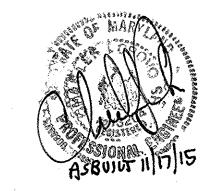












FINAL GRADING PLAN

Centennial Lake Overlook

(Formerly Mason Property)

Section One
Buildable Lots 1 Thru 23,
Open Space Lots 24 Thru 28 &
Buildable Builk Parcels 'A' And 'B'

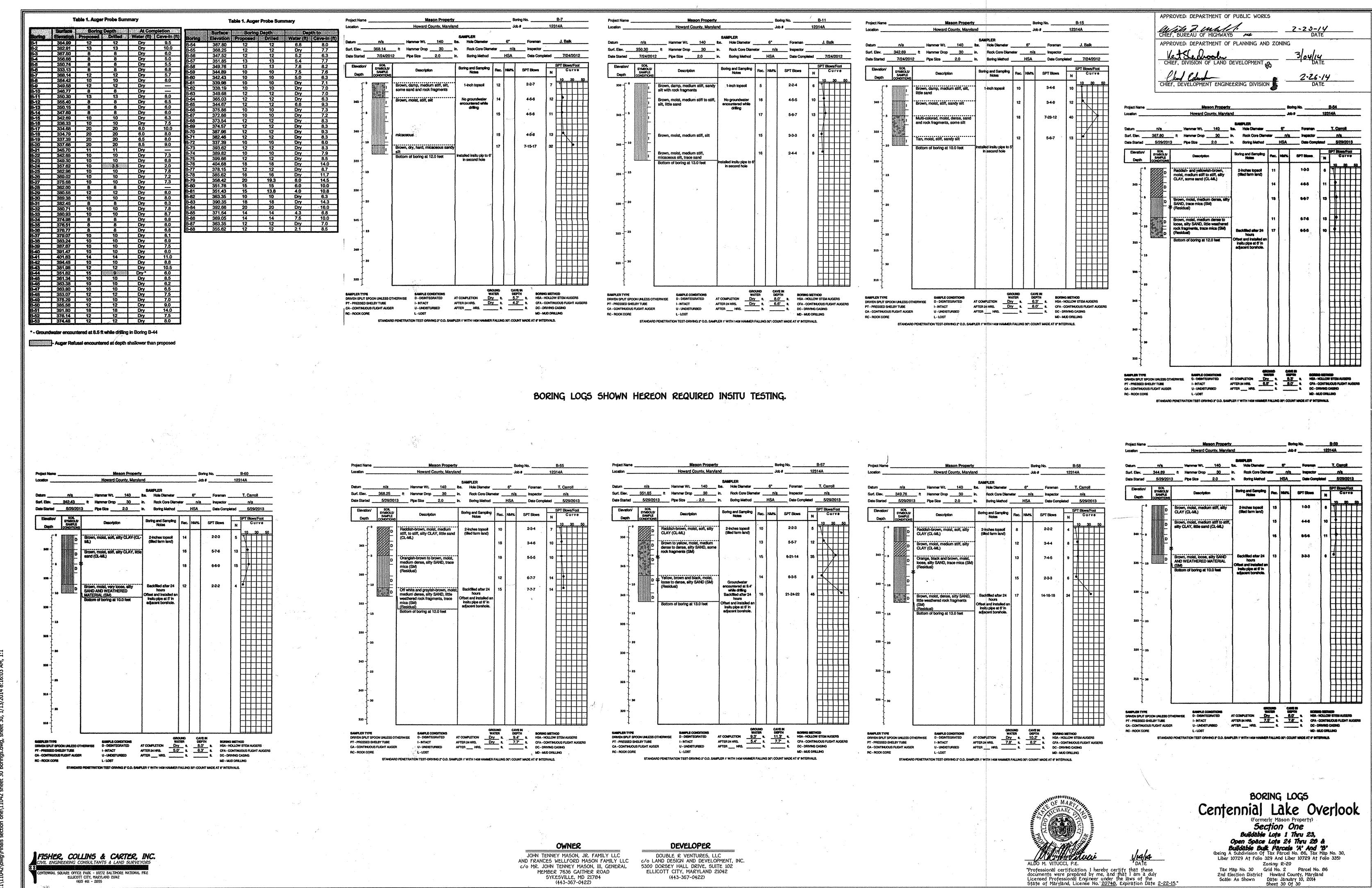
(being A Sandivision Of Tax Parcel No. 86, Tax Map No. 30,
Liber 10729 At Folio 329 And Liber 10729 At Folio 335)

Zoning: R-20

Tax Map No. 30 Grid No. 2 Parcel No. 86
2nd Election District Howard County, Maryland
Scale: As Shown Date: January 10, 2014
Sheet 29 Of 30

AG-BUILT

F-14-002



(443-367-0422)

5YKE5VILLE, MD 21704 (443-367-0422)

SQUARE OFFICE PARK - 10272 BALTIMORE NATIONAL PIKE

(410) 461 - 2055

THERE IS NO AS-BUILT INFORMATION ON THIS SHEET -14-002