## GENERAL NOTES 1. Existing Zoning: RR-DEO (Rural Residential - Density Exchange Option) per Feb. 2, 2004 Comprehensive Zoning Plan and the Comp Lite Zoning Amendments effective July 28, 2006. 2. Deed Reference: 9821/468 3. Plat Reference: N/A 4. Gross Area of Tract: 27.704 ac. 5. Area of 100 Year Floodplain: 1.39± ac. 6. Area of Steep Slopes: 0.30± ac. 7. Net Area of Tract: 26.01± ac. 8. Density Tabulation a) By-right lot yield: 5 lots b) Maximum allowable yield: 11 lots c) Buildable Lots Proposed: 8 lots (9 including ex. dwelling on Ex. Lot 1) d) Buildable Preservation Parcels: 0 e) Non-buildable Preservation Parcels: 3 f) DEO Units required: 4 units 9. Area of Proposed Lots/Parcels: a) Buildable Lots: 8.688 Ac b) Buildable Preservation Parcels: 0.00± ac. c) Non-Buildable Preservation Parcels: 13.877± ac. b) Buildable Preservation Parcels: 0.00± ac. c) Non-Buildable Preservation Parcels: 13.877± ac. d) Area of Proposed Public Roads: 1.009± ac. e) Other Parcels: 0.11± ac. Driveways shall be provided prior to issuance of a use and occupancy permit for new dwellings to insure safe access for fire and emergency vehicles per the following minimum requirements: a) Width - 12' (16' serving more than on residence); b) Surface - 6" of compacted crusher run base with tar and chip coating (1-1/2" min.); c) Geometry - Max. 14% grade, max. 10% grade change and min. 45' turning radius: d) Structures (culverts/bridges) - capable of supporting 25 gross tons (H25 loading): e) Drainage Elements - capable of safely passing 100-year flood with no more than 1 foot depth over driveway surface; f) Maintenance - sufficient to insure all weather use No grading, removal of vegetative cover or trees, paving and new structures shall be permitted within the limits of wetlands, stream(s), or their required buffers, floodplain and forest conservation easement areas. within the limits of wetlands, stream(s), or their required buffers, floodplain and forest conservation easement areas. 12. For flag or pipestern lots, refuse collection, show removal and road maintenance are provided to the junction of the flag or pipestern and road right-of-way line and not onto the pipestern lot driveway. 13. Land for a Public Road 1.009± AC is dedicated under the plat submitted with this Final Plan for Holly House Meadows Phase II. 14. Water and Sewer are private. 15. The Forest Conservation obligations for the entire site and SP-07-002 were addressed with F-07-012. 16. Reservation of Public Utility and Forest Conservation Easements Developer reserves unto itself, its successors and assigns, all easements shown on this plan for water, sewer, storm drainage, other public utilities and forest conservation (designated as "Forest Conservation Area"), located in, on, over and through lots/parcels, any conveyances of the aforesaid lots/parcels shall be subject to the easements herein reserved, whether or not expressly stated in the deed(s) conveying said lot(s)/parcels. Developer shall execute and deliver deeds for the easements herein reserved to Howard County with a metes and bounds description of the forest conservation area. Upon completion of the public utilities and their acceptance by Howard County, and in the case of forest conservation easement(s), upon completion of the developer's obligations under the forest conservation installation and maintenance agreement executed by the developer and the County, and the release of the developer's surety posted with said agreement. The County shall accept the easements and record the deed(s) of easement in the Land Records of Howard County. 17. Landscaping is provided in accordance with a certified Landscape Plan included in this road construction plan set in accordance with Section 16.124 of the Howard County Code and the Landscape Manual. own, individual system, no shared systems are proposed. Fees will be determined at the time of final plan approval. 30. Stormwater management for this development will be provided by the following means: Recharge volume (Rev) will be provided through the use of the grass channel credit, the disconnection of non-rooftop run-off credit and the disconnection of rooftop run-off credit (through a micro-pool extended detention pond, the disconnection of rooftop run-off credit(through grading on lots 2-3 and 7-8 and rain gardens on lots 4 and 6), and the natural area conservation credit. Channel protection volume (Cpv) will be provided through the micro-pool extended detention pond. Overbank flood protection volume and extreme flood protection volume are not required. The pond will be a jointly maintained facility (Howard County & HOA). 31. Existing utilities shown hereon are based on field surveys and record drawings. The contractor will be responsible for verifying these utilities in the field at the time of construction. 32. The non-critical floodplain study for this project was performed by DeMario Design Consultants, Inc. in July, 2006 and submitted for review as part of F-07-012. 33. The wetland delineation for this site was prepared by Mar-Len Environmental in February, 2006 and submitted as part of F-07-012. 34. The Traffic Study for this project was prepared by Hillis Carnes Engineering Associates, Inc. in June 2006. 35. The geotechnical study for this project was prepared by Hillis Carnes Engineering Associates, Inc. in June 2006. 35. The geotechnical study for this project was prepared by Hillis Carnes Engineering Associates, Inc. in June 2006. 36. The Sight Distance Study for this property was submitted as part of the Minor Subdivision for Holly House Meadows (#12402 Lime Kiln Road, F-07-12). 37. Project Background Information: a) Subdivision Name: Holly House Meadows b) Tax Map/Block/Parcel: 45/6/24 c) Zoning: RR-DEO d) Election District: 5th e) Total (Gross) Tract Area: 27.704 ac. f) Number of Proposed Lots/Parcels: 12 Number of Proposed Lots/Parcels: 12 Applicable Department of Planning & Zoning File No's.: F-08-090, F-07-012 & SP-07-002 g) Applicable Department of Planning & Zoning File No's.: F-08-090, F-07-012 & SP-07-002 38. The proposed access street shall be public. 39. BRL denotes the Building Restriction Line. 40. Sediment and erosion control measures will be provided in accordance with the 1994 Maryland Standards and Specifications for Soil Erosion and Sediment Control. 41. Street trees will be provided on the access street in accordance with Section 16.124 of the Howard County Subdivision Regulations. 42. Sidewalks are not provided because this site is located within the RR-DEO Zoning District, in accordance with Section 16.134 of the Howard County Subdivision Regulations. 43. This area Designates a private easement of 10,000 s.f. minimum as required by the Maryland State Department of the Environment for individual sewage disposal. Improvements of any nature on this area are restricted until public sewerage becomes available. These easement shall become null and void upon connection to a public sewerage system. The County Health officer shall have the authority to grant variances for adjustments to the private sewerage easement. Recordation of a modified easement shall not be necessary. be necessary. 44. 'This plan is subject to the Amended 5th Edition of the Howard County Subdivision and Land Development Regulations, effective date 10-2-2003 and as amended 12-15-2005. 45. Non-Buildable Preservation Parcel 'A' Area: 10.22 acres Owner: Private ownership Easement Holders: HOA, Howard County Purpose: The purpose of this parcel is the preservation of existing environmental features, the protection of existing wetlands, streams and their buffers and the provision of stormwater management facilities. Non-Buildable Preservation Parcel 'B' Area: 0.55 Area: 0.55 Owner: Private ownership Easement Holders: HOA, Howard County Purpose: The purpose of this parcel is reforestation credit and screening of the proposed development from Lime Kiln Road. Non-Buildable Preservation Parcel 'C' Area: 3.101 acres Owner: Privately owned by one of the adjacent lot owners, lots 3-6. Easement Holders: HOA, Howard County Purpose: The purpose of this parcel is the preservation of existing environmental features and the protection (in easement) of existing priority forest habitat. the protection (in easement) of existing priority forest habitat. 46. Community Input Meetings were held for the proposed subdivision in June, 2006. 47. All well casings shall be maintained to ensure a minimum of 8" in height above finish grade. If grading (filling) within the vicinity of a well casing, the casing shall be raised to guarantee a minimum of 8" height. 48. The minimum width of all lots with private sewerage facilities complies with COMAR 26.04.03.03. 26.04.03.03. 49. No Scenic Road Study is necessary as Lime Kiln Road has not been identified as a Howard County Scenic Road. 50. All proposed wells are to be drilled prior to final plat approval. It is the Developer's responsibility to schedule the well drilling prior to final plat submission. It will not be considered "government delay" if the well drilling holds up the Health Department signature of the Record Plat. the Record Plat. 51. All known sewage disposal easements of record have been shown. Existing off-property well and septic location within 100' of property line approximated from Howard County Health Department records and field investigation by DeMario Design Consultants, Inc. in Spring, 2006. 52. All existing septic disposal areas are to be properly abandoned (according to Health Department Procedures) prior to final plat approval. 53. These plans are subject to a design manual waiver to appendix 'A' and detail R-1.01 of the design manual volume III and IV, to permit a 45' right-of-way between stations \$+80 to 4+50, The waiver was approved on April 3, 2008 subject to the following: 1. The road pavement width shall meet the standard 22' requirement 2. A public 5' street easement shall be located within the 45' right-of-way section. 3. All street trees shall be located in accordance with memorandum from Mr. Jim Irvin, dated October 31, 2006. 54. Contractor must remove (by grinding) the double yellow centerline at the proposed intersection. 54. Contractor must remove (by grinding) the double yellow centerline at the proposed intersection 55. MDE dam safety tracking/permit number - 200862354/08-NT-3232. APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING.

## FINAL ROAD CONSTRUCTION PLANS LY HOUSE MEADOWS, PHASE

LOTS 2-9 \$ NON-BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCELS A, B, C \$ D A RESUBDIVISION OF BUILDABLE BULK PARCEL 'A' TAX MAP 45, GRID 6, PARCEL 24



This plan has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of section 16.124 of the HO.CO. code of financial surety for the required landscaping in the amount of \$21,000.00 must be posted as part of the developer's agreement (55 shade tree, 30 evergreen trees.)

d) Net property area:
e) Permitted Base Density:
f) Density per DEO Option:

g) Proposed tot yield: h) DEO's required

SCALE: 1"=2000' DRAWING LEGEND --- 680 ---- --- EXISTING MAJOR CONTOUR (10' INTERVAL) DRAWING INDEX  $\lozenge---$  ex. overhead electric 4 utility poles PROPOSED MINOR CONTOUR (2' INTERVAL) PROPOSED MAJOR CONTOUR (10' INTERVAL) EX. BUILDING PROPOSED BUILDING PROPOSED SPOT ELEVATION & FLOW ARROW • • • • • • • • • • • • • • LIMIT OF DISTURBANCE PROPOSED SUPER SILT FENCE - PROPOSED EARTH DIKE 15.00% - 24.99% SLOPES 25.00% AND GREATER SLOPES EXISTING TREELINE PROPOSED TREELINE SOIL DELINEATION LINE Site Analysis Data Chart General Site Data
 a. Present Zoning: RR-DEO b. Applicable DPA File References: SP-07-002 & F-07-012

PROP. WELL ZONE PROP. WELL SITE

PROP. S.R.A (10,000 S.F. MIN)

WETLAND LIMIT (PER FIELD

ECM ECM EROSION CONTROL MATTING (SCHEMATIC LOCATION ONLY

PROPERTY TAX MAP 2, GRID 17, PARCEL 184, RE-08-004-S-1,

DENSITY EXCHANGE CHART PHASE II

RECEIVING PARCEL FOR HOLLY HOUSE MEADOWS IS RECORDED AS

Coordinate Table

8 541140.9318 1329996.0375 458 540034,1584 1328822,5391

459 540097.5390 1329034.4644

460 540268.9002 1329073.1336

 461
 540177.9513
 1329303.4356

 462
 540244.1882
 1329524.9113

463 541062.2477 1330351.2266

540405.2879 1329929.2553

540326.5637 1329895.0403

540346.4937 | 1329849.1840

540425.2179 | 1329883.3991

539893.9898 | 1329624.2664

539868.4182 | 1329472.0000

539983.3702 | 1329324.9389

Coordinates are based on the Maryland Coordinate System NAD '83 (1991) and are designated thus: 99

1329333.4143

539945.8581

OTAL AREA OF SUBDIVISION 24.438 AC

NET ACREAGE OF SUBDIVISION 22.748 AC.

PROPOSED DENSITY UNITS 8
NUMBER OF DEO UNITS REQUIRED 4

ALLOWED DENSITY UNITS

SENDING PARCEL INFORMATION:

RE-08-004-S-2 PLAT #

RE-08-004 PLAT # 19819

3 DEO UNITS FROM MBW PROPERTIES, LLC TAX MAP 7, GRID 12, PARCEL 102,

MAXIMUM DENSITY UNITS

Proposed Use of Site or Structure(S):\_SFD RESIDENTIAL\_ Proposed Water and Sewer Systems:\_\_\_\_ Public - \_X\_ Private Any Other Information Which May be Relevant: \_\_\_\_N/A\_\_\_\_

b. Approximate Area of 100 Year Floodplain: 1.39 ± Acres c. Approximate Area of Steep Slopes (25% or Greater): 0.30 ± Acres d. Net Area of Site 22.748 Ac.+/\_

e. Area of Proposed Building Lots: 8.688 Acres f. Area of Proposed Public Roads: 1.009 Ac.+/\_

a. Total Number of Residential Units/Lats Allowed for Project by Right: 1) By-right lot yield: 5 lots

Buildable Lots Proposed: 8 lots (9 including ex. dwelling on Ex.

4) Buildable Preservation Parcels: 0 5) Non-buildable Preservation Parcels: 3

**DESIGN CONSULTANTS** ENGINEERS, PLANNERS, SURVEYORS, LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT

http://www.demariodesign.us HOLLY HOUSE DVLPMT. LLC C/O JIM SELFRIDGE

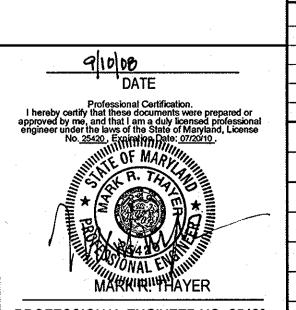
4781 TEN OAKS ROAD DAYTON, MD 21036

5TH ELECTION DISTRICT

FINAL ROAD PLAN

HOLLY HOUSE MEADOWS, PH. A RESUBDIVISION OF HOLLY HOUSE

COVER SHEET



documents were propared or approved by me, and that

I am a duly licensed professional engineer under the laws

License No. <u>22390</u> Expiration Date: <u>6-30-11</u>

FOR REVISIONS BY BENCHMARK ENGINEERING THE ONLY 8480 BALTIMORE NATIONAL PIKE STE 418 ELLICOTT CITY, MD 21043 410-465-6105

of the State of Maryland.

REVISION #1 ONLY

REVISE DRAWING THREE TO SHOW PHASE III ON SHEETS 16-19 DESCRIPTION OF CHANGES CO. FILE # DES. BY: SDS TAX ACC. #: 05-342775 DRN. BY: SDS TAX MAP: 45 CHK. BY: JCO BLOCK / GRID: 6 DATE: 09.12.08 PARCEL# 24 ZONE / USE: RR-DEO DWG. SCALE: AS SHOWN

DESCRIPTION

BENCHMARK

BENCHMARK #1 N. 541725.7952 1325316.8410 ELEV. 359,470

BENCHMARK #2 540070.9986 1327702.7611 B.M. 0076 ELEV. 426,227

BUCKS HAVEN MANOR

VICINITY MAP

SHEET	DESCRIPTION
1	COVER SHEET
2	FINAL ROAD CONSTRUCTION PLAN
3	FINAL ROAD PROFILE
4	Grading & Sediment Control Plan
5	Grading & Sediment Control Plan
6	SEDIMENT EROSION CONTROL NOTES
7	SEDIMENT EROSION CONTROL DETAILS
8	SWM DETAILS AND NOTES
9	swm details and borings
10	storm water management borings
11	STORMDRAIN DRAINAGE AREA MAP
12	Stormdrain drainage area map
13	Stormdrain Profiles
14	FINAL LANDSCAPE PLAN
15	FINAL LANDSCAPE PLAN
16	EXISTING POND SEDIMENT CONTROL & RECONSTRUCTION PLAN PHASE III
17	EXISTING POND MAINTENANCE PLAN PHASE IT
18	EXISTING POND MAINTENANCE PLAN PHASE III

a. Total Area of Site 24.438 Ac.

2) Maximum allowable yield: Il lots

6) DEO Units required: 4 units

192 East Main Street

Westminster, MD 21157 eMail: ddc@demariodesign.us **DEVELOPER:** SELFRIDGE BUILDERS C/O JIM SELFRIDGE 4781 TEN OAKS ROAD

SITE ADDRESS: 12402 LIME KILN ROAD **FULTON, MD 20759** 

DAYTON, MD 21036

Fax: (410) 386-0564

HOWARD COUNTY

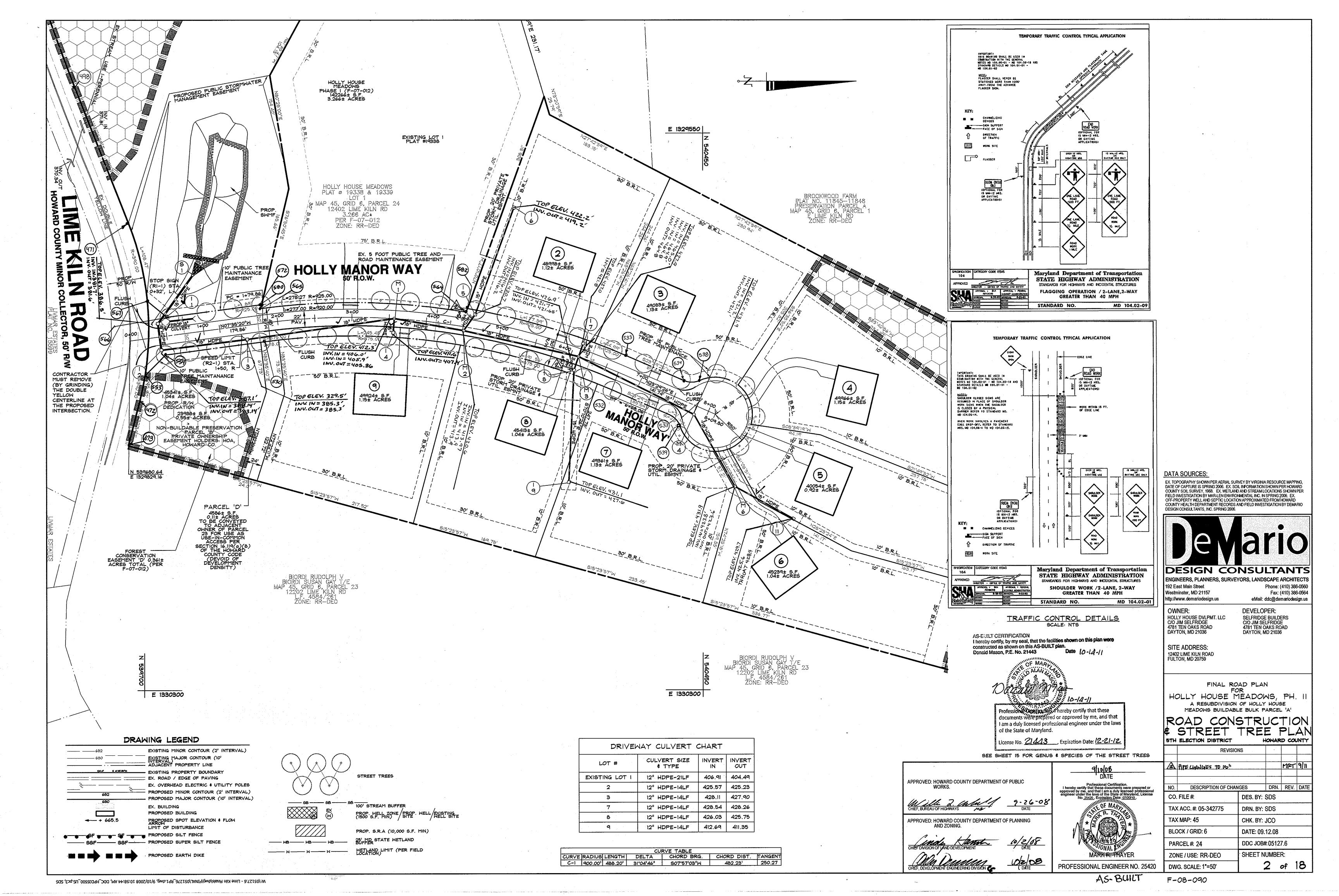
MEADOWS BUILDABLE BULK PARCEL 'A'

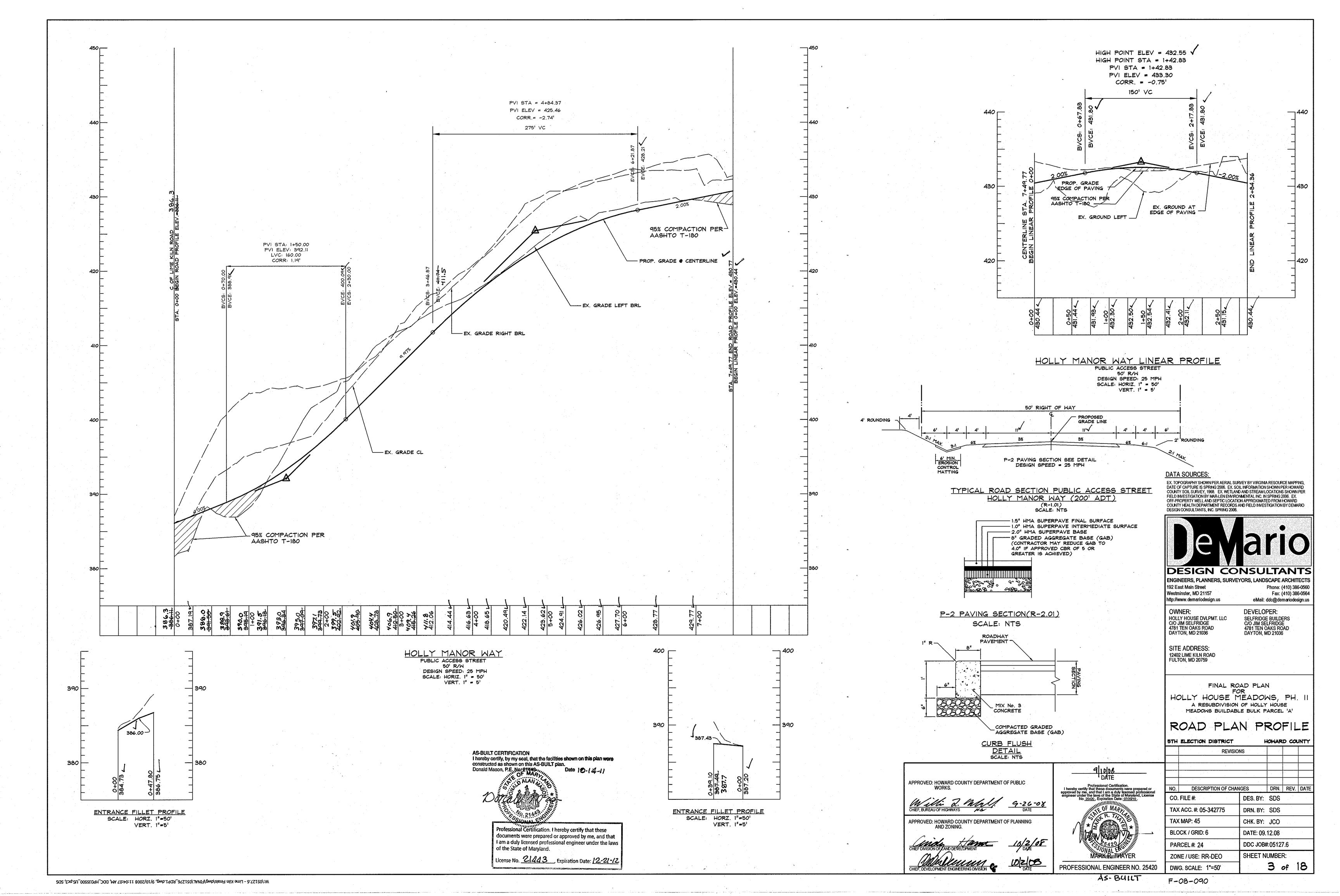
REVISIONS BEI 4-5-1 DRN. REV. DATE DDC JOB#: 05127.6

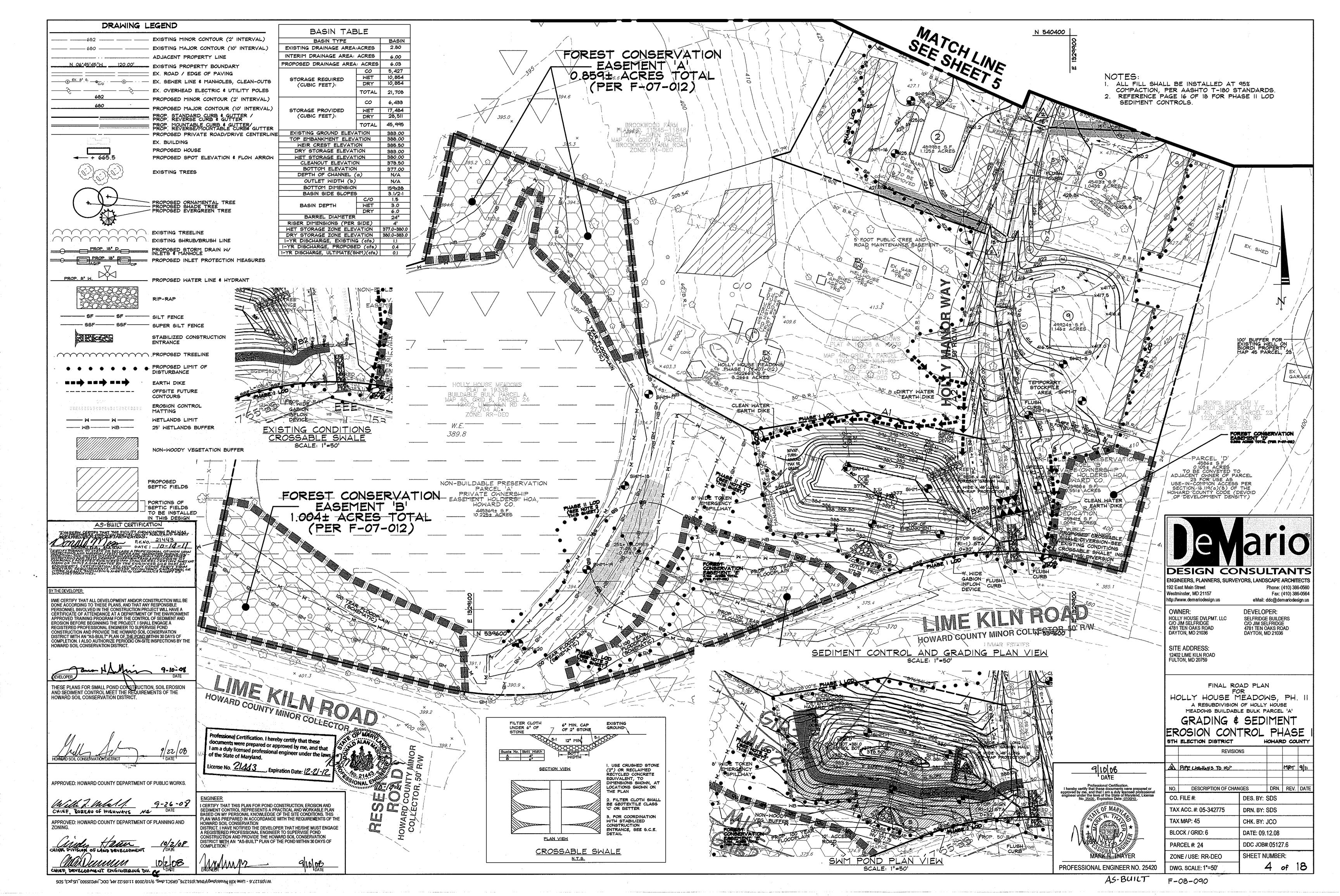
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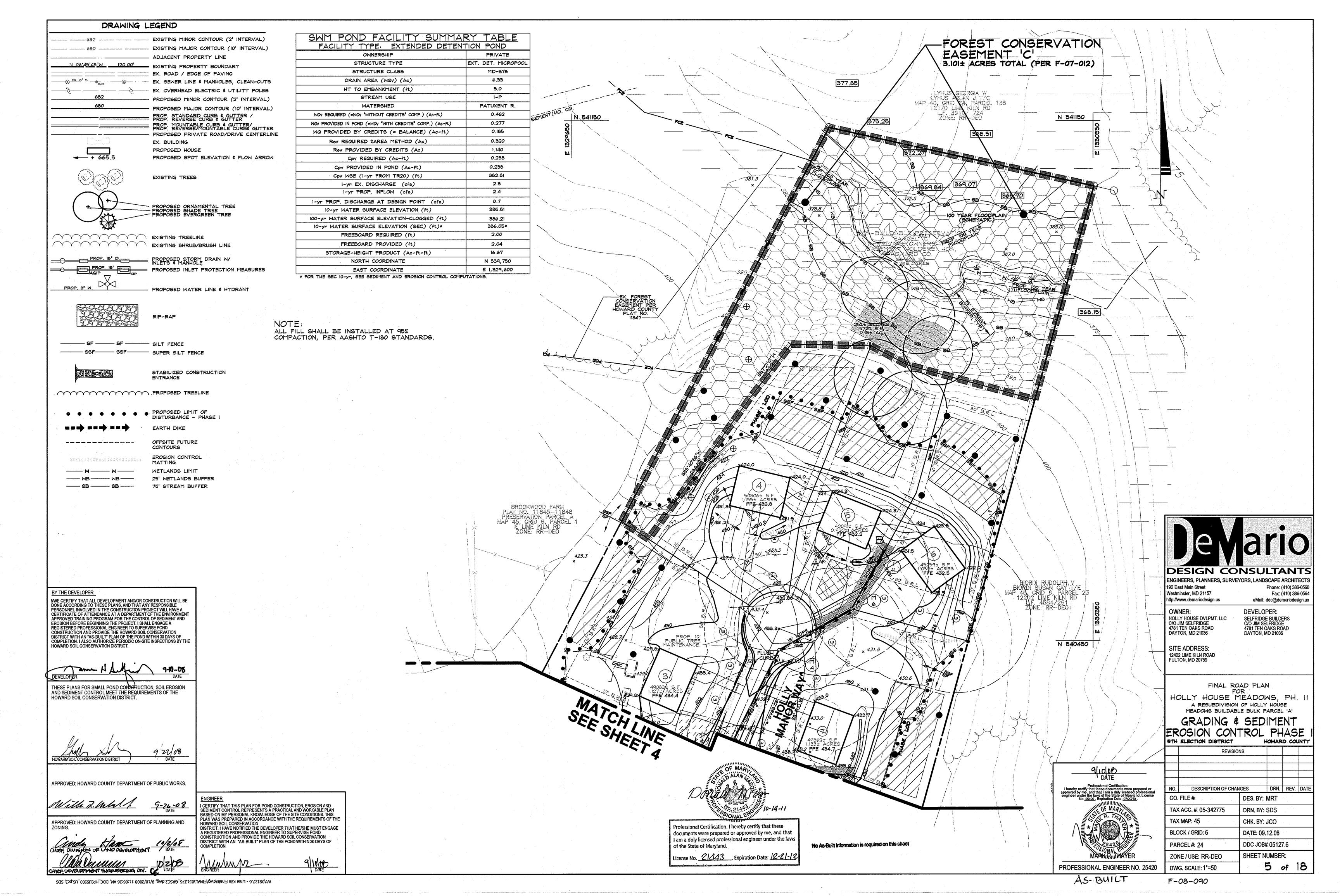
APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC

PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER NO. 25420









- C/ POPULAR MIX PRODUCES PERMANENT GROUNDCOVER QUICKLY. BLUEGRASS QUICKENS STAND.
- D/ BEST USE ON SHADY SLOPES NOT ON POORLY DRAINED CLAYS. E/ USE ON LOW MAINTENANCE, STEEP SLOPES. USE TALL FESCUE IN DRAUGHT CONDITIONS. CROWN
- VETCH BEST FOR 5b. 6a. 6b. F/ SUITABLE FOR SEEDING IN MIDSUMMER.
- G/ WEEPING LOVEGRASS MAY BE SEEDED WITH TALL FESCUE IN MID-SUMMER. SERECIA LESPEDEZA IS BEST SUITED FOR ZONES 70 & 7b.
- H/ USE ON POORLY DRAINED SOILS DITCHES OR WATERWAYS. BIRDSFOOT TREEFOIL IS BEST FOR ZONES
- 3a, ba ABOVE 2,000 F1. I/ USE IN AREAS OF MOIST SHADE. POA TRIVIALIZE THRIVES IN WET SHADY AREAS.
- J/ TALL FESCUE MAY BE SEEDED ALONE. THE HARD FESCUE PROVIDES BETTER SHADE TOLERANCE AND
- PRODUCES A BETTER STAND. K/ LOW FERTILITY GRASS. REQUIRES INFREQUENT MOWING. GOOD COMPANION FOR WILDFLOWERS
- TABLE 26 TEMPORARY SEEDING RATES, DEPTHS, AND DATES (HARDINESS ZONE 6b)

171066 20 1611	II OLOUCE		1120, 01	_, ,,,,	, ,,,,	
SPECIES	MINIMUM S RATE	PLANTING DEPTH	6b			
	PER ACRE	LBS/1000 SQ.FT.	INCHES	3/1 <del>-</del> 4/30	1 '.	8/15- 11/15
CHOOSE ONE: BARLEY OATS RYE	122 lbs 96 lbs 140 lbs	2.80 2.21 3.22	1-2 1-2 1-2	X X X	- - -	BY 10/15 – X
BARLEY OR RYE PLUS FOXTAIL MILLET	150 lbs	3.45	1	X X	×	10/15 X
WEEPING LOVEGRASS	4 lbs	.09	1/4-1/2		X	-
ANNUAL RYEGRASS	50 lbs	1.15	1/4-1/2	Х	_	11/1
MILLET	50 lbs	1.15	1/2	_	X	-

Note: Select one or more of the species or mixtures listed on Table 26 for the appropriate plant hardiness zone.

BY THE DEVELOPER: I/WE CERTIFY THAT ALL DEVELOPMENT AND/OR CONSTRUCTION WILL BE DONE ACCORDING TO THESE PLANS, AND THAT ANY RESPONSIBLE PERSONNEL INVOLVED IN THE CONSTRUCTION PROJECT WILL HAVE A CERTIFICATE OF ATTENDANCE AT A DEPARTMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT APPROVED TRAINING PROGRAM FOR THE CONTROL OF SEDIMENT AND EROSION BEFORE BEGINNING THE PROJECT. I SHALL ENGAGE A REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER TO SUPERVISE POND CONSTRUCTION AND PROVIDE THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT WITH AN "AS-BUILT" PLAN OF THE POND WITHIN 30 DAYS OF COMPLETION. I ALSO AUTHORIZE PERIODIC ON-SITE INSPECTIONS BY THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT

APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS.

APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND

W:\05127.6 - Lime Kiln Finals\dwg\FINAL\051276\_SECNOTES.dwg, 9\10\2008 11:11:21 AM, DDC\_HPDJ5500\_US.pc3, SDS

CERTIFY THAT THIS PLAN FOR POND CONSTRUCTION, EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL REPRESENTS A PRACTICAL AND WORKABLE PLAN BASED ON MY PERSONAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE SITE CONDITIONS. THIS PLAN WAS PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT. I HAVE NOTIFIED THE DEVELOPER THAT HE/SHE MUST ENGAGE A REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER TO SUPERVISE POND CONSTRUCTION AND PROVIDE THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT WITH AN "AS-BUILT" PLAN OF

THE POND WITHIN 30 DAYS OF COMPLETION.

STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR VEGETATIVE STABILIZATION Section I - Vegetative Stabilization Methods and Materials

A. Site Preparation

. Install erosion and sediment control structures (either temporary or permanent) such as diversions, grade stabilization structures, berms, waterways, or sediment control basins. ii. Perform all grading operations at right angles to the slope. Final grading and shaping is not usually necessary for temporary seeding.

iii. Schedule required soil test to determine soil amendment composition and application rates for sites having disturbed area over 5 acres.

B. Soil Amendments (Fertilizer and Lime Specifications)

i. Soil test must be performed to determine the exact ratios and application rates for both lime and fertilizer on sites having disturbed areas over 5 acres. Soil analysis may be performed by the University of Maryland or a recognized commercial laboratory. Soil samples taken for engineering purposes may also be used for chemical analyses.

ii. Fertilizers shall be uniform in composition, free flowing and suitable for accurate application by approved equipment. Manure may be substituted for fertilizer with prior approval from the appropriate approval authority. Fertilizers shall all be delivered to the site fully labeled according to the applicable state fertilizer laws and shall bear the name, trade name or

iii. Lime materials shall be ground limestone (hydrated or burnt lime may be substituted) which contains at least 50% total oxides (calcium oxide plus magnesium oxide). Limestone shall be ground to such fineness that at least 50% will pass through a #100 mesh sieve and 98 - 100% will pass through a #20 mesh sieve.

iv. Incorporate time and fertilizer into the top  $3-5^{\mu}$  of soil by disking or other suitable means. C. Seedbed Preparation

i. Temporary Seeding a. Seedbed preparation shall consist of loosening soil to a depth of 3" to 5" by means of suitable agricultural or construction equipment, such as disc harrows or chisel plows or rippers mounted on construction equipment. After the soil is loosened it should not be rolled or dragged smooth but left in the roughened condition. Sloped areas (greater than 3.1) about the second condition of the country of the co 3:1) should be tracked leaving the surface in an irregular condition with ridges running parallel to the counter of the slope.

b. Apply fertilizer and lime as prescribed on the plans.

c. Incorporate lime and fertilizer into the top 3 - 5" of soil by disking or other suitable

ii. Permanent Seedina

a. Minimum soil conditions required for permanent vegetative establishment:

1. Soil pH shall be between 6.0 and 7.0

2. Soluble salts shall be less than 500 parts per million (ppm).

3. The soil shall contain less than 40% clay but enough fine grained material (> 30% silt plus clay) to provide the capacity to hold a moderate amount of moisture. An exception is if lovegrass or serecia lespedeza is to be planted, then a sandy soil (< 30% silt plus clay) would be acceptable.

4. Soil shall contain 1.5% minimum organic matter by weight.

5. Soil must contain sufficient pore space to permit adequate root penetration. 6. If these conditions cannot be met by the soils on site, adding topsoil is required in accordance with Section 21 Standard and Specification for Topsoil.

b. Areas previously graded in conformance with the drawings shall be maintained in a true and even grade, then scarified or otherwise loosened to a depth of  $3-5^{\circ}$  to permit bonding of the topsoil to the surface area and to create horizontal erosion check slots to prevent topsoil from sliding down a slope.

d. Mix soil amendments into the top 3 - 5" of topsoil by disking or other suitable means. Lawn areas should be raked to smooth the surface, remove large objects like stones and branches, and ready the area for seed application. Where site conditions will not permit normal seedbed preparation, loosen surface soil by dragging with a heavy chain or other equipment to roughen the surface. Steep slopes (steeper than 3:1) should be tracked by a dozer leaving the soil in an irregular condition with ridges running parallel to the contour of the slope. The top 1 - 3" of soil should be loose and friable. Seedbed loosening may not be necessary on newly disturbed areas.

D. Seed Specifications

i. All seed must meet the requirements of the Maryland State Seed Law. All seed shall be subject to re-testing by a recognized seed laboratory. All seed used shall have been tested within the 6 months immediately preceding the date of sowing such material on this job. Note: Seed tags shall be made available to the inspector to verify type and rate of seed used.

ii. Inoculant - The inoculant for treating legume seed in the seed mixtures shall be a pure culture of nitrogen-fixing bacteria prepared specifically for the species. Inoculants shall not be used later than the date indicated on the container. Add fresh inoculant as directed on package. Use four times the recommended rate when hydroseeding. Note: It is very important to keep inoculant as cool as possible until used. Temperatures above 75-80 F. can weaken bacteria and make the innoculant less effective.

Hydroseeding: Apply seed uniformly with hydroseeder (slurry includes seed and fertilizer) proadcast or drop seeder, or a cultipacker seeder.

a. If fertilizer is being applied at the time of seeding, the application rates amounts will not exceed the following: nitrogen; maximum of 100 lbs. per acre total of soluble nitrogen; P205 (phosphorous): 200 lbs/ac.; K20 (potassium): 200 lbs/ac.

b. Lime - use only ground agricultural limestone, (Up to 3 tons per acre may be applied by hydroseeding). Normally, not more than 2 tons are applied by hydroseeding at any one time. Do not use burnt or hydroted lime when hydroseeding.

c. Seed and fertilizer shall be mixed on site and seeding shall be done immediately and without interruption.

ii. Dry Seeding: This includes use of conventional drop or broadcast spreaders

a. Seed spread dry shall be incorporated into the subsoil at the rates prescribed on the Temporary or Permanent Seeding Summaries or Tables 25 or 26. The seeded area shall then be rolled with a weighted roller to provide good seed soil contact. b. Where practical, seed should be applied in two directions perpendicular to each other.

Apply half the seeding rate in each direction.

iii. <u>Drill or Cultipacker Seedina</u>: Mechanized seeders that apply and cover seed with soil a. Cultipacking seeders are required to bury the seed in such a fashion as to provide at least 1/4 inch of soil covering. Seedbed must be firm after planting.

b. Where practical, seed should be applied in two directions perpendicular to each other. Apply half the seeding rate in each directions F. Mulch Specifications (In order of preference)

i. Straw shall consist of thoroughly threshed wheat, rye or oat straw, reasonably bright in color, and shall not be musty, moldy, caked, decayed, or excessively dusty and shall be free of noxious weed seeds as specified in the Maryland Seed Law.

ii. Wood Cellulose Fiber Mulch (WCFM)

a. MCFM shall consist of specially prepared wood cellulose processed into a uniform fibrous

b. WCFM shall be dyed green or contain a green dye in the package that will provide an appropriate color to facilitate visual inspection of the uniformly spread slurry. c. MCFM, including dye, shall contain no germination or growth inhibiting factors

d. WCFM materials shall be manufactured and processed in such a manner that the wood cellulose fiber mulch will remain in uniform suspension in water under agitation and will blend with seed, fertilizer and other additives to form a homogeneous slurry. The mulch material shall form a blotter-like ground cover, on application, having moisture absorption and percolation properties and shall cover and hold grass seed in contact with the soil without inhibiting the growth of the grass seedings. s, WCFM material shall contain no elements or compounds at concentration levels that will

f. MCFM must conform to the following physical requirements: fiber length to approximately 10 mm., diameter approximately 1 mm., pH range of 4.0 to 8.5, ash content of 1.6% maximum and water holding capacity of 90% minimum.

Note: Only sterile straw much should be used in areas where one species of grass is desired. G. Mulching Seeded Areas - Mulch shall be applied to all seeded areas immediately after seeding. If grading is completed outside of the seeding season, mulch alone shall be applied as prescribed in this section and maintained until the seeding season returns and seeding can be performed in accordance with these specifications.

ii. When straw mulch is used, it shall be spread over all seeded areas at the rate of 2 tons/acre. Mulch shall be applied to a uniform loose depth of between 1" and 2". Mulch applied shall achieve a uniform distribution and depth so that the soil surface is not exposed. If a mulch anchoring tool is to be used, the rate should be increased to 2.5 tons/acre. iii. Wood cellulose fiber used as a mulch shall be applied at a net dry weight of 1,500 lbs. per acre. The wood cellulose fiber shall be mixed with water, and the mixture shall contain a maximum of 50 lbs. of wood cellulose fiber per 100 gallons of water.

H. Securing Straw Mulch (Mulch Anchoring): Mulch anchoring shall be performed immediately following mulch application to minimize loss by wind or water. This may be done by one of the following methods (listed by preference), depending upon size of area and erosion hazard:

i. A mulch anchoring tool is a tractor drawn implement designed to punch and anchor mulch into the soil surface a minimum of two (2) inches. This practice is most effective on large areas, but is limited to flatter slopes where equipment can operate safely. If used on sloping land, this practice should be used on the contour if possible. ii. Wood cellulose fiber may be used for anchoring straw. The fiber binder shall be applied at a net dry weight of 750 pounds/acre. The wood cellulose fiber shall be mixed with water and the mixture shall contain a maximum of 50 pounds of wood cellulose fiber per 100 gallons of

iii. Application of liquid binders should be heavier at the edges where wind catches mulch, such as in valleys or on crest of banks. The remainder of area should appear uniform after binder application. Synthetic binders – such as Acrylic DLR (Agro-Tack), DCA-70, Petroset, Terra Tax II, Terra Tack AR or other approved equal may be used at rates recommended by the

iv. Lightweight plastic netting may be stapled over the mulch according to manufacturer's recommendations. Netting is usually available in rolls 4' to 15' feet wide and 300 to 3,000 feet long.

1. Incremental Stabilization -- Cut Slopes -- See G-20-6 J. Incremental Stabilization -- Fill Slopes -- See G-20-7 21.0 STANDARDS & SPECIFICATIONS FOR TOPSOIL

Definition - Placement of topsoil over a prepared subsoil prior to establishment of permanent vegetation.

Purpose - To provide a suitable soil medium for vegetative growth. Soils of concern have low moisture content, low nutrient levels, low pH, materials toxic to plants, and/or unacceptable soil gradation. Conditions Where Practice Applies

This practice is limited to areas having 2:1 or flatter slopes where:

a. The texture of the exposed subsoil/parent material is not adequate to produce vegetative growth.

b. The soil material is so shallow that the rooting zone is not deep enough to support plants or furnish continuing supplies of moisture and plant nutrients.

c. The original soil to be vegetated contains material toxic to plant growth. d. The soil is so acidic that treatment with limestone is not feasible

II. For the purpose of these Standards and Specifications, areas having slopes steeper than 2:1 require special consideration and design for adequate stabilization. Areas having slopes steeper than 2:1 shall have the appropriate stabilization shows as the slopes steeper than 2:1 shall have the appropriate stabilization shown on the plans.

I. Topsoil salvaged from the existing site may be used provided that it meets the standards as set forth in these specifications. Typically, the depth of topsoil to be salvaged for a given soil type can be found in the representative soil profile section in the Soil Survey published by USDA-SCS in cooperation with Maryland Agricultural Experimental Station.

11. Topsoil Specifications - Soil to be used as topsoil must meet the following Topsoil shall be a loam, sandy loam, clay loam, silt loam, sandy clay loam, loamy sand. Other soils may be used if recommended by an agronomist or soil scientist and approved by the appropriate approval authority. Regardless, topsoil shall not be a mixture of contrasting textured subsoils and shall contain less than 5% by volume of cinders, stones, slag, coarse fragments, gravel, sticks, roots, trash, or other materials larger than 1 1/2" in diameter.

ii. Topsoil must be free of plants or plant parts such as Bermuda grass, avack grass, Johnson grass, nut sedge, poison ivy, thistle, or others as specified.

iii. Where the subsoil is either highly acidic or composed of heavy clays, ground limestone shall be spread at the rate of 4-8 tons/acre (200-400 pounds per 1,000 square fed) prior to the placement of topsoil. Lime shall be distributed uniformly over designated areas and worked into the soil in conjunction with tillage operations as described in the following procedures.

III. For sites having disturbed areas over 5 acres:

Construction and Material Specifications

On soil meeting Topsoil specifications, obtain test results dictating fertilizer and lime amendments required to bring the soil into compliance with the

a. pH for topsoil shall be between 6.0 and 7.5. If the tested soil demonstrates a pH of less than 6.0, sufficient lime shall be prescribed to raise the pH to 6.5 or higher.

b. Organic content of topsoil shall be not less than 1.5 percent by weight. c. Topsoil having soluble salt content greater than 500 parts per million shall not be used.

d. No sod or seed shall be placed on soil which has been treated with soil sterilants or chemicals used for weed control until sufficient time has existed (14 days min.) to permit dissipation of phyto-toxic.

Note: Topsoil substitutes or amendments, as recommended by a qualified agronomist or soil scientist and approved by the appropriate approval authority, may be used in lieu of natural topsoil.

Place topsoil (if required) and apply soil amendments as specified in 20.0 Vegetative Stabilization - Section 1 - Vegetative Stabilization Methods and Materials.

i. When topsoiling, maintain needed erosion and sediment control practices such as diversions, Grade Stabilization Structures, Earth Dikes, Slope Silt Fence and Sediment Traps and Basins.

ii. Grades on the areas to be topsoiled, which have been previously established, shall be maintained, albeit 4"-8" higher in elevation.

iii. Topsoil shall be uniformly distributed in a 4" - 8" layer and lightly compacted to a minimum thickness of 4". Spreading shall be performed in such a manner that sodding or seeding can proceed with a minimum of additional soil preparation and tillage. Any irregularities in the surface resulting from topsoiling or other operations shall be corrected in order to prevent the formation of depressions or water pockets.

iv. Topsoil shall not be placed while the topsoil or subsoil is in a frozen or muddy condition, when the subsoil is excessively wet or in a condition that may otherwise be detrimental to proper grading and seedbed preparation. VI. Alternative for Permanent Seeding - Instead of applying the full amounts of lime and commercial fertilizer, composted sludge and amendments may be applied as specified below:

Composted Sludge Material for use as a soil conditioner for sites having disturbed areas over 5 acres shall be tested to prescribe amendments and for sites having disturbed areas under 5 acres shall conform to the following requirements:

a. Composted sludge: shall be supplied by, or originate from, a person or persons that are permitted (at the time of acquisition of the compost) by the Maryland Department of the Environment under COMAR 26.04.06.

b. Composted sludge shall contain at least 1 percent nitrogen, 1.5 percent phosphorus, and 0.2 percent potassium and have a Ph of 7.0 to 8.0. I compost does not meet these requirements, the appropriate constituents must be added to meet the requirements prior to use. c. Composted sludge shall be applied at a rate of 1 ton/1,000 savare feet

Composted sludge shall be amended with a potassium fertilizer applied at the rate of 4 lb/1,000 square feet, and 1/3 the normal lime application

References: Guideline Specifications, Soil Preparation and Sodding. MD-V A Pub. #1, Cooperative Extension Service, University of Maryland and Virginia Polytechnic Institutes. Revised 1973.

SECTION V - TURFGRASS ESTABLISHMENT

Areas where turfgrass may be desired include lawns, parks, playgrounds, and commercial sites which will receive a medium high level of maintenance. Areas to receive seed shall be tilled by disking or other approved methods to a depth of 2 to 4 inches, leveled and raked to prepare a proper seedbed. Stones and debris over 1 1/2 inches in diameter shall be removed. The resulting seedbed should be in such condition that future mowing of grasses will pose no difficulty.

Note: Choose certified material. Certified material is the best guarantee of cultivar purity. The certification program of the Maryland Department of Agriculture, Turf and Seed Section, provides a reliable means of consumer protection and assures a pure genetic line.

A. Turfgrass Mixtures

i. Kentucky Bluegrass - Full sun mixture - For use in areas that receive intensive management. Irrigation required in the areas of central Maryland and eastern shore. Recommended Certified Kentucky Bluegrass Cultivars Seeding Rate: 1.5 to 2.0 pounds/1000 square feet. A minimum of three bluegrass cultivars should be chosen ranging from a minimum of 10% to a maximum of 35% of the

ii. Kentucky Bluegrass/Perennial Rye - Full sun mixture - For use in full sun areas where rapid establishment is necessary and when turf will receive medium to intensive management. Certified Perennial Ryegrass Cultivars/Certified Kentucky Bluegrass Seeding rate: 2 pounds mixture/1000 square feet. A minimum of 3 Kentucky Bluegrass Cultivars must be chosen, with each cultivar ranging from 10% to 35% of the mixture by weight.

iii. Tall Fescue/Kentucky Bluegrass - Full sun mixture - For use in drought prone areas and/or for areas receiving low to medium management in full sun to medium shade. Recommended mixture includes; certified Tall Fescue Cultivars 95 - 100%, certified Kentucky Bluegrass Cultivars 0 - 5%. Seeding rate: 5 to 8 lb/1000 sf. One or more cultivars may be blended.

iv. Kentucky Bluegrass/Fine Fescue - Shade Mixture - For use in areas with shade in Bluegrass lawns. For establishment in high quality, intensively managed turf area. Mixture includes; certified Kentucky Bluegrass Cultivars 30-40% and certified Fine Fescue and 60-70%. Seeding rate: 1 1/2 - 3 lbs/1000 square feet. A minimum of 3 Kentucky Bluegrass cultivars must be chosen, with each cultivar ranging from a minimum of 10% to a maximum of 35% of the mixture by weight.

Note: Turfgrass varieties should be selected from those listed in the most current University of Maryland Publication, Agronomy Mimeo #77, "Turfgrass Cultivar Recommendations for Maryland"

Western MD: March 15 - June 1, August 1 - October 1 (Hardiness Zones - 5b, 6a)
Central MD: March 1 - May 15, August 15 - October 15 (Hardiness Zone - 6b)
Southern MD, Eastern Shore: March 1 - May 15, August 15 - October 15 (Hardiness Zones -

C. Irrigation

If soil moisture is deficient, supply new seedlings with adequate water for plant growth (1/2" - 1" every 3 to 4 days depending on soil texture) until they are firmly established. This is especially true when seedlings are made late in the planting season, in abnormally dry or hot seasons, or or

Inspect all seeded areas for failures and make necessary repairs, replacements, and reseedings

i. Once the vegetation is established, the site shall have 95% groundcover to be considered adequately stabilized. ii. If the stand provides less than 40% ground coverage, reestablish following original lime, fertilizer, seedbed preparation and seeding recommendations.

iii. If the stand provides between 40% and 94% ground coverage, overseeding and fertilizing using half of the rates originally applied may be necessary. iv. Maintenance fertilizer rates for permanent seedings are shown in Table 24. For lawns and other medium high maintenance turfgrass areas, refer to the University of Maryland publication. "Lawn Care in Maryland" Builetin No. 171.

SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION - PHASE I

200862354/08-NT-3232). (1.DAY)

1. OBTAIN A GRADING PERMIT AND REQUIRED MDE PERMITS (MDE PERMIT NO.

2. NOTIFY "MISS UTILITY" AT LEAST 48 HOURS BEFORE BEGINNING ANY WORK AT 1-800-257-7777. NOTIFY THE HOWARD COUNTY OFFICE OF CONSTRUCTION/INSPECTION DIVISION AT 410-313-1870 AT LEAST 24 HOURS BEFORE STARTING ANY WORK. (2 DAYS)

3. INSTALL STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE. (I DAY)

4. INSTALL PERIMETER CLEANWATER DIKES, SILT FENCE AND SUPER SILT FENCE. SEE SHEET 18 of 18 (EXISTING POND RECONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION - PHASE II, SHEET 16 OF 18) FOR ANY ADDITIONAL PERIMETER CONTROLS REQUIRED FOR EXISTING POND RECONSTRUCTION. (3 DAYS)

5. WITH SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES INSTALLED AND WITH INSPECTORS APPROVAL, INSTALL

6. WITH PERMISSION FROM THE SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR, INSTALL REMAINDER OF EARTH DIKES. THEN CLEAR AND GRADE SITE. (2 WEEKS)

7. FINE GRADE AREA FOR THE NEW ROAD AND INSTALL STORMDRAINS. NOTE THAT THE TEMPORARY SHALE DIVERSION INTO THE EAST SIDE OF THE BASIN SHALL BE REPLACED BY A CROSSABLE SWALE WHERE THE ROAD IS GRADED, AND CONTINUE TO FUNCTION AS A DIVERSION. (4 WEEKS)

8. ONCE INLETS I-1 AND I-2 ARE INSTALLED AND FUNCTIONAL, RUNOFF ALONG THE ROAD SHALL BE DIVERTED TO THESE INLETS, AND THE CROSSABLE SWALE/DIVERSION MAY BE REMOVED. HOWEVER PRIOR TO THIS, AS THE PIPE BETWEEN !-! AND S-! IS INSTALLED, THE RIPRAP INFLOW DEVICE THAT THIS OPERATION WILL DISTURB SHALL BE RESTORED AT THE END OF EACH WORKING DAY. (4 DAYS)

9. WITH STORMDRAINS INSTALLED, PAVE ROAD, (3 WEEKS)

10. FINE GRADE SITE AND STABILIZE ALL DISTURBED AREAS. (2 WEEKS)

II. INSTALL SITE LANDSCAPING & STREET TREES. (2 WEEKS)

12. WITH ALL DISTURBED AREAS STABILIZED, FLUSH STORM DRAIN SYSTEM, THEN WITH THE INSPECTORS APPROVAL CONVERT T SWM (SEDIMENT BASIN) TO FINAL (SWM POND) AND REMOVE SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES. (I WEEK)

13. BEGIN PHASE II, SHEET 18

19. (CONTINUED FROM SHEET 18) - NOTIFY HOWARD COUNTY OFFICE OF INSPECTIONS AND PERMITS FOR A FINAL INSPECTION OF THE COMPLETED SITE. (2 DAYS)

20. PROVIDE THE INSPECTOR, HOWARD COUNTY SCD, AND MDE WITH A COPY OF THE AS-BUILT OF BOTH NEW AND RECONSTRUCTED PONDS.

DESIGN CONSULTANTS, INC. SPRING 2006.

EX. TOPOGRAPHY SHOWN PER AERIAL SURVEY BY VIRGINIA RESOURCE MAPPING, DATE OF CAPTURE IS SPRING 2006. EX. SOIL INFORMATION SHOWN PER HOWARD COUNTY SOIL SURVEY, 1968. EX. WETLAND AND STREAM LOCATIONS SHOWN PER FIELD INVESTIGATION BY MAR-LEN ENVIRONMENTAL INC. IN SPRING 2006. EX. OFF-PROPERTY WELL AND SEPTIC LOCATION APPROXIMATED FROM HOWARD

COUNTY HEALTH DEPARTMENT RECORDS AND FIELD INVESTIGATION BY DEMARIO



DESIGN CONSULTANTS

eMail: ddc@demariodesign.us

HOWARD COUNTY

**DEVELOPER:** 

SELFRIDGE BUILDERS

C/O JIM SELFRIDGE

DAYTON, MD 21036

4781 TEN OAKS ROAD

ENGINEERS, PLANNERS, SURVEYORS, LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTS 192 East Main Street Phone: (410) 386-0560 Westminster, MD 21157 Fax: (410) 386-0564

http://www.demariodesign.u/ OWNER: HOLLY HOUSE DVLPMT. LLC C/O JIM SELFRIDGE 4781 TEN OAKS ROAD

DAYTON, MD 21036

SITE ADDRESS: 12402 LIME KILN ROAD FULTON, MD 20759

5TH ELECTION DISTRICT

FINAL ROAD PLAN HOLLY HOUSE MEADOWS, PH. A RESUBDIVISION OF HOLLY HOUSE MEADOWS BUILDABLE BULK PARCEL 'A

SEDIMENT & EROSION CONTROL NOTES

REVISIONS

Professional Certification.

I hereby certify that these documents were prepared approved by me, and that I am a duly licensed profession engineer under the laws of the State of Maryland, Licer No. 25420, Expiration Date: 07/20/10. OF MARK

DESCRIPTION OF CHANGES DRN. REV. DATE CO. FILE#. DES. BY: JCO TAX ACC. #: 05-342775 DRN. BY: SDS TAX MAP: 45 CHK. BY: JCO BLOCK / GRID: 6 DATE: 09.12.08 PARCEL#: 24 DDC JOB#: 05127.6 SHEET NUMBER: ZONE / USE: RR-DEO 6 of 18 DWG. SCALE: N/A

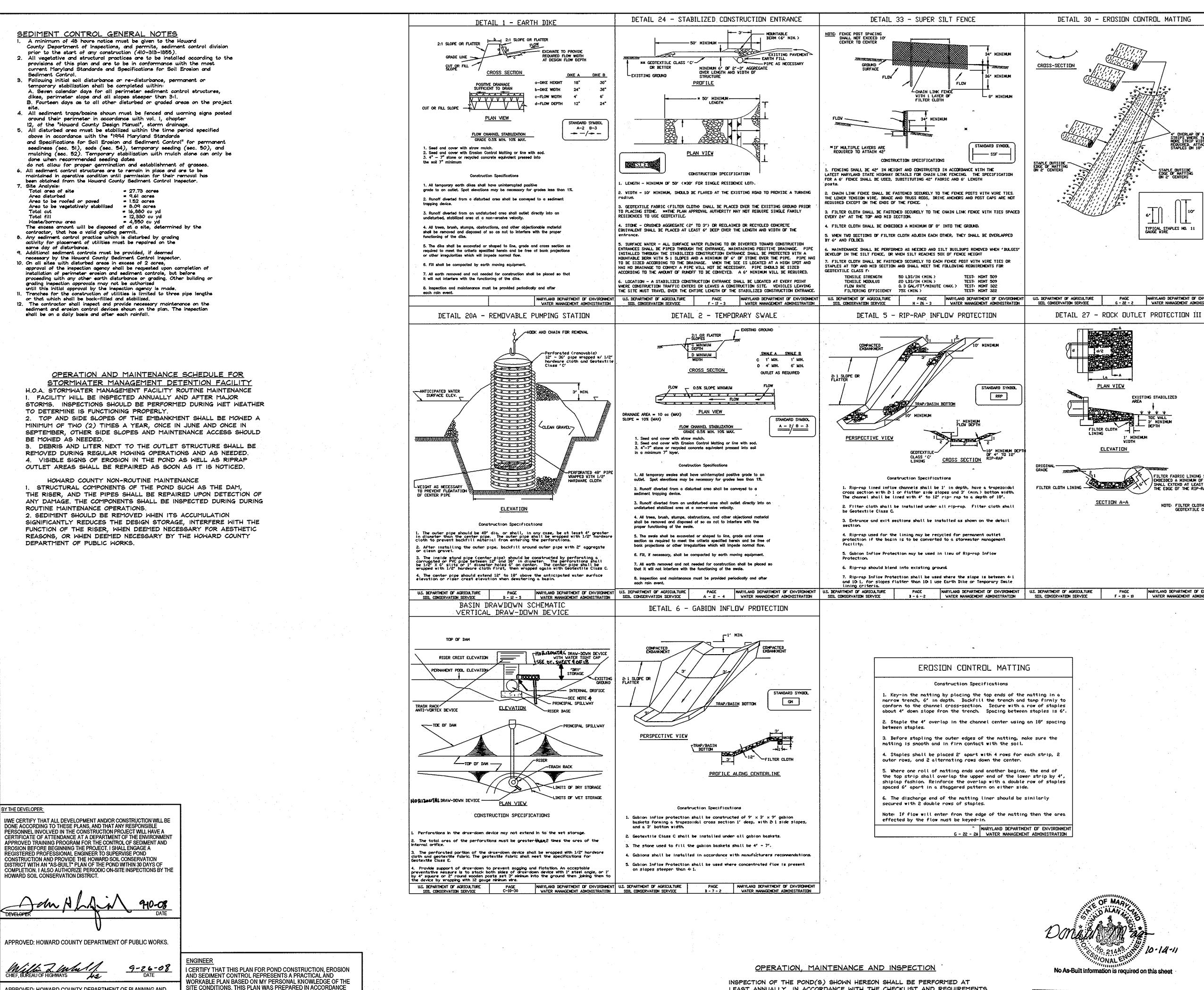
No As-Built information is required on this sheet

Professional Certification. I hereby certify that these documents were prepared or approved by me, and that I am a duly licensed professional engineer under the laws of the State of Maryland.

License No. 21443 Expiration Date: 12-21-12

F-08-090

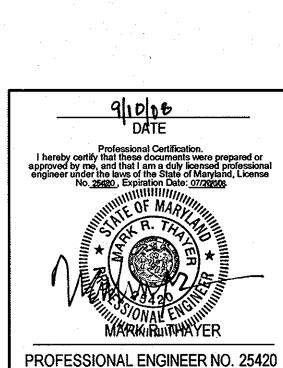
PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER NO. 25420



INSPECTION OF THE POND(S) SHOWN HEREON SHALL BE PERFORMED AT LEAST ANNUALLY, IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CHECKLIST AND REQUIREMENTS CONTAINED WITHIN USDA, NRCS "STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR PONDS" (MD-378). THE POND OWNER(S) AND ANY HEIRS, SUCCESSORS OR ASSIGNS SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE SAFETY OF THE POND AND THE CONTINUED OPERATION, SURVEILLANCE, INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE THEREOF. THE POND OWNER(S) SHALL PROMPTLY NOTIFY THE SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT OF ANY UNUSUAL OBSERVATIONS THAT MAY BE INDICATIONS OF DISTRESS SUCH AS EXCESSIVE SEEPAGE, TURBID SEEPAGE, SLIDING OR SLUMPING.



Professional Certification. I hereby certify that these documents were prepared or approved by me, and that I am a duly licensed professional engineer under the law: of the State of Maryland. License No. 21443 Expiration Date: 12-21-12



BTH ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY REVISIONS DRN. REV. DATE DESCRIPTION OF CHANGES CO. FILE #. DES. BY: JCO TAX ACC. #: 05-342775 DRN. BY: SDS TAX MAP: 45 CHK. BY: JCO BLOCK / GRID: 6 DATE: 09.12.08 DDC JOB#: 05127.6 PARCEL#: 24 SHEET NUMBER: ZONE / USE: RR-DEO 7 of 18 DWG. SCALE: AS SHOWN

ASBUILT

F-08-090

SELFRIDGE BUILDERS C/O JIM SELFRIDGE 4781 TEN OAKS ROAD DAYTON, MD 21036

SITE ADDRESS:

4781 TEN OAKS ROAD

SEDIMENT & EROSION

MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION

EXISTING GROUND

1. The subgrade for the filter, rip-rap, or gabion shall be prepared to the required lines and grades. Any fill required in the subgrade shall be compacted to a density of approximately that of the surrounding undisturbed

2. The rock or gravel shall conform to the specified grading limits when 3. Geotextile shall be protected from punching, cutting, or tearing. Any

DETAIL 18 - SEDIMENT BASIN BAFFLES

PLAN VIEWS

GRADE PLYWOOD OR EQUIVALENT

BAFFLE DETAIL

ROCK DUTLET PROTECTION III

Construction Specifications

MALE BOAD

8' CENTER TO CENTER -

L = L, + L2+ L3+ L4

MUMINIM 2T209

1/4" square r 2" round se

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE

SUIL CONSERVATION SERVICE

TYPICAL STAPLES NO. 11

EXISTING STABILIZED

NOTE: FILTER CLOTH SHALL I GEOTEXTILE CLASS C

HARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMEN VATER HANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION

D = DISTANCE BETVEEN
INFLOW AND BUTFLOW

FORMULA: Le > 2

RISER (DUTLET)

- RISER (BUTLET)

A = AREA OF NORMAL POOL

We= EFFECTIVE WIDTH = A/D

L<sub>e</sub>= TOTAL DISTANCE FROM THE INFLOW POINT AROUND THE BAFFLES TO THE RISER

damage other than an occasional small hale shall be repaired by placing another piece of geotextile over the damaged part or by completely replacing the geotextile. All overlaps whether for repairs or for Joining two pieces of geotextile shall be a minimum of one foot 4. Stone for the rip-rap or gabion outlets may be placed by equipment. They shall be constructed to the full course thickness in one operation and in such a manner as to avoid displacement of underlying materials. The stone

for rip-rap or gabion outlets shall be delivered and placed in a manner that will ensure that it is reasonably homogeneous with the smaller stones and spalls filling the void between the larger stones. Rip-rap shall be placed in a manner to prevent damage to the filter blanket or geotextile. Hand placement will be required to the extent necessary to prevent damage to the

5. The stone shall be placed so that it blends in with the existing ground. If the stone is placed too high then the flow will be forced out of the

channel and scour adjacent to the stone will occur. PAGE MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT
F - 18 - 104 WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION

DATA SOURCES: EX. TOPOGRAPHY SHOWN PER AERIAL SURVEY BY VIRGINIA RESOURCE MAPPING, DATE OF CAPTURE IS SPRING 2006. EX. SOIL INFORMATION SHOWN PER HOWARD COUNTY SOIL SURVEY, 1968. EX. WETLAND AND STREAM LOCATIONS SHOWN PER FIELD INVESTIGATION BY MAR-LEN ENVIRONMENTAL INC. IN SPRING 2006. EX.

COUNTY HEALTH DEPARTMENT RECORDS AND FIELD INVESTIGATION BY DEMARIO DESIGN CONSULTANTS, INC. SPRING 2006.

OFF-PROPERTY WELL AND SEPTIC LOCATION APPROXIMATED FROM HOWARD

DESIGN CONSULTANTS ENGINEERS, PLANNERS, SURVEYORS, LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTS 192 East Main Street Phone: (410) 386-0560 Westminster, MD 21157 Fax: (410) 386-0564

http://www.demariodesign.us eMail: ddc@demariodesign.us DEVELOPER: HOLLY HOUSE DVLPMT. LLC C/O JIM SELFRIDGE

DAYTON, MD 21036

FINAL ROAD PLAN

HOLLY HOUSE MEADOWS, PH. A RESUBDIVISION OF HOLLY HOUSE MEADOWS BUILDABLE BULK PARCEL 'A

12402 LIME KILN ROAD FULTON, MD 20759

WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT. I HAVE NOTIFIED THE DEVELOPER THAT HE/SHE

UPERVISE POND CONSTRUCTION AND PROVIDE THE HOWARD

MUST ENGAGE A REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER TO

SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT WITH AN "AS-BUILT" PLAN OF

THE POND WITHIN 30 DAYS OF COMPLETION.

APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND

#### CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS

1. General

All stormwater management facilities shall be constructed in accordance with Howard County's "Deisgn Manual Volume I - Storm Drainage 2006" and the "2000 Maryland Stormwater Deison Manual Volumes I & II". All references to ASTM and AASHTO specifications apply to the most recent

#### 2. Site Preparation

Areas designated for borrow areas, embankment, and structural works shall be cleared, grubbed and stripped of topsoil. All trees, vegetation, roots and other objectionable material shall be removed. Channel banks and sharp breaks shall be sloped to no steeper than 1:1. All trees shall be cleared and grubbed within 15 feet of the toe of the embankment.

Areas to be covered by the reservoir will be cleared of all trees, brush, logs, fences, rubbish and other objectionable material unless otherwise designated on the plans. Trees, brush, and stumps shall be cut approximately level with the ground surface. For dry stormwater management ponds, a minimum of a 25-foot radius around the inlet structure shall be cleared.

All cleared and grubbed material shall be disposed of outside and below the limits of the dam and reservoir as directed by the owner or his representative. When specified, a sufficient quantity of topsoil will be stockpiled in a suitable location for use on the embankment and other designated areas.

#### 3. Earth Fill

Material - The fill material shall be taken from approved designated borrow areas. It shall be free of roots, stumps, wood, rubbish, stones greater than 6", frozen or other objectionable materials. Fill material for the center of the embankment, and cut off trench shall conform to Unified Soil Classification GC, SC, CH, or CL and must have at least 30% passing the #200 sieve. Consideration may be given to the use of other materials in the embankment if designed by a geotechnical engineer. Such special designs must have construction supervised by a geotechnical engineer.

Materials used in the outer shell of the embankment must have the capability to support vegetation of the quality required to prevent erosion of

Placement - Areas on which fill is to be placed shall be scarified prior to placement of fill. Fill materials shall be placed in maximum 8 inch thick (before compaction) layers which are to be continuous over the entire length of the fill. The most permeable borrow material shall be placed in the downstream portions of the embankment. The principal spillway must be installed concurrently with fill placement and not excavated into the

<u>Compaction</u> - The movement of the hauling and spreading equipment over the fill shall be controlled so that the entire surface of each lift shall be traversed by not less than one tread track of heavy equipment or compaction shall be achieved by a minimum of four complete passes of a sheepsfoot, rubber tired or vibratory roller. Fill material shall contain sufficient moisture such that the required degree of compaction will be obtained with the equipment used. The fill material shall contain sufficient moisture so that if formed into a ball it will not crumble, yet not be so wet that water can be squeezed out.

When required by the reviewing agency the minimum required density shall not be less than 95% of maximum dry density with a moisture content within +/-2% of the optimum. Each layer of fill shall be compacted as necessary to obtain that density, and is to be certified by the Engineer at the time of construction. All compaction is to be determined by AASHTO Method T-99 (Standard Proctor).

Cut Off Trench - The cutoff trench shall be excavated into impervious material along or parallel to the centerline of the embankment as shown on the plans. The bottom width of the trench shall be governed by the equipment used for excavation, with the minimum width being four feet. The depth shall be at least four feet below existing grade or as shown on the plans. The side slopes of the trench shall be 1 to 1 or flatter. The backfill shall be compacted with construction equipment, rollers, or hand tampers to assure maximum density and minimum permeability

Embankment Core - The core shall be parallel to the centerline of the embankment as shown on the plans. The top width of the core shall be a minimum of our feet. The height shall extend up to at least the 10 year water elevation or as shown on the plans. The side slopes shall be 1 to 1 or flatter. The core shall be compacted with construction equipment, rollers, or hand tampers to assure maximum density and minimum permeability. In addition, the core shall be placed concurrently with the outer shell of the

#### 4. Structure Backfill

BY THE DEVELOPER:

Backfill adjacent to pipes or structures shall be of the type and quality conforming to that specified for the adjoining fill material. The fill shall be placed in horizontal layers not to exceed four inches in thickness and compacted by hand tampers or other manually directed compaction equipment. The material needs to fill completely all spaces under and adjacent to the pipe. At no time during the backfilling operation shall driven equipment be allowed to operate closer than four feet, measured horizontally, to any part of a structure. Under no circumstances shall equipment be driven over any part of a concrete structure or pipe, unless there is a compacted fill of 24" or greater over the structure or pipe.

Structure backfill may be flowable fill meeting the requirements of Maryland Department of Transportation, State Highway Administration Standard Specifications for Construction and Materials, Section 313 as modified. The mixture shall have a 100-200 psi; 28 day unconfined compressive strength. The flowable fill shall have a minimum pH of 4.0 and a minimum resistivity of 2,000 ohm-cm. Material shall be placed such that a minimum of 6" (measured perpendicular to the outside of the pipe) of flowable fill shall be under (bed-ding), over and, on the sides of the pipe. It only needs to extend up to the spring line for rigid conduits. Average slump of the fill shall be 7" to assure flowability of the material. Adequate measures shall be taken (sand bags, etc.) to prevent floating the pipe. When using flowable fill, all metal pipe shall be bituminous coated. Any adjoining soil fill shall be placed in horizontal layers not to exceed four inches in thickness and compacted by hand tampers or other manually directed compaction equipment. The material shall completely fill all voids adjacent to the flowable fill zone. At no time during the backfilling operation shall driven equipment be allowed to operate closer than four feet, measured horizontally, to any part of a structure. Under no circumstances shall equipment be driven over any part of a structure or pipe unless there is a compacted fill of 24" or greater over the structure or pipe. Backfill material outside the structural backfill (flowable fill) zone shall be of the type and quality conforming to that specified for the core of the embankment or other embankment materials.

WE CERTIFY THAT ALL DEVELOPMENT AND/OR CONSTRUCTION WILL BE

CERTIFICATE OF ATTENDANCE AT A DEPARTMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT

APPROVED TRAINING PROGRAM FOR THE CONTROL OF SEDIMENT AND

CONSTRUCTION AND PROVIDE THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT WITH AN "AS-BUILT" PLAN OF THE POND WITHIN 30 DAYS OF

COMPLETION. I ALSO AUTHORIZE PERIODIC ON-SITE INSPECTIONS BY THE

APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS.

APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND

DONE ACCORDING TO THESE PLANS, AND THAT ANY RESPONSIBLE

ROSION BEFORE BEGINNING THE PROJECT. I SHALL ENGAGE A

REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER TO SUPERVISE POND

HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT.

PERSONNEL INVOLVED IN THE CONSTRUCTION PROJECT WILL HAVE A

Fill placed at densities lower than specified minimum density or at moisture contents outside the specified acceptable range of moisture content or otherwise not conforming to the requirements of the specifications shall be reworked to meet the requirements or removed and replaced by acceptable fill. The bottoms of such excavations shall be finished flat or gently

curving and at the sides of such excavations the adjacent sound fill shall be trimmed to a slope not steeper than 3 feet horizontally to 1 foot vertically extending from the bottom of the excavation to the fill surface.

#### 6. Pipe Conduits

All pipes shall be circular in cross section.

Corrugated Metal Pipe - All of the following criteria shall apply for

1. Materials - (Polymer Coated steel pipe) - Steel pipes with polymeric coatings shall have a minimum coating thickness of 0.01 inch (10 mil) on both sides of the pipe. This pipe and its appurtenances shall conform to the requirements of AASHTO Specifications M-245 & M-246 with watertight coupling bands or flanges.

Materials - (Aluminum Coated Steel Pipe) - This pipe and its appurtenances shall conform to the requirements of AASHTO Specification M-274 with watertight coupling bands or flanges. Aluminum Coated Steel Pipe, when used with flowable fill or when soil and/or water conditions warrant the need for increased durability, shall be fully bituminous coated per requirements of AASHTO Specification M-190 Type A. Any aluminum coating damaged or otherwise removed shall be replaced with cold applied bituminous coating compound. Aluminum surfaces that are to be in contact with concrete shall be painted with one coat of zinc chromate primer or two coats of asphalt.

Materials - (Aluminum Pipe) - This pipe and its appurtenances shall conform to the requirements of AASHTO Specification M-196 or M-211 with watertight coupling bands or flanges. Aluminum Pipe, when used with flowable fill or when soil and/or water conditions warrant for increased durability, shall be fully bituminous coated per requirements of AASHTO Specification M-190 Type A. Aluminum surfaces that are to be in contact with concrete shall be painted with one coat of zinc chromate primer or two coats of asphalt. Hot dip galvanized bolts may be used for connections. The pH of the surrounding soils shall be between 4 and 9.

- 2. Coupling bands, anti-seep collars, end sections, etc., must be composed of the same material and coatings as the pipe. Metals must be insulated from dissimilar materials with use of rubber or plastic insulating materials at least 24 mils in thickness.
- 3. Connections All connections with pipes must be completely watertight. The drain pipe or barrel connection to the riser shall be welded all around when the pipe and riser are metal. Anti-seep collars shall be connected to the pipe in such a manner as to be completely watertight. Dimple bands are not considered to be

All connections shall use a rubber or neoprene gasket when joining pipe sections. The end of each pipe shall be re-rolled an adequate number of corrugations to accommodate the bandwidth. The following type connections are acceptable for pipes less than 24 inches in diameter: flanges on both ends of the pipe with a circular 3/8 inch closed cell neoprene gasket, pre-punched to the flange bolt circle, sandwiched between adjacent flanges; a 12-inch wide standard lap type band with 12-inch wide by 3/8-inch thick closed cell circular neoprene gasket; and a 12-inch wide hugger type band with 0- ring gaskets having a minimum diameter of 1/2 inch greater than the corrugation depth. Pipes 24 inches in diameter and larger shall be connected by a 24 inch long annular corrugated band using a minimum of 4 (four) rods and lugs, 2 on each connecting pipe end. A 24-inch wide by 3/8-inch thick closed cell circular neoprene gasket will be installed with 12 inches on the end of each pipe. Flanged joints with 3/8 inch closed cell gaskets the full width of the flange is also acceptable.

Helically corrugated pipe shall have either continuously welded seams or have lock seams with internal caulking or a neoprene bead.

4. Bedding - The pipe shall be firmly and uniformly bedded throughout its entire length. Where rock or soft, spongy or other unstable soil is encountered, all such material shall be removed and replaced with suitable earth compacted to provide adequate support.

5. Backfilling shall conform to "Structure Backfill"

6. Other details (anti-seep collars, valves, etc.) shall be as shown on the

#### Reinforced Concrete Pipe - All of the following criteria shall apply for

1. Materials - Reinforced concrete pipe shall have bell and spigot joints with rubber gaskets and shall equal or exceed ASTM C-361.

. Bedding - Reinforced concrete pipe conduits shall be laid in a concrete bedding / cradle for their entire length. This bedding / cradle shall consist of high slump concrete placed under the pipe and up the sides of the pipe at least 50% of its outside diameter with a minimum thickness of 6 inches. Where a concrete cradle is not needed for structural reasons, flowable fill may be used as described in the "Structure Backfill" section of this standard. Gravel bedding is

3. Laying pipe - Bell and spigot pipe shall be placed with the bell end upstream. Joints shall be made in accordance with recommendations of the manufacturer of the material. After the joints are sealed for the entire line, the bedding shall be placed so that all spaces under the pipe are filled. Care shall be exercised to prevent any deviation from the original line and grade of the pipe. The first joint must be located within 4 feet from the riser.

4. Backfilling shall conform to "Structure Backfill".

5. Other details (anti-seep collars, valves, etc.) shall be as shown on the

Plastic Pipe - The following criteria shall apply for plastic pipe:

1. Materials - PVC pipe shall be PVC-1120 or PVC-1220 conforming to ASTM D- 1785 or ASTM D-2241. Corrugated High Density Polyethylene (HDPE) pipe, couplings and fittings shall conform to the following: 4" - 10" inch pipe shall meet the requirements of AASHTO M252 Type S, and 12" through 24" inch shall meet the requirements of AASHTO M294 Type S.

I CERTIFY THAT THIS PLAN FOR POND CONSTRUCTION, EROSION

WORKABLE PLAN BASED ON MY PERSONAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE

SITE CONDITIONS, THIS PLAN WAS PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE

WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT. I HAVE NOTIFIED THE DEVELOPER THAT HE/SHE

SUPERVISE POND CONSTRUCTION AND PROVIDE THE HOWARD

OIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT WITH AN "AS-BUILT" PLAN OF

MUST ENGAGE A REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER TO

THE POND WITHIN 30 DAYS OF COMPLETION.

AND SEDIMENT CONTROL REPRESENTS A PRACTICAL AND

#### 5. Removal and Replacement of Defective Fill 2. Joints and connections to anti-seep collars shall be completely

3. Bedding -The pipe shall be firmly and uniformly bedded throughout its entire length. Where rock or soft, spongy or other unstable soil is encountered, all such material shall be removed and replaced with suitable earth compacted to provide adequate support.

4. Backfilling shall conform to "Structure Backfill"

5. Other details (anti-seep collars, valves, etc.) shall be as shown on the

**Drainage Diaphragms** - A drainage diaphragm is NOT used on this

Concrete shall meet the requirements of Maryland Department of Transportation, State Highway Administration Standard Specifications for Construction and Materials, Section 902, Mix No.3.

#### 8. Rock Riprap

Rock riprap shall meet the requirements of Maryland Department of Transportation, State Highway Administration Standard Specifications for Construction and Materials, Section 311.

Geotextile shall be placed under all riprap and shall meet the requirements of Maryland Department of Transportation, State Highway Administration Standard Specifications for Construction and Materials, Section 921.09, Class SE Non-woven.

All work on permanent structures shall be carried out in areas free from water. The

Contractor shall construct and maintain all temporary dikes, levees, cofferdams,

#### 9. Care of Water during Construction

drainage channels, and stream diversions necessary to protect the areas to be occupied by the permanent works. The contractor shall also furnish, install, operate, and maintain all necessary pumping and other equipment required for removal of water from various parts of the work and for maintaining the excavations, foundation, and other parts of the work free from water as required or directed by the engineer for constructing each part of the work. After having served their purpose, all temporary protective works shall be removed or leveled and graded to the extent required to prevent obstruction in any degree whatsoever of the flow of water to the spillway or outlet works and so as not to interfere in any way with the operation or maintenance of the structure. Stream diversions shall be maintained until the full flow can be passed through the permanent works. The removal of water from the required excavation and the foundation shall be accomplished in a manner and to the extent that will maintain stability of the excavated slopes and bottom required excavations and will allow satisfactory performance of all construction operations. During the placing and compacting of material in required excavations, the water level at the locations being refilled shall be maintained below the bottom of the excavation at such locations which may require draining the water sumps from

All borrow areas shall be graded to provide proper drainage and left in a sightly condition. All exposed surfaces of the embankment, spillway, spoil and borrow areas, and berms shall be stabilized by seeding, liming, fertilizing and mulching in accordance with the Natural Resources Conservation Service Standards and Specifications for Critical Area Planting (MD-342) or as shown on the accompanying drawings.

#### 11. Erosion and Sediment Control

which the water shall be pumped.

Construction operations will be carried out in such a manner that erosion will be controlled and water and air pollution minimized. State and local laws concerning pollution abatement will be followed. Construction plans shall detail erosion and sediment control measures.

#### 12. Seeding

Seeding, fertilizing and mulching shall be as follows: Seed Mix: 50% Kenblue Kentucky Bluegrass 40% Pennlawn Creeping Red Fescue 10% Streaker Redtop Applied at a rate of 150 pounds per acre.

Rebel II Tall Fescue (125 pounds per acre) Pennfine Perennial Ryegrass (15 pound per acre) Kenblue Kentucky Bluegrass (10 pounds per acre) Pennlawn Creeping Red Fescue (70 pounds per acre)

Aurora Hard Fescue (50 pounds per acre) Common White Clover (6 pounds per acre) Winter Rye (45 pounds per acre) 70% Forager Tall Fescue

30% Chemung Crownvetch, Inoculated Applied at a rate of 55 pounds per acre. Optimum seeding dates: March 1 to April 30. Lime: 2 tons per acre Dolomitic Limestone. Fertilizer: 600 pounds per acre 10-10-10 fertilizer before seeding.

Mulch: Straw at 4,000 pounds per acre. Anchoring: Mulching tool or wood cellulose fiber binder at a net dry binder rate of 750 pounds per acre. The wood cellulose fiber shall be mixed with water and the mixture shall

400 pounds per acre 30-0-0 Urcaform Fertilizer at time of

contain a maximum of 50 pounds of wood cellulose fiber per 100 gallons of water or at rates recommended by the 13. Filter Cloth
All filter cloth shall conform to the 1994 Maryland Standards and

Specifications for soil erosion and sediment control, or the latest edition.

14. Gabions
All gabions shall be PVC coated woven wire baskets. Stone size shall be 4 inches to 7 inches. (Class IV Gabions)

#### 15. Fence

Chain link fencing: Construct fencing in accordance with the State Highway Administration Standard details 690.01 and 690.02. Use specifications for a 6-foot fence, substitutuing 42" fabric and 6'-8" line posts. Construct the gate in accordance with SHA Standard detail 692.01 with 42" fabric. The fabric used for the fence and gate must conform to AASHTO Designation M181-74. Fence post and wire fabric shall be dark vinyl (PVC) coated green or black.

#### 16. Construction Inspection by Designated Engineers

(TYP)

ALL

The construction of the pond and embankment, and certification that the pond and embankment have been built in accordance with the plans shall be under the supervision of a Registered Professional Engineer. The engineer shall be notified sufficiently in advance of construction in order that arrangements can be made for (1) Inspection of pipe trench and bedding, (2) Inspection of riser and anti-seep collars and, (3) Supervision of embankment construction and compaction testing. The engineer shall direct the handling of water during construction, minor changes not affecting the integrity of the dam in order to compensate for unusual soil conditions, and the removal and replacement of defective fill.

#### OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE FOR PRIVATELY OWNED AND JOINTLY MAINTAINED STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PONDS

#### ROUTINE MAINTENANCE BY HOA

1. Facility shall be inspected annually and after major storms, inspections shall be performed during wet weather to determine if the pond is functioning properly.

2. Top and side slopes of the embankement shall be mowed a minimum of two(2) times per year, once in June and once in September. Other side slopes and maintenance access shall be moved as needed.

3. Debrie and litter shall be removed during regular mowing operations and as needed.

4. Visible signs of erosion in the pond as well as the rip-rap or gabion outlet area shall be repaired as soon as it

NON-ROUTINE MAINTENANCE BY HOWARD COUNTY

Structural components of the pond such as the dam, riser and the pipes shall be repaired upon the detection of any damage. The components shall be inspected during routine maintenance operations.

2. Sediment shall be removed from the pond and forebay no later than when the capacity of the pond or forebay is half full of sediment or when deemed necessary for asthetic reasons, upon approval from the department of public works.

3. When the draindown time exceeds 72 hours, filter media shall be replaced.

Material	Specification	Size	Notes
Plantings	See Table R.5	r/a	Plantings are site specific
Planting Soil (2½' to 4"deep)	Sand: 30% to 60% Silt 30% to 55% Clay: 0% to 25%	rva	USDA soil types loamy sand, sandy loam or loam
Mulch	Shredded hardwood	r/a	Aged six months minimum
Geotextile	Class 'C' – apparent opening size (ASTM-D-4751), grab tensile strength (ASTM-D- 4632), guncture resistance (ASTM-D-4633)	n/a	Use as necessary beneath underdrain only
Underdrain:	3 ( 3 ( 3 ( 3 ( 3 ( 3 ( 3 ( 3 ( 3 ( 3 (	·	l
Gravel	AASHTO M-43 #57 or #67	1/2 to 1/2	1
Piping	F 758, Type PS 28 or ASSHTO M-278	4° to 6° rigid schedule 40 PVC, SDR35, or HDPE	7/s perforations @ 6° on center, 4 hole per row, minimum of 3° gravel over pipes; gravel not necessary beneath pipes

during transport and on-site storage. The plant root ball should be planted so that "I<sub>b</sub>" of the ball is above final grade surface. The clameter of the planting pit should be at least six inches larger than the diameter of the planting ball. Set and maintain the plant straight (upright) during the planting process. Thoroughly water ground bed cover after installation.

Trees shall be braced using 2" by 2" stakes only as necessary and for the first growing season only. Stakes are to be Grasses and legume seed should be drilled into the soil to a depth of at least one inch. Grass and legume plugs shall be planted following the non-grass ground cover specifications

The topsoil specifications provide enough organic material to adequately supply nutrients from natural cycling. The primary function of the raingarden is to improve water quality. Adding fertilizers defeats, or at a minimum, impedes this goal. Only add fertilizer if wood chips or mulch is used to amend the soil. E. PLANTING GUIDANCE

Plant material selection should be based on the goal of simulating a terrestrial community of native species but may be tailored to various gardening themes. Raingardens simulate upland-species ecosystems that are dominated by shrubs and herbaceous materials but may also contain trees. By creating a diverse, dense plant cover, the raingarden will be able to treat stormwater runoff and withstand urban stresses from insects, disease, drought,

The proper selection and installation of plant materials is key to a successful system. There are essentially three zones within a raingarden. The lowest elevation supports plant species that are adapted to standing and fluctuating water levels. The middle elevation supports plants that like drier soil conditions but may tolerate occasional inundation by water. The outer edge is the highest elevation and generally supports plants adapted to drier conditions. A listing of appropriate plant materials is included in Appendix A of the Design Manual and Appendix 1 of these instructions. The layout of plant material should be flexible, but should also follow the general principles outlined in Table 4B. The objective is to have a system that resembles a random and natural plant layout, while maintaining optimal plant conditions for plant establishment and growth.

STANDARD STORMASTER MAKAGEMENT PLAN WETNELTICKS

TABLE 4C. - PLANTING DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS Native plant species should be specified over exotic or foreign species. Appropriate vegetation should be selected based on the zone of tolerance. Species layout should generally be random and natural.

A canopy may be established with an understory of shrubs and herbaceous material.

Woody vegetation (shrubs and trees) should not be in the vicinity of inflow locations Trees and shrubs should be planted primarily along the perimeter of the raingarden. Stressors (e.g., wind, sun, exposure, issects and disease infestation, and drought) should be considered when developing the planting plan. Noxous weeds shall not be specified or used. Aesthebos and visual characteristics should be a prime consideration. Safety issues must be considered.

Existing and proposed utilities (e.g., water, sower, or electric) must be identified and considered. Plant materials should conform to the American Association of Nurseryman's publication, the American Standard Nursery Stock. The planting plan should include a sequence of construction, a description of the contractor's responsibilities, a planting schedule and installation specifications, initial maintenance requirements, and a warranty period stipulating requirements for plant survival. Table 4D, presents some typical issues for planting specifications.

TABLE 4D. - PLANTING SPECIFICATION ISSUES Specification Element Issues
Sequence of Construction Describe the preparation activities, soil amendments, etc., address erosion and sediment control procedures; specify step-by-step procedure for plant installar through site clean-up.

Specify the contractor's responsiblines such as watering, care of plant material during Iransport, timeliness of installation, repairs due to vandalism, etc.

Specify the plants to be installed, the type of materials (e.g., balled and burlap, bare root proteined to be installed.) Specify the plants to be installed, the type of materials (e.g., bailed and burisp, bare root, containerized), time of year for installations, sequence of installation, ferbization, stabilization seeding if needed, watering, and general care.

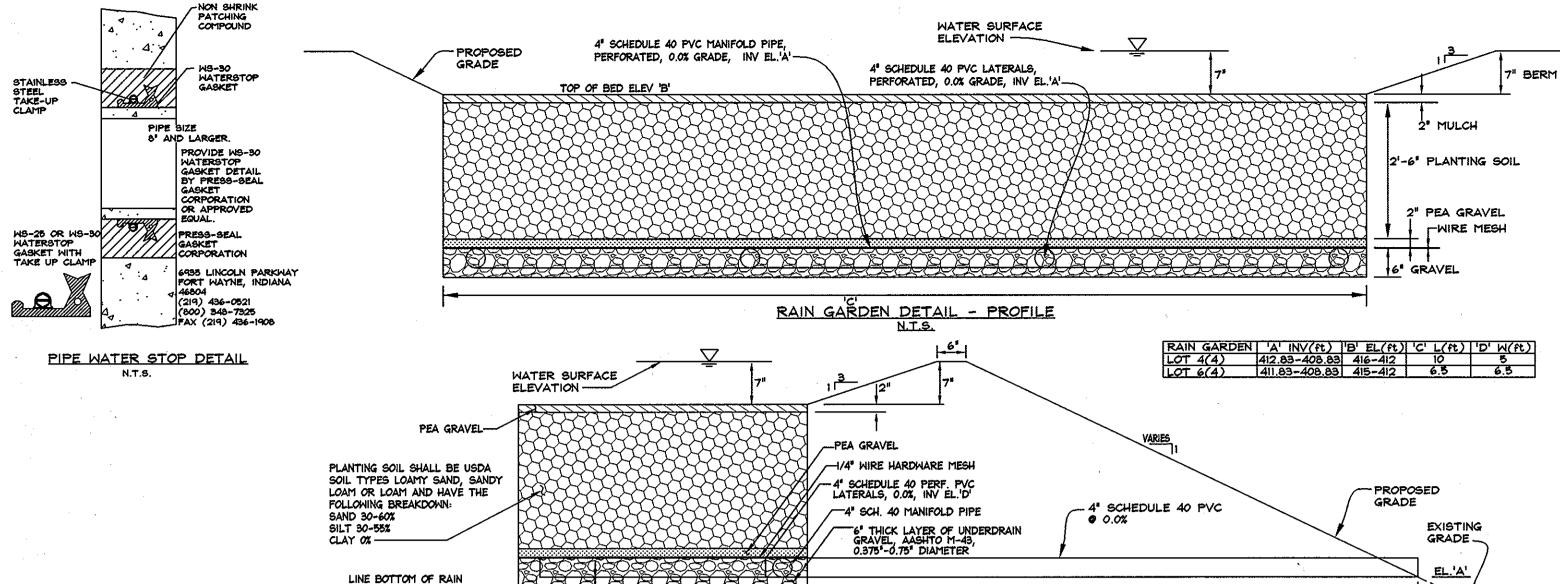
Specify mulching frequency (annual mulching is most common), removal and replacement of dead or diseased vegetation, watering schedule (once per day for 14. days is common)
Specify the warranty period, the required survival rate, and the expected condition of plant species at the end of the warranty period

TABLE 4E. - RAINGARDEN SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION Subsequent to final grading and stabilization of lot, excavate raingarden area to proper dimensions.
Install gravel envelope, geotextile, underdrain, and observation well.
Place and loosely compact planting soil.
Install plants at proper depth and location (see species and zone specifications) according to the planting plan.
Mulch the surface of the raingarden to a thickness of 2" to 3".
Water and ferblize according to the plan and specifications and as necessary.

STANDARD STORMMATER BARAGEMENT PLAN BISTRACTORE

#### # 4 REINF. EMBED STEEL BARS -BOLT (SEE NOTE 3) 4" WELD-为"x4" STEEL MINIMUM-# 4 REINF. PLATE NOTES FIELD MEASURE THE STRUCTURE DIMENSIONS FOR EXACT FITTING OF TRASH RACK. 2. GALVANIZE ENTIRE RACK AFTER FABRICATION. ALL SIDES -CONCRETE DETAILS

TRASH RACK WELDING DETAILS



#### RAIN GARDEN DETAIL - CROSS SECTION

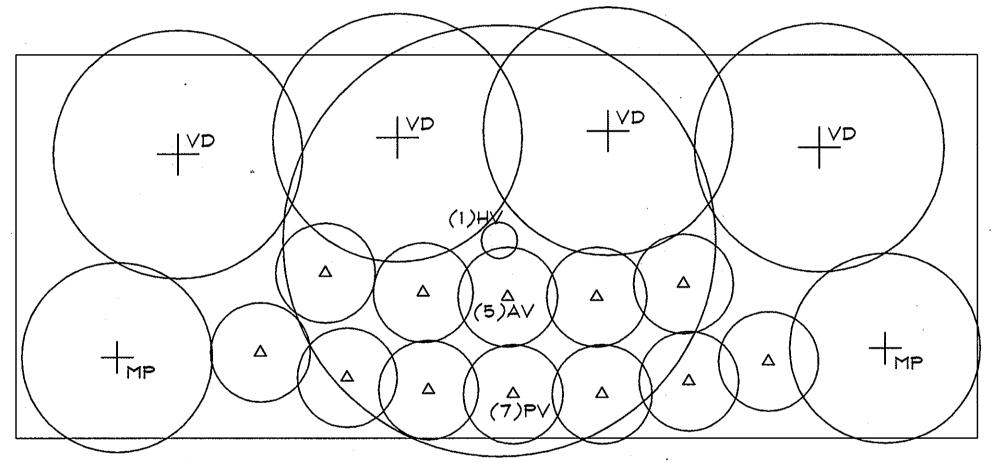
#### RAIN GARDEN PLANT LIST

GARDEN WITH

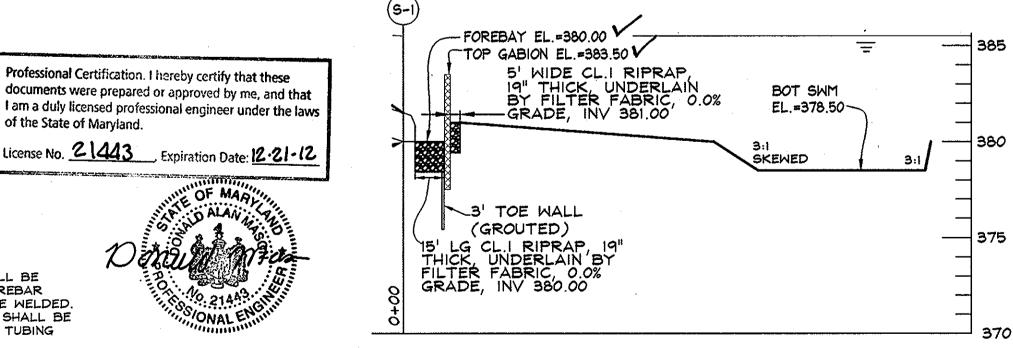
GEOTEXTILE, CLASS C

SPECIES	ABBREV.	INUNDATION ZONE	HYDROLOGIC CONDITIONS
BROOMSEDGE	AV	RIPARIAN/FP TERRACE	4,5 - PERIODIC
SWITCHGRASS (SHENANDOAH)	PV	HIGH-MARSH/RIPARIAN	3,4 = REGULAR/PERIODIC
WITCH HAZEL	H\	RIPARIAN/FP TERRACE	4,5 PERIODIC
ARROWWOOD (CHRISTDOM)	VD	HIGH-MARSH/RIPARIAN	3.4 = REGULAR/PERIODIC
BAYBERRY	MP	HIGH-MARSH/RIPARIAN	3,4 = REGULAR/PERIODIC
	BROOMSEDGE SWITCHGRASS (SHENANDOAH) WITCH HAZEL ARROWWOOD (CHRISTDOM)	BROOMSEDGE AV SWITCHGRASS (SHENANDOAH) PV WITCH HAZEL HV ARROWWOOD (CHRISTDOM) VD	BROOMSEDGE AV RIPARIAN/FP TERRACE SWITCHGRASS (SHENANDOAH) PV HIGH-MARSH/RIPARIAN WITCH HAZEL HV RIPARIAN/FP TERRACE ARROWWOOD (CHRISTDOM) VD HIGH-MARSH/RIPARIAN

42" GRAVEL BENEATH PIPES



PLANT LIST AND PLANTING PLAN FOR RAIN GARDENS SCALE: NTS



AS-BUILT CERTIFICATION 3. ½"x6" STAINLESS STEEL I hereby certify, by my seal, that the facilities shown on this plan were constructed as shown on this AS-BUILT plan. Donald Mason, P.E. No. 21443 Date 10-14-11

. NO RUST SHALL BE

PERMITTED ON REBAR

SURFACES TO BE WELDED.

2. TRASH RACK SHALL BE

#4 REINF, BARS TUBING

4. "ALL STEEL SHALL BE

ACCORDANCE WITH ASTM

A-123, THEN PAINTED

CONNECTIONS MUST BE

AND SHOP FABRICATED.

6. EXPOSED CONCRETE

CHAMFERED WITH 3/"x3/"

MILLED CHAMFER STRIPS

MINIMUM COVER FOR

RE-BARS IS 2" AT WALLS

CORNERS MUST BE

AND 3" AT BOTTOM.

HOT DIPPED GALVANIZED

ASTM A-36 (HOT-DIPPED) FULLY GALVANIZED AFTER

WELDED AT ALL

FABRICATION IN

BATTLESHIP GRAY.

5. ALL WELDED

BOLT (TYP.) ASTM

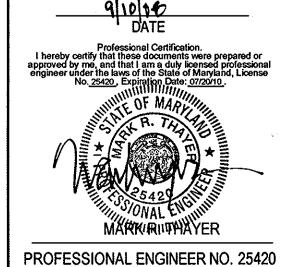
INTERSECTIONS.

- CONCRETE RISER WALL 12" DIA. HDPE SCH 40 @ 0.0% 7 ~SCREW-ON CAP DRILLED ORIFICE - SAME INV. - EL.378.0 AS PIPE SED. BASIN DIA. = 4" SWM POND DIA. = 3" LOW FLOW CONTROL PLATE DETAIL

PROFILE THROUGH FOREBAY AND POND SCALE: HOR. 1"=50" VER. 1"=51

#746 BY

6" WATERSTOP N.T.S.



OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE FOR PRIVATELY OWNED AND SCHIPER MAINTAINED RAIN GARDENS

ROUTINE MAINTENANCE BY HOA

SEE PLANS

Facility shall be inspected annually and after major storms, inspections shall be performed during wet weather to determine if the rain gardens are functioning properly.

2. Top and side slopes of the rain gardens shall be mowed a minimum of two(2) times per year, once in June and once in September, or as needed.

3. Debris and litter shall be removed during regular mowing operations and as needed.

4. Visible signs of erosion in the rain gardens as well as the outlet area shall be repaired as soon as it is noticed. NON-ROUTING MAINTENANCE BY HOWARD COUNTY MS

5. Structural components of the rain gardens such as the the pipes shall be repaired upon the detection of any damage. The components shall be inspected during routine maintenance operations.

6. Sediment shall be removed from the rain gardens no later than when the capacity of the rain gardens are half full of sediment or when deemed necessary for asthetic reasons, upon approval from the department of public

DAJA GOURGESown time exceeds 72 hours, filter

DESIGN CONSULTANTS, INC. SPRING 2006.

mediex 9000 GRAPHY SHOWN PER AERIAL SURVEY BY VIRGINIA RESOURCE MAPPING, DATE OF CAPTURE IS SPRING 2006. EX. SOIL INFORMATION SHOWN PER HOWARD COUNTY SOIL SURVEY, 1968. EX. WETLAND AND STREAM LOCATIONS SHOWN PER FIELD INVESTIGATION BY MAR-LEN ENVIRONMENTAL INC. IN SPRING 2006. EX. OFF-PROPERTY WELL AND SEPTIC LOCATION APPROXIMATED FROM HOWARD COUNTY HEALTH DEPARTMENT RECORDS AND FIELD INVESTIGATION BY DEMARIO

**DESIGN CONSULTANTS** 

ENGINEERS, PLANNERS, SURVEYORS, LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTS 192 East Main Street Phone: (410) 386-0560 Westminster, MD 21157 Fax: (410) 386-0564 http://www.demariodesign.us eMail: ddc@demariodesign.us

DEVELOPER:

SELFRIDGE BUILDERS

4781 TEN OAKS ROAD

HOWARD COUNTY

C/O JIM SELFRIDGE

DAYTON, MD 21036

HOLLY HOUSE DVLPMT, LLC C/O JIM SELFRIDGE 4781 TEN OAKS ROAD DAYTON, MD 21036

5TH ELECTION DISTRICT

SITE ADDRESS: 12402 LIME KILN ROAD FULTON, MD 20759

OWNER:

FINAL ROAD PLAN HOLLY HOUSE MEADOWS, PH. I A RESUBDIVISION OF HOLLY HOUSE MEADOWS BUILDABLE BULK PARCEL 'A

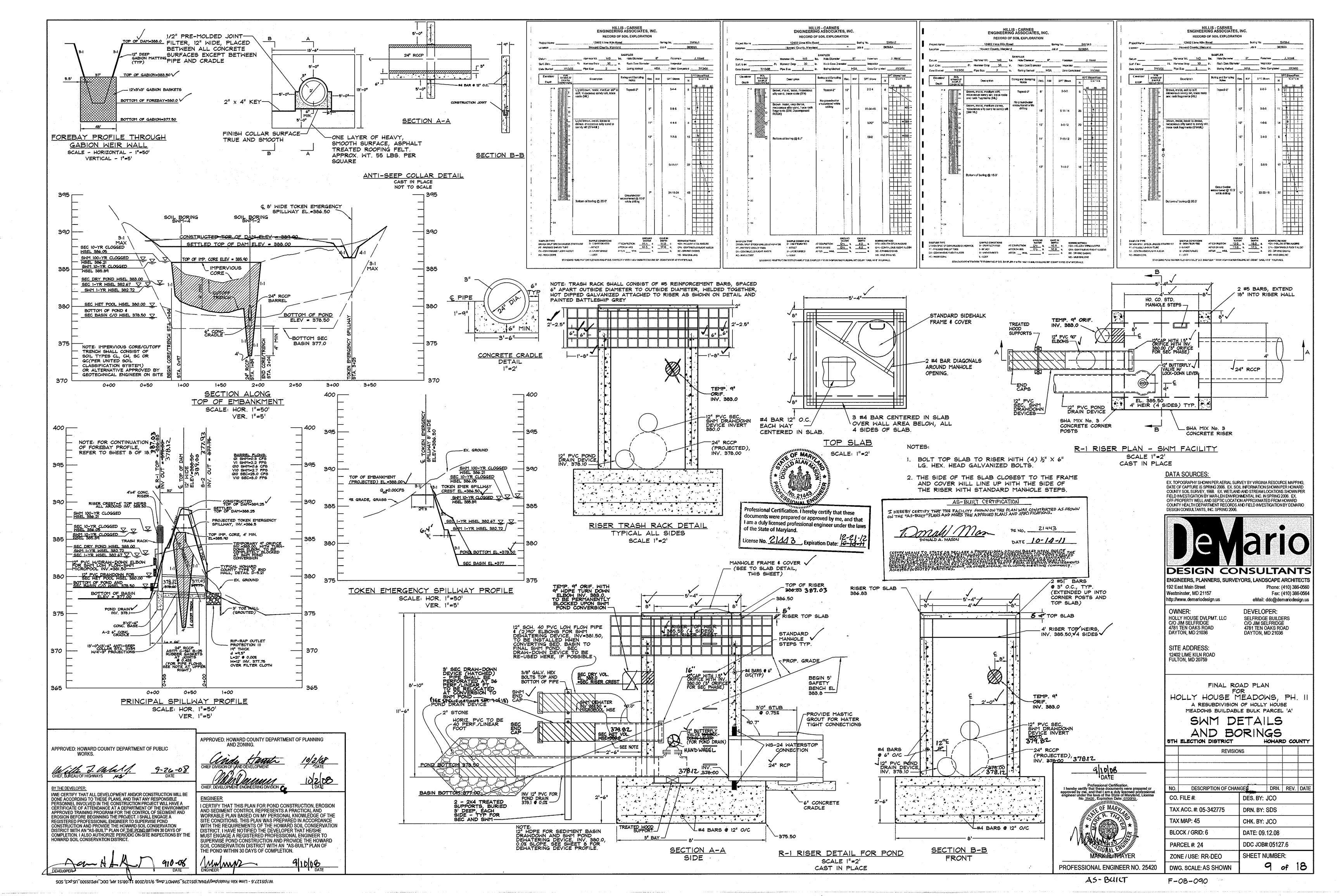
SWM DETAILS

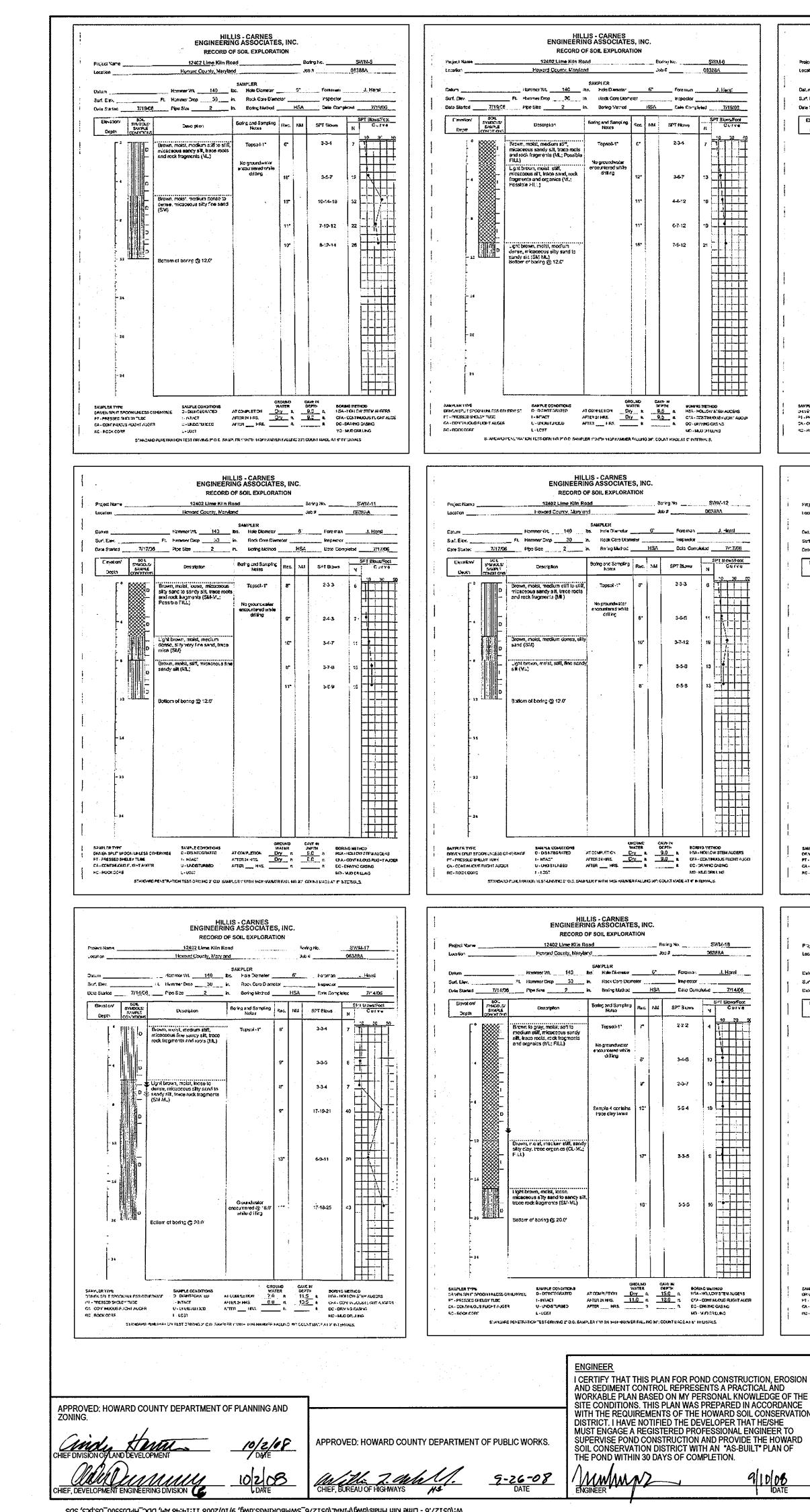
REVISIONS DESCRIPTION OF CHANGES DRN. REV. DATE CO. FILE# DES. BY: JCO TAX ACC. #: 05-342775 DRN. BY: SDS TAX MAP: 45 CHK. BY: JCO BLOCK / GRID: 6 DATE: 09.12.08 PARCEL#. 24 DDC JOB#: 05127.6 SHEET NUMBER: ZONE / USE: RR-DEO 8 of 18 DWG. SCALE: AS SHOWN

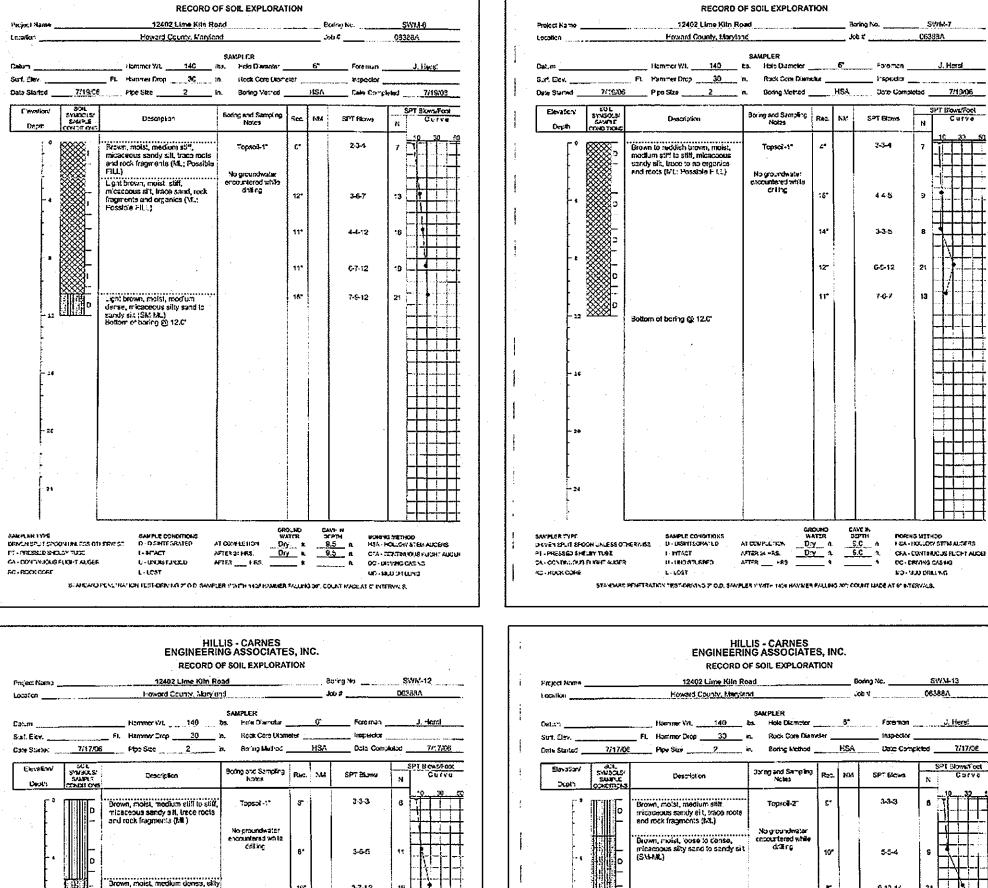
AS-BUILT

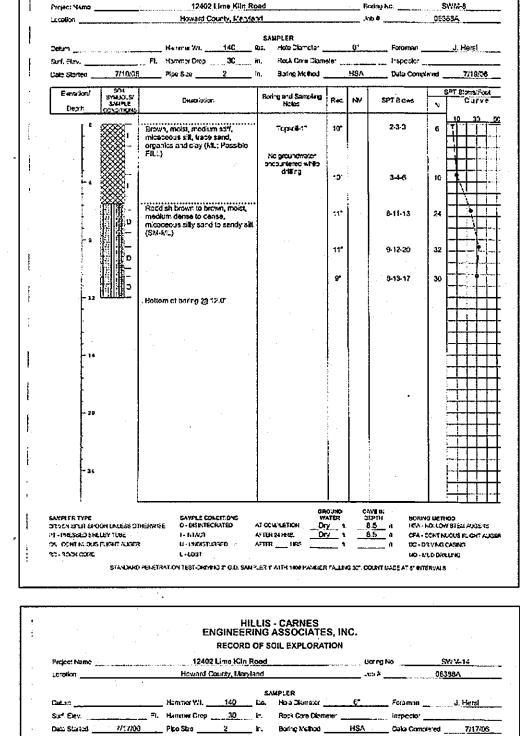
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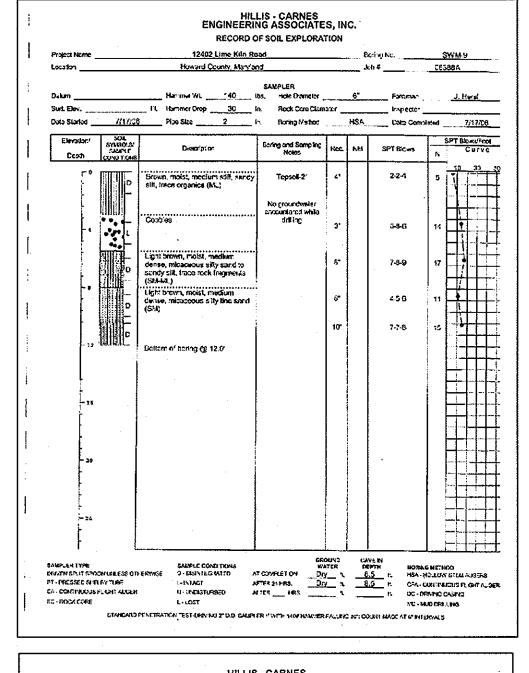


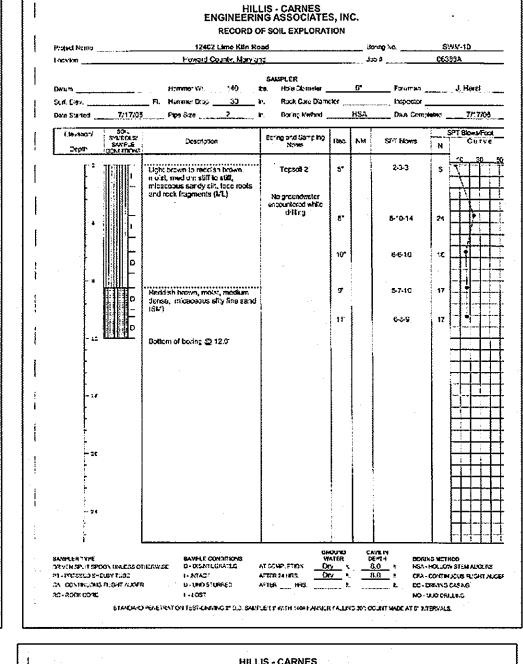


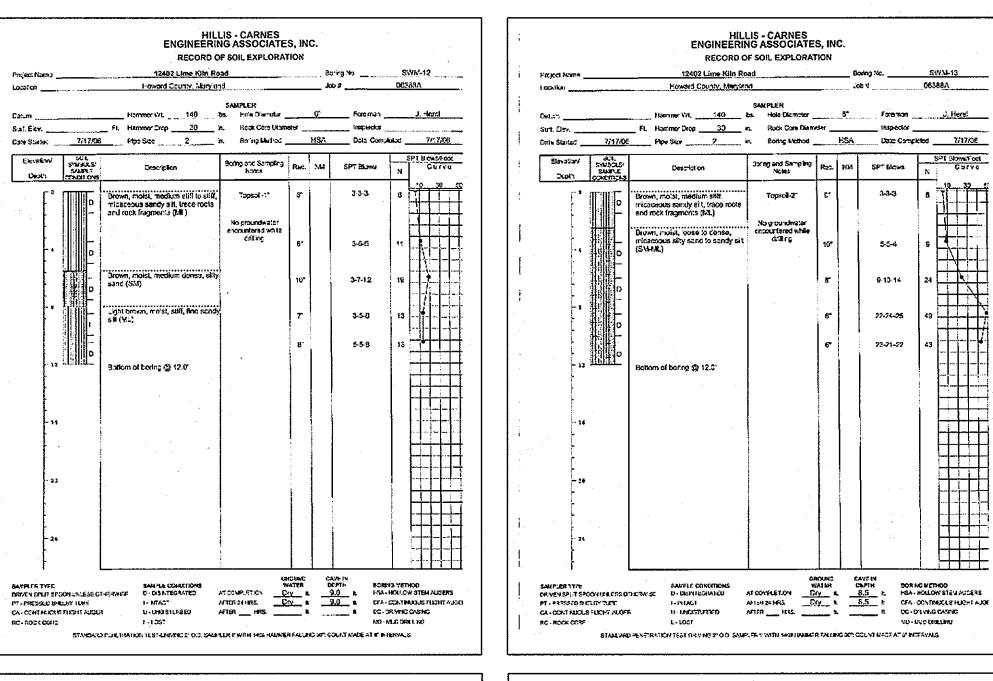
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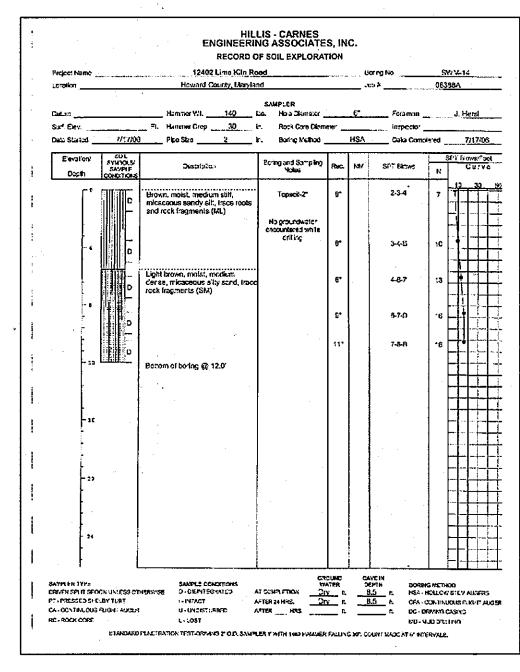
HILLIS - CARNES ENGINEERING ASSOCIATES, INC.

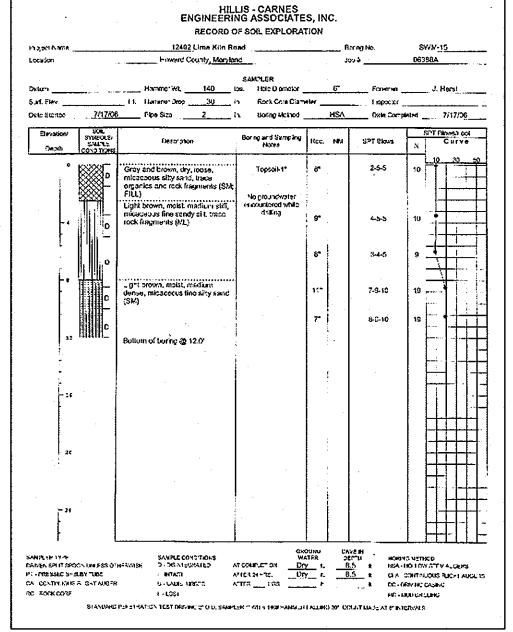
RECORD OF SOIL EXPLORATION



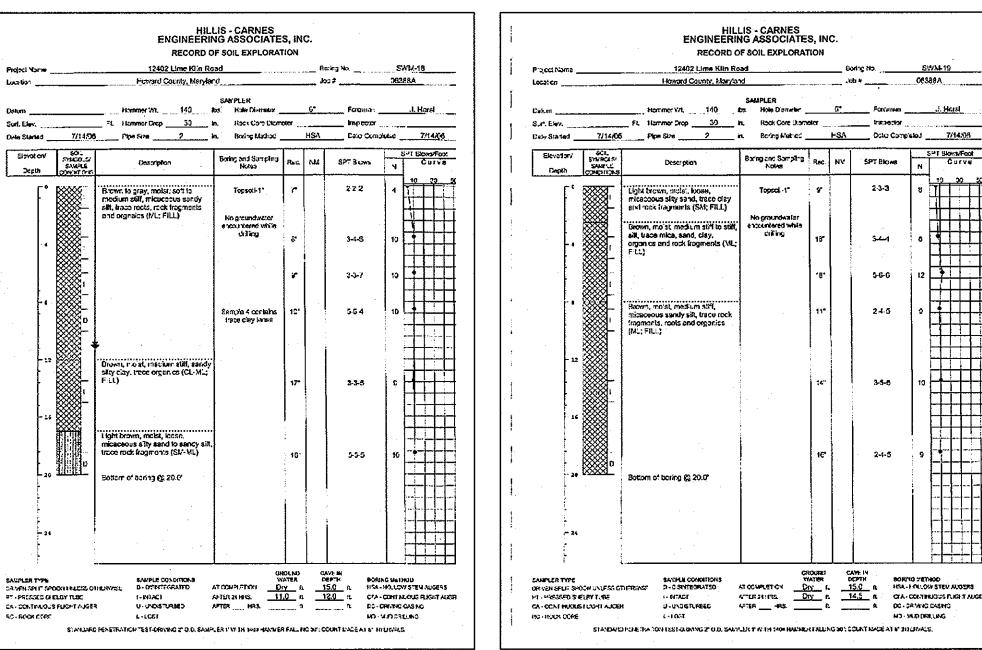








		ENGINEERIN	LIS - CARNES NG ASSOCIATE	•	C.			
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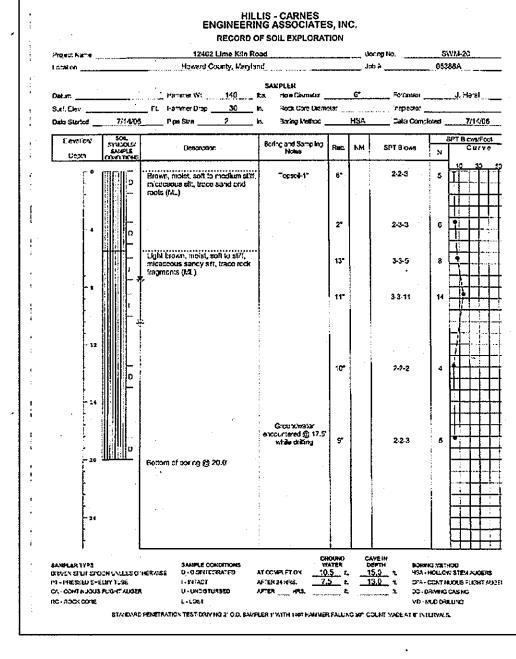
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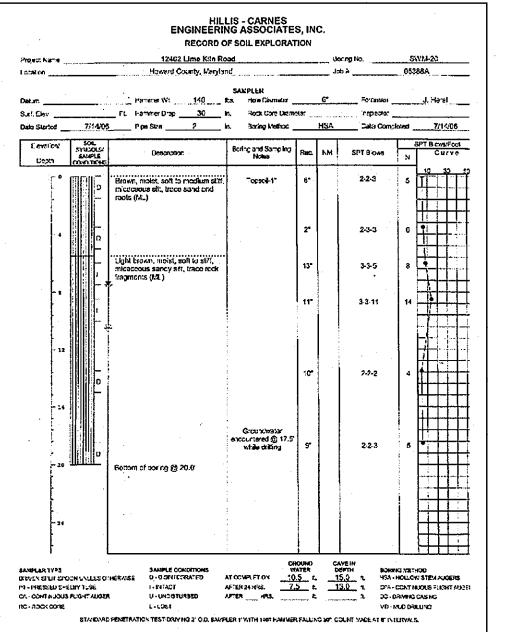
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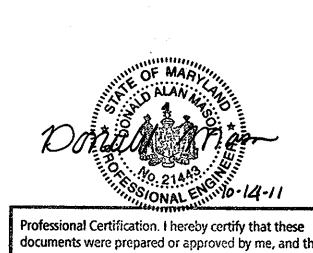
EROSION BEFORE BEGINNING THE PROJECT, I SHALL ENGAGE A REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER TO SUPERVISE POND

CONSTRUCTION AND PROVIDE THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION

DISTRICT WITH AN "AS-BUILT" PLAN OF THE POND WITHIN 30 DAYS OF COMPLETION, I ALSO AUTHORIZE PERIODIC ON-SITE INSPECTIONS BY THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT.







documents were prepared or approved by me, and that I am a duly licensed professional engineer under the laws of the State of Maryland. License No. 21443 Expiration Date: 12-21-12

No As-Built information is required on this sheet



DESIGN CONSULTANTS ENGINEERS, PLANNERS, SURVEYORS, LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTS 192 East Main Street Phone: (410) 386-0560 Westminster, MD 21157 Fax: (410) 386-0564

eMail: ddc@demariodesign.us

DEVELOPER:

SELFRIDGE BUILDERS

4781 TEN OAKS ROAD

C/O JIM SELFRIDGE

DAYTON, MD 21036

OWNER: HOLLY HOUSE DVLPMT. LLC C/O JIM SELFRIDGE

http://www.demariodesign.us

4781 TEN OAKS ROAD DAYTON, MD 21036

SITE ADDRESS: 12402 LIME KILN ROAD FULTON, MD 20759

FINAL ROAD PLAN HOLLY HOUSE MEADOWS, PH. A RESUBDIVISION OF HOLLY HOUSE MEADOWS BUILDABLE BULK PARCEL 'A'

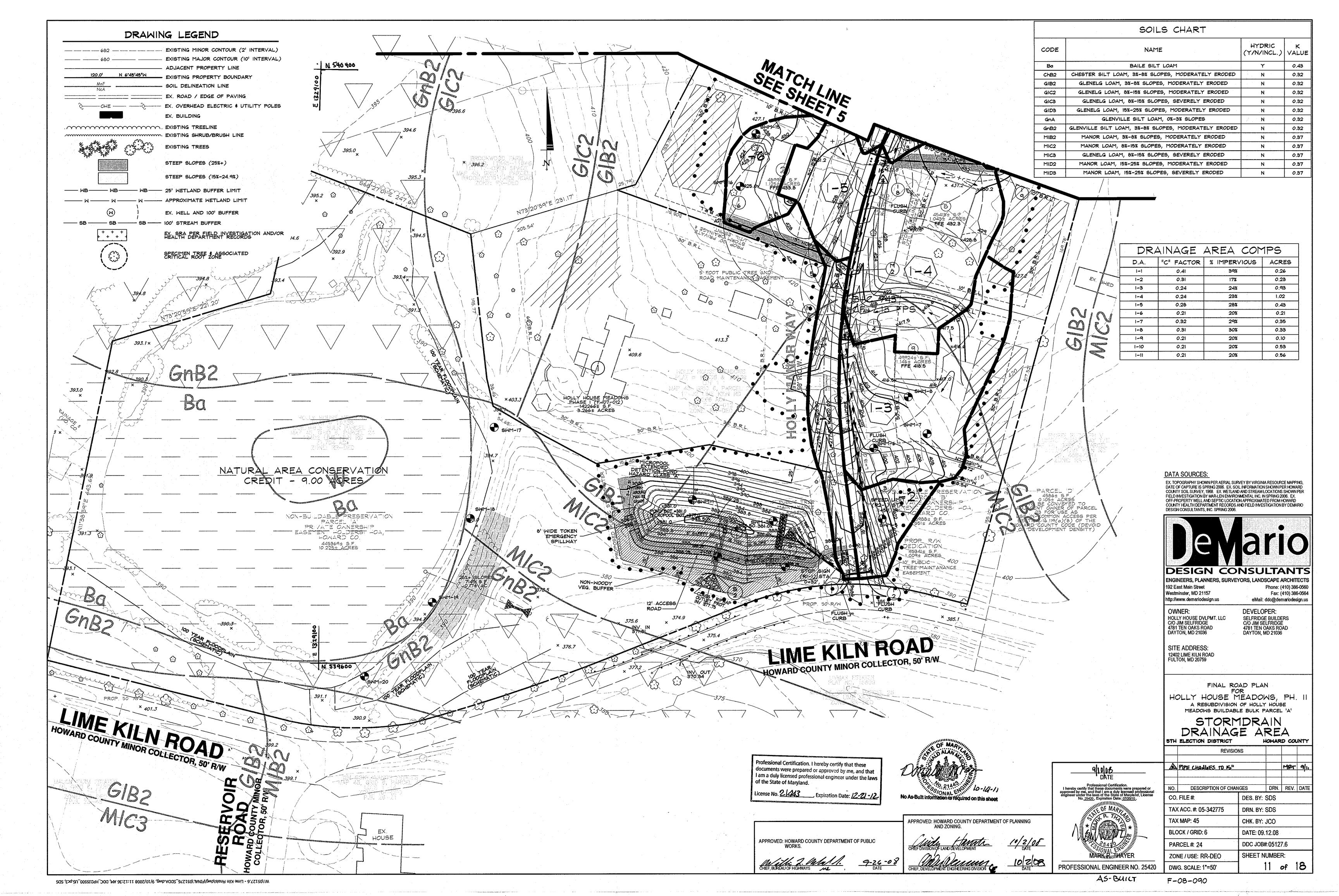
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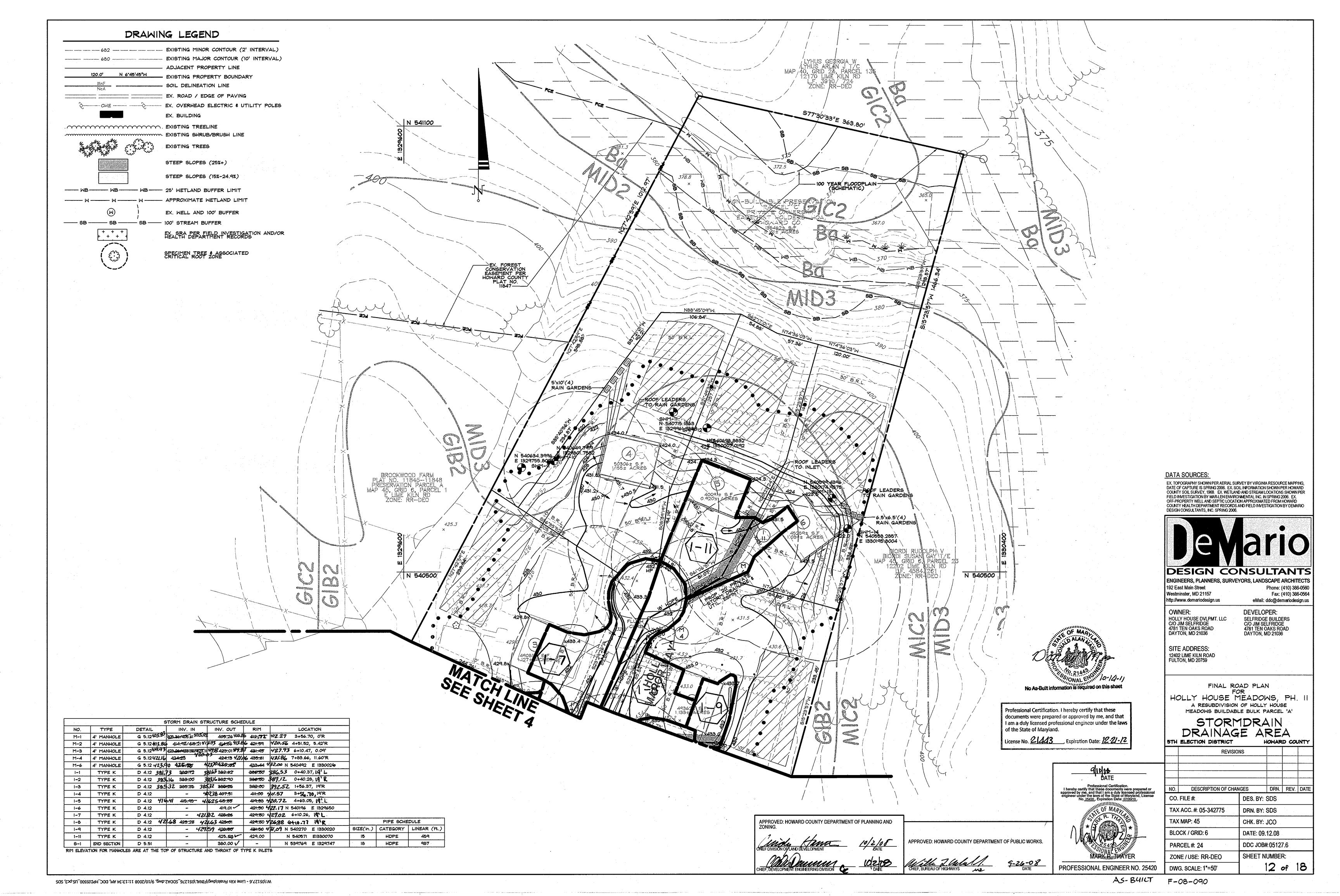
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Professional Certification.  I hereby certify that these documents were prepared or approved by me and that I am a duly licensed professional.	NO.	DESCRIPTION OF CHAN	GES	DRN.	REV.	DATE			
I hereby certify that these documents were prepared or approved by me, and that I am a duly licensed professional engineer under the laws of the State of Maryland, License No. 25420, Expiration Date: 07/20/10.	CO. FILE#		DES. BY: SDS						
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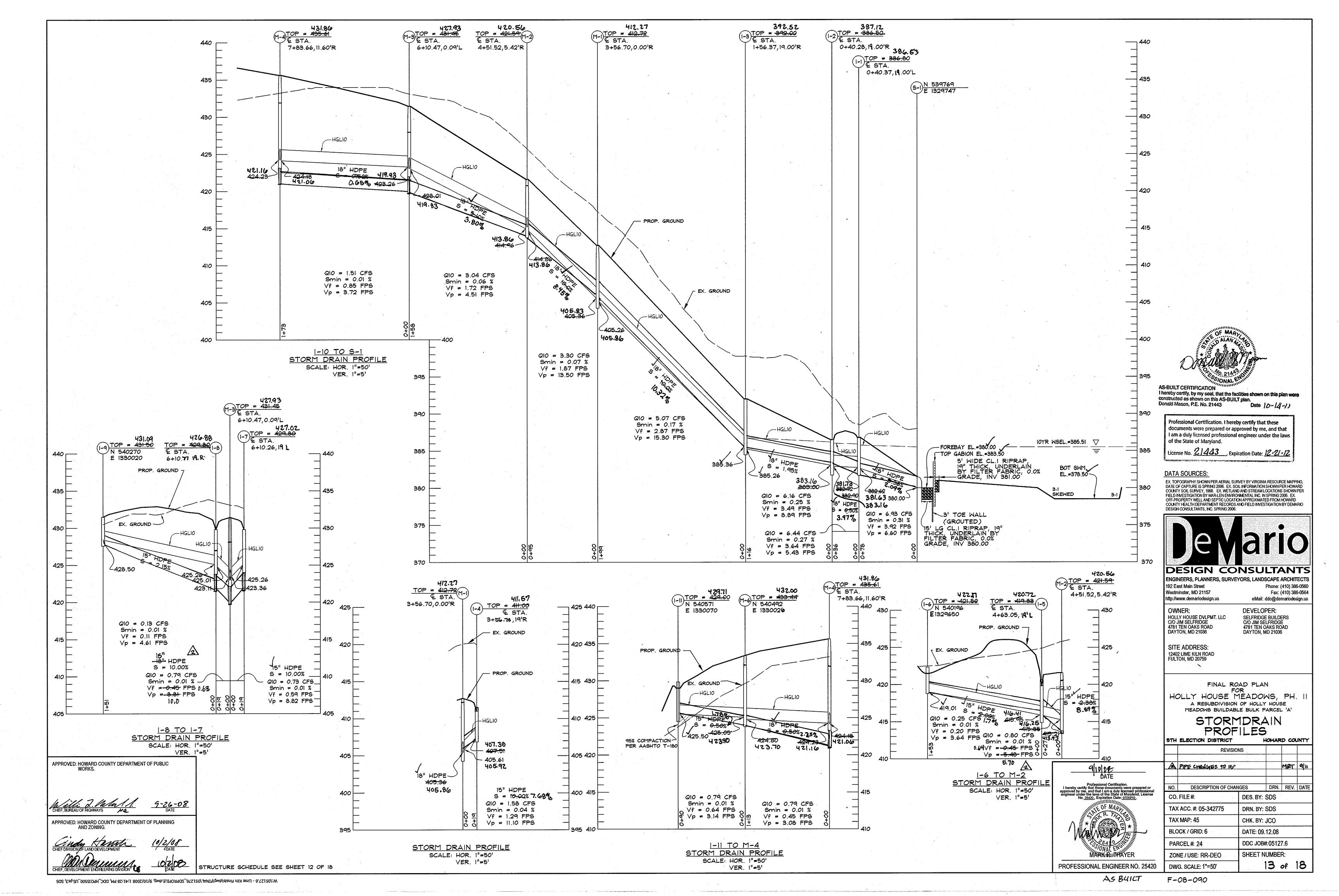
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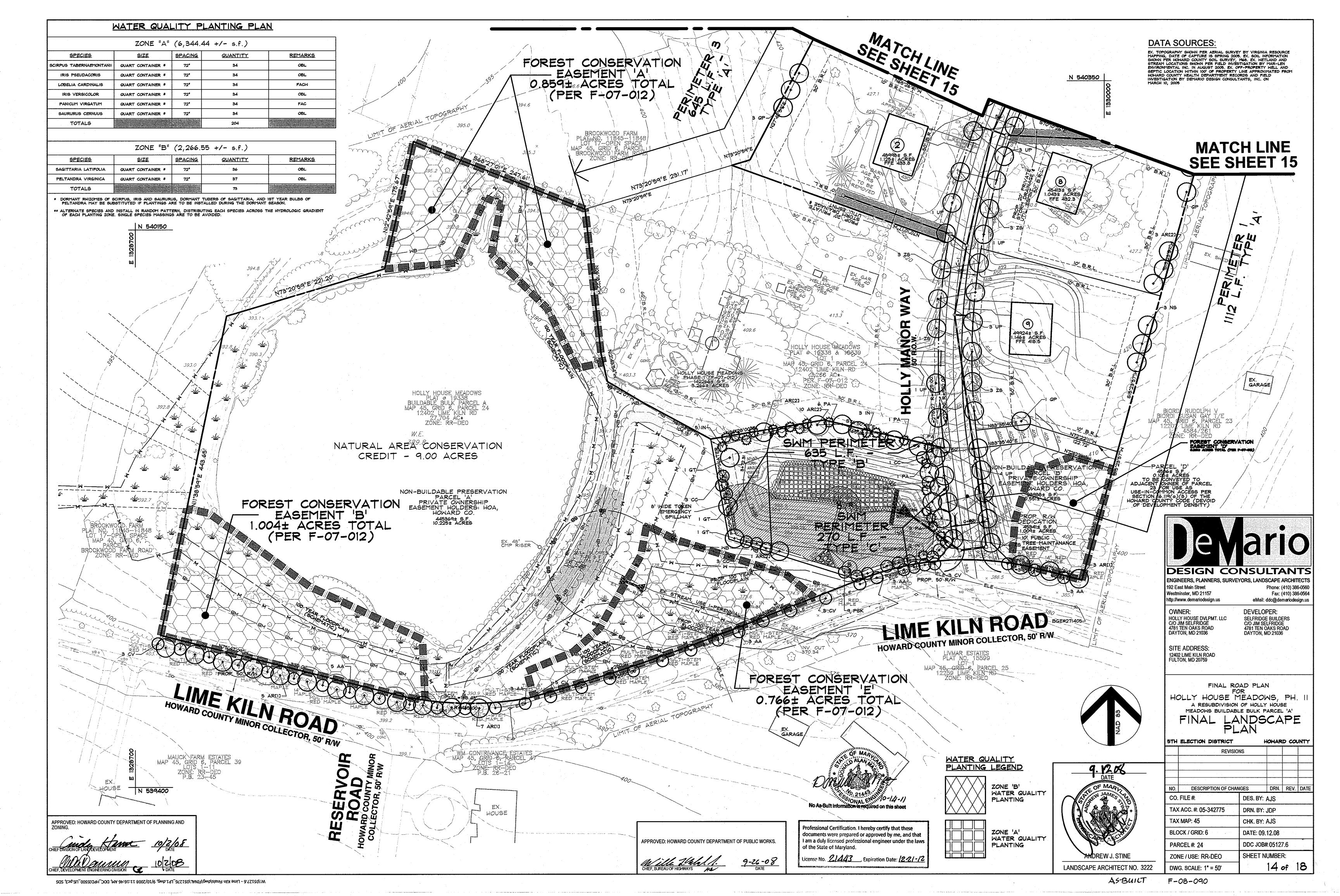
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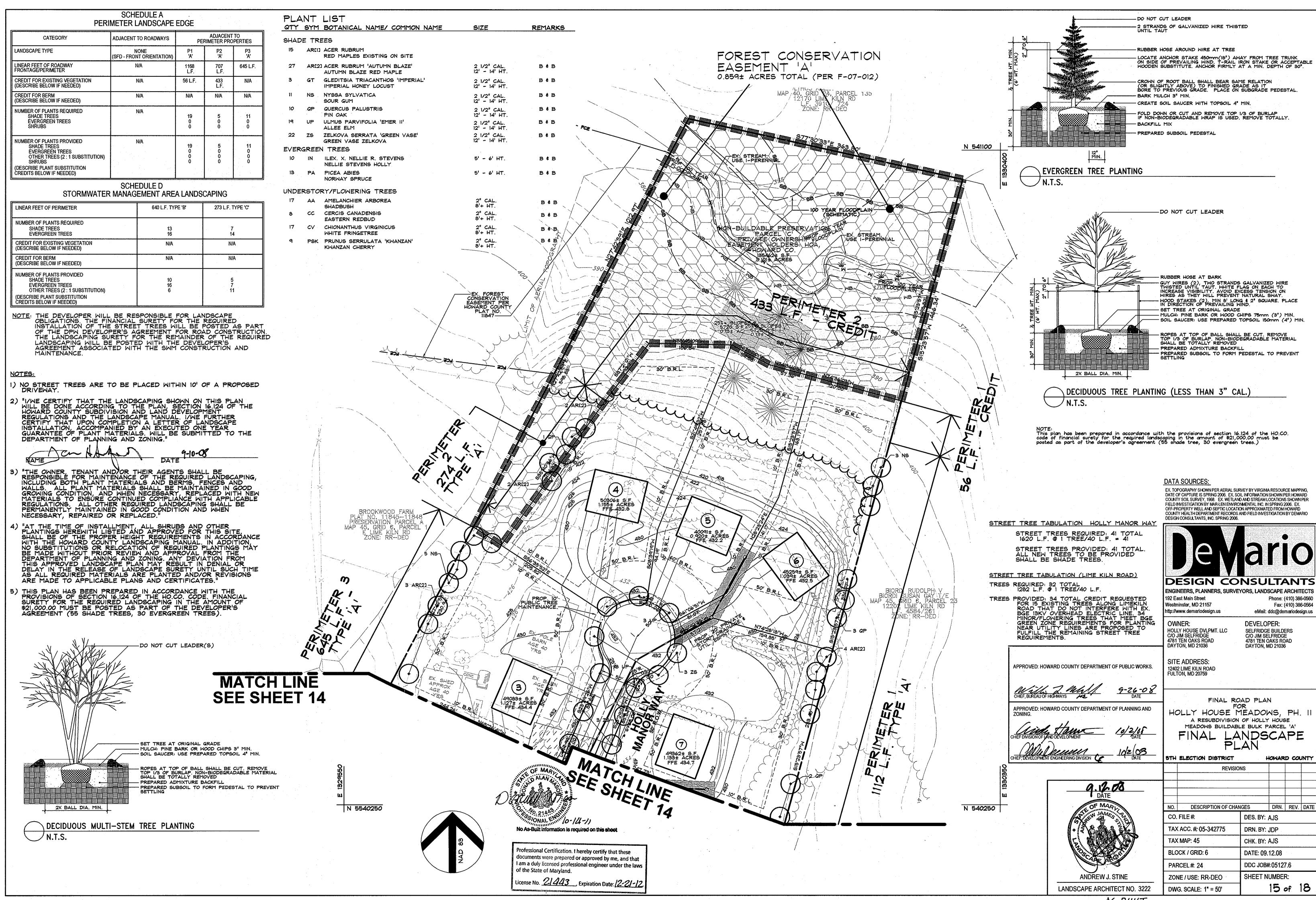
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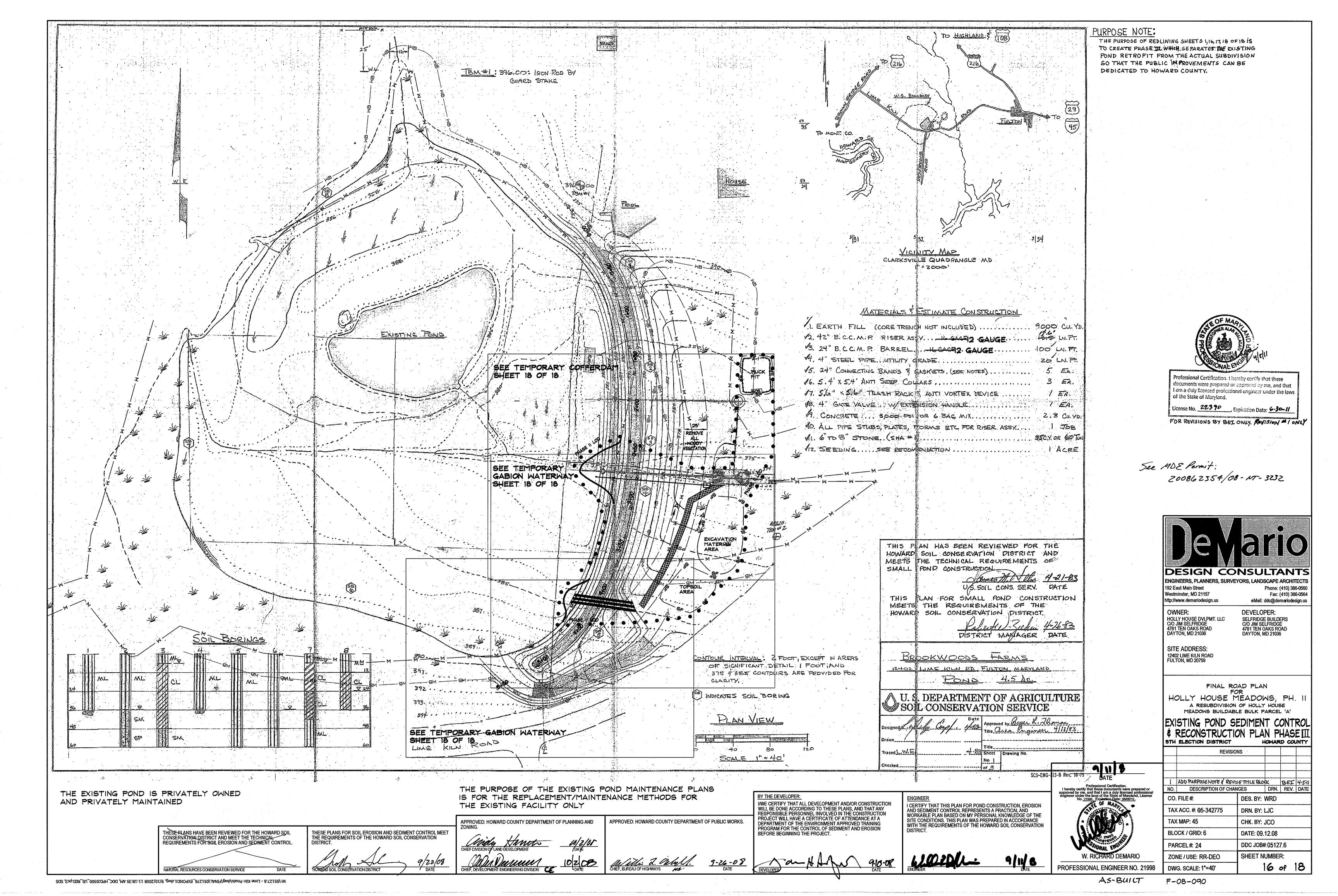


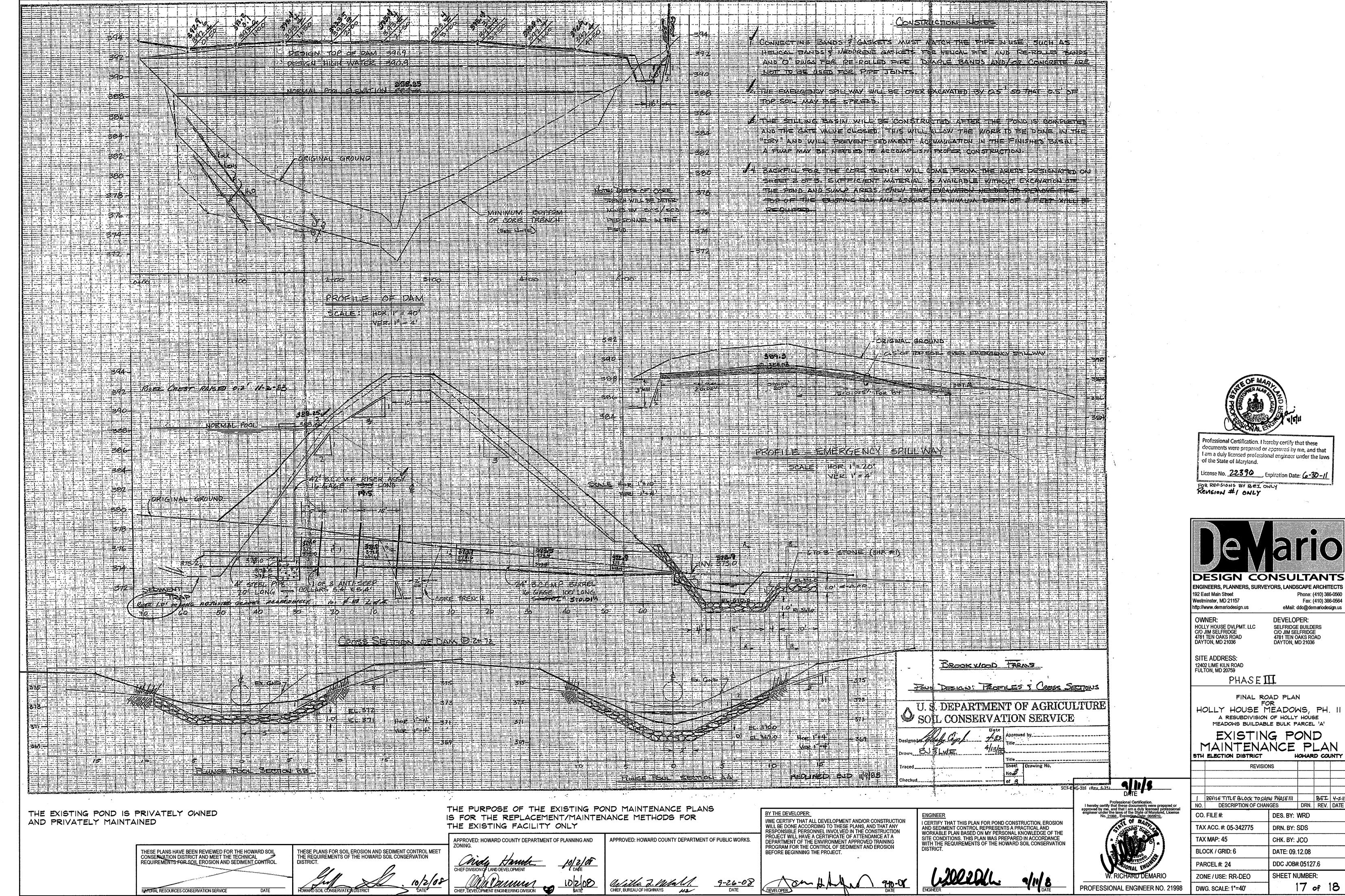




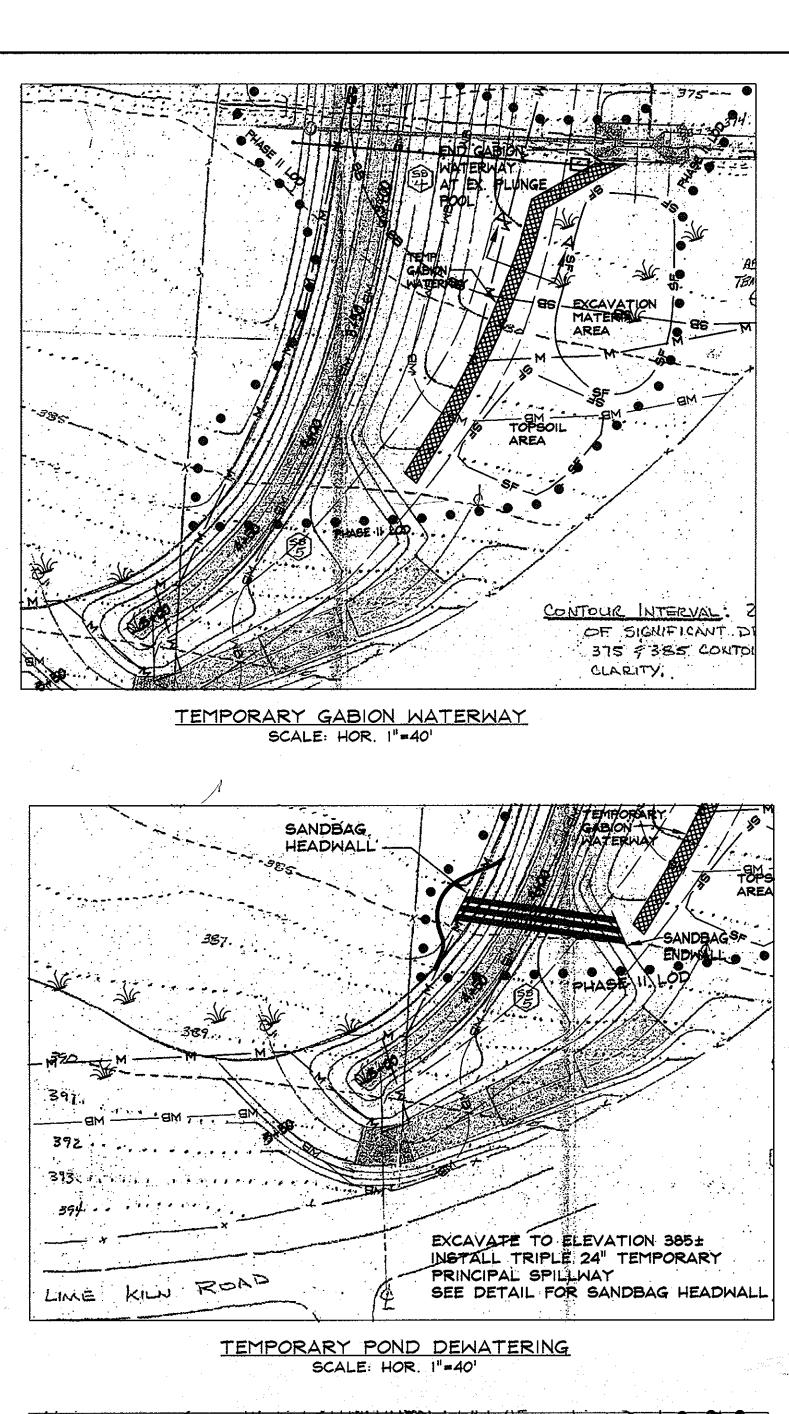


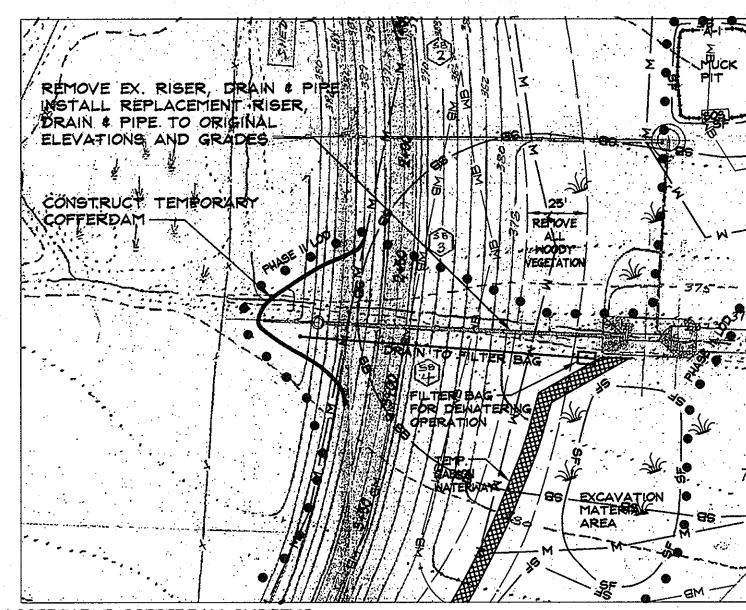






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ACCEPTABLE COFFERDAM SYSTEMS: FAS-DAM (LIMITED TO 12' OF WATER) 1-800-488-0030 PORTADAM (LIMITED TO 12' OF WATER) 1-800-346-4793 DAM-IT DAMS (LIMITED TO 16' OF WATER) 1-248-755-7383

> TEMPORARY COFFERDAM SCALE: HOR. 1"=40"

THE EXISTING POND IS PRIVATELY OWNED AND PRIVATELY MAINTAINED

THESE PLANS HAVE BEEN REVIEWED FOR THE HOWARD SOFT CONSERVATION DISTRICT AND MEET THE TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL.

THESE PLANS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION

APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND

TEMPORARY GABION WATERWAY

SECTION A-A

NOT TO SCALE

APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS.

BY THE DEVELOPER:

PROGRAM FOR THE CONTROL OF SEDIMENT AND EROSION BEFORE BEGINNING THE PROJECT.

THE EXISTING FACILITY ONLY

I/WE CERTIFY THAT ALL DEVELOPMENT AND/OR CONSTRUCTION WILL BE DONE ACCORDING TO THESE PLANS, AND THAT ANY

RESPONSIBLE PERSONNEL INVOLVED IN THE CONSTRUCTION

PROJECT WILL HAVE A CERTIFICATE OF ATTENDANCE AT A

DEPARTMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT APPROVED TRAINING

THE PURPOSE OF THE EXISTING POND MAINTENANCE PLANS

IS FOR THE REPLACEMENT/MAINTENANCE METHODS FOR

I CERTIFY THAT THIS PLAN FOR POND CONSTRUCTION, EROSION

WORKABLE PLAN BASED ON MY PERSONAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE

WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION

SITE CONDITIONS, THIS PLAN WAS PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE

AND SEDIMENT CONTROL REPRESENTS A PRACTICAL AND

### TEMPORARY ACCESS CULVERT

1. Restrictions - No Construction or removal of a temporary access culvert will be permitted between Batober 1 through April 30 for Class III and Class IV Trout Waters or between March 1 through June 15 for non-trout waterways.

Construction Specifications

2. Culvert Strength - All culverts shall be strong enough to support their cross sectional area under maximum expected

3. Culvert Size - The size of the culvert pipe shall be the largest pipe diameter that will fit into the existing channel without major excavation of the waterway channel or without major approach fills. If a channel width exceeds 3 feet, additional pipes may be used until the cross sectional area of the pipes is greater than 60 percent of the cross sectional area of the existing channel. The minimum size culvert that may be used is a 12' diameter pipe. In all cases, the pipe(s) shall be large enough to convey normal stream flows.

4. Culvert Length - The culvert(s) shall extend a minimum of one foot beyond the upstream and downstream toe to the aggregate placed around the culvert. In no case shall the culvert exceed 40 feet in length.

5. Filter Cloth - Filter cloth shall be placed on the streambed and streambanks prior to placement of the pipe culvert(s) and aggregate. The filter cloth shall cover the streambed and extend a minimum six inches and a maximum one foot beyond the end of the culvert and bedding material. Filter cloth reduces settlement and improves crossing

6. Culvert Placement - The invert elevation of the culvert shall be installed on the natural streambed grade to minimize Interference with fish migration (free passage of fish).

7. Culvert Protection - The culvert(s) shall be covered with a minimum of one foot of aggregate. If multiple culverts are used they shall be separated by at least 12' of compacted aggregate fill.

8. Stabilization - All areas disturbed during culvert installation shall be stabilized within 14 calendar days of the disturbance in accordance with the Standard for "Critical Area Stabilization With Permanent Seeding. \*

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT

#### Required Sequence of Construction - PHASE II

PRIVATE PORT \$ SIPHON RELEASE

2 1/2" RUBBER HOSE ---

SIPHON DETAIL

NOT TO SCALE

-TRIPLE 24" PIPE

\_SANDBAG

ELEV 387.7

-INVERT = 384.7

EX. GROUND

6' WIDE, 6" DEEP

WITH 3"XI.5" MESH

- STANDARD GABION MATTRESS

AT 0.5%

GABION WATERWAY

PROFILE OF TRIPLE 24" PIPE

SCALE: HOR. 1"=501

VER. 1"#5"

HEADWALL/ENDWALL

STARTING WATER SURFACE -

24" PIPE

SANDBAG HEADWALL/ENDWALL DETAIL NOT TO SCALE

SETTLED TOP OF DAM -

SANDBAG HEADWALL

INVERT = 385.00-

TEMPORARY POOL

ELEV. = 385.00

ELEV 388.0

- EX. GROUND (4/83)-

TARGET WATER SURFACE

FLOW RATE CONTROL

EXISTING RISER

DISCHARGE POINT BELOW TARGET WATER SURFACE

#### NOTE: Contractor Shall Report Each Day's Planned Activities To The Engineer-In-Charge. If No Activity is Planned, Contractor is Still Obligated To Call Engineer.

14. (Continued from Sheet 6) - Construct temporary principal spillway

a) Obtain MDE Permits as required.

b) Install siphon and begin lowering water surface elevation. Note: Siphon to

continue operation during construction of temporary culvert. c) Install temporary Gabion mattress waterway. Tie edges into existing ground. Tie outfall into existing plunge pool.

d) Install Cofferdam at Station 4+25+/-De-water Cofferdam by discharging into existing riser structure, if needed. Install sediment control devices for temporary pipe construction.

g) Once Cofferdam area is de-watered, remove topsoil along temporary pipe and temporary waterway alignment. Stockpile topsoil adjacent to temporary waterway, behind silt fence. Protect Topsoil from runoff and erosion. h) Excavate embankment for triple pipe. Place excavated material so that runoff

drains into the open trench and not into Gabion mattress. Lay pipe at positive slope towards Gabion mattress. Install water tight joints. Prior to backfilling, contractor shall allow engineer to inspect the joints. Pipe bedding shall be compacted embankment material, free of rock and organic material. No stone base shall be permitted. See Access Culvert Detail.

i) Construct Sandbag Head wall and end walls. Headwall and End wall shall be a minimum of 36 inches deep and shall be packed tightly around the temporary

j) Cover temporary pipe with remaining embankment material. Compact embankment k) Remove Cofferdam - See Draw Down Methodology.

1) Complete removal of cofferdam and stabilize disturbed areas with temporary m) Provide daily inspection of the temporary principal spillway for duration of project.
This includes weekends and holidays. Report any changes to the Engineer-In-Charge

n) With approval of the engineer proceed to the next step in the sequence of

a) Install cofferdam at Station 2+75 +/b) De-water Cofferdam by discharging into existing riser structure.

c) Construct Muck Pit. d) Remove topsoil and store in Top Soil stockpile area. e) Remove Embankment Material and Store in stockpile area. Contractor shall be

careful not to mix embankment material with pond muck. f) Remove pond muck to de-watering pit.

g) Remove the existing riser, pond drain, principal spillway and pipe end section. Dispose of all removed spillway material at approved disposal site. h) Prepare excavation for new principal spillway and riser. Remove any remaining muck to muck pit. Shape Trench for Principal Spillway Pipe. Over excavate For Anti-Seep Collars. Prior to backfilling with Flowable Fill, contractor shall allow engineer to inspect the pipe joints. Pour Riser Base and drain supports.

i) Place Flowable fill up to spring line of pipe.

j) After Flowable fill has set, begin backfill of embankment. Contractor shall compact with care around the anti-seep collars and over the pipe until sufficient depth is achieved to use heavier compaction equipment. Contractor Shall notch Existing embankment for each lift to insure that the embankment is properly compacted.

k) Compaction testing shall occur on each lift. 1) Apply 4 to 6 inches of topsoil. Fine Grade Area of Excavation to Match Existing Upstream and Down Stream Slopes. Apply permanent Stabilization. m) Once Engineer has approved New Riser, drain and pipe, remove cofferdam.

MULTIPLE PIPES

DETAIL 36 - TEMPORARY ACCESS CULVERT

COMPACTED

COMPACTED

FILTER CLOTH

HIGH FLOW

COMPACTED

MULTIPLE PIPES

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE

a) Re-establish cofferdam at station 4+25+/-. Set Cofferdam elevation at one foot above new riser weir elevation.

b) Remove temporary triple pipes. Remove any material that has become muck or mixed with unsuitable material. Dispose of Muck in Muck Pit. c) Restore embankment in controlled lifts using acceptable embankment material.

embankment is properly compacted. d) Compaction testing shall occur on each lift. e) Apply 4 to 6 inches of topsoil. Fine Grade Area of Excavation to Match Existing

Upstream and Down Stream Slopes. Apply permanent Stabilization. f) Remove Cofferdam g) Remove temporary waterway, Fine Grade Stockpile areas and close muck pit. Remove all woody vegetation within 25 feet of the toe of the embankment. Apply

a) Contractor to monitor grown -in of permanent stabilization. Should the newly seeded areas require watering, contractor is permitted to withdraw water from

b) Contractor and Engineer shall jointly inspect the work once a month for the first six months or until all punch list items are resolved.

18. Return to Phase I, Sheet 6

SEE SHEET 6 OF 18 FOR PHASE I SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION

MINIMUM 12'

COMPACTED

MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT

WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION

Draw Down Methodology Remove Cofferdam, allowing pond water surface to be lowered by three feet. Be prepared to reduce the rate of draw down as may be directed by the engineer. In no case shall the rate of draw down exceed 1 inch per hour. Contractor is to maintain continuous on-site observation during the draw down period. Contractor shall

halt draw down under the following conditions and notify the engineer: a. Visible slumping of the embankment on either the upstream or the down stream sides b. Flooding of Lime Kiln Road or any other downstream structures or

c. Direction from any County Agency such as Police, Fire, County Inspector or

d. Movement of the Temporary Pipes, including any settlement of the soil above the pipes.

WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION

Professional Certification. I hereby certify that these cuments were prepared or approved by me, and that I am a duly licensed professional engineer under the laws

of the State of Manyland. License No. 22390 Expiration Date: 6-30-1

FOR REVISION BY BEI ONLY REVISION #1 GNLY

# DESIGN CONSULTANTS

ENGINEERS, PLANNERS, SURVEYORS, LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTS 192 East Main Street Phone: (410) 386-0560 Westminster, MD 21157 Fax: (410) 386-0564 http://www.demariodesign.us eMail: ddc@demariodesign.us

OWNER: **DEVELOPER:** HOLLY HOUSE DVLPMT. LLC SELFRIDGE BUILDERS C/O JIM SELFRIDGE C/O JIM SELFRIDGE 4781 TEN OAKS ROAD 4781 TEN OAKS ROAD DAYTON, MD 21036 DAYTON, MD 21036

SITE ADDRESS: 12402 LIME KILN ROAD **FULTON, MD 20759** 

PHASEI

FINAL ROAD PLAN

HOLLY HOUSE MEADOWS, PH. II A RESUBDIVISION OF HOLLY HOUSE MEADOWS BUILDABLE BULK PARCEL 'A'

EXISTING POND MAINTENANCE PLAN 5TH ELECTION DISTRICT

HOWARD COUNTY

Professional Certification.
I hereby certify that these documents were prepar approved by me, and that I am a duly licensed profe engineer under the taws of the State of Maryland, I. No. 21998. Explication Literature 200410.

REVISIONS REVISETITLE BLOCK TO SHOW PHASE III BET 45.11 DESCRIPTION OF CHANGES DRN. REV. DATE CO. FILE# DES. BY: WRD TAX ACC. #. 05-342775 DRN. BY: LJC TAX MAP: 45 CHK. BY: JCO BLOCK / GRID: 6 DATE: 09.12.08 DDC JOB#.05127.6 PARCEL# 24 SHEET NUMBER: ZONE / USE: RR-DEO 18 of 18 DWG. SCALE: 1"=40"

AS-BUICT F-08-090

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