GENERAL NOTES

- SUBJECT PROPERTY IS ZONED "PGCC" PER THE 10-6-2013 COMPREHENSIVE ZONING PLAN GROSS AREA OF SITE SUBJECT TO SUBDIVISION = 10.08 AC.±
- NUMBER OF PROPOSED BUILDABLE LOTS: 33
- AREA OF PROPOSED BUILDABLE LOTS: 3.26 AC
- NUMBER OF PROPOSED BULK PARCELS: 2

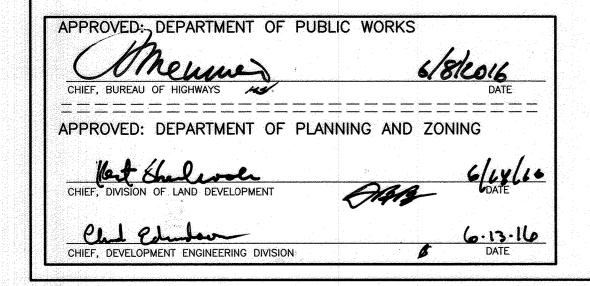
- WETLAND AND 100-YEAR FLOODPLAIN LIMITS SHOWN ARE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE FOURTH AMENDMENT TO THE TURE
- 22. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE FOLLOWING UTILITY COMPANIES OR AGENCIES AT LEAST FIVE (5) WORKING DAYS

BEFORE STARTING WORK SHOWN ON THESE PLANS.	
STATE HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION	410.531.5533
BGE(CONTRACTOR SERVICES)	410.850.4620
BGE(UNDERGROUND DAMAGE CONTROL)	410.787.9068
MISSUTILITY	1.800.257.7777
COLONIAL PIPELINE COMPANY	410.795.1390
HOWARD COUNTY, DEPT. OF PUBLIC WORKS, BUREAU OF UTILITIES	410.313.4900
HOWARD COUNTY HEALTH DEPARTMENT	410.313.2640
AT&T	1.800.252.1133
VERIZON	1.800.743.0033/410.224.92
PREVIOUS HOWARD COUNTY FILE NUMBERS: S-86-013; S-94-045; S-04-012; SP-97-012; SP-06	6-013; F-94-006; F-96-107; F-96-150;

- F-96-151; F-07-158; SDP-95-121; CONTR. #24-4354-D; PB-181; PB-294; PB-300; PB-351; PB-368; WP-09-048; WP-09-211; PLAT #20286 &

- 4. DRIVEWAY(S) SHALL BE PROVIDED PRIOR TO ISSUANCE OF A USE AND OCCUPANCY PERMIT FOR ANY NEW DWELLINGS TO ENSURE SAFE ACCESS FOR FIRE AND EMERGENCY VEHICLES PER THE FOLLOWING REQUIREMENTS:
 - 1) WIDTH 12 FEET (16 FEET SERVING MORE THAN ONE RESIDENCE); 2) SURFACE - SIX (6") INCHES OF COMPACTED CRUSHER RUN BASE WITH TAR AND CHIP COATING
 - 3) GEOMETRY MAXIMUM 15% GRADE, MAXIMUM 10% GRADE CHANGE AND 45-FOOT TURNING

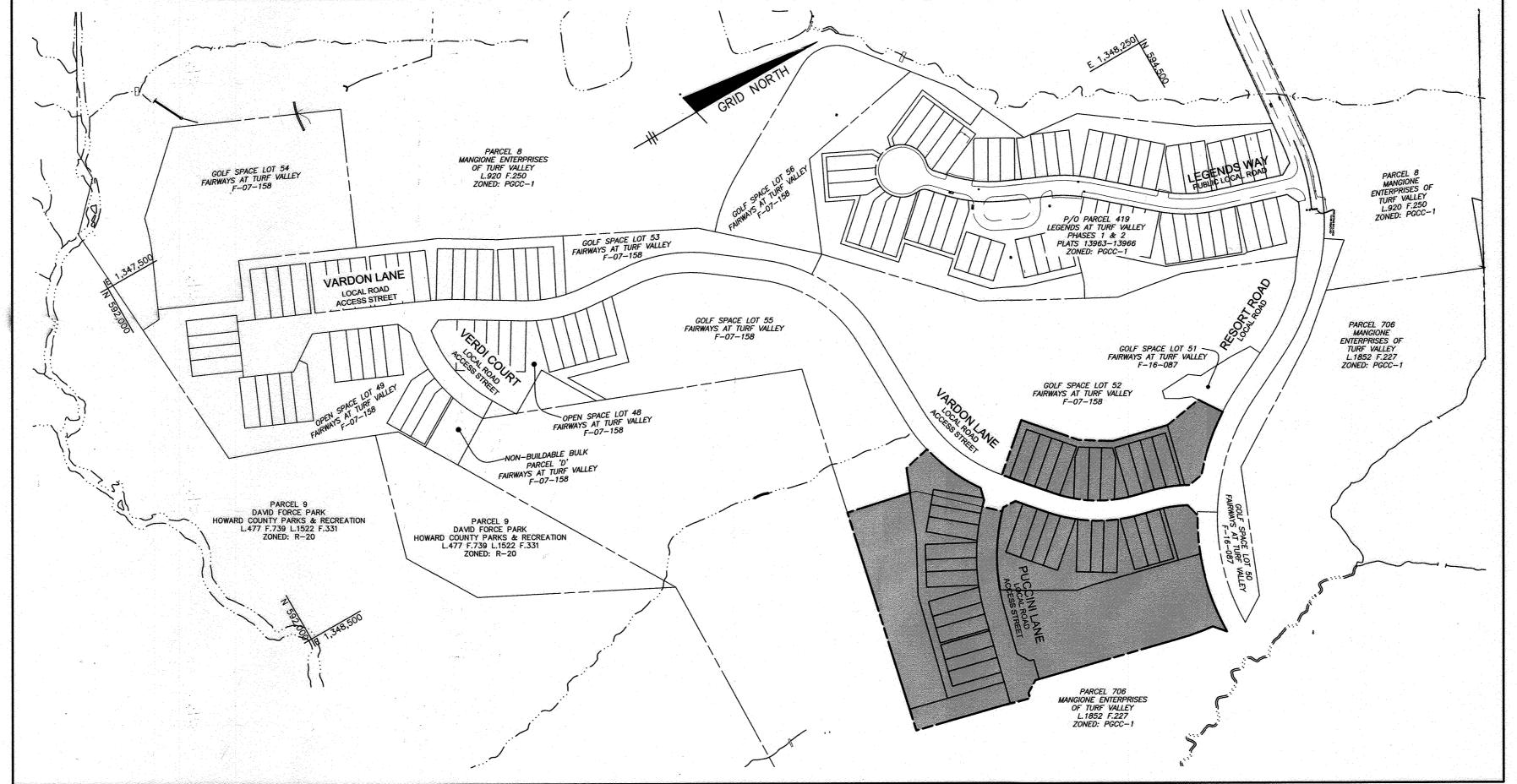
 - 4) STRUCTURES (CULVERTS/BRIDGES) CAPABLE OF SUPPORTING 25 GROSS TONS (H25-LOADING); 5) DRAINAGE ELEMENTS - CAPABLE OF SAFELY PASSING 100 YEAR FLOOD WITH NO MORE THAN 1
 - FOOT DEPTH OVER DRIVEWAY SURFACE; 6) MAINTENANCE - SUFFICIENT TO ENSURE ALL WEATHER USE
- 35 NO GRADING REMOVAL OF VEGETATIVE COVER OR TREES, PAVING AND NEW STRUCTURES SHALL BE PERMITTED WITHIN THE LIMITS OF WETLANDS, STREAMS, OR THEIR REQUIRED BUFFERS, FLOODPLAIN AND FOREST CONSERVATION EASEMENT AREAS.
- 37. STORMWATER MANAGEMENT FOR THIS PHASE IS PROVIDED BY A REGIONAL STORMWATER MANAGEMENT POND CONSTRUCTED UNDER SDP-95-121. WQv, REV AND CPV REQUIREMENTS ARE PROVIDED FOR THE AREAS THAT DRAIN TO THE REGIONAL STORMWATER MANAGEMENT FACILITY BY THAT FACILITY. THE AREAS NOT DRAINING TO THE REGIONAL SWM FACILITY CONTAIN LESS THAN 5,000 SF OF IMPERVIOUS AREA. THIS AREA HAS NOT BEEN TREATED UNDER THESE PLANS DUE TO THIS. THE UNTREATED AREA WILL BE COMBINED WITH FUTURE DEVELOPMENT AND WILL BE TREATED AT THAT TIME. CPV IS NOT REQUIRED FOR THIS AREA BECAUSE THE 1 YEAR PEAK RUNOFF IS LESS THAN 2 CFS. SEE THE STORMWATER MANAGEMENT REPORT FOR SDP-95-121 FOR DESIGN COMPUTATIONS FOR THE REGIONAL STORMWATER MANAGEMENT
- 8. FINANCIAL SURETY FOR THE REQUIRED LANDSCAPING WILL BE POSTED AS PART OF THE DEVELOPER'S AGREEMENT IN THE AMOUNT OF \$9,600 (32 SHADE TREES @ \$300.00 EACH). STREET TREES AND INTERNAL LANDSCAPE TREES WILL BE PLANTED AT THE SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN STAGE. LANDSCAPING FOR LOTS 1 THRU 33 WILL BE PROVIDED FOR AT THE SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN STAGE IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 16.124 OF THE SUBDIVISION REGULATIONS AND THE LANDSCAPE
- 39. THE TRAFFIC STUDY FOR THIS PROJECT WAS PREPARED BY TRAFFIC GROUP, DATED JANUARY 07, 2005 AND WAS APPROVED
- UNDER THE 4TH AMENDED COMPREHENSIVE SKETCH PLAN ON APRIL 27, 2006. 40. PARKING FOR THIS DEVELOPMENT IS REQUIRED AT THE RATE OF 2.3 SPACES PER UNIT (TWO SPACES FOR EACH UNIT
- STANDARD AND 0.3 SPACES FOR EACH UNIT OVERFLOW)
- PROPOSED PARKING: 85 (66 SPACES WITHIN GARAGES/ON DRIVEWAYS + 19 PARKING SPACES ALONG PUCCINI LANE. 41. A NOISE STUDY IS NOT REQUIRED FOR THIS PROJECT SINCE IT IS MORE THAN FIVE HUNDRED FEET (500') FROM A PRINCIPAL OR INTERMEDIATE ARTERIAL HIGHWAY AND SINCE THE HEAVY TRUCK TRAFFIC ON INTERSTATE ROUTE 70 DOES NOT EXCEED
- 12. STREET LIGHT PLACEMENT AND THE TYPE OF FIXTURE AND POLE SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE HOWARD COUNTY DESIGN MANUAL, VOLUME III (2006), SECTION 5.5.A. A MINIMUM SPACING OF TWENTY FEET (20') SHALL BE MAINTAINED
- BETWEEN ANY STREET LIGHT AND ANY TREE. SEE STREET LIGHT CHART, THIS SHEET. 43. THIS PROJECT IS SUBJECT TO THE CRITERIA ESTABLISHED BY THE SECOND AMENDMENT TO THE TURF VALLEY RESIDENTIAL SUBDISTRICT FINAL DEVELOPMENT PLAN, RECORDED IN THE LAND RECORDS OF HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND AS PLAT
- 44. A WAIVER TO THE HOWARD COUNTY DESIGN MANUAL, VOLUME III, SECTION 2.3.A.3.f. WAS APPROVED ON JANUARY 18, 2008. THIS ALLOWS THE INTERSECTION OF PUCCINI LANE AND ROAD 'D' TO BE USED AS A TURNAROUND AREA. RATHER THAN A
- 45. THE 1.12 ACRE OF REFORESTATION OBLIGATION REQUIRED FOR FAIRWAYS AT TURF VALLEY, PHASE II WILL BE MET USING 0.71 ACRES OF OFF-SITE REFORESTATION AND 0.82 ACRES OF OFFSITE RETENTION IN FCE #9 WHICH IS LOCATED ON OPEN SPACE LOT 104 OF THE VILLAGES OF TURF VALLEY PHASE 2 (F-08-084) AND WILL BE PLACED IN A FOREST CONSERVATION EASEMENT ON THE FINAL PLAT OF THE VILLAGES OF TURF VALLEY, PHASE 2 (F-08-084). THESE AREAS WILL BE POSTED WITH



FINAL ROAD CONSTRUCTION PLAN FAIRWAYS AT TURF VALLEY

PHASE 2: LOTS 57-89, OPEN SPACE LOTS 90-94, GOLF SPACE LOT 95, AND NON-BUILDABLE BULK PARCELS E & F

A RESUBDIVISION OF PARCEL 706 AND FAIRWAYS AT TURF VALLEY NON-BUILDABLE BULK PARCELS A, B & C POD 'E-1' SECTION IV: RESIDENTIAL PHASE IV E HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND



46. THIS PLAN IS SUBJECT TO WAIVER PETITION, WP-09-048, TO WAIVE SECTION 16.156(a)(1) OF THE HOWARD COUNTY CODE AND WAS APPROVED ON NOVEMBER 26, 2008, SUBJECT TO THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS:

- WAIVER PETITION APPROVAL APPLIES ONLY TO TEMPORARY DEFERRAL FOR ESTABLISHING ON- OR OFF-SITE FOREST CONSERVATION EASEMENTS FOR DEVELOPMENT OF TURF VALLEY 4TH AMENDED CSP, PARCEL 706. EACH SUBSEQUENT PHASE OF DEVELOPMENT MUST ESTABLISH THE REQUIRED AREA OF FOREST CONSERVATION EASEMENTS AND PROVIDE THE NECESSARY AREA OF FOREST RETENTION AND AFFORESTATION PLANTING AS REQUIRED BY THE FOREST CONSERVATION WORKSHEET FOR THE DEVELOPMENT TO SATISFY IT'S OBLIGATION. THE ENTIRE AREA OF FOREST CONSERVATION OBLIGATION FOR PARCEL 706 MUST BE PROVIDED WITH THE PROCESSING AND RECORDING OF THE LAST PHASE OF DEVELOPMENT LOCATED ON PARCEL 706. PETITIONER MUST MEET ALL APPLICABLE DEADLINE AND MILESTONE DATES IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTIONS
- 16.144 AND 16.156 OF THE HOWARD COUNTY CODE. 47. THE FAIRWAYS AT TURF VALLEY NEIGHBORHOOD ASSOCIATION, INC. SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE MAINTENANCE OF
- PARKING LOTS INCLUDING PAVEMENT, STRIPING, CURB, LITTER PICKUP AND SIDEWALKS.
- A. THE R1-1 (STOP) SIGN AND THE STREET NAME SIGN (SNS) ASSEMBLY FOR THIS DEVELOPMENT MUST BE INSTALLED BEFORE THE B. THE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICE LOCATIONS SHOWN ON THE PLANS ARE APPROXIMATE AND MUST BE FIELD APPROVED BY

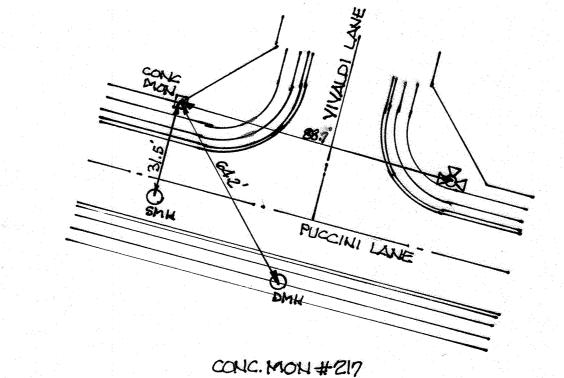
HOWARD COUNTY TRAFFIC DIVISION (410-313-2430) PRIOR TO THE INSTALLATION OF ANY OF THE TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES.

C. ALL TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES AND THEIR LOCATIONS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LATEST EDITION OF THE

"MARYLAND MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES" (MdMUTCD). D. ALL SIGN POSTS USED FOR TRAFFIC CONTROL SIGNS INSTALLED IN THE COUNTY RIGHT-OF-WAY SHALL BE MOUNTED ON A 2" GALVANIZED STEEL, PERFORATED ("QUICK PUNCH"), SQUARE TUBE POST (14 gauge) INSERTED INTO A 2-1/2" GALVANIZED STEEL, PERFORATED, SQUARE TUBE SLEEVE (12 gauge) - 3' LONG. THE ANCHOR SHALL NOT EXTEND MORE THAN TWO "QUICK PUNCH" HOLES ABOVE GROUND LEVEL. A GALVANIZED STEEL POLE CAP SHALL BE MOUNTED ON TOP OF EACH POST.

LOCATION MAP SCALE: 1"=200'

RIGHT C	OF WAY BE	/ATION
R/WPT, NO.	DESCRIPTION	BEVATION
14	X-CUT	443.37'
115	X-CUT	443.20
207	PEBAR & CXP	455.92'
208	REBAR & CAP	457.72'
209	REBAR & CAP	458.10
210	REBUR & CAP	457.81
214	REBAR & CAP	450.74
216	REBAR & CAP	455.47
217	CONC MON	454,61'
218	P.K. NALL	000,00



THIS SHEET REPLACES THE

PREVIOUS SHEET



Professional Certification. I hereby certify that these documents were prepared or approved by me, and that I am a duly licensed professional engineer under the laws of the State of Maryland.

AS-BUILT CERTIFICATION I hereby certify, by my seal, that to the best of my knowledge and belief the facilities shown on this "AS-BUILT" Plan meet the Approved Plans and Specifications

Donald Mason, P.E.

SIGNED ON 11-19-2010

LEGEND

PROJECT BOUNDARY

RESIDENTIAL

VICINITY MAP

BENCHMARKS					
NUMBER	NORTHING	EASTING	ELEVATION	DESCRIPTION	
16IB	590,475.2538	1,344,753.9350	469.892	11.5' SOUTHWEST OF WBL RT. 40, 20.8' WEST OF PK NAIL IN SHOULDER, 66.4' SOUTH OF LAST POST IN GUARDRAIL	
17AB	598,435.249	1,348,615.2482	508.469	SE OF INTERSECTION OF RTE. 99 AND WETHERBURN ROAD, 14.8' WEST OF FENCE POST, 35' NE OF MANHOLE	

	SHEET INDEX					
SHEET NO.	DESCRIPTION					
	COVER SHEET					
2	ROAD PLAN AND PROFILE: PUCCINI LANE					
3	SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL DETAILS					
4	GRADING, SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL PLAN					
5	GRADING, SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL NOTES AND DETAILS					
6	STORM DRAIN DRAINAGE AREA MAP					
7	STORM DRAIN PROFILES					
8	LANDSCAPE PLAN					
9	FOREST CONSERVATION PLAN AND DETAILS					
10	FOREST CONSERVATION PLAN - NOTES AND DETAILS					
11	FOREST CONSERVATION PLAN - OFFSITE EASEMENTS					

AS-BUILT NOTES:

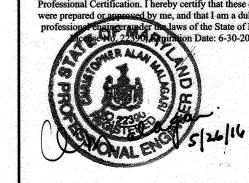
- 2) THE NOTRUMENTS USED IN PERFORMING THE AS-BUILT WERE A 5" TOTAL STATION AND PRISH AND RIK GIS.
- 3.) THIS AS-BUILT WAS PERFORMED BY BENCHMARK ENGINEERING, INC.

REVISE LOCATION MAP BASED ON REVISED VARDON LANE ALIGNMENT AND LOT LAYOUT AND REMOVAL OF PRIVATE DRIVE. RELOCATE STREET LIGHT, CENTERLINE, FILLET, AND ROAD CLASSIFICATION CHARTS SHEET 2 UPDATE GENERAL NOTES BASED ON NEW LAYOUT. **BENCHMARK**

ENGINEERS ▲ LAND SURVEYORS ▲ PLANNERS ENGINEERING, INC 8480 BALTIMORE NATIONAL PIKE A SUITE 315 A ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21043 (P) 410-465-6105 (F) 410-465-6644

DESIGN: DBT | DRAFT: DBT

WWW.BEI-CIVILENGINEERING.COM



FAIRWAYS AT TURF VALLEY MANGIONE ENTERPRISES OF TURF VALLEY LIMITED PARTNERSHIP PHASE 2: LOTS 57-89, OPEN SPACE LOTS 90-94, GOLF SPACE LOT 95 & NON-BUILDABLE BULK PARCELS E & F 1205 YORK ROAD, PENTHOUSE LUTHERVILLE, MARYLAND 21093 410-825-8400 TAX MAP: 16 - GRID: 16 - PARCEL: P/O 8 & 706 DEVELOPER: ZONED: PGCC (RESIDENTIAL SUBDISTRICT) ELECTION DISTRICT NO. 2 - HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

ANGIONE ENTERPRISES OF TURF VALLEY
LIMITED PARTNERSHIP 1205 YORK ROAD, PENTHOUSE LUTHERVILLE, MARYLAND 21093 410-825-8400

SCALE:

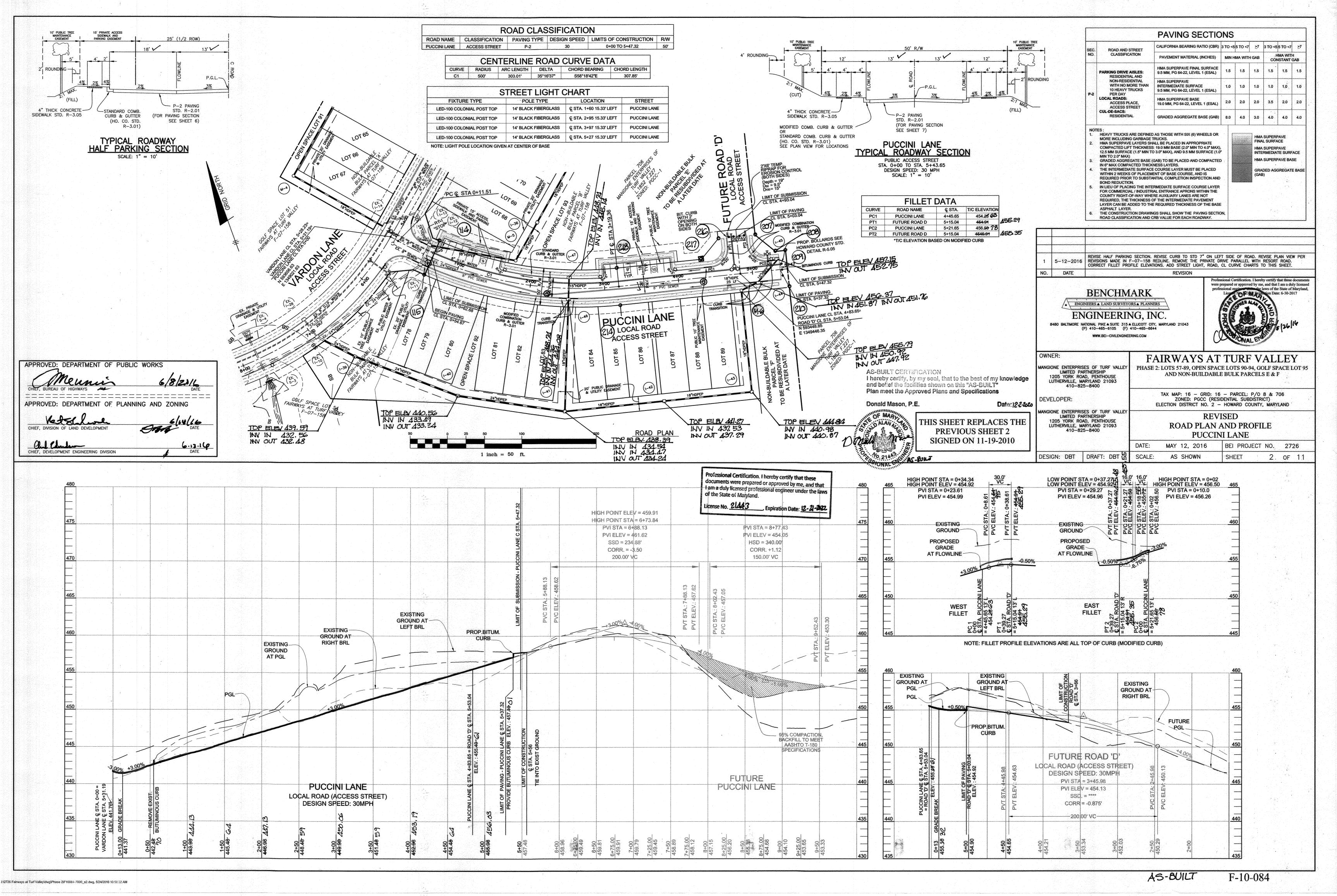
REVISED **COVER SHEET**

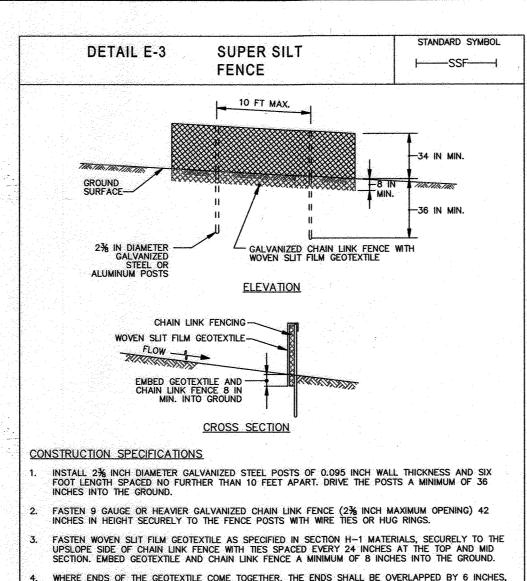
MAY 12, 2016 BEI PROJECT NO. 2726 AS SHOWN 1 OF 11

AS-BUILT

F-10-084

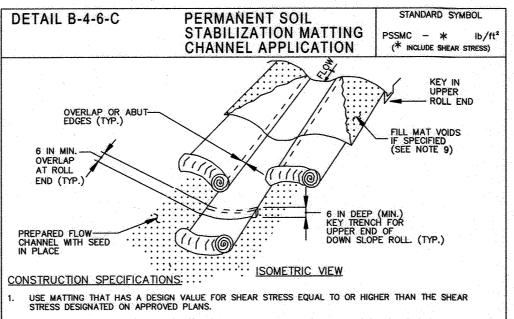
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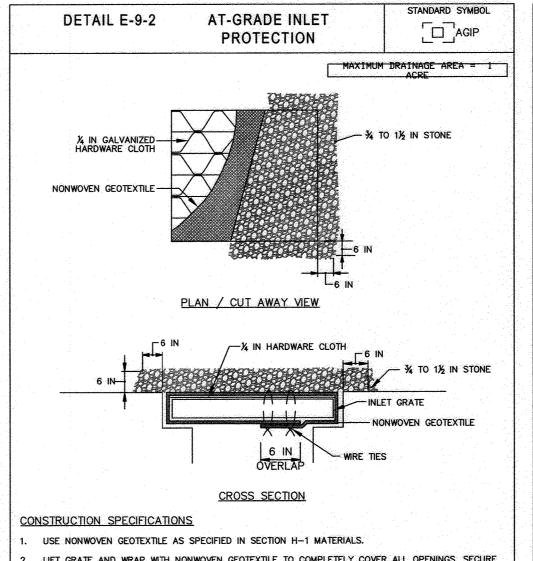
- WHERE ENDS OF THE GEOTEXTILE COME TOGETHER, THE ENDS SHALL BE OVERLAPPED BY 6 INCHES, FOLDED, AND STAPLED TO PREVENT SEDIMENT BY PASS. EXTEND BOTH ENDS OF THE SUPER SILT FENCE A MINIMUM OF FIVE HORIZONTAL FEET UPSLOPE AT 45 DEGREES TO THE MAIN FENCE ALIGNMENT TO PREVENT RUNOFF FROM GOING AROUND THE ENDS OF THE SUPER SILT FENCE.
- PROVIDE MANUFACTURER CERTIFICATION TO THE INSPECTION/ENFORCEMENT AUTHORITY SHOWING
- THAT GEOTEXTILE USED MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS IN SECTION H-1 MATERIALS. REMOVE ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT AND DEBRIS WHEN BULGES DEVELOP IN FENCE OR WHEN SEDIMENT REACHES 25% OF FENCE HEIGHT. REPLACE GEOTEXTILE IF TORN. IF UNDERMINING OCCURS, REINSTALL

CHAIN LINK FENCING AND GEOTEXTILE.				
MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIF	ICATIONS FOR SOIL	EROSION AND	SEDIMENT CONTROL	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE	2011		DEPARTMENT OF EN	



- USE PERMANENT SOIL STABILIZATION MATTING MADE OF OPEN WEAVE SYNTHETIC, NON-DEGRADABLE FIBERS OR ELEMENTS OF UNIFORM THICKNESS AND DISTRIBUTION THROUGHOUT. CHEMICALS USED IN THE MAT MUST BE NON-LEACHING AND NON-TOXIC TO VECETATION AND SEED GERMINATION AND NON-INJURIOUS TO THE SKIN. IF PRESENT, NETTING MUST BE EXTRUDED PLASTIC WITH A MAXIMUM MESH OPENING OF 2x2 INCHES AND SUFFICIENTLY BONDED OR SEWN ON 2 INCH CENTERS ALONG LONGITUDINAL AXIS OF THE MATERIAL TO PREVENT SEPARATION OF THE NET FROM THE PARENT MATERIAL.
- SECURE MATTING USING STEEL STAPLES OR WOOD STAKES. STAPLES MUST BE "U" OR "T" SHAPED STEEL WIRE HAVING A MINIMUM GAUGE OF NO. 11 AND NO. 8 RESPECTIVELY. "U" SHAPED STAPLES MUST AVERAGE 1 TO 1 ½ INCHES WIDE AND BE A MINIMUM OF 6 INCHES LONG. "T" SHAPED STAPLES MUST HAVE A MINIMUM 8 INCH MAIN LEG, A MINIMUM 1 INCH SECONDARY LEG, AND MINIMUM 4 INCH HEAD. WOOD STAKES MUST BE ROUGH-SAWN HARDWOOD, 12 TO 24 INCHES IN LENGTH, 1x3 INCH IN CROSS SECTION, AND WEDGE SHAPE AT THE BOTTOM.
- PERFORM FINAL GRADING, TOPSOIL APPLICATION, SEEDBED PREPARATION, AND PERMANENT SEEDING IN ACCORDANCE WITH SPECIFICATIONS. PLACE MATTING WITHIN 48 HOURS OF COMPLETING SEEDING OPERATIONS, UNLESS END OF WORKDAY STABILIZATION IS SPECIFIED ON THE APPROVED EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN.
- UNROLL MATTING IN DIRECTION OF WATER FLOW, CENTERING THE FIRST ROLL ON THE CHANNEL CENTER LINE. WORK FROM CENTER OF CHANNEL OUTWARD WHEN PLACING ROLLS. LAY MATTING SMOOTHLY AND FIRMLY UPON THE SEEDED SURFACE. AVOID STRETCHING THE MATTING.
- OVERLAP OR ABUT EDGES OF MATTING ROLLS PER MANUFACTURER RECOMMENDATIONS. OVERLAP ROLL ENDS BY 6 INCHES (MINIMUM), WITH THE UPSTREAM MAT OVERLAPPING ON TOP OF THE NEXT DOWNSTREAM MAT.
- KEY IN THE TOP OF SLOPE END OF MAT 6 INCHES (MINIMUM) BY DIGGING A TRENCH, PLACING THE MATTING ROLL END IN THE TRENCH, STAPLING THE MAT IN PLACE, REPLACING THE EXCAVATED MATERIAL, AND TAMPING TO SECURE THE MAT END IN THE KEY. STAPLE/STAKE MAT IN A STAGGERED PATTERN ON 4 FOOT (MAXIMUM) CENTERS THROUGHOUT AND 2 FOOT (MAXIMUM) CENTERS ALONG SEAMS, JOINTS, AND ROLL ENDS.
- IF SPECIFIED BY THE DESIGNER OR MANUFACTURER AND DEPENDING ON THE TYPE OF MAT BEING INSTALLED, ONCE THE MATTING IS KEYED AND STAPLED IN PLACE, FILL THE MAT VOIDS WITH TOP SOIL OR GRANULAR MATERIAL AND LIGHTLY COMPACT OR ROLL TO MAXIMIZE SOIL/MAT CONTACT WITHOUT CRUSHING MAT.
- D. ESTABLISH AND MAINTAIN VEGETATION SO THAT REQUIREMENTS FOR ADEQUATE VEGETATIVE ESTABLISHMENT ARE CONTINUOUSLY MET IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 8-4 VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION.

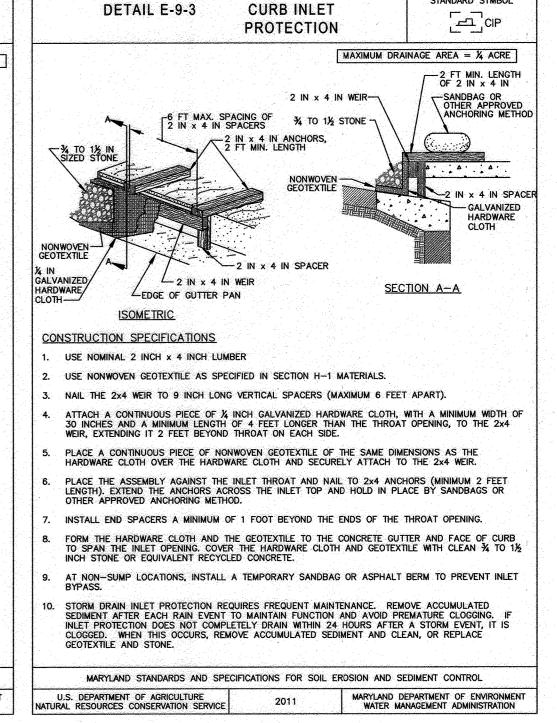
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	MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPEC	CIFICATIONS FOR SOIL E	ROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL
1	U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE	2011	MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMEN WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION

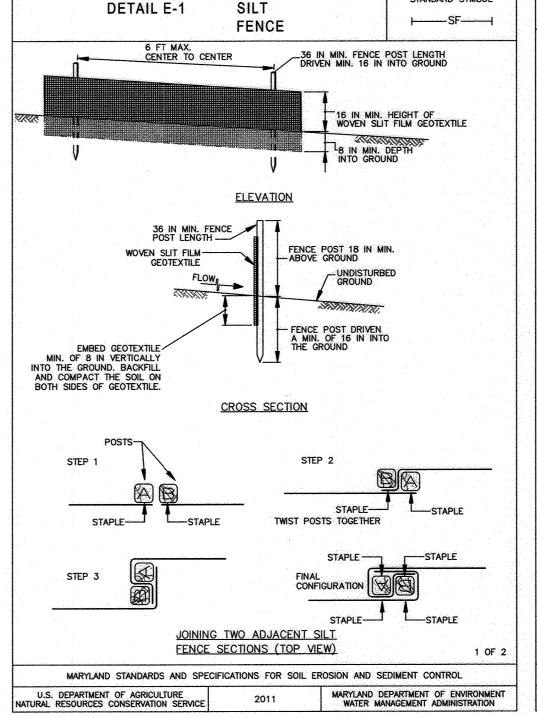


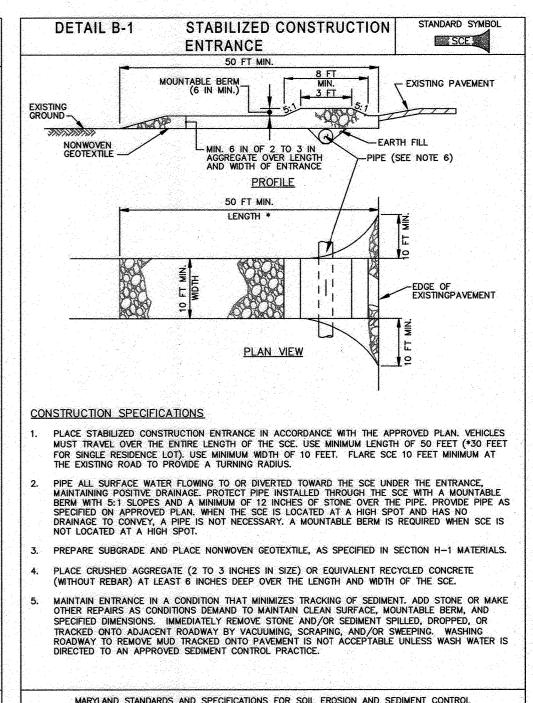
- LIFT GRATE AND WRAP WITH NONWOVEN GEOTEXTILE TO COMPLETELY COVER ALL OPENINGS. SECUR WITH WIRE TIES AND SET GRATE BACK IN PLACE.
- PLACE CLEAN 34 TO 11/2 INCH STONE OR EQUIVALENT RECYCLED CONCRETE 6 INCHES THICK ON THE
- STORM DRAIN INLET PROTECTION REQUIRES FREQUENT MAINTENANCE. REMOVE ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT AFTER EACH RAIN EVENT TO MAINTAIN FUNCTION AND AVOID PREMATURE CLOGGING. IF INLET PROTECTION DOES NOT COMPLETELY DRAIN WITHIN 24 HOURS AFTER A STORM EVENT, IT IS

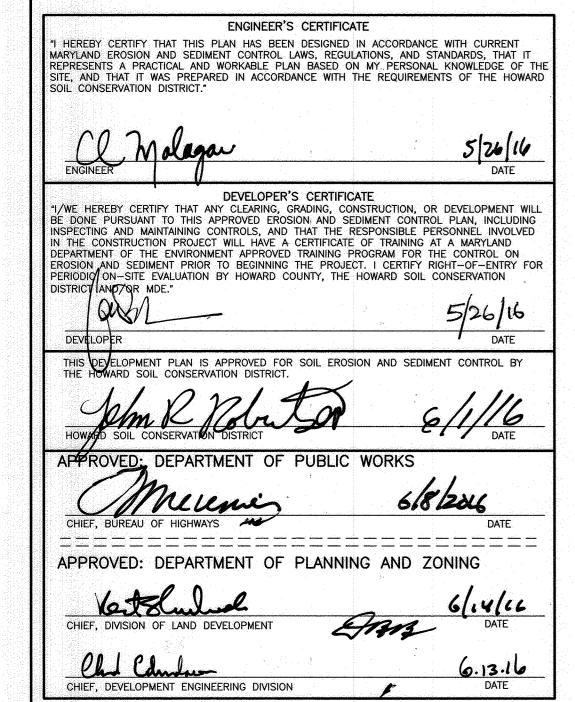
MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

STANDARD SYMBOL









12726 Fairways at Turf Valley\dwg\Phase 2\F10084-7023_s5.dwg, 5/24/2016 11:00:47 AM

"NO AS-BUILT INFORMATION 15" PROVIDED ON THIS SHEET



Professional Certification. I hereby certify that these documents were prepared or approved by me, and that I am a duly licensed professional engineer under the laws of the State of Maryland.

License No. <u>21443</u>, Expiration Date: <u>12-21-2022</u>

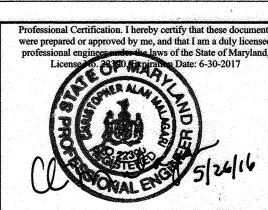
THIS SHEET REPLACES TH PREVIOUS SHEET 3 SIGNED ON 11-19-2010

١٥.	DATE	REVISION
1	5-12-2016	REMOVE PRIVATE DRIVE PLAN, PROFILE AND DETAILS. ADD UPDATED SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL DETAILS PER MDE 2011 STD'S AND SPECS.
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BENCHMARK ENGINEERS ▲ LAND SURVEYORS ▲ PLANNERS

ENGINEERING, INC. 8480 BALTIMORE NATIONAL PIKE ▲ SUITE 315 ▲ ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21043 (P) 410-465-6105 (F) 410-465-6644

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3 of 11

OWNER: MANGIONE ENTERPRISES OF TURF VALLEY LIMITED PARTNERSHIP 1205 YORK ROAD, PENTHOUSE LUTHERVILLE, MARYLAND 21093 410-825-8400 **DEVELOPER:** MANGIONE ENTERPRISES OF TURF VALLEY

LIMITED PARTNERSHIP

1205 YORK ROAD, PENTHOUSE

LUTHERVILLE, MARYLAND 21093 410-825-8400

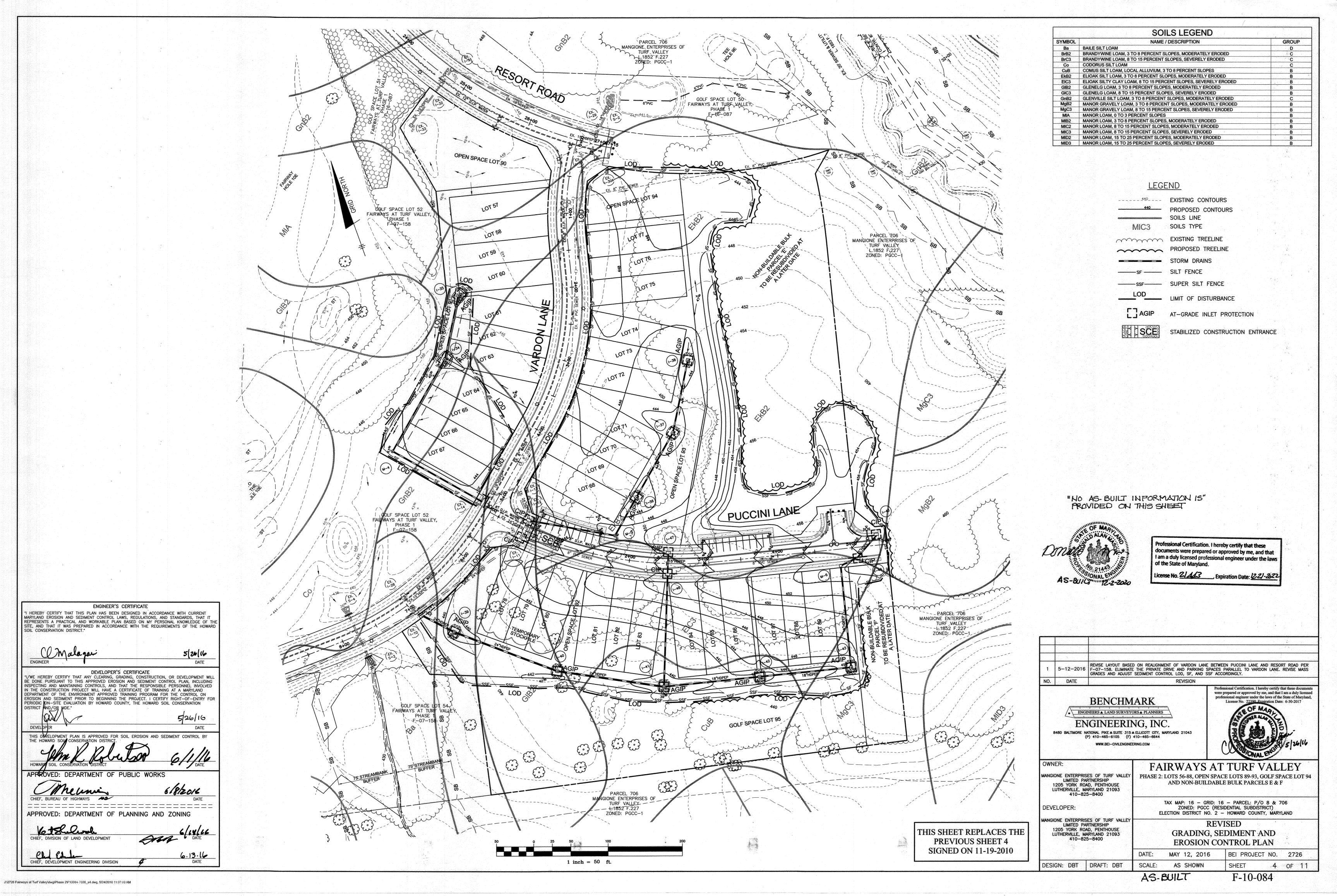
DESIGN: DBT | DRAFT: DBT

FAIRWAYS AT TURF VALLEY PHASE 2: LOTS 57-89, OPEN SPACE LOTS 90-94, GOLF SPACE LOT 95 & NON-BUILDABLE BULK PARCELS E & F

TAX MAP: 16 - GRID: 16 - PARCEL: P/O 8 & 706 ZONED: PGCC (RESIDENTIAL SUBDISTRICT) ELECTION DISTRICT NO. 2 - HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

REVISED SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL DETAILS MAY 12, 2016 BEI PROJECT NO. 2726

SCALE: AS SHOWN SHEET AS-BUILT F-10-084



VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION Using vegetation as cover to protect exposed soil from erosion

To promote the establishment of vegetation on exposed soil. Conditions Where Practice Applies

On all disturbed areas not stabilized by other methods. This specification is divided into sections on stabilization; soil preparation, soil amendments and topsoiling; seeding and mulching; temporary stabilization:

and permanent stabilization Effects on Water Quality and Quantity Stabilization practices are used to promote the establishment of vegetation on exposed soil. When soil is stabilized with vegetation, the soil is less likely to erode and more likely to allow infiltration of rainfall,

reducing sediment loads and runoff to downstream areas. Planting vegetation in disturbed areas will have an effect on the water budget, especially on volumes and runoff, infiltration, evaporation, transpiration, percolation, and groundwater recharge. Over time, vegetation

increase organic matter content and improve the water holding capacity of the soil and subsequent plant Vegetation will help reduce the movement of sediment, nutrients, and other chemicals carried by runoff to receiving waters. Plants will also help protect groundwater supplies by assimilating those substances

within the root zone. Sediment control practices must remain in place during grading, seedbed preparation, seeding, mulching, and vegetative establishment. Adequate Vegetative Establishment

Inspect seeded areas for vegetative establishment and make necessary repairs, replacements, and reseedings within the planting season. . Adequate vegetative stabilization requires 95 percent groundcover.

2. If an area has less than 40 percent groundcover, restabilize following the original recommendations for lime, fertilizer, seedbed preparation, and seeding. 3. If an area has between 40 and 94 percent groundcover, over-seed and fertilize using half of the rates originally specified.

4. Maintenance fertilizer rates for permanent seeding are shown in Table B.6.

B-4-1 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS INCREMENTAL STABILIZATION

Establishment of vegetative cover on cut and fill slopes.

To provide timely vegetative cover on cut and fill slopes as work progresses **Conditions Where Practice Applies** Any cut or fill slope greater than 15 feet in height. This practice also applies to stockpiles.

A. Incremental Stabilization - Cut Slopes 1. Excavate and stabilize cut slopes in increments not to exceed 15 feet in height. Prepare seedbed and apply seed and mulch on all cut slopes as the work progresses. 2. Construction sequence example (Refer to Figure B.1):

a. Construct and stabilize all temporary swales or dikes that will be used to convey runoff around the excavation. b. Perform Phase 1 excavation, prepare seedbed, and stabilize.

c. Perform Phase 2 excavation, prepare seedbed, and stabilize. Overseed Phase 1 areas as d. Perform final phase excavation, prepare seedbed, and stabilize. Overseed previously seeded areas as necessary.

Note: Once excavation has begun the operation should be continuous from grubbing through the completion of grading and placement of topsoil (if required) and permanent seed and mulch. Any interruptions in the operation or completing the operation out of the seeding season will necessitate the application of temporary stabilization. B. Incremental Stabilization - Fill Slopes

1. Construct and stabilize fill slopes in increments not to exceed 15 feet in height. Prepare seedbed and apply seed and mulch on all slopes as the work progresses 2. Stabilize slopes immediately when the vertical height of a lift reaches 15 feet, or when the grading

operation ceases as prescribed in the plans. 3. At the end of each day, install temporary water conveyance practice(s), as necessary, to intercept surface runoff and convey it down the slope in a non-erosive manner. 4. Construction sequence example (Refer to Figure B.2):

a. Construct and stabilize all temporary swales or dikes that will be used to divert runoff around the fill. Construct silt fence on low side of fill unless other methods shown on the plans address this area. b. At the end of each day, install temporary water conveyance practice(s), as necessary, to

intercept surface runoff and convey it down the slope in a non-erosive manner. c. Place Phase 1 fill, prepare seedbed, and stabilize. d. Place Phase 2 fill, prepare seedbed, and stabilize.

e. Place final phase fill, prepare seedbed, and stabilize. Overseed previously seeded areas as

Note: Once the placement of fill has begun the operation should be continuous from grubbing through the completion of grading and placement of topsoil (if required) and permanent seed and mulch. Any interruptions in the operation or completing the operation out of the seeding season will necessitate the application of temporary stabilization Figure B.

ENGINEER'S CERTIFICATE

SITE, AND THAT IT WAS PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE HOWARD

DEVELOPER'S CERTIFICATE

/WE HEREBY CERTIFY THAT ANY CLEARING, GRADING, CONSTRUCTION, OR DEVELOPMENT WILL

E DONE PURSUANT TO THIS APPROVED EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN, INCLUDING INSPECTING AND MAINTAINING CONTROLS. AND THAT THE RESPONSIBLE PERSONNEL INVOLVED.

ROSION AND SEDIMENT PRIOR TO BEGINNING THE PROJECT. I CERTIFY RIGHT-OF-ENTRY FOR

THIS DEVELOPMENT PLAN IS APPROVED FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL BY

APPPROVED: DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS

APPROVED: DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING

Mune

DATE

6/8/2046

N THE CONSTRUCTION PROJECT WILL HAVE A CERTIFICATE OF TRAINING AT A MARYLAND

DEPARTMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT APPROVED TRAINING PROGRAM FOR THE CONTROL ON

PERIODIC ON-SITE EVALUATION BY HOWARD COUNTY, THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION

HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PLAN HAS BEEN DESIGNED IN ACCORDANCE WITH CURRENT

SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT."

DISTRICT AND/OR MOE.

DEVELOPE

MARYLAND EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL LAWS, REGULATIONS, AND STANDARDS, THAT IT REPRESENTS A PRACTICAL AND WORKABLE PLAN BASED ON MY PERSONAL KNOWLEDGE OF T

B-4-2 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS SOIL PREPARATION, TOPSOILING, AND SOIL AMENDMENTS

The process of preparing the soils to sustain adequate vegetative stabilization To provide a suitable soil medium for vegetative growth. Conditions Where Practice Applies

Soil Preparation 1. Temporary Stabilization

Where vegetative stabilization is to be established

Seedbed preparation consists of loosening soil to a depth of 3 to 5 inches by means of suitable agricultural or construction equipment, such as disc harrows or chisel plows or rippers mounted on construction equipment. After the soil is loosened, it must not be rolled or dragged smooth but left in the roughened condition. Slopes 3:1 or flatter are to be tracked with ridges running parallel to the contour of the slope. Apply fertilizer and lime as prescribed on the plans.

Incorporate lime and fertilizer into the top 3 to 5 inches of soil by disking or other suitable means. Permanent Stabilization

a. A soil test is required for any earth disturbance of 5 acres or more. The minimum soil conditions required for permanent vegetative establishment are: i. Soil pH between 6.0 and 7.0. ii. Soluble salts less than 500 parts per million (ppm). iii. Soil contains less than 40 percent clay but enough fine grained material (greater than

30 percent silt plus clay) to provide the capacity to hold a moderate amount of moisture. An exception: if lovegrass will be planted, then a sandy soil (less than 30 percent silt plus clay) would be acceptable. iv. Soil contains 1.5 percent minimum organic matter by weight.

v. Soil contains sufficient pore space to permit adequate root penetration. Application of amendments or topsoil is required if on-site soils do not meet the above

Graded areas must be maintained in a true and even grade as specified on the approved plan, then scarified or otherwise loosened to a depth of 3 to 5 inches.

Apply soll amendments as specified on the approved plan or as indicated by the results of a soil test. Mix soil amendments into the top 3 to 5 inches of soil by disking or other suitable means. Rake lawn areas to smooth the surface, remove large objects like stones and branches, and ready the area for seed application. Loosen surface soil by dragging with a heavy chain or other equipment to roughen the surface where site conditions will not

permit normal seedbed preparation. Track slopes 3:1 or flatter with tracked equipment

leaving the soil in an irregular condition with ridges running parallel to the contour of the

slope. Leave the top 1 to 3 inches of soil loose and friable. Seedbed loosening may be unnecessary on newly disturbed areas.

Topsoil is placed over prepared subsoil prior to establishment of permanent vegetation. The purpose is to provide a suitable soil medium for vegetative growth. Soils of concern have low moisture content, low nutrient levels, low pH, materials toxic to plants, and/or unacceptable soil

Topsoil salvaged from an existing site may be used provided it meets the standards as set forth in these specifications. Typically, the depth of topsoil to be salvaged for a given soil type can be found in the representative soil profile section in the Soil Survey published by

USDA-NRCS. 3. Topsoiling is limited to areas having 2:1 or flatter slopes where:

a. The texture of the exposed subsoil/parent material is not adequate to produce vegetative growth. The soil material is so shallow that the rooting zone is not deep enough to support plants or furnish continuing supplies of moisture and plant nutrients.

The original soil to be vegetated contains material toxic to plant growth. The soil is so acidic that treatment with limestone is not feasible. Areas having slopes steeper than 2:1 require special consideration and design. Topsoil Specifications: Soil to be used as topsoil must meet the following criteria: Topsoil must be a loam, sandy loam, clay loam, silt loam, sandy clay loam, or loamy

sand. Other soils may be used if recommended by an agronomist or soil scientist and approved by the appropriate approval authority. Topsoil must not be a mixture of contrasting textured subsoils and must contain less than 5 percent by volume of cinders, stones, slag, coarse fragments, gravel, sticks, roots, trash, or other materials larger than 1½ inches in diameter. b. Topsoil must be free of noxious plants or plant parts such as Bermuda grass, quack

grass, Johnson grass, nut sedge, poison ivy, thistle, or others as specified. Topsoil substitutes or amendments, as recommended by a qualified agronomist or soil scientist and approved by the appropriate approval authority, may be used in lieu of natural topsoil. 6. Topsoil Application

 Erosion and sediment control practices must be maintained when applying topsoil Uniformly distribute topsoil in a 5 to 8 inch layer and lightly compact to a minimum thickness of 4 inches. Spreading is to be performed in such a manner that sodding or seeding can proceed with a minimum of additional soil preparation and tillage. Any irregularities in the surface resulting from topsoiling or other operations must be corrected in order to prevent the formation of depressions or water pockets. Topsoil must not be placed if the topsoil or subsoil is in a frozen or muddy condition,

when the subsoil is excessively wet or in a condition that may otherwise be detrimental

to proper grading and seedbed preparation. Soil Amendments (Fertilizer and Lime Specifications) Soil tests must be performed to determine the exact ratios and application rates for both lime and fertilizer on sites having disturbed areas of 5 acres or more. Soil analysis may performed by a recognized private or commercial laboratory. Soil samples taken for

engineering purposes may also be used for chemical analyses Fertilizers must be uniform in composition, free flowing and suitable for accurate application by appropriate equipment. Manure may be substituted for fertilizer with prior approval from the appropriate approval authority. Fertilizers must all be delivered to the site fully labeled according to the applicable laws and must bear the name, trade name or trademark and

warranty of the producer. 3. Lime materials must be ground limestone (hydrated or burnt lime may be substituted except when hydroseeding) which contains at least 50 percent total oxides (calcium oxide plus magnesium oxide). Limestone must be ground to such fineness that at least 50 percent will pass through a #100 mesh sieve and 98 to 100 percent will pass through a #20 mesh sieve.

Lime and fertilizer are to be evenly distributed and incorporated into the top 3 to 5 inches of soil by disking or other suitable means. Where the subsoil is either highly acidic or composed of heavy clays, spread ground limestone at the rate of 4 to 8 tons/acre (200-400 pounds per 1,000 square feet) prior to the placement of

Rate (lb/ac

Hardiness Zone (from Figure B.3):

Seed Misture (from Table B.3):

Fescue, Tall

Bluegrass, Kentucky

B-4-3 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS SEEDING AND MULCHING

The application of seed and mulch to establish vegetative cover To protect disturbed soils from erosion during and at the end of construction.

Conditions Where Practice Applies To the surface of all perimeter controls, slopes, and any disturbed area not under active grading. A. Seeding

1. Specifications a. All seed must meet the requirements of the Maryland State Seed Law. All seed must be subject to re-testing by a recognized seed laboratory. All seed used must have been tested within the 6 months immediately preceding the date of sowing such material on

available upon request to the inspector to verify type of seed and seeding rate. b. Mulch alone may be applied between the fall and spring seeding dates only if the ground is frozen. The appropriate seeding mixture must be applied when the ground thaws. c. Inoculants: The inoculant for treating legume seed in the seed mixtures must be a pure culture of nitrogen fixing bacteria prepared specifically for the species. Inoculants must not be used later than the date indicated on the container. Add fresh inoculants as directed on the package. Use four times the recommended rate when hydroseeding. Note: It is very important to keep inoculant as cool as possible until used. Temperatures above 75 to 80 degrees Fahrenheit can weaken bacteria and make the inoculant less

any project. Refer to Table B.4 regarding the quality of seed. Seed tags must be

d. Sod or seed must not be placed on soil which has been treated with soil sterilants or chemicals used for weed control until sufficient time has elapsed (14 days min.) to permit dissipation of phyto-toxic materials.

2. Application a. Dry Seeding: This includes use of conventional drop or broadcast spreaders. i. Incorporate seed into the subsoil at the rates prescribed on Temporary Seeding Table B.1. Permanent Seeding Table B.3, or site-specific seeding summaries.

ii. Apply seed in two directions, perpendicular to each other. Apply half the seeding rate in each direction. Roll the seeded area with a weighted roller to provide good seed to soil contact. b. Drill or Cultipacker Seeding: Mechanized seeders that apply and cover seed with soil.

i. Cultipacking seeders are required to bury the seed in such a fashion as to provide at least 1/4 inch of soil covering. Seedbed must be firm after

ii. Apply seed in two directions, perpendicular to each other. Apply half the seeding rate in each direction. c. Hydroseeding: Apply seed uniformly with hydroseeder (slurry includes seed and

i. If fertilizer is being applied at the time of seeding, the application rates should not exceed the following: nitrogen, 100 pounds per acre total of soluble nitrogen; P2O5 (phosphorous), 200 pounds per acre; K2O (potassium), 200 pounds per acre. ii. Lime: Use only ground agricultural limestone (up to 3 tons per acre may be applied by hydroseeding). Normally, not more than 2 tons are applied by

hydroseeding at any one time. Do not use burnt or hydrated lime when iii. Mix seed and fertilizer on site and seed immediately and without interruption.

iv. When hydroseeding do not incorporate seed into the soil.

1. Mulch Materials (in order of preference) a. Straw consisting of thoroughly threshed wheat, rye, oat, or barley and reasonably bright in color. Straw is to be free of noxious weed seeds as specified in the Maryland Seed Law and not musty, moldy, caked, decayed, or excessively dusty. Note: Use only sterile straw mulch in areas where one species of grass is desired. b. Wood Cellulose Fiber Mulch (WCFM) consisting of specially prepared wood cellulose

processed into a uniform fibrous physical state. i. WCFM is to be dyed green or contain a green dye in the package that will provide an appropriate color to facilitate visual inspection of the uniformly spread slurry.

iii. WCFM materials are to be manufactured and processed in such a manner that the wood cellulose fiber mulch will remain in uniform suspension in water under agitation and will blend with seed, fertilizer and other additives to form a homogeneous slurry. The mulch material must form a blotter-like ground cover, on application having moisture absorption and percolation properties and must cover and hold grass seed in contact with the soil without inhibiting the growth of the grass seedlings.

ii. WCFM, including dye, must contain no germination or growth inhibiting

iv. WCFM material must not contain elements or compounds at concentration levels that will be phyto-toxic. v. WCFM must conform to the following physical requirements: fiber length of approximately 10 millimeters, diameter approximately 1 millimeter pH range of 4.0 to 8.5, ash content of 1.6 percent maximum and

water holding capacity of 90 percent minimum.

a. Apply mulch to all seeded areas immediately after seeding.

Fertilizer Rate

(10-20-20)

P205

90 lb/ac

(2 lb/

1000 sf)

per acre

(1.0 lb/

100 sf)

K20

90 lb/ac

1000 sf)

2 lb/

b. When straw mulch is used, spread it over all seeded areas at the rate of 2 tons per acre to a uniform loose depth of 1 to 2 inches. Apply mulch to achieve a uniform distribution and depth so that the soil surface is not exposed. When using a mulch anchoring tool, increase the application rate to 2.5 tons per acre

c. Wood cellulose fiber used as mulch must be applied at a net dry weight of 1500 pounds per acre. Mix the wood cellulose fiber with water to attain a mixture with a maximum of 50 pounds of wood cellulose fiber per 100 gallons of water.

a. Perform mulch anchoring immediately following application of mulch to minimize loss by wind or water. This may be done by one of the following methods (listed by preference), depending upon the size of the area and erosion hazard: i. A mulch anchoring tool is a tractor drawn implement designed to punch and anchor mulch into the soil surface a minimum of 2 inches. This practice is most effective

on large areas, but is limited to flatter slopes where equipment can operate safely If used on sloping land, this practice should follow the contour. ii. Wood cellulose fiber may be used for anchoring straw. Apply the fiber binder at a net dry weight of 750 pounds per acre. Mix the wood cellulose fiber with water at a maximum of 50 pounds of wood cellulose fiber per 100 gallons of water.

iii. Synthetic binders such as Acrylic DLR (Agro-Tack), DCA-70, Petroset, Terra Tax II, Terra Tack AR or other approved equal may be used. Follow application rates as specified by the manufacturer. Application of liquid binders needs to be heavier at the edges where wind catches mulch, such as in valleys and on crests of banks. Use of asphalt binders is strictly prohibited. v. Lightweight plastic netting may be stapled over the mulch according to manufacturer recommendations. Netting is usually available in rolls 4 to 15 feet wide and 300 to

ime Rate

2 tons/ac

(90lb/

1000 sf)

B-4-5 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS PERMANENT STABILIZATION

Purpose To use long-lived perennial grasses and legumes to establish permanent ground cover on disturbed soils. Conditions Where Practice Applies

Exposed soils where ground cover is needed for 6 months or more

To stabilize disturbed soils with permanent vegetation.

A. Seed Mixtures General Use

a Select one or more of the species or mixtures listed in Table B.3 for the appropriate Plant Hardiness Zone (from Figure B.3) and based on the site condition or purpose found on Table B.2. Enter selected mixture(s), application rates, and seeding dates in the Permanent Seeding Summary. The Summary is to be placed on the plan. b Additional planting specifications for exceptional sites such as shorelines, stream banks, or dunes or

for special purposes such as wildlife or aesthetic treatment may be found in USDA-NRCS Technical Field Office Guild, Section 342 - Critical Area Planting. c For sites having disturbed areas over 5 acres, use and show the rates recommended by the soil

d For areas receiving low maintenance, apply urea form fertilizer (46-0-0) at 3 ½ pounds per 1000 square feet (150 pounds per acre) at the time of seeding in addition to the soil amendments shown in the Permanent Seeding Summary.

2. Turfgrass Mixtures a. Areas where turfgrass may be desired include lawns, parks, playgrounds, and commercial sites which will receive a medium to high level of maintenance.

b. Select one or more of the species or mixtures listed below based on the site conditions or purpose.

minimum of three Kentucky Bluegrass Cultivars with each ranging from 10 to 35 percent of the total

Enter selected mixture(s), application rates, and seeding dates in the Permanent Seeding Summary. The summary is to be placed on the plan. i. Kentucky Bluegrass: Full sun Mixture: For use in areas that receive intensive management Irrigation required in the areas of central Maryland and Eastern Shore. Recommended Certified Kentucky Bluegrass Cultivars Seeding Rate: 1.5 to 2.0 pounds per 1000 square feet. Choose a

mixture by weight. ii. Kentucky Bluegrass/Perennial Rye: Full Sun Mixture: For use in full sun areas where rapid establishment is necessary and when turf will receive medium to intensive management. Certified Perennial Ryegrass Cultivars/Certified Kentucky Bluegrass Seeding Rate: 2 pounds mixture per 1000 square feet. Choose a minimum of three Kentucky Bluegrass Cultivars with each ranging from

10 to 35 percent of the total mixture by weight. iii. Tall Fescue/Kentucky Bluegrass: Full Sun Mixture: For use in drought prone areas and/or for areas receiving low to medium management in full sun to medium shade. Recommended mixture includes; Certified Tall Fescue Cultivars 95 to 100 percent, Certified Kentucky Bluegrass Cultivars 0 to 5 percent. Seeding Rate: 5 to 8 pounds per 1000 square feet. One or more cultivars may be blended iv.Kentucky Bluegrass/Fine Fescue: Shade Mixture: For use in areas with shade in Bluegrass lawns. For establishment in high quality, intensively managed turf area. Mixture includes Certified Kentucky

Bluegrass Cultivars 30 to 40 percent and Certified Fine Fescue and 60 to 70 percent. Seeding Rate

1 1/2 to 3 pounds per 1000 square feet. Notes: Select turfgrass varieties from those listed in the most current University of Maryland Publication, Agronomy Memo #77, "Turfgrass Cultivar Recommendations for Maryland" Choose certified material. Certified material is the best guarantee of cultivar purity. The certification program of the Maryland Department of Agriculture, Turf and Seed Section, provides a reliable means of

consumer protection and assures a pure genetic line. c. Ideal Times of Seeding for Turf Grass Mixtures Western MD: March 15 to June 1, August 1 to October 1 (Hardiness Zones: 5b. 6a) Central MD:March 1 to May 15, August 15 to October 15 (Hardiness Zone: 6b) Southern MD, Eastern Shore: March 1 to May 15, August 15 to October 15

(Hardiness Zones: 7a, 7b) d. Till areas to receive seed by disking or other approved methods to a depth of 2 to 4 inches, level and rake the areas to prepare a proper seedbed. Remove stones and debris over 1 1/2 inches in diameter. The resulting seedbed must be in such condition that future mowing of grasses will pose

e. If soil moisture is deficient, supply new seedings with adequate water for plant growth (1/2 to 1 inch every 3 to 4 days depending on soil texture) until they are firmly established. This is not especially true when seedings are made late in the planting season, in abnormally dry or hot seasons, or on

B. Sod: to provide quick cover on disturbed areas (2:1 grade or flatter). 1. General Specifications

a. Class of turfgrass must be Maryland State Certified. Sod labels must be made available to the job foreman and inspector. b. Sod must be machine cut at a uniform soil thickness of ¾ inch, plus or minus ¼ inch, at the time of cutting. Measurement for thickness must exclude top growth and thatch. Broken pads and torn

or uneven ends will not be acceptable. c. Standard size sections of sod must be strong enough to support their own weight and retain their size and shape when suspended vertically with a firm grasp on the upper 10 percent of the section. d. Sod must not be harvested or transplanted when moisture content (excessively dry or wet) may adversely affect its survival.

e. Sod must be harvested, delivered, and installed within a period of 36 hours. Sod not transplanted within this period must be approved by an agronomist or soil scientist prior to its installation. a. During periods of excessively high temperature or in areas having dry subsoil, lightly irrigate the

subsoil immediately prior to laying the sod. b. Lay the first row of sod in a straight line with subsequent rows placed parallel to it and tightly wedged against each other. Stagger lateral joints to promote more uniform growth and strength. Ensure that sod is not stretched or overlapped and that all joints are butted tight in order to prevent

voids which would cause air drying of the roots. c. Wherever possible, lay sod with the long edges parallel to the contour and with staggering joints. Roll and tamp, peg or otherwise secure the sod to prevent slippage on slopes. Ensure solid contact exists between sod roots and the underlying soil surface.

d. Water the sod immediately following rolling and tamping until the underside of the new sod pad and soil surface below the sod are thoroughly wet. Complete the operations of laying, tamping and irrigating for any piece of sod within eight hours. a. In the absence of adequate rainfall, water daily during the first week or as often and sufficiently as

necessary to maintain moist soil to a depth of 4 inches. Water sod during the heat of the day to prevent wilting. b. After the first week, sod watering is required as necessary to maintain adequate moisture content. c. Do not mow until the sod is firmly rooted. No more than 1/3 of the grass leaf must be removed by the initial cutting or subsequent cuttings. Maintain a grass height of at least 3 inches unless otherwise specified.

B-4-4 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS

TEMPORARY STABLIZATION To stabilize disturbed soils with vegetation for up to 6 months

To use fast growing vegetation that provides cover on disturbed soils Conditions Where Practice Applies Exposed soils where ground cover is needed for a period of 6 months or less. For longer duration of time, permanent stabilization practices are required.

Select one or more of the species or seed mixtures listed in Table B.1 for the appropriate Plant Hardiness Zone (from Figure B.3), and enter them in the Temporary Seeding Summary below along with application rates, seeding dates and seeding depths. If this Summary is not put on the plan and completed, then Table B.1 plus fertilizer and lime rates must be put on the plan. For sites having soil tests performed, use and show the recommended rates by the testing agency.

Soil tests are not required for Temporary Seeding. s. When stabilization is required outside of a seeding season, apply seed and mulch or straw mulch alone as prescribed in Section B-4-3.A.1.b and maintain until the next seeding season.

> **B-4-8 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS** STOCKPILE AREA

Definition A mound or pile of soil protected by appropriately designed erosion and sediment control measures. To provide a designated location for the temporary storage of soil that controls the potential for erosion, sedimentation, and changes to drainage patterns.

Stockpile areas are utilized when it is necessary to salvage and store soil for later use. 1. The stockpile location and all related sediment control practices must be clearly indicated on the

Conditions Where Practice Applies

erosion and sediment control plan. 2. The footprint of the stockpile must be sized to accommodate the anticipated volume of material and based on a side slope ratio no steeper than 2:1. Benching must be provided in

accordance with Section B-3 Land Grading. Runoff from the stockpile area must drain to a suitable sediment control practice. 4. Access the stockpile area from the upgrade side.

5. Clear water runoff into the stockpile area must be minimized by use of a diversion device such as an earth dike, temporary swale or diversion fence. Provisions must be made for discharging concentrated flow in a non-erosive manner.

6. Where runoff concentrates along the toe of the stockpile fill, an appropriate erosion/sediment control practice must be used to intercept the discharge. 7. Stockpiles must be stabilized in accordance with the 3/7 day stabilization requirement as well as

Standard B-4-1 Incremental Stabilization and Standard B-4-4 Temporary Stabilization. 8. If the stockpile is located on an impervious surface, a liner should be provided below the stockpile to facilitate cleanup. Stockpiles containing contaminated material must be covered with impermeable sheeting.

The stockpile area must continuously meet the requirements for Adequate Vegetative Establishment in accordance with Section B-4 Vegetative Stabilization. Side slopes must be maintained at no steeper than a 2:1 ratio. The stockpile area must be kept free of erosion. If the vertical height of a stockpile exceeds 20 feet for 2:1 slopes, 30 feet for 3:1 slopes, or 40 feet for 4:1 slopes, benching must be provided in accordance with Section B-3 Land Grading.

H-5 STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS

DUST CONTROL Controlling the suspension of dust particles from construction activities.

To prevent blowing and movement of dust from exposed soil surfaces to reduce on and off-site damage including health and traffic hazards.

Conditions Where Practice Applies Areas subject to dust blowing and movement where on and off-site damage is likely without treatment. **Specifications** Mulches: See Section B-4-2 Soil Preparation, Topsoiling, and Soil Amendments, Section B-4-3

Seeding and Mulching, and Section B-4-4 Temporary Stabilization. Mulch must be anchored to Vegetative Cover: See Section B-4-4 Temporary Stabilization. Tillage: Till to roughen surface and bring clods to the surface. Begin plowing on windward

side of site. Chisel-type plows spaced about 12 inches apart, spring-toothed harrows, and similar plows are examples of equipment that may produce the desired effect. Irrigation: Sprinkle site with water until the surface is moist. Repeat as needed. The site must not be irrigated to the point that runoff occurs.

Barriers: Solid board fences, silt fences, snow fences, burlap fences, straw bales, and similar naterial can be used to control air currents and soil blowing. Chemical Treatment: Use of chemical treatment requires approval by the appropriate plan

> "NO AS-BUILT INFORMATION IS PROVIDED ON THIS SHEET



rofessional Certification. I hereby certify that these documents were prepared or approved by me, and that am a duly licensed professional engineer under the laws of the State of Maryland. License No. 2/443 Expiration Date: 12-21-2022

HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT (HSCD)

1. A pre-construction meeting must occur with the Howard County Department of Public Works, Construction Inspection Division (CID), 410-3133-1855 after the future LOD and protected areas are marked clearly in the field. A minimum of 48 hours notice to CID must

a. Prior to the start of earth disturbance. b. Upon completion of the installation of perimeter erosion and sediment controls, but before proceeding with any other earth disturbance or grading,

c. Prior to the start of another phase of construction or opening of another grading d. Prior to the removal or modification of sediment control practices.

2. All vegetative and structural practices are to be installed according to the provisions of this plan and are to be in conformance with the 2011 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL, and revisions thereto.

3. Following initial soil disturbance or re-disturbance, permanent or temporary stabilization is required within three (3) calendar days as to the surface of all perimeter controls, dikes, swales, ditches, perimeter slopes, and all slopes steeper than 3 horizontal to 1 vertical (3:1); and seven (7) calendar days as to all other disturbed areas on the project site except for those areas under active grading.

4. All disturbed areas must be stabilized within the time period specified above in accordance with the 2011 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL for topsoil (Sec. B-4-2), permanent seeding (Sec. B-4-5), temporary seeding (Sec. B-4-4) and mulching (Sec. B-4-3). Temporary stabilization with mulch alone can only be applied between the fall and spring seeding dates if the ground is frozen. Incremental stabilization (Sec. B-4-1) specifications shall be enforced in areas with >15' of cut and/or fill. Stockpiles (Sec. B-4-8) in excess of 20 feet must be benched with stable outlet. All concentrated flow, steep slope, and highly erodible areas shall receive soil stabilization matting (Sec. B-4-6).

5. All sediment control structures are to remain in place, and are to be maintained in operative condition until permission for their removal has been obtained from the CID.

6. Site Analysis:

10.95 Total Area of Site: 6.46 Area Disturbed: 0.75 Acres Area to be roofed or paved:

5.70 Area to be vegetatively stabilized: 18,600 Cu Yds 530 >

___ Cu Yds Total fill: SITE WITH AN ACTIVE GRADING PERMIT Off-site waste/borrow area location:

7. Any sediment control practice which is disturbed by grading activity for placement of utilities must be repaired on the same day of disturbance. 8. Additional sediment control must be provided, if deemed necessary by the CID. The site

and all controls shall be inspected by the contractor weekly, and the next day after each

rain event. A written report by the contractor, made available upon request, is part of every

Acres

inspection and should include: Inspection date

•Inspection type (routine, pre-storm event, during rain event) Name and title of inspector • Weather information (current conditions as well as time and an=mount of last recorded

Brief description of project's status (e.g. percent complete) and/or current activities Evidence of sediment discharges • Identification of plan deficiencie

•Identification of sediment controls that require maintenance • Identification of missing or improperly installed sediment controls • Compliance status regarding the sequence of construction and stabilization requirements Monitoring/sampling

• Maintenance and/or corrective action performed • Other inspection items as required by the General Permit for Stormwater Associated with Construction Activities (NPDES, MDE).

9. Trenches for the construction of utilities is limited to three pipe lengths or that which can and shall be back filled and stabilized by the end of each work day, whichever is shorter. 10. Any major changes or revisions to the plan or sequence of construction must be reviewed and approved by the HSCD prior to proceeding with construction. Minor revisions

may be allowed by the CID per the list of HSCD-approved field changes.

11. Disturbance shall not occur outside the L.O.D. A project is to be sequenced so that grading activities begin on one grading unit (maximum acreage of 20 ac. per grading unit) a a time. Work may proceed to a subsequent grading unit when at least 50 percent of the disturbed area in the preceding grading unit has been stabilized and approved by the CID. Unless otherwise specified and approved by the CID, no more than 30 acres cumulatively may

12. Wash water from any equipment, vehicles, wheels, pavement, and other sources must be treated in a sediment basin or other approved washout structure.

13. Topsoil shall be stockpiled and preserved on-site for redistribution onto final grade.

14. All silt fence and super silt fence shall be placed on—the—contour, and be imbricated at 25' minimum intervals, with lower ends curled uphill by 2' in elevation. 15. Stream channels must not be disturbed during the following restricted time periods

• Use I and IP March 1 - June 15 • Use III and IIIP October 1 - April 30

16. A copy of this plan, the <u>2011 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL</u>, and associated permits shall be on-site and available whe

*CUT/FILL NUMBERS ARE FOR SEDIMENT CONTROL PURPOSES ONLY. CONTRACTOR

Use IV March 1 - May 31

THIS SHEET REPLACES THE PREVIOUS SHEET 5 SIGNED ON 11-19-2010

Table B.1: Temporary Seeding for Site Stabilization

1/4 - 1/2 in

1/4 - 1/2 in

1/4 - 1/2 in

Permanent Seeding Summary

Tall Fescue/Kentucky Bluegrass

Mar 1 to May 15

Aug 1 to Oct 15

Mar 1 to May 15

Aug 1 to Oct 15

Plant Species	Seeding Rate 1/ Ib/ac Ib/1000 ft2			Recom	Recommended Seeding Dates by Plant Hardiness Zone 3/		
Plant Species			Depth 2/ (inches)	5b and 6a	66	7a and 7b	
Cool-Season Grasses			-				
Annual Ryegrass (Lolium perenne ssp. Multiflorum	40	1.0	0.5		Mar 1 to May 15; Aug 1 to Oct 31		
Barley (Hordeum vulgare)	96	2.2	1.0		Mar 1 to May 15; Aug 1 to Oct 31		
Oats (Avena sativa)	72	1.7	1.0		Mar 1 to May 15; Aug 1 to Oct 31	Sept. of the sept.	
Wheat (Triticum aestivum)	120	2.8	1.0		Mar 1 to May 15; Aug 1 to Oct 31		
Cereal Rye (Secale cereale)	112	2.8	1.0		Mar 1 to May 15; Aug 1 to Nov 15		
Warm-Season Grasses			-				
Foxtail Millet (Serataria italica)	30	0.7	0.5		May 16 to Jul 31		
Pearl Millet (Pennisetum glaucum	20	0.5	0.5		May 16 to Jul 31		

Seeding rates for the warm season grasses are in pounds of Pure Live Seed (PLS). Actual planting rates shall be adjusted to reflect percent seed germination and purity, as tested. Adjustments are usually not needed for the cool-season grasses.

Seeding rates listed above are for temporary seedings, when planted alone. When planted as a nurse crop with permanent seed mixes, use 1/3 of the seeding rate listed above for barley, oats, and wheat. For smaller-seeded grasses (annual ryegrass, pearl millet, foxtail millet), do not exceed more than 5% (by weight) of the overall permanent seeding mix. Cereal rye generally should not be used as a nurse crop, unless planting will occur very late fall beyond the seeding dates for other temporary seedings Cereal rye has all elopathic properties that inhibit the germination and growth of other plants. If it must be used as a nurse crop, seed at 1/3 of the rate listed above.

Oats are the recommended nurse crop for warm-season grasses For sandy soils, plant seeds at twice the depth listed above

The planting dates listed are averages for each Zone and may require adjustment to reflect local conditions, especially near the boundaries of the zone

SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION

NOTIFY SEDIMENT CONTROL DIVISION 48 HOURS PRIOR TO START OF WORK

1. Obtain grading permit. Notify D.I.L.P. at 410-313-1880 at least 24 hours before starting any work. (1 day)

3. Install stabilized construction entrance, silt fences, super silt fences and inlet protection to

2. Hold on-site pre-construction meeting. (1 day)

existing inlets I-13 and I-14. (1 week).

slopes greater than 3:1.

4. Rough grade site and begin road construction. (3 weeks) 5. Construct storm drain system, water and sewer. Add inlet protection to all inlets as

6. Fine grade site and complete road construction (1 month).

constructed. Inlets 34-38 to be wrapped with super silt fence. (2 months)

7. Upon approval from the Howard County Sediment Control Inspector, remove all sediment control devices and stabilize any remaining disturbed areas in accordance with the permanent seedbed notes. (1 week)

Note: Following initial soil disturbance or any re-disturbances, permanent or temporary stabilization shall be completed within: A. 3 calendar days for all perimeter sediment control structures, dikes, swales and all

B. 7 calendar days for all other disturbed areas. During grading and after each rainfall, contractor will inspect and provide necessary maintenance to the sediment control measures of this plan.

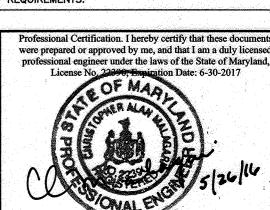
5-12-2016 UPDATE SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES TO THE LATEST HSCD REQUIREMENTS.

BENCHMARK ► ENGINEERS ▲ LAND SURVEYORS ▲ PLANNERS ENGINEERING, INC

8480 BALTIMORE NATIONAL PIKE ▲ SUITE 315 ▲ ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21043

(P) 410-465-6105 (F) 410-465-6644

WWW.BEI-CIVILENGINEERING.COM



ANGIONE ENTERPRISES OF TURF VALLE LIMITED PARTNERSHIP 1205 YORK ROAD, PENTHOUSE LUTHERVILLE, MARYLAND 21093

410-825-8400

DESIGN: DBT | DRAFT: DBT

OWNER:

DEVELOPER:

ANGIONE ENTERPRISES OF TURF VALLE LIMITED PARTNERSHIP 1205 YORK ROAD, PENTHOUSE LUTHERVILLE, MARYLAND 21093

FAIRWAYS AT TURF VALLEY PHASE 2: LOTS 57-89, OPEN SPACE LOTS 90-94, GOLF SPACE LOT 95 & NON-BUILDABLE BULK PARCELS E & F

REVISED

SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL NOTES

F-10-084

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CHIEF DEVELOPMENT ENGINEERING DIVISION

Chil Edul

AS-BUILT

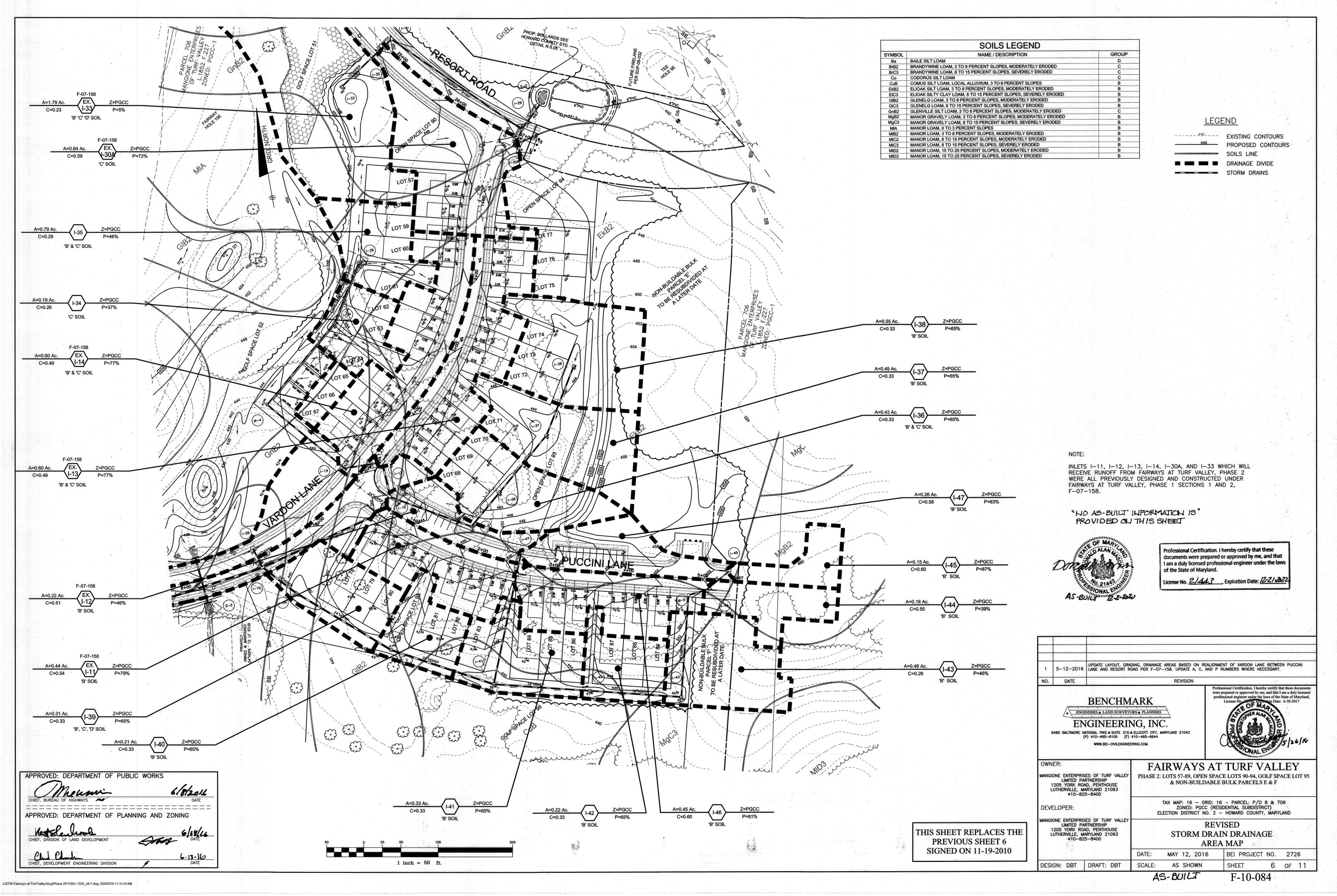
SCALE:

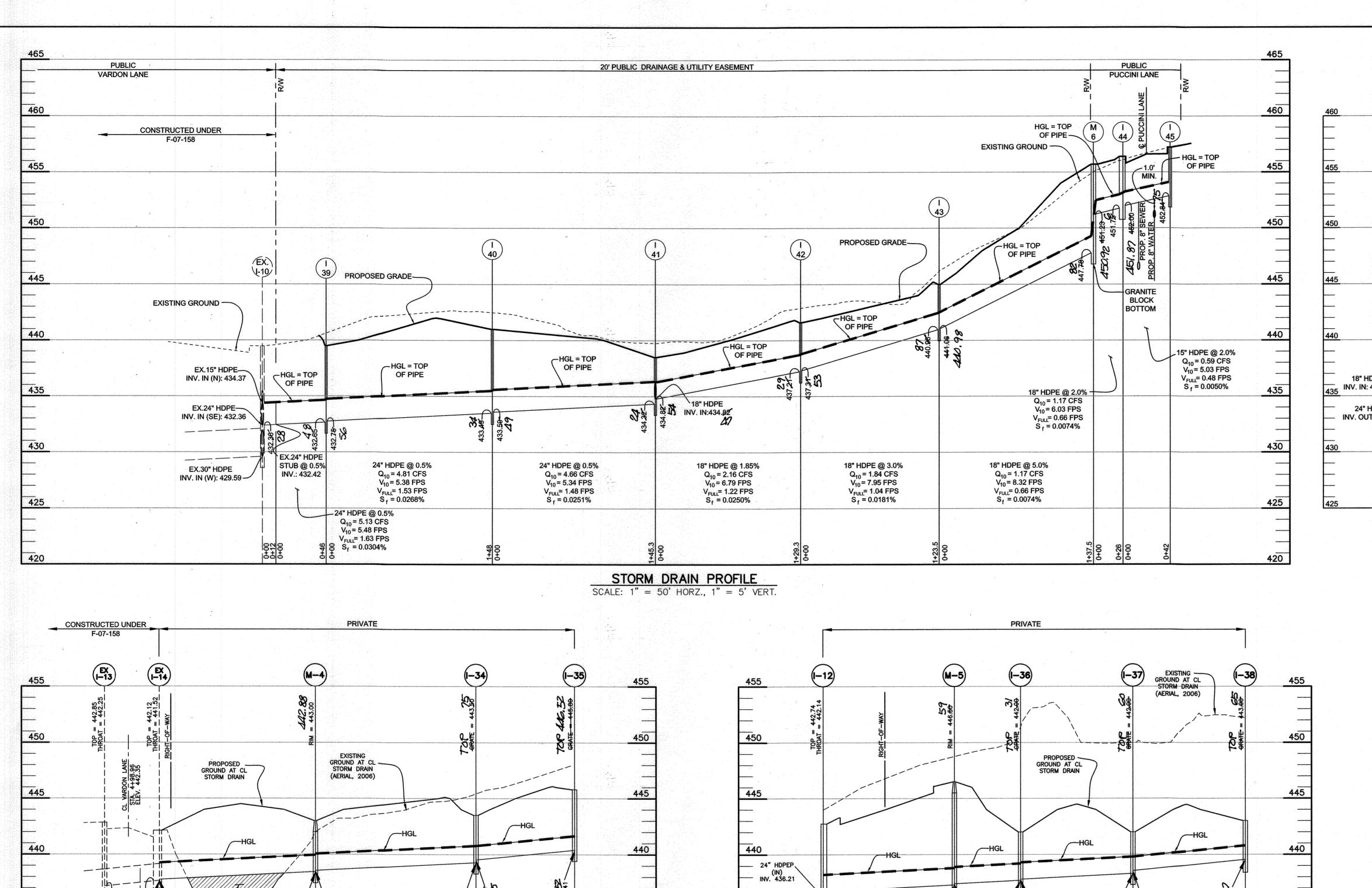
AS SHOWN SHEET

5 of 11

TAX MAP: 16 - GRID: 16 - PARCEL: P/O 8 & 706 ZONED: PGCC (RESIDENTIAL SUBDISTRICT) ELECTION DISTRICT NO. 2 - HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

BEI PROJECT NO. 2726 MAY 12, 2016





435

430

425

15" HDPE @ 1.00%

 $Q_{10} = 0.76 \text{ CFS}$

V₁₀ = 4.25 FPS

V_{FULL}= 0.62 FPS S = 0.0083%

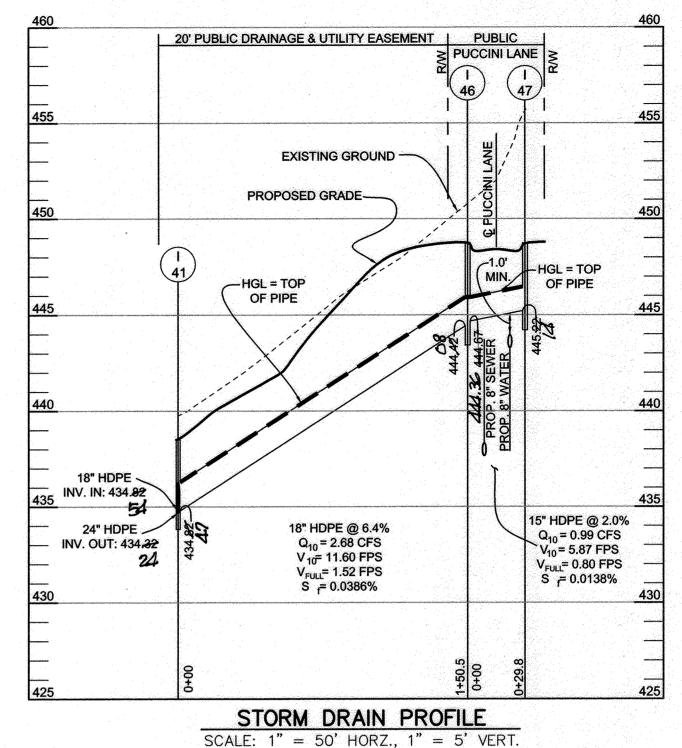
18" HDPE @ 0.50%

 $Q_{10} = 1.21 \text{ CFS}$ $V_{10} = 3.73 \text{ FPS}$

V_{FULL}= 0.68 FPS S = 0.0078%

STORM DRAIN PROFILE

SCALE: 1" = 50' HORZ., 1" = 5' VERT.

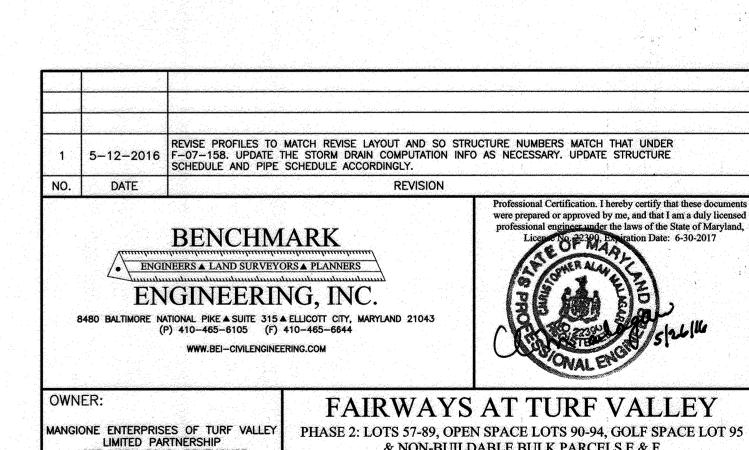


PIPE SCHEDULE				
SIZE	TYPE	LENGTH		
15" PRIVATE	HDPE	55 LF		
15" PUBLIC	HDPE	30 LF		
18" PRIVATE	HDPE	39 LF		
18" PUBLIC	HDPE	26 LF		
24" PUBLIC	HDPE	45 LF		

	S	TRUCTURE SCHEDULE				
NO.	TYPE & OWNERSHIP	LOCATION	TOP ELEV.	INV. IN	INV. OUT	REMARKS
I-34	YARD INLET PRIVATE	N 593,871.04 E 1,349,034.85	443.50	439.63	439.28	D-4.14
I-35	YARD INLET PRIVATE	N 593,945.69 E 1,349,081.22	446.80	100 m	440.44	D-4.14
I-36	YARD INLET PRIVATE	N 593,607.85 E 1,349,213.43	442.00	437.88	437.76	D-4.14
1-37	YARD INLET PRIVATE	N 593,673.03 E 1,349,289.28	442.00	438 .55	438-36	D-4.14
I-38	YARD INLET PRIVATE	N 593,758.24 E 1,349,341.61	443.86	ر <u>ء</u> ۔	439.55	D-4.14
1-39	YARD INLET PUBLIC	N 593,521.35 E 1,348,921.32	439. 50	432.75	432. 65	D-4.14
1-40	YARD INLET PUBLIC	N 593,424.40 E 1,349,033.37 440.5	441.00	433	433.49	D-4.14
I-41	YARD INLET PUBLIC	N 593,355.28 E 1,349,161.19	438.50	434.82 18" 434.82 18"	434.322	2 D-4.14
I-42	YARD INLET PUBLIC	N 593,323.87 E 1,349,286.68	441. 60	437-345	3437.2125	D-4.14
I-43	YARD INLET PUBLIC	N 593,293.88 E 1,349,406.54	A+50	441.06	440.968	7 D-4.14
I-44	TYPE 'A-5' INLET PUBLIC	PUCCINI LANE - @ STA. 5+06.64 - 13.0' RT	455.80	432.86	451.786	D-4.01
I-45	TYPE 'A-5' INLET PUBLIC	PUCCINI LANE - @ STA. 5+34.48 - 13.0' LT	456.62		452. 84 7	5 D-4.01
I-46	TYPE 'A-5' INLET PUBLIC	PUCCINI LANE - @ STA. 2+51.88 - 13.0' RT	448.4	444.67	444.42	B D-4.01
I-47	TYPE 'A-5' INLET PUBLIC	PUCCINI LANE - © STA. 2+51.88 - 13.0' LT	448.14		445.22*	D-4.01
			79	450.92	- 82	
M-6	STD. PRECAST MANHOLE (4') PUBLIC	PUCCINI LANE - © STA. 4+82.65 - 22.5' RT	455.70	451.23	447 :78	G-5.13
M-5	STD. PRECAST MANHOLE (4') PRIVATE	N 593,569.37 E 1,349,168.65	446.38	437,46	437.38	G-5.13
M-4	STD. PRECAST MANHOLE (4') PRIVATE	N 593,778.13 E 1,348,926.69	443.00	438 .56	438.46	G-5.13

NOTES:

- 1. TOP ELEVATIONS FOR YARD INLET ARE TO THE CENTER TOP OF GRATE.
- TOP ELEVATIONS FOR TYPE 'A-5' INLETS ARE TO THE CENTER OF INLET, TOP OF FACE OF CURB. TOP ELEVATIONS FOR PRECAST MANHOLES ARE TO THE CENTER TOP OF MANHOLE COVER.
- 4. TOP SLOPE OF STRUCTURES TO CONFORM TO SLOPE OF PAVING.



MANGIONE ENTERPRISES OF TURF VALLEY
LIMITED PARTNERSHIP
1205 YORK ROAD, PENTHOUSE
LUTHERVILLE, MARYLAND 21093
410-825-8400 DEVELOPER:

MANGIONE ENTERPRISES OF TURF VALLEY
LIMITED PARTNERSHIP
1205 YORK ROAD, PENTHOUSE
LUTHERVILLE, MARYLAND 21093

DESIGN: DBT | DRAFT: DBT

& NON-BUILDABLE BULK PARCELS E & F

AS SHOWN

TAX MAP: 16 - GRID: 16 - PARCEL: P/O 8 & 706 ZONED: PGCC (RESIDENTIAL SUBDISTRICT) ELECTION DISTRICT NO. 2 - HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND REVISED

STORM DRAIN PROFILES, DETAILS AND CHARTS MAY 12, 2016 BEI PROJECT NO. 2601

SHEET

THIS SHEET REPLACES THE PREVIOUS SHEET 7 SIGNED ON 11-19-2010

Professional Certification. I hereby certify that these documents were prepared or approved by me, and that I am a duly licensed professional engineer under the laws of the State of Maryland. License No. 2/443 Expiration Date: 12-21-2022

5" HDPE @ 1.00%

Q₁₀ = 1.36 CFS

 $V_{10} = 5.03 \text{ FPS}$

V_{FULL}= 1.11 FPS S = 0.0261%

8" HDPE @ 0.50%

 $Q_0 = 3.30 \text{ CFS}$

 $V_{10} = 4.95 \text{ FPS}$

V_{FULL}= 1.87 FPS

S = 0.0585%

18" HDPE @ 0.50%

 $Q_{10} = 3.30 \text{ CFS}$

 $V_{10} = 4.95 \text{ FPS}$

V_{FULL}= 1.87 FPS S = 0.0585%

18" HDPE @ 0.50%

Q₁₀ = 2.41 CFS V₁₀ = 4.54 FPS

V_{FULL}= 1.36 FPS S = 0.0310%

STORM DRAIN PROFILE

SCALE: 1" = 50' HORZ., 1" = 5' VERT.

AS-BUILT CERTIFICATION I hereby certify, by my seal, that to the best of my knowledge and belief the facilities shown on this "AS-BUILT" Plan meet the Approved Plans and Specifications

Donald Mason, P.E.

APPROVED: DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING Chil Chuha CHIEF, DEVELOPMENT ENGINEERING DIVISION

APPROVED: DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS

J:\2726 Fairways at Turf Valley\dwg\Phase 2\F10084-7025_s6-7.dwg, 5/24/2016 11:11:08 AM

425

420

INV. 435.3+/-

18" HDPE @ 0.50%

 $Q_{10} = 1.21 \text{ CFS}$ $V_{10} = 3.73 \, \text{FPS}$

V_{FULL}= 0.68 FPS S = 0.0078%

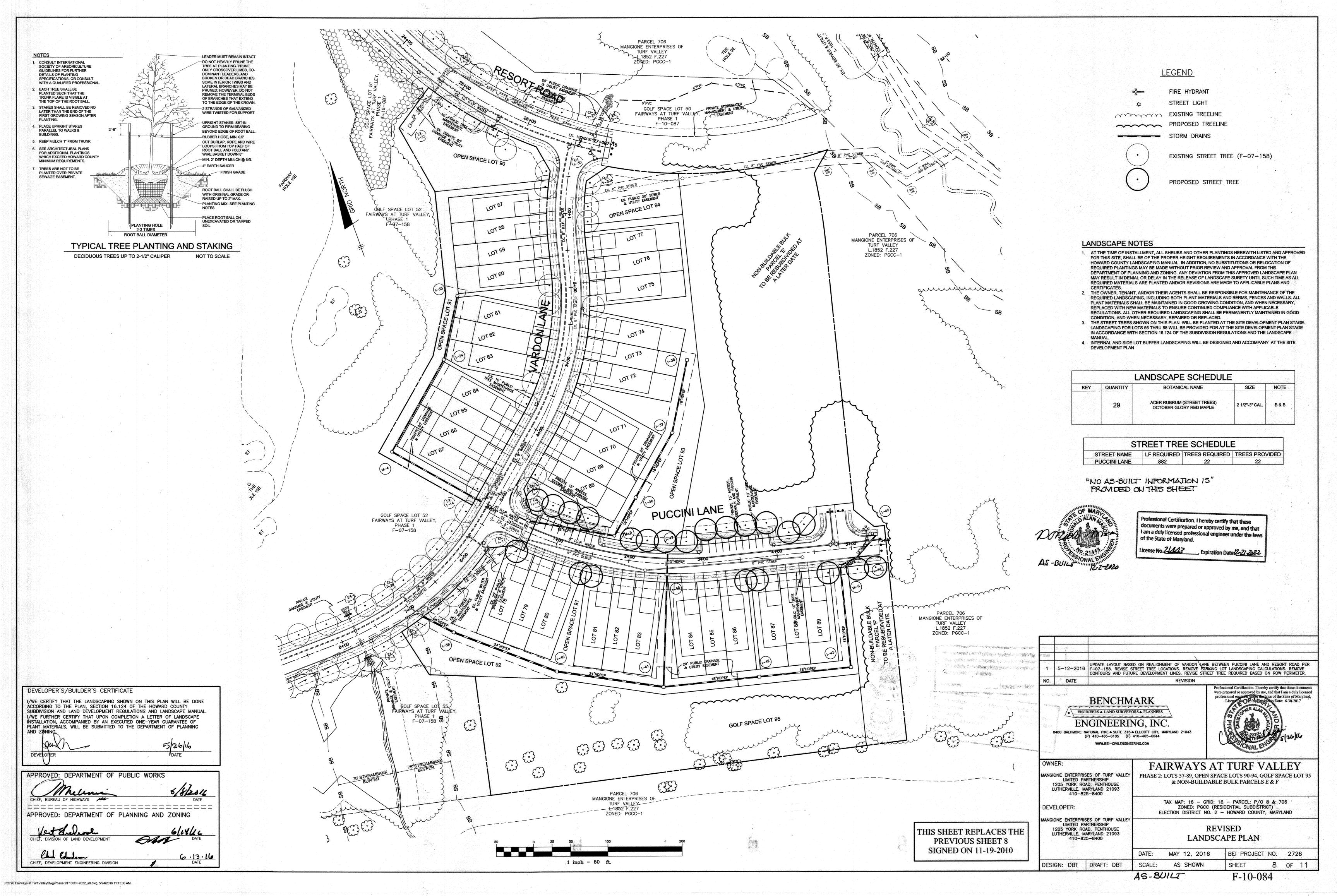
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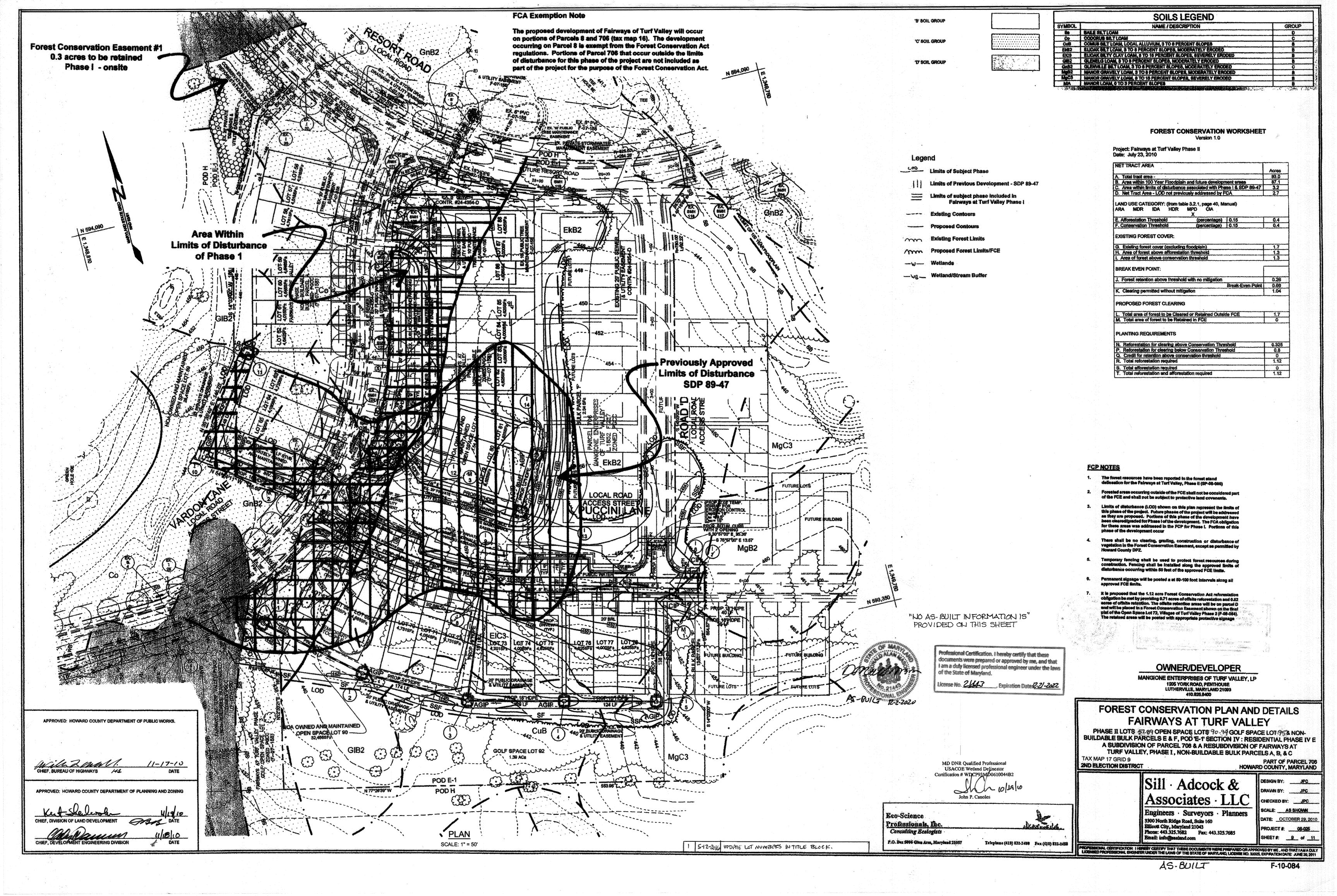
AS-BUILT

SCALE:

F-10-084

7 of 11





Planting/Soil Specifications

- 1. Planting of nursery stock shall take place between March 15th and April 30th or September 15th November 15th.
- 2. A twelve (12) inch layer of topsoil shall be spread over all forestation areas impacted by site grading to assure a suitable planting area. Disturbed areas shall be seeded and stabilized as per general construction plan for project. Planting areas not impacted by
- site grading shall have no additional topsoil installed.

 3. All bareroot planting stock shall have their root systems dipped into an anti-desiccant gel prior to planting.
- 4. Plants shall be installed so that the top of root mass is level with the top of existing grade. Backfill in the planting pits shall consist of 3 parts existing soil to 1 part pine fines or equivalent.
- 5. Fertilizer shall consist of Agriform 22-8-2, or equivalent, applied as per manufacturer's specifications.
- 6. A two (2) inch layer of hardwood mulch shall be placed over the root area of all
- 7. Plant material shall be transported to the site in a tarped or covered truck. Plants shall be kept moist prior to planting.
- 8. All non-organic debris associated with the planting operation shall be removed from the site by the contractor.

Sequence of Construction

- 1. Sediment control and tree protection devices shall be installed in accordance with general construction plan for site. Site shall be graded in accordance with general construction plans.
- 2. Proposed forestation areas impacted by site grading shall be topsoiled and stabilized as per #2 of Planting/Soil Specifications for project.
- 3. Plants shall be installed as per Plant Schedule and the Planting/Soil Specifications for the project.
- 4. Upon completion of the planting, signage shall be installed as per the Forest Protection Devices shown on the Forest Conservation Plan.
- 5. Plantings shall be maintained and guaranteed in accordance with the Maintenance and Guarantee requirements for project.

Maintenance of Plantings

- 1. Maintenance of plantings shall last for a period of 24 months.
- All plant material shall be watered twice a month during the 1st growing season.
 Watering may be more or less frequent depending on weather conditions. During second growing season, once a month during May-September, if needed.
- 3. Invasive exotics and noxious weeds will be removed from forestation areas. Old field successional species will be retained.
- Plants will be examined a minimum two times during the growing season for serious plant pests and diseases. Serious problems will be treated with the appropriate agent.
 Dead branches will be pruned from plantings.

Guarantee Requirements

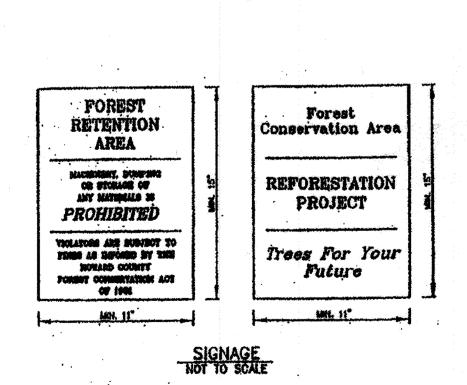
1. A 75 percent survival rate of forestation plantings will be required at the end of the 24 month maintenance period. All plant material below the 75 percent threshold will be replaced at the beginning of the next growing season.

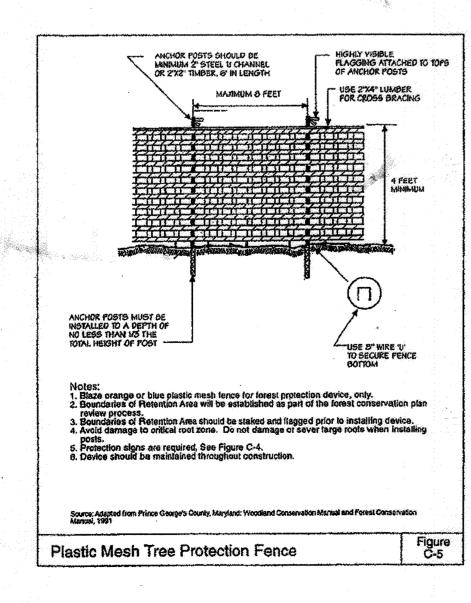
Surety for Forestation

 The developer shall post a surety (bond, letter of credit) to ensure that forestation plantings are completed. Upon acceptance of the plantings by the County, the bond shall be released.

Multiflora Rose Control Note

Multiflora rose is prevalent in certain areas to be planted. Prior to planting all multiflora rose shall be removed. Removal of the rose may be performed with mowing and herbicide treatments. Physical removal of all top growth following by a periodic herbicide treatment of stump sprouts is recommended. Native tree and shrub species occurring within the rose thickets should be retained wherever possible. Herbicides treatments shall occur on 2 month intervals during the first growing season and once each in the spring and fall for subsequent years. Herbicide used shall be made specifically to address woody plant material and shall be applied as per manufacturers specifications. Care should be taken not to spray planted trees or naturally occurring native tree/shrub seedlings. It is recommended that initiation of rose removal begin at least six months prior to planting.





APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING	APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS.
Kut Shenhoolin 14/19/10	
CHIEF, DIVISION OF LAND DEVELOPMENT	
Manuer u/18/10	Will 2. Sulm 1. 11-17-10
CHIEF, DEVELOPMENT ENGINEERING DIVISION DATE	CHIEF, BUREAU OF HIGHWAYS DATE

PLANTING SCHEDULE

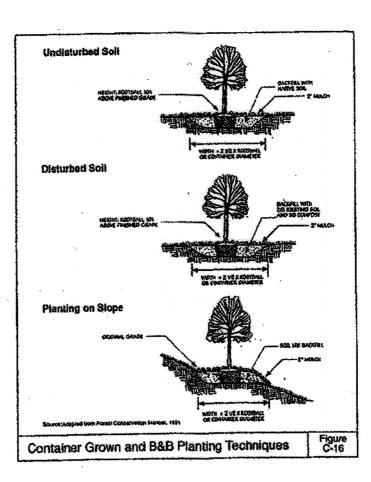
Offsite Planting Location:

FCE # 14 Villages of Turf Valley Phase 2. Open Space Lot 72 - 0.71 acres
Planting Units Required: 497
Planting Units Provided: 500

Qty	Species	Size	Spacing	Total FCA Units	
50	Acer rubrum - Red maple	2-3' whip	11' o.c.		
15	Diospyros virginiana - Persimmon **	2-3' whip	11' o.c.		
50	Liriodendron tulipifera - Tulip poplar **	2-3' whip	11' o.c.		
15	Nyssa sylvatica - Black gum	2-3' whip	11' o.c.		
25	Platanus occidentalis - Sycamore	2-3' whip	11' o.c.		
50	Prunus serotina - Black cherry **	2-3' whip	11' o.c.		
20	Quercus alba - White oak	2-3' whip	11' o.c.		
10	Ulmus rubra - Slippery Elm	2-3' whip	11' o.c.		
15	Viburnum prunifolium - Blackhaw **	2-3' whip	11' o.c.		
250	Total whip planting	s x 2 units //ree =	FCA unit credit	500	
	Total Unit Credit				

Planting Notes:

- Planting density based on 700 planting units per acre. 2" caliper trees = 7 planting units,
 1" caliper trees = 3.5 planting units, whips with shelter = 2 planting units.
- ** These species should not be planted within the wetland limits.
- 1" caliper trees should be staggered along the outer perimeter of the planting area to serve as demarcation of the boundary. The trees should be no closer than 15 foot spacing.
- Planting shall be made in a curvilinear fashion along contour. The planting should avoid a grid appearance but should be spaced to facilitate maintenance
- Multiflora rose/heavy brush removal/control may be required prior to installation of planting.
- All whips are required to be installed with tree shelters per Howard County FCA requirements.



Fairways at Turf Valley Forest Conservation Credit Calculations

Phase	Proposed onsite Retention	Reforestation/ Afforestation Required	Reforestation/ Afforestation Credit Provided Offsite*	FCE Credit Recorded but not Utilized by Phase and location of FCE easement**
Phase 1	0.3 acres	2.8 acres	3.52 acres	0.22 acres reforestation 1.0 acres retained forest Plat of Revision Parcel D - F-09-22
Phase 2	0 acres	1.12 acres	1.12 acres	0 acres
Phase 3	0 acres	0.22 acres	0.22 acres	0.48 acres retained forest Open Space Lot 72, Villages of Turf Valley Phase 2
	Total FCE	credit not vet uti	lized for project	0.96 acres FCE credit

Forest Conservation Notes

- The 1.12 acres of reforestation obligation required for Fairways at Turf Valley, Phase II will be met by providing 0.71 acres of reforestation and 0.82 acres of offsite retention in FCE # 14 which is located on Villages of Turf Valley, Phase 2, Open Space Lot 72 and will be placed in a Forest Conservation Easement shown on the final plat of the Villages Phase 2 (F-08-084).
- Development on Parcel 8 is exempt from Howard County Forest Conservation requirements under section 16.1202 (b) of the County code since it is a Planned Unit Development under S-86-13.
- Any Forest Conservation Easement (FCE) area shown hereon is subject to the
 protective covenants which may be found in the Land Records of Howard County
 which restrict the disturbance and use of these areas.
- 4. The Forest Conservation Easements shown hereon have been established to fulfill the requirements of section 16.1200 of the Howard County Code, Forest Conservation Area. No clearing, grading, or construction is permitted within the Forest Conservation Easements; however, Forest Management Practices as defined in the Deed of Forest Conservation Easement are allowed.
- Limits of disturbance shall be restricted to areas outside the limits of temporary fencing or the FCE boundary, whichever is greater.
- 6. There shall be no clearing, grading, construction or disturbance of vegetation in the Forest Conservation Easement, except as permitted by Howard County DPZ.
- 7. No stockpiles, parking areas, equipment cleaning areas, etc. shall occur within areas designated as Forest Conservation Easements.
- 8. Temporary fencing shall be used to protect forest resources during construction. Fencing shall be installed along the approved limits of disturbance occurring within 50 feet of the approved FCE limits.
- Permanent signage will be posted at 50-100 foot intervals along the boundaries of all areas included in Forest Conservation Easements.
- 10. Portions of the site occurring within the 100 year floodplain are not included as part of the net tract area of the site. Areas of floodplain forest occurring within the limits of a Forest Conservation Easement may be protected by the easement restrictions but have not/will not be credited toward the project's FCA obligation.
- 11. The site is located in the Little Patuxent River (upper) #1131105A watershed.
- 12. There are no rare, threatened, or endangered species located no this site. There are not specimen or champion trees located on this site. To the best of our knowledge there are no historic structures located on the site.
- 13. The protective signage shall stay on-site in perpetuity.

REVISE LOT NUMBERS IN TITLE BLUCK

5-12-2016

OFFSITE FCE NOTES:

All or a portion of the FCA obligations for Phases II and III of the Fairways at Turf Valley developments will be met within Forest Conservation Easement #14. FCE # 14 is located on Open Space Lot 72 of the Villages of Turf Valley Phase 2 and will be placed in a Forest Conservation Easement shown on the final plat of the Villages Phase 2 (F-08-084).

FCE #14 has 0.48 acres of retention (0.24 acres of offsite retention credit) that is not being utilized by Fairways at Turf Valley II and III

The FCA obligations for each phase will be met as follows:

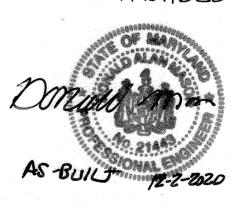
Fairways at Turf Valley. Phase II

Note the 1.12 acre reforestation obligation for Fairways at Turf Valley, Phase II will be met in FCE #14. This obligation will be met by 0.71 acres of reforestation and 0.82 acres of offsite retention.

Fairways at Turf Valley, Phase III

The 0.22 acre reforestation obligation for Fairways at Turf Valley, Phase III will be met by retaining 0.44 acres of offsite retention in FCE #14.

"NO AS-BUILT INFORMATION IS"
PROVIDED ON THIS SHEET



MD DNR Qualified Professional

Certification # WDCP93MD0610044B2

Eco-Science

P.O. Box \$606 Glen Arm, Matylant 21057

USACOE Wetland Delineator

Telephone (410) \$32-2480 Fex (410) \$32-2488

Professional Certification. I hereby certify that these documents were prepared or approved by me, and that I am a duly licensed professional engineer under the laws of the State of Maryland.

License No. 2/443 Espiration Date 12-2/-2622

OWNER/DEVELOPER

OWNER/DEVELOPER

MANGIONE ENTERPRISES OF TURF VALLEY, LP
1205 YORK ROAD, PENTHOUSE
LUTHERVILLE, MARYLAND 21005
410.025.0400

FOREST CONSERVATION PLAN - NOTES AND DETAILS

FAIRWAYS AT TURF VALLEY
PHASE II LOTS 57-89 OPEN SPACE LOTS 90-94 GOLF SPACE LOTS 8 NON -

BUILDABLE BULK PARCELS E & F, POD 'E-1' SECTION IV : RESIDENTIAL PHASE IV E
A SUBDIVISION OF PARCEL 706 & A RESUBDIVISION OF FAIRWAYS AT
TURF VALLEY, PHASE I , NON-BUILDABLE BULK PARCELS A, B, & C
TAX MAP 17 GRID 9
PART OF PARCEL 706
2ND ELECTION DISTRICT
PARCEL 706

Sill · Adcock & Associates · LLC

ASSOCIATES - LLC
Engineers - Surveyors - Planners
3300 North Ridge Road, Suite 160
Ellicott City, Maryland 21043
Phone: 443,325,7682 Pax: 443,325,7685

Email: info@sealand.com

THE LAWR OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND, LICE

UT .

AS-BUILT

F-10-084

DATE: OCTOBER 29, 2010

PROJECT#: 08-025

