GENERAL NOTES

- 1.) THE PROJECT IS IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE LATEST HOWARD COUNTY STANDARDS UNLESS WAIVERS HAVE BEEN APPROVED.
- 3.) THE COORDINATES SHOWN HEREON ARE BASED UPON THE HOWARD COUNTY GEODETIC CONTROL WHICH IS BASED UPON THE MARYLAND STATE PLANE COORDINATE SYSTEM. HOWARD COUNTY MONUMENT NOS. 34E5 AND 34EA WERE USED FOR THIS PROJECT.
- 4.) WATER IS PRIVATE. 5.) SEWER IS PRIVATE.
- 6.) STORMWATER MANAGEMENT SHALL BE PROVIDED BY 2 EXTENDED DETENTION FACILITIES WITH MICROPOOL AND BY NATURAL AREA CONSERVATION AND GRASS SWALE CREDITS. THE FACILITIES SHALL BE PRIVATELY OWNED BY THE H.O.A. AND JOINTLY MAINTAINED BY THE H.O.A. AND HOWARD COUNTY.
- 7.) EXISTING UTILITIES ARE BASED UPON FIELD SURVEY LOCATIONS.
- 8.) THE FLOODPLAIN STUDY FOR THIS PROJECT WAS PREPARED BY BENCHMARK ENGINEERING, INC., DATED NOVEMBER, 2004 AND WAS SUBMITTED UNDER P-05-013.
- 9.) THE WETLANDS DELINEATION FOR THIS PROJECT WAS PREPARED BY ECO-SCIENCE PROFESSIONAL, INC. IN NOVEMBER, 2001.
- 10.) THE TRAFFIC STUDY FOR THIS PROJECT WAS PREPARED BY MARS GROUP, INC. IN NOVEMBER, 2001 AND REVISED IN JANUARY, 2002 AND WAS SUBMITTED WITH P-05-013.
- 11.) A NOISE STUDY IS NOT REQUIRED FOR THIS PROJECT.
- 12.) THE GEOTECHNICAL REPORT FOR THIS PROJECT WAS PREPARED BY GEO-TECHNOLOGY ASSOCIATES, INC. (GTA) IN DECEMBER, 2004. IT WAS SUBMITTED WITH P-05-013.
- 13.) THE SUBJECT PROPERTY IS ZONED RR-DEO PER THE 2-2-04 COMPREHENSIVE ZONING PLAN AND THE COMP LITE ZONING REGULATION AMENDMENTS EFFECTIVE 7/28/2006.

 14.) TO THE BEST OF OUR KNOWLEDGE, THERE ARE NO BURIAL GROUNDS, CEMETERIES OR HISTORICAL STRUCTURES LOCATED ON THIS SITE.

17.) BOUNDARY IS BASED ON A FIELD RUN MONUMENTED BOUNDARY SURVEY PERFORMED

- 16.) THERE ARE NO STEEP SLOPES (SLOPES 25% OR GREATER OVER 10 VERTICAL FEET) ON THIS SITE.
- DURING NOVEMBER, 2002 BY BENCHMARK ENGINEERING, INC.
- 18.) FOREST STAND DELINEATION WAS PREPARED BY ECO-SCIENCE PROFESSIONALS, INC. IN NOVEMBER, 2001.
- 19.) THIS PROJECT IS NOT LOCATED WITHIN THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT. 20.) THIS PROJECT IS SUBJECT TO COMPLIANCE WITH THE FOURTH EDITION OF THE SUBDIVISION
- REGULATIONS AS A CONSEQUENCE FOR ITS SUBMISSION PRIOR TO 1-15-01.

 THIS PROJECT IS SUBJECT TO COMPLIANCE WITH COUNTY COUNCIL BILL 50-2001 WHICH AMENDS PORTIONS OF THE ZONING REGULATIONS AS A CONSEQUENCE FOR NOT HAVING PRELIMINARY PLAN APPROVAL PRIOR TO 11-1-2001. DEVELOPMENT OR CONSTRUCTION ON THESE LOTS OR PARCELS MUST COMPLY WITH SETBACK AND BUFFER REGULATIONS IN EFFECT AT THE TIME OF THE SUBMISSION OF A BUILDING OR GRADING PERMIT APPLICATION.
- THIS AREA DESIGNATES A PRIVATE SEWERAGE EASEMENT OF 10,000 SQUARE FEET AS REQUIRED BY THE STATE DEPARTMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT FOR INDIVIDUAL SEWERAGE DISPOSAL. IMPROVEMENTS OF ANY NATURE IN THIS AREA IS RESTRICTED UNTIL PUBLIC SEWER IS AVAILABLE. THIS EASEMENT SHALL BECOME NULL AND VOID UPON CONNECTION TO A PUBLIC SEWERAGE SYSTEM. THE COUNTY HEALTH OFFICER SHALL HAVE THE AUTHORITY TO GRANT ADJUSTMENTS TO THE PRIVATE SEWERAGE EASEMENT. RECORDATION OF A MODIFIED SEWERAGE EASEMENT PLAT SHALL NOT BE NECESSARY.
- 22.) THE PURPOSE OF THE PRESERVATION PARCELS AND THE JUSTIFICATION FOR THE DESIGN OF THE CLUSTER SUBDIVISION IS AS FOLLOWS:
 - PRESERVATION PARCEL 'A' IS PROPOSED AS A BUILDABLE PARCEL. ONE (1) HOUSING ALLOCATION ALLOWING ONE (1) BUILDABLE UNIT SHALL BE UTILIZED. THIS PARCEL SHALL INCLUDE BUT NOT BE LIMITED TO STORM DRAIN AND UTILITY EASEMENTS. IT WILL BE PRIVATELY OWNED. IT IS ENCUMBERED BY AN EASEMENT AGREEMENT WITH HOWARD COUNTY AND THE HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION. THIS AGREEMENT PROHIBITS FURTHER SUBDIVISION OF THE PARCEL, OUTLINES THE MAINTENANCE RESPONSIBILITIES OF ITS OWNER AND ENUMERATES THE USES PERMITTED ON THE PROPERTY.
 - PRESERVATION PARCELS 'B' AND 'C' ARE PROPOSED AS NON-BUILDABLE PARCELS TO PRESERVE EXISTING FOREST AND PROVIDE OPEN AREAS OF GREENERY. THEY WILL BE PRIVATELY OWNED. THEY ARE ENCLIMBERED BY AN EASEMENT AGREEMENT WITH HOWARD COUNTY AND THE HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION. THIS AGREEMENT PROHIBITS FURTHER SUBDIVISION OF THE PARCEL, OUTLINES THE MAINTENANCE RESPONSIBILITIES OF ITS OWNER AND ENUMERATES THE USES
 - PRESERVATION PARCEL 'D' IS PROPOSED AS A NON-BUILDABLE PARCEL FOR THE PRESERVATION OF THE RURAL CHARACTER OF TEN OAKS ROAD AND ADJACENT PROPERTIES BY PROVIDING AFFORESTATION AND LANDSCAPING ALONG THE PROPERTY FRONTAGE AND BY THE PRESERVATION OF ENVIRONMENTALLY SENSITIVE AREAS SUCH AS STREAMS, WETLANDS AND 100-YEAR FLOODPLAIN, IT WILL BE DEDICATED HE HOWARD COUNTY. IT IS SNOUMBERED BY AN EASEMENT AGREEMENT WITH THE HOMEOWNER ASSOCIATION. THIS AGREEMENT PROHIBITS FURTHER SUBDIVISION OF THE PARCEL, OUTLINES THE MAINTENANCE RESPONSIBILITIES OF ITS OWNER AND ENUMERATES THE USES PERMITTED ON THE
 - PRESERVATION PARCELS 'E' AND 'F' ARE PROPOSED AS NON-BUILDABLE FARCELS FOR STORMWATER MANAGEMENT FACILITIES AS A REQUIREMENT TO CONTROL STORMWATER RUNOFF, THEY WILL BE OWNED BY THE HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION. THEY ARE ENCUMBERED BY AN EASEMENT AGREEMENT WITH HOWARD RESPONSIBILITIES OF ITS OWNER AND ENUMERATES THE USES PERMITTED ON THE PROPERTY.

LEGEND

35. AN ADDITIONAL 15.69 ACRES OF PLANTING ABOVE THE

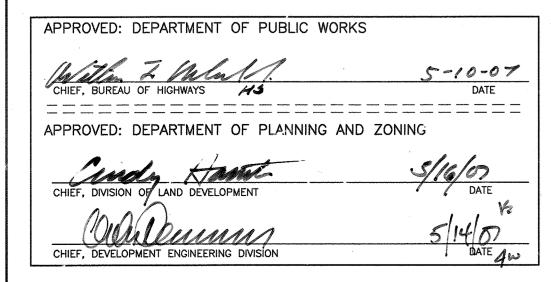
PART OF THE DPW DEVELOPERS AGREEMENT.

REQUIREMENT SHALL BE USED FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT

OF A PRIVATE MITIGATION BANK. FOREST CONSERVATION

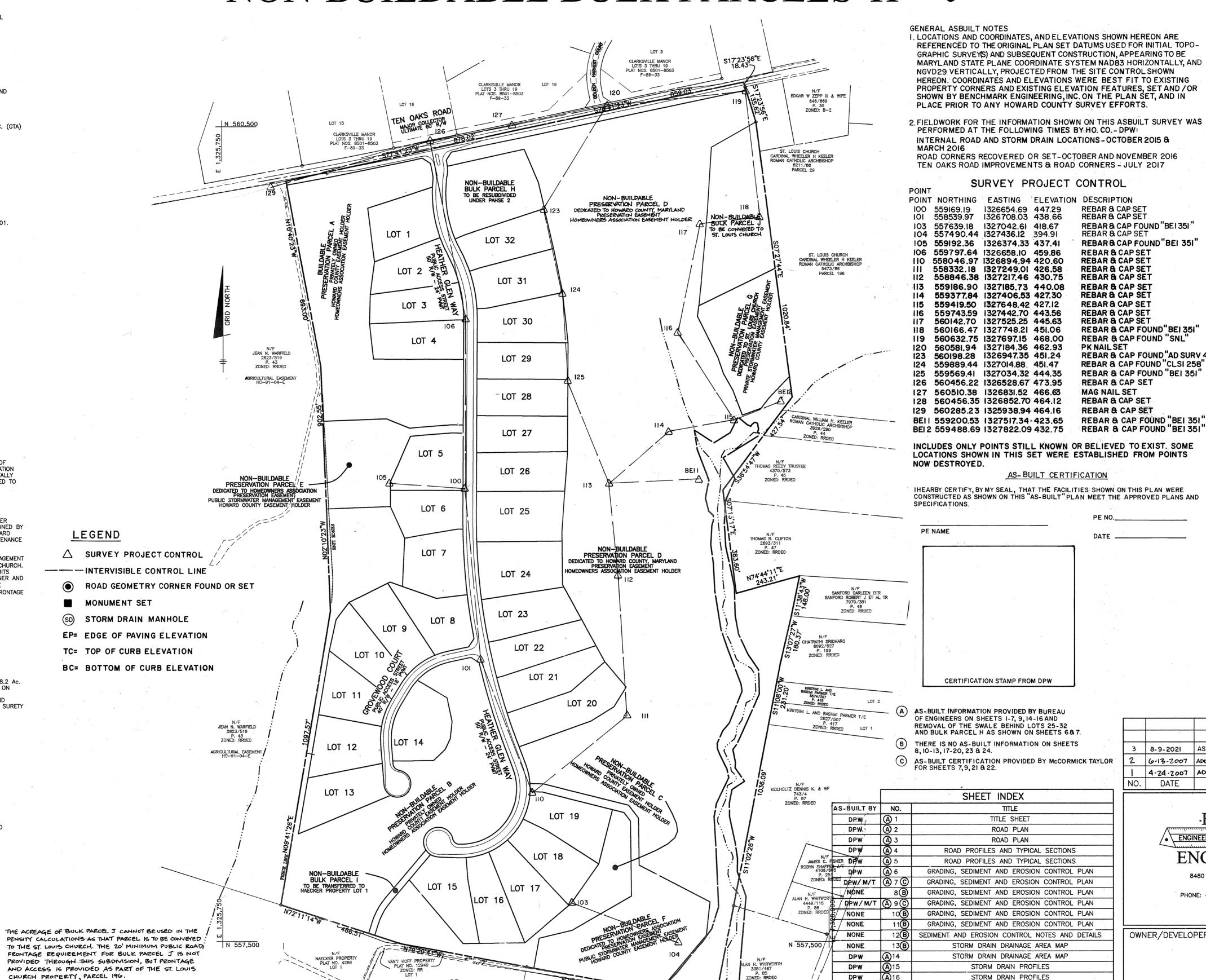
SURETY IN THE AMOUNT OF \$341,728.20 WAS PAID AS

- PRESERVATION PARCEL 'G' IS PROPOSED AS A NON-BUILDABLE PARCEL FOR A STORMWATER MANAGEMENT FACILITY FOR THE ST. LOUIS CHURCH (SDP-03-064). IT WILL BE DEDICATED TO THE ST. LOUIS CHURCH. IT IS ENCUMBERED BY AN EASEMENT AGREEMENT WITH HOWARD COUNTY. THIS AGREEMENT PROHIBITS FURTHER SUBDIVISION OF THE PARCEL, OUTLINES THE MAINTENANCE RESPONSIBILITIES OF ITS OWNER AND ENUMERATES THE USES PERMITTED ON THE PROPERTY. THE 20' MINIMUM PUBLIC ROAD FRONTAGE REQUIREMENT FOR PARCEL 'G' IS NOT PROVIDED THROUGH THIS SUBDIVISION BUT IS PROVIDED FRONTAGE AND ACCESS AS PART OF THE ST. LOUIS CHURCH PROPERTY, PARCEL 196 AND SDP-03-64.
- 23.) LANDSCAPING FOR THIS SUBDIVISION IS PROVIDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH A CERTIFIED LANDSCAPE HOWARD COUNTY CODE AND THE LANDSCAPE MANUAL WITH A DPW, DEVELOPER'S AGREEMENT WITH SURETY IN THE AMOUNT OF \$50,400.00.
- 24.) THE FOREST CONSERVATION EASEMENTS HAVE BEEN ESTABLISHED TO FULFILL THE REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 16.1200 OF THE HOWARD COUNTY CODE AND FOREST CONSERVATION ACT. NO CLEARING, GRADING, OR CONSTRUCTION IS PERMITTED WITHIN THE FOREST CONSERVATION EASEMENT; HOWEVER, FOREST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES AS DEFINED IN THE DEED OF FOREST CONSERVATION
- 25.) THE TOTAL FOREST CONSERVATION OBLIGATION AMOUNT OF 15.7 ACRES (7.5 Ac. AFFORESTATION AND 8.2 Ac. REFORESTATION) SHALL BE MET BY THE ON-SITE RETENTION OF 2.3 Ac. ON PARCEL 'B' AND 4.7 Ac. ON PARCEL 'D' AT A 2:1 RATIO AS PARCELS 'B' AND 'D' ARE CONSIDERED AS "OFF-SITE" SINCE THOSE ON-SITE AFFORESTATION/REFORESTATION OF 12.2 AC. ON PARCEL 'D'. FOREST CONSERVATION SURETY IN THE AMOUNT OF \$326,700.00 WAS PAID AS PART OF THE DPW, DEVELOPER'S AGREEMENT.
- 26.) ALL DRIVEWAY CULVERTS ARE TO BE 15" RCP OR HDPE
- 27.) DRIVEWAYS SHALL BE PROVIDED PRIOR TO ISSUANCE OF A USE AND OCCUPANCY PERMIT FOR ANY NEW DWELLINGS FOR FIRE AND EMERGENCY VEHICLES PER THE FOLLOWING
- A) WIDTH 12' (14' SERVING MORE THAN ONE RESIDENCE).
 B) SURFACE 6" OF COMPACT CRUSHER RUN BASE WITH TAR AND CHIP COATING.
 C) GEOMETRY MAX. 15% GRADE, MAX. 10% GRADE CHANGE & MIN. 45' TURNING RADIUS.
 D) STRUCTURES(CULVERTS/BRIDGES) CAPABLE OF SUPPORTING 25 GROSS TONS (H25 LOAD) DRAINAGE ELEMENTS - CAPABLE OF SAFELY PASSING 100 YEAR FLOODPLAIN WITH NO
- F) STRUCTURE CLEARANCES MINIMUM 12 FEET.
 G) MAINTENANCE SUFFICIENT TO INSURE ALL WEATHER USE. 28.) THERE ARE NO EXISTING STRUCTURES LOCATED ON THIS SITE.
- 29.) THE LOTS SHOWN HEREON COMPLY WITH THE MINIMUM OWNERSHIP WIDTH AND LOT AREA AS REQUIRED BY THE MARYLAND STATE DEPARTMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT.
- 30.) GROUNDWATER APPROPRIATION PERMIT SHALL BE OBTAINED PRIOR TO THE SUBMITTAL OF THE
- 31.) THE EXISTING MONITORING WELLS LOCATED ON THE PRESERVATION PARCEL SHALL BE PROPERLY ABANDONED BY A CERTIFIED WELL DRILLER PRIOR TO RECORDATION OF THE SUBDIVISION PLAT.
- 32.) SEPTIC EASEMENTS SHALL BE STAKED PRIOR 10 LOT GRADING
- 33.) NON-BUILDABI E BULK PARCEL 'I' SHALL BE TRANSFERRED TO THE NAECKER PROPERTY LOT 1 FREE OF COS1. AREA OF BULK PARCEL SHALL NOT BE CREDITED TOWARD DENSITY CALCULATIONS



THE PRESERVE AT CLARKSVILLE

LOTS 1 - 32; BUILDABLE PRESERVATION 'A' NON-BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCELS 'B' - 'G' NON-BUILDABLE BULK PARCELS 'H' - 'J'



GENERAL ASBUILT NOTES I. LOCATIONS AND COORDINATES, AND ELEVATIONS SHOWN HEREON ARE REFERENCED TO THE ORIGINAL PLAN SET DATUMS USED FOR INITIAL TOPO-GRAPHIC SURVEYS) AND SUBSEQUENT CONSTRUCTION, APPEARING TO BE MARYLAND STATE PLANE COORDINATE SYSTEM NAD83 HORIZONTALLY, AND NGVD29 VERTICALLY, PROJECTED FROM THE SITE CONTROL SHOWN HEREON. COORDINATES AND ELEVATIONS WERE BEST FIT TO EXISTING PROPERTY CORNERS AND EXISTING ELEVATION FEATURES, SET AND /OR SHOWN BY BENCHMARK ENGINEERING, INC. ON THE PLAN SET, AND IN PLACE PRIOR TO ANY HOWARD COUNTY SURVEY EFFORTS.

PERFORMED AT THE FOLLOWING TIMES BY HO. CO. - DPW: INTERNAL ROAD AND STORM DRAIN LOCATIONS-OCTOBER 2015 8 ROAD CORNERS RECOVERED OR SET-OCTOBER AND NOVEMBER 2016

TEN OAKS ROAD IMPROVEMENTS & ROAD CORNERS - JULY 2017

SURVEY PROJECT CONTROL

	270 11110	EEE IAIIOII	2 - COM: 110M
69.19 539.97	1326654.69 1326708.03		REBAR & CAP SET REBAR & CAP SET
639.18	1327042.61	418.67	REBAR & CAP FOUND "BEI 351"
490.44	1327436.12	394.91	REBAR & CAP SET
92.36	1326374.33	437.41	REBAR & CAP FOUND BEI 351"
797.64	1326658.10	459.86	REBAR & CAP SET
046.97	1326894.94	420.60	REBAR & CAP SET
332.18	1327249.01	426.58	REBAR & CAP SET
846.38	1327217.46	430.75	REBAR & CAP SET
186.90	1327185.73	440.08	REBAR & CAP SET
377.84	1327406.53	427.30	REBAR & CAP SET
419.50	1327648.42	427.12	REBAR & CAP SET
743.59	1327442.70	443.56	REBAR & CAP SET
142.70	1327525.25	445.63	REBAR & CAP SET
166.47	1327748.21	451.06	REBAR & CAP FOUND"BEI 351"
632.75	1327697.15	468.00	REBAR & CAP FOUND "SNL"
581.94	1327184.36	462.93	PKNAILSET
198.28	1326947.35	451.24	REBAR & CAP FOUND "AD SURV 48"
889.44	1327014.88	451.47	REBAR & CAP FOUND "CLSI 258"
569.41	1327034.32	444.35	REBAR & CAP FOUND "BEI 351"
	الشكا للمستحدث	Carried Land	

REBAR & CAP SET

REBAR & CAP SET

REBAR & CAP SET

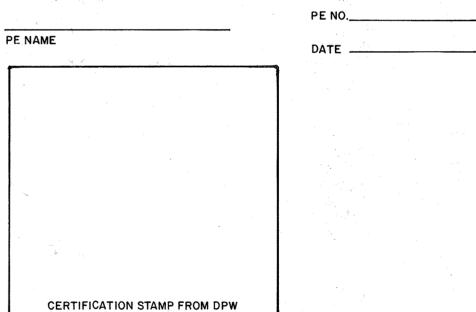
REBAR & CAP FOUND "BEI 351

MAG NAIL SET

INCLUDES ONLY POINTS STILL KNOWN OR BELIEVED TO EXIST. SOME LOCATIONS SHOWN IN THIS SET WERE ESTABLISHED FROM POINTS

AS-BUILT CERTIFICATION

CONSTRUCTED AS SHOWN ON THIS "AS-BUILT" PLAN MEET THE APPROVED PLANS AND



(A) AS-BUILT INFORMATION PROVIDED BY BUREAU OF ENGINEERS ON SHEETS 1-7, 9, 14-16 AND REMOVAL OF THE SWALE BEHIND LOTS 25-32 AND BULK PARCEL H AS SHOWN ON SHEETS 68 7.

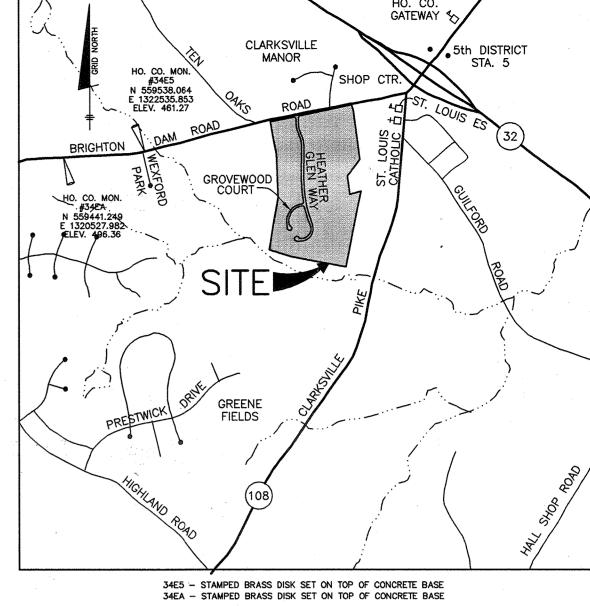
THERE IS NO AS-BUILT INFORMATION ON SHEETS 8, 10-13, 17-20, 23 8 24.

(C) AS-BUILT CERTIFICATION PROVIDED BY McCORMICK TAYLOR

		SHEET INDEX			
S-BUILT BY	NO.	TITLE			
DPW/	A 1	TITLE SHEET			
DPW\	(A) 2	ROAD PLAN			
DPW	(A) 3	ROAD PLAN			
DPW	A 4	ROAD PROFILES AND TYPICAL SECTIONS			
R DPW	A 5	ROAD PROFILES AND TYPICAL SECTIONS			
DPW	A 6	GRADING, SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL PLAN			
DPW/M/T	(A) 7 (C)	GRADING, SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL PLAN			
NONE	8 B	GRADING, SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL PLAN			
DPW/M/T	A 90	GRADING, SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL PLAN			
NONE	10 B	GRADING, SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL PLAN			
NONE	1 1B	GRADING, SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL PLAN			
NONE	12 B	SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL NOTES AND DETAILS			
NONE	13 B	STORM DRAIN DRAINAGE AREA MAP			
DPW	A)14	STORM DRAIN DRAINAGE AREA MAP			
DPW	A 15	STORM DRAIN PROFILES			
DPW	(A)16	STORM DRAIN PROFILES			
NONE	17 B	LANDSCAPE AND STREET TREE PLAN			
NONE	18(B)	LANDSCAPE AND STREET TREE PLAN			
NONE	19 B	FOREST CONSERVATION PLAN			
NONE	20 B)				
M/T	©21.	SWM DETAILS - FACILITY #1			
M/T	©22	SWM DETAILS - FACILITY #2			

TEN OAKS ROAD STRIPING & TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN

TEN OAKS ROAD CROSS-SECTIONS



VICINITY MAP

SITE ANALYSIS DATA CHART (DOES NOT INCLUDE AREA FOR CLARKS WOODS 2)

•		
	GENERAL SITE DATA	
	1.) PRESENT ZONING:	RR-DEO
	2.) APPLICABLE DPZ FILE REFERENCES:	S-02-011, P-05-013, RE-06-05
	3.) PROPOSED USE OF SITE:	RESIDENTIAL
	4.) PROPOSED WATER AND SEWER SYSTEMS:	(SFD) PRIVATE
	AREA TABULATION	
	1.) GROSS TRACT AREA	117.63 AC.±
	2.) AREA WITHIN 100-YEAR FLOODPLAIN	3.73 AC.±
	3.) TOTAL AREA OF 25% OR GREATER STEEP SLOPES	0.00 AC.±
	4.) NET TRACT AREA	
	5.) TOTAL NUMBER OF LOTS ALLOWED PER ZONING 1 UNIT PER 4.25 GROSS ACRES	_ 27
	1 UNIT PER 2 NET ACRES (MAX)	56
	6.) TOTAL NUMBER OF RESIDENTIAL UNITS/LOTS PROPOSED ON THIS SUBMISSION (32 CLUSTER, 1 BUILDABLE PRES. PARCEL)	_ 33

_ 35.23 AC.±

13.) OPEN SPACE ON-TOTAL SITE * 14.) AREA OF RECREATIONAL OPEN SPACE REQUIRED____ N/A * 5% OF GROSS REQUIRED (5.89 AC.±) OR NONE IF THE PRES. PARCEL IS DEDICATED TO THE HOA OR HOWARD COUNTY.

PRESERVAION PARCEL 'D' (45.32 AC.) SHALL BE DEDICATED TO HOWARD

8.) AREA OF NON-BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCELS_ 64.62 AC.±

(PARCELS B - G)
9.) AREA OF BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCELS______ 7.41 AC.±

10.) AREA OF NON-BUILDABLE BULK PARCELS 5.02 AC.±

7.) AREA OF CLUSTER LOTS _____

11.) AREA OF BUILDABLE BULK PARCELS ____

12.) AREA OF ROAD RIGHT-OF-WAY

(PARCELS H & I)

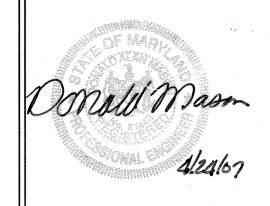
4-24-2007 ADD LOTS I AND 24, REVISE LOT #5, OWNER INFO, SUBDIVISION NAME, ADD CUL-DE-SAC @ HEATHER **BENCHMARK**

6-13-2007 ADD NBBP 'J', NOTES 34 35, REVISE SITE ANALYSIS DATA CHART & TITLE BLOCK

ENGINEERS A LAND SURVEYORS A PLANNERS ENGINEERING, INC

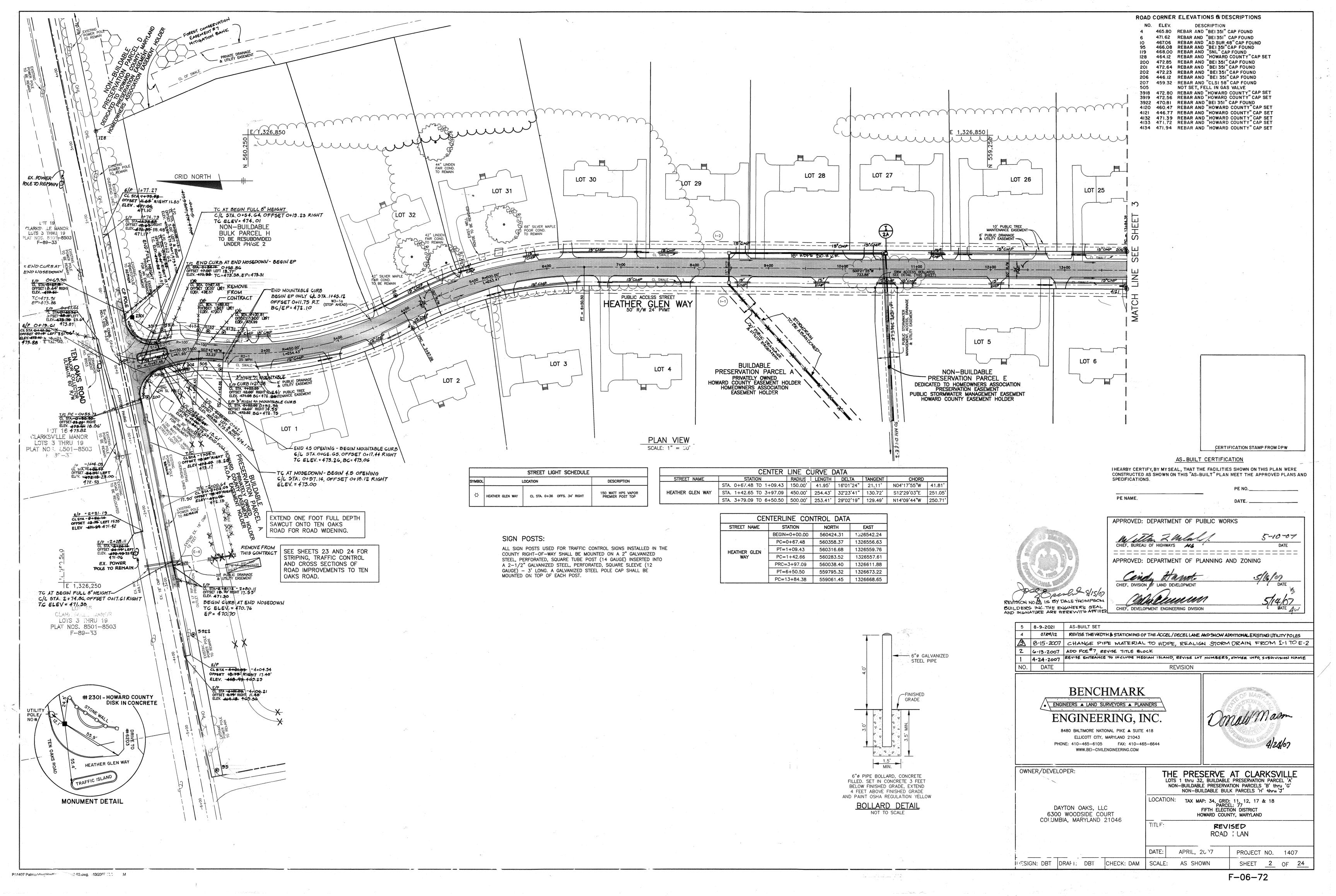
AS-BUILT SET

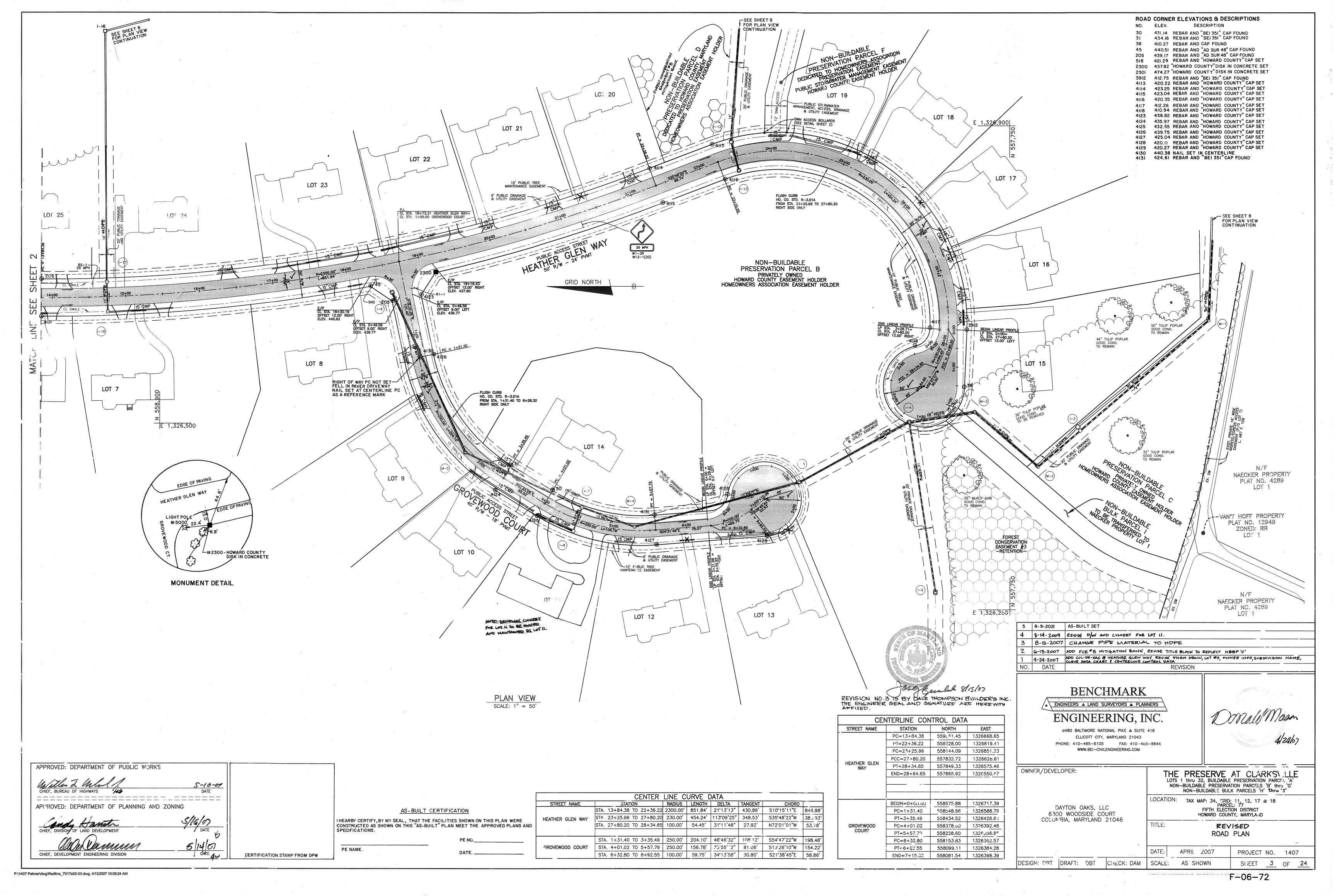
8480 BALTIMORE NATIONAL PIKE A SUITE 418 ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21043 PHONE: 410-465-6105 FAX: 410-465-6644 WWW.BEI-CIVILENGINEERING.COM

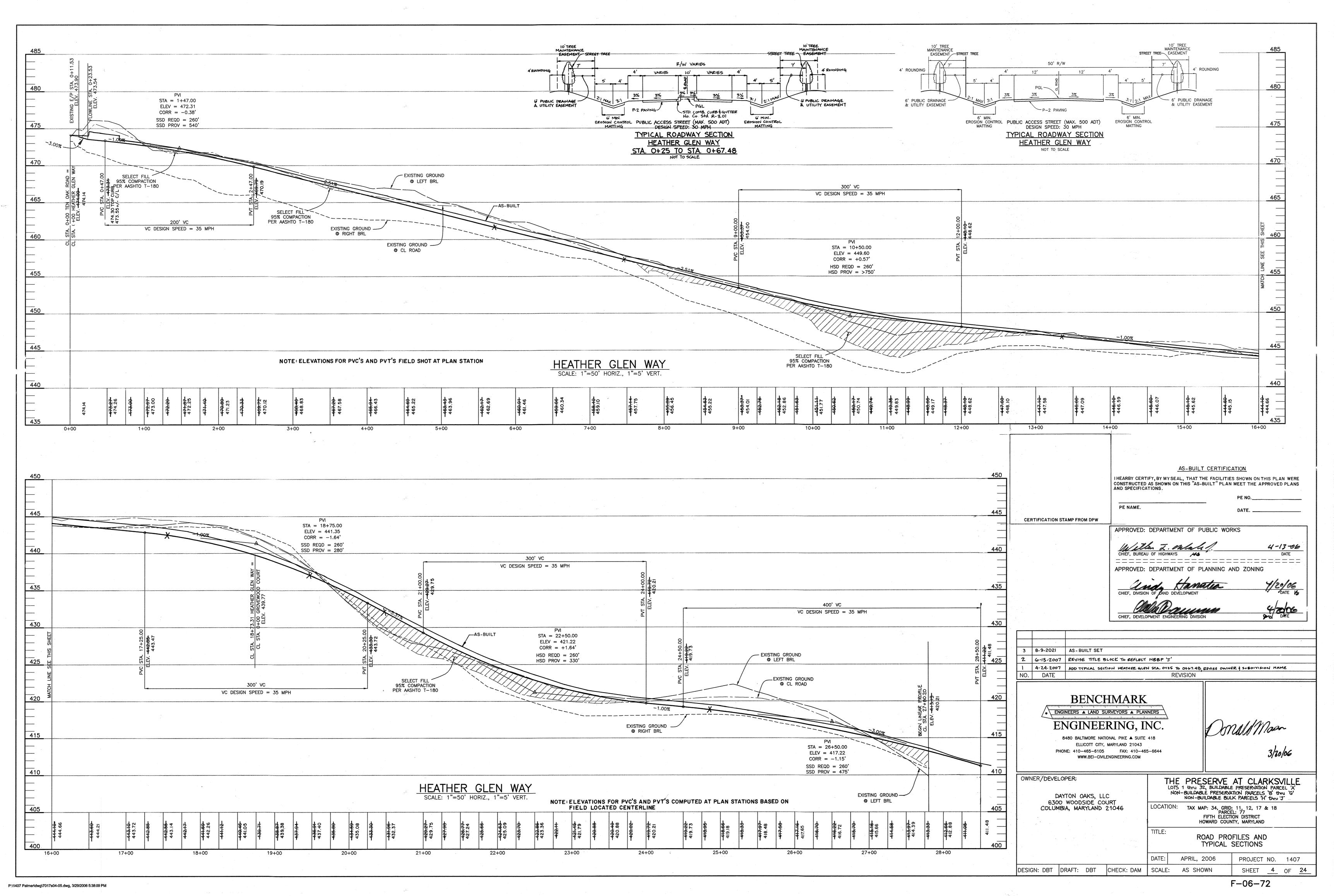


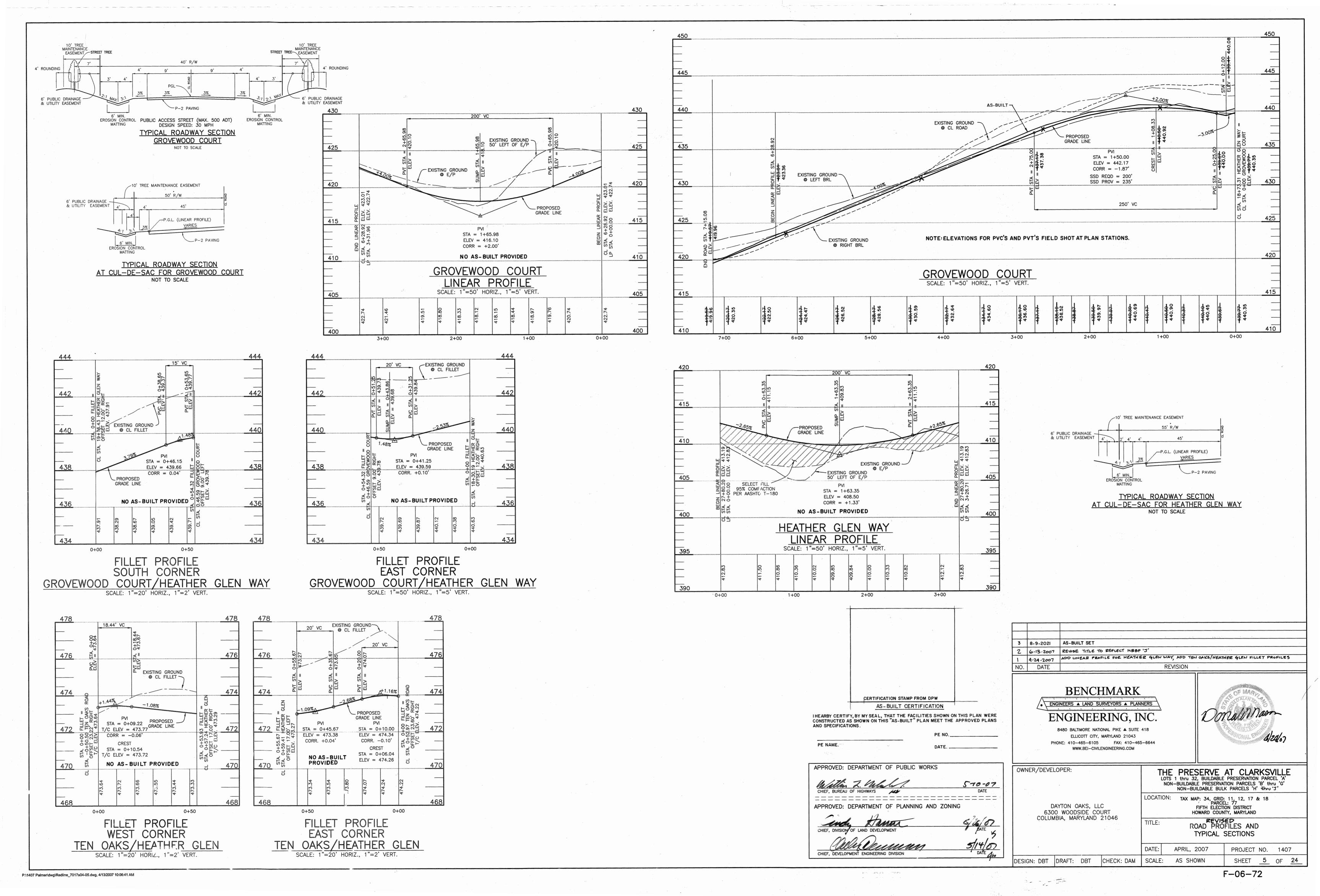
431412/21

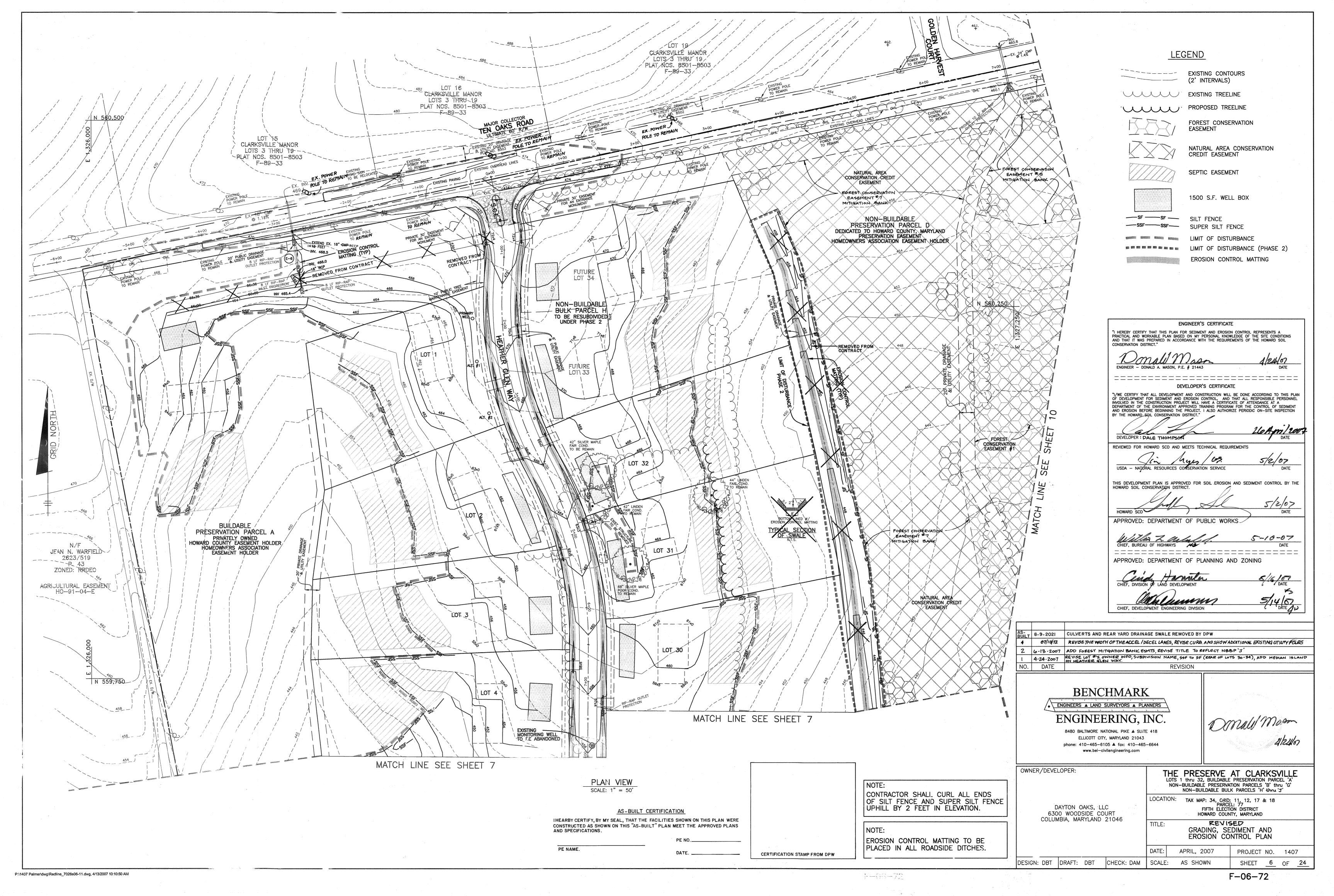
OWNER/DEVELOPER: THE PRESERVE AT CLARKSVILLE LOTS 1 thru 32, BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCEL 'A' NON-BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCELS 'B' thru 'G' NON-BUILDABLE BULK PARCELS 'H' thru 'J' LOCATION: TAX MAP: 34, GRID: 11, 12, 17 & 18
PARCEL: 77 DAYTON OAKS, LLC FIFTH ELECTION DISTRICT 6300 WOODSIDE COURT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND COLUMBIA, MARYLAND 21046 REVISED TITLE SHEET APRIL, 2007 PROJECT NO. 1407 DESIGN: DBT | DRAFT: DBT | CHECK: DAM | SCALE: AS SHOWN SHEET 1 OF 24

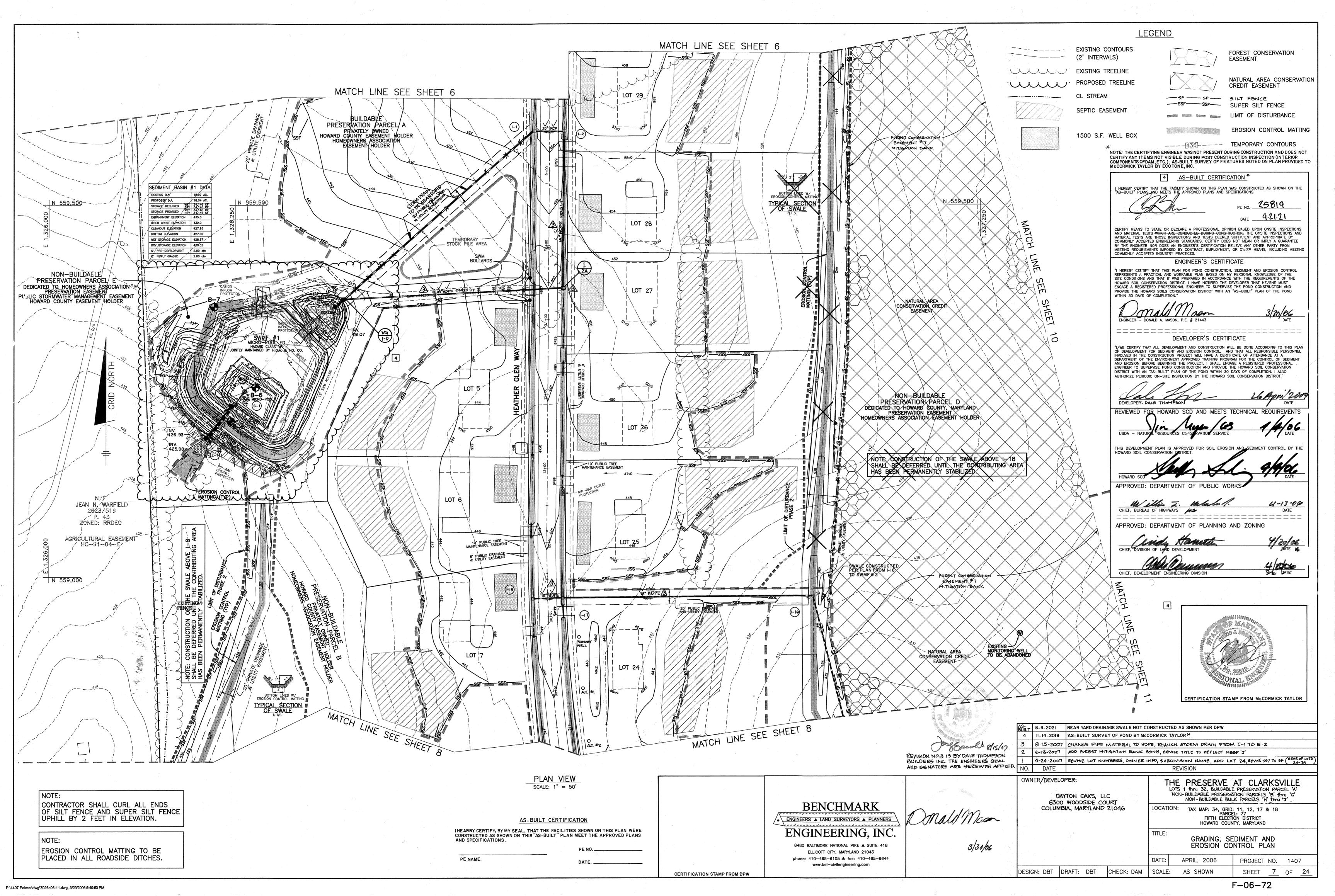


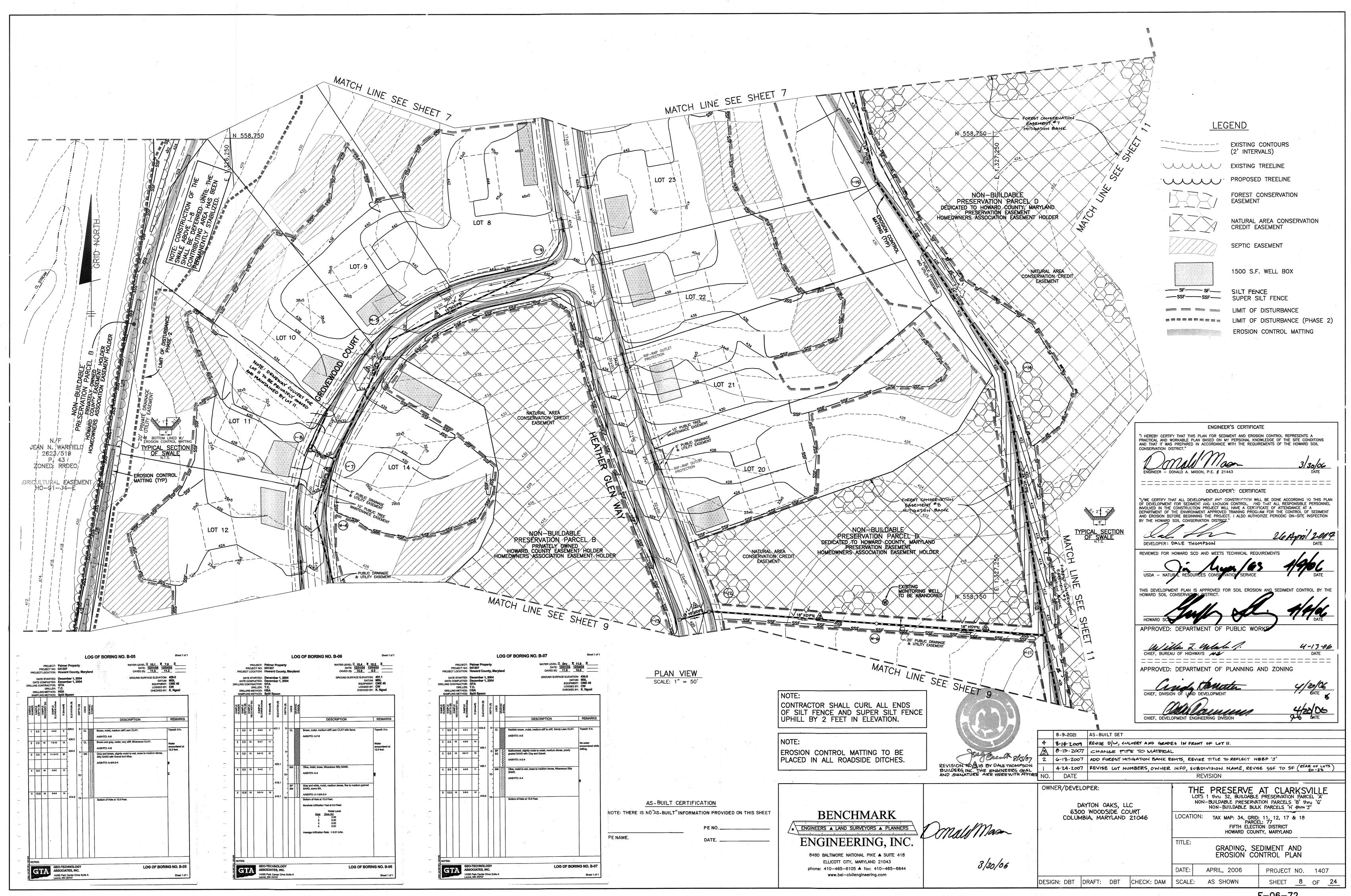




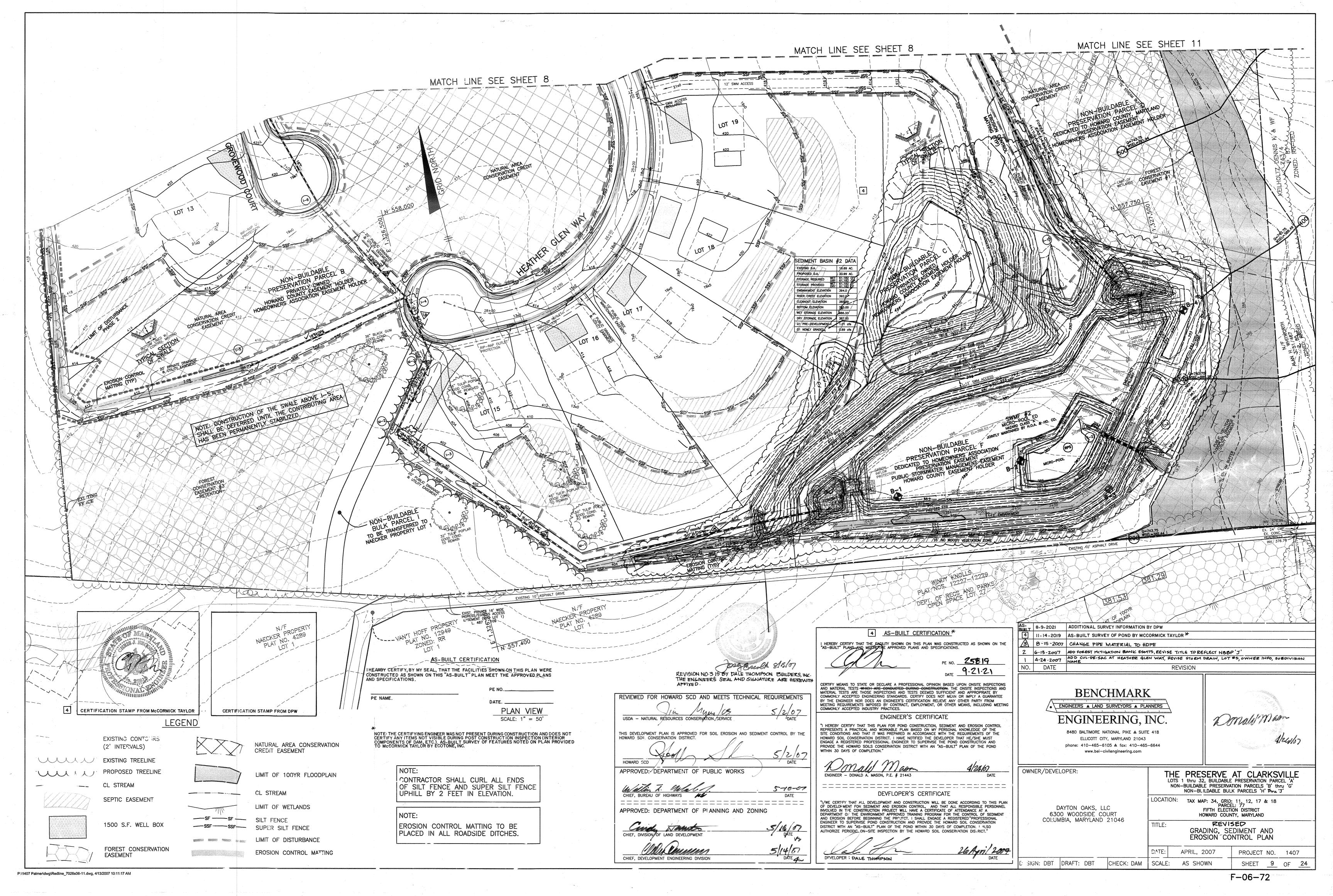


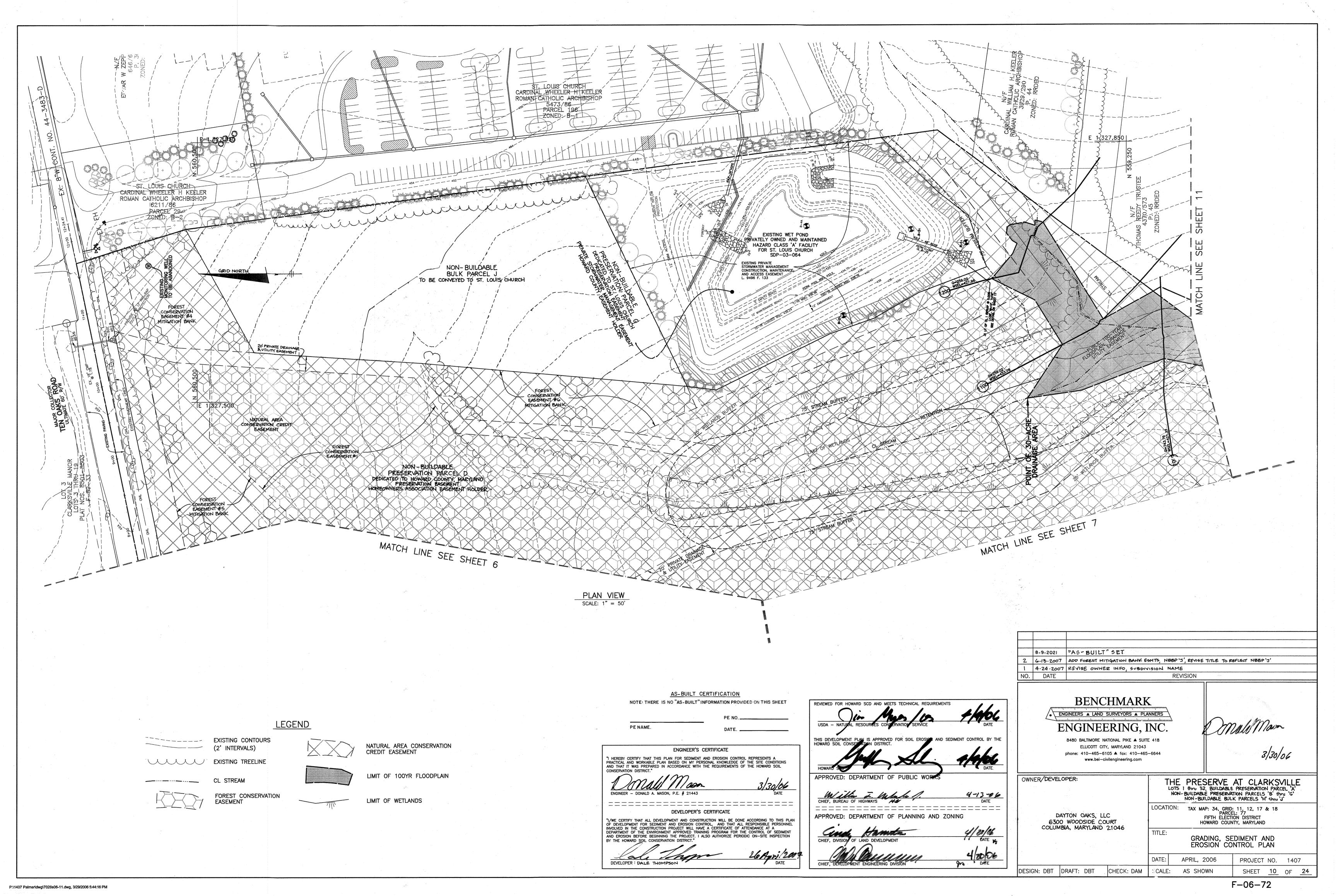


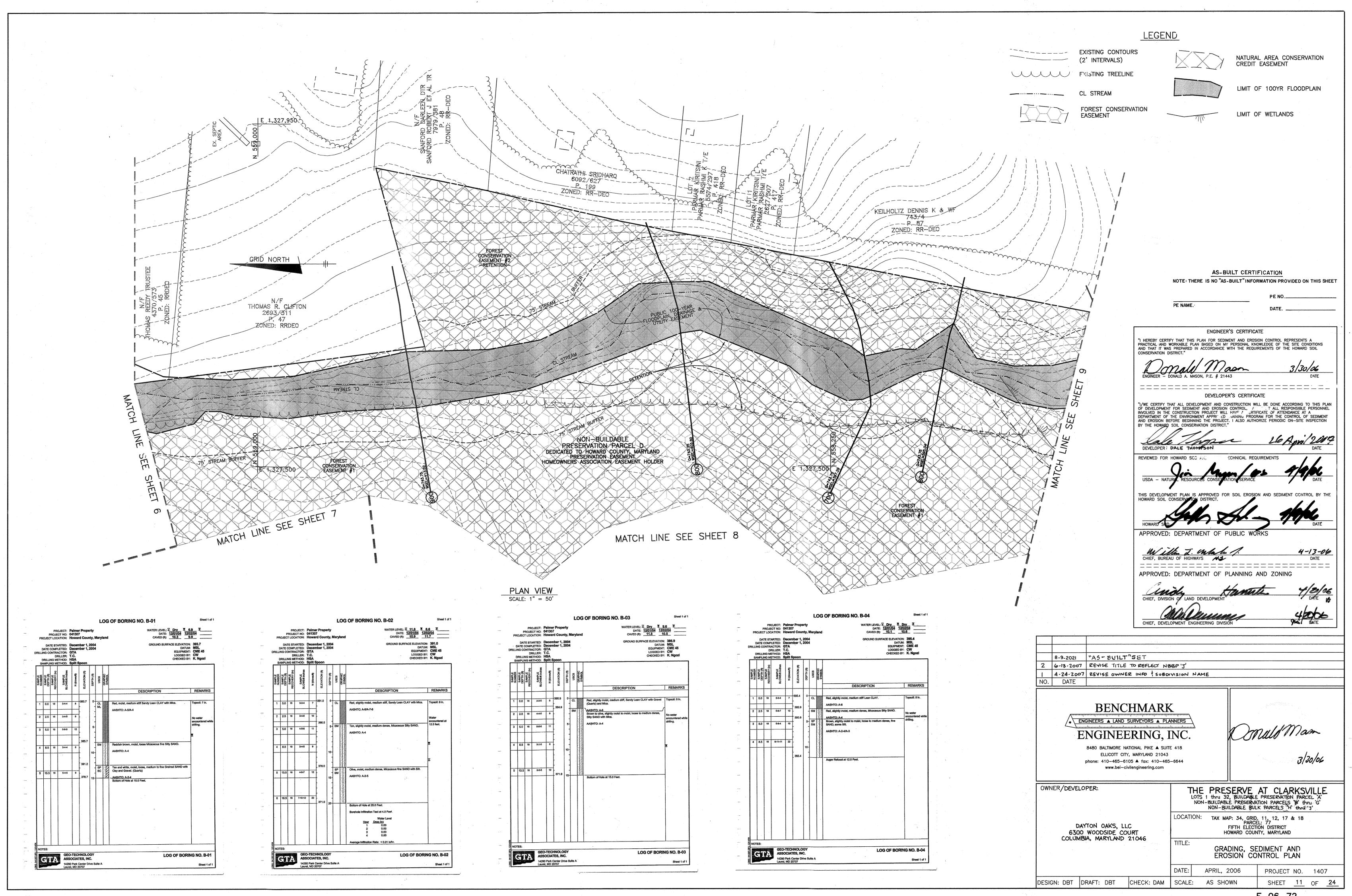




P:\1407 Palmer\dwg\7026s06-11.dwg, 3/29/2006 5:41:26 PM







Site Preparation

Areas designated for borrow areas, embankment, and structural works shall be cleared, grubbed and stripped to topsoil. All trees, vegetation, roots and other objectionable material shall be removed. Channel banks and sharp breaks shall be sloped to no steeper than 1:1. All trees shall be cleared and grubbed within 15 feet of the toe of the embankment.

Areas to be covered by the reservoir will be cleared of all trees, brush, logs, fences, rubbish and other objectionable material unless otherwise designated on the plans. Trees, brush, and stumps shall be cut approximately level with the ground surface. For dry stormwater management ponds, a minimum of a 25-foot radius around the inlet structure shall be

All cleared and grubbed material shall be disposed of outside and below the limits of the dam and reservoir as directed by the owner or his representative. When specified, a sufficient quantity of topsoil will be stockpiled in a suitable location for use on the embankment and other designated areas.

Material — The fill material shall be taken from approved designated borrow areas. If shall be free of roots, stumps, wood, rubbish, stones greater than 6", frozen or other objectionable material. Fill material for the center of the embankment, and cut off trenct shall conform to Unified Soil Classification GC, SC, CH, or CL and must have at least 30% passing the #200 sieve. Consideration may be given to the use of other materials in the embankment if designed by a geotechnical engineer. Such special designs must have construction supervised by a geotechnical engineer.

Materials used in the outer shell of the embankment must have the capability to support vegetation of the quality required to prevent erosion of the embankment.

Placement - Areas on which fill is to be placed shall be scarified prior to placement of fill ill materials shall be placed in maximum 8 inch thick (before compaction) layers which are to be continuous over the entire length of the fill. The most permeable borrow material shall be placed in the downstream portions of the embankment. The principal spillway must be

installed concurrently with fill placement and not excavated into the embankment.

Compaction - the movement of the hauling and spreading equipment over the fill shall be controlled so that the entire surface of each lift shall be traversed by not less than one tread track of heavy equipment or compaction shall be achieved by a minimum of four complete passes of a sheepsfoot, rubber tired or vibratory roller. Fill material shall contain sufficient moisture such that the required degree of compaction will be obtained with teh eauipment used. The fill material shall contain sufficient moisture so that if formed into a pall it will not crumble, yet not be so wet that water can be squeezed out.

When required by the reviewing agency the minimum required density shall not be less than 95% of maximum dry density with a moisture content within \pm 2% of the optimum. Each layer of fill shall be compacted as necessary to obtain that density, and is to be certified by the Engineer at the time of construction. All compaction is to be determined by AASHTO Method T-99 (Standard Proctor).

<u>Cut Off Trench</u> — The cutoff trench shall be excavated into impervious material alona or parallel to the centerline of the embankment as shown on the plans. The bottom width of the trench shall be governed by the equipment used for excavation, with the minimum width peing four feet. The depth shall be a least four feet below existing grade or as shown on the plans. The side slopes of the trench shall be 1 to 1 or flatter. The backfill shall be compacted with construction equipment, rollers, or hand tampers to assure maximum density and minimum permeability.

Embankment Core - The core shall be parallel to the centerline of the embankment as shown on the plans. The top width of the cores shall be a minimum of four feet. The height shall extend up to at least the 10 year water elevation or as shown on the plans The side slopes shall be 1 to 1 or flatter. The core shall be compacted with construction equipment, rollers, or hand tampers to assure maximum density and minimum permeability In addition, the core shall be placed concurrently with the outer shell of the embankment.

Backfill adjacent to pipes or structures shall be of the type and quality conforming to that specified for the adjoining fill material. The fill shall be placed in horizontal layers not to exceed four inches in thickness and compacted by hand tampers or other manually directed compaction equipment. The material needs to fill completely all spaces under and adjacent to the pipe. At no time during the backfilling operation shall driven equipment be allowed to operate closer than four feet, measured horizontally, to any part of a structure. Under no circumstances shall equipment be driven over any part of a concrete structure or pipe, unless there is a compacted fill of 24" or greater over the structure or pipe.

Structure backfill may be flowable fill meeting the requirements of Maryland Department of Transportation, State Highway Administration Standard Specifications for Construction and Materials, Section 313 as modified. The mixture shall have a 100-200 psi; 28 day unconfined compressive strength. The flowable fill shall have a minimum pH of 4.0 and o minimum resistively of 2,000 ohm—cm. Material shall be placed such that a minimum of 6" (measured perpendicular to the outside of the pipe) of flowable fill shall be under (bedding) over and, on the sided of the pipe. It only needs to extend up to the spring line for rigid conduits. Average slump of the fill shall be 7" to assure flowability of the material. Adequate neasures shall be taken (sand bags, etc.) to prevent floating the pipe. When using flowable fill, all metal pipe shall be bituminous coated. Any adjoining soil fill shall be placed in horizontal layers not to exceed four inches in thickness and compacted by hand tampers of other manually directed compaction equipment. The material shall completely fill all voids adjacent to the flowable fill zone. At no time during the backfilling operation shall driven quipment be allowed to operate closer than four feet, measured horizontally, to any part o a structure. Under no circumstances shall equipment be driven over any part of a structure or pipe unless there is a compacted fill of 24' or greater over the structure or pipe. Backfill material outside the structural backfill (flowable fill) zone shall be of the type and quality that specified for the core of the embankment or other embankment

Pipe Conduits

All pipes shall be circular in cross section

Corrugated Metal Pipe - all of the following criteria shall apply for corrugated metal pipe: 1. Materials - (Polymer Coated steel pipe) - Steel pipes with polymeric coatings shall bave a minimum coating thickness of 0.01 inch (10 mil) on both sides of the pipe. This pipe and its appurtenances shall conform to the requirements of AASHTO Specifications M-245~&M-246 with watertight coupling bands or flanges.

Maerials - (Aluminum Coated Steel Pipe) - This pipe and its appurtenances shall conform to the requirements of AASHTO Specification M-274 with watertight coupling bands or flanges. Aluminum Coated Steel Pipe, when used with flowable fill or when soil and/or water conditions warrant the need for increased durability, shall be fully bituminous coated per requirements of AASHTO Specification M-190 Type A. Any aluminum coating damaged or otherwise removed shall be replaced with cold applied bituminous coating compound. Aluminum surfaces that are to be in contact with concrete shall be painted with one coat of zinc chromate primer or two coats of asphalt.

Materials — (Aluminum Pipe) — This pipe and its appurtenances shall conform to the requirements of AASHTO Specification M—196 or M—211 with watertight coupling bands or flanges. Aluminum Pipe, when used with flowable fill or when soil and/or water conditions warrant for increased durability, shall be fully bituminous coated per requirements of AASHTO Specification M-190 Type A. Aluminum surfaces that are to be contact with concrete shall be painted with one coat of zinc chromate primer or two coats of asphalt. Hot dip galvanized bolts may be used for connections. The pH of the surrounding soils shall be between 4 and 9.

BASIN DRAWDOWN SCHEMATIC

VERTICAL DRAW-DOWN DEVICE

ELEVATION

PLAN VIEW

Construction Specifications

2. The total area of the perforations must be greater than 2 times the area of the internal arifice 3. The perforated portion of the draw-down device shall be wrapped with $1/2^{\circ}$ hardware cloth and geotextile fabric. The geotextile fabric shall meet the specifications for Geotextile Class E.

S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE PAGE MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONME
SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE C - 10 - 30 WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION

. Perforations in the draw-down device may not extend into the wet storage.

RISER-

VERTICAL DRAW-DOWN DEVICE WITH WATERTIGHT CAP

- SEE NOTE 4

--- VERTICAL DRAW-DOWN DEVICE

PRINCIPAL SPILLWAY

NCIPAL SPILLWAY

2. Coupling bands, anti-seep collars, end sections, etc., must be composed of the same material and coatings as the pipe. Metals must be insulated from dissimilar materials with use of rubber or plastic insulating materials at least 24 mils in thickness.

3. Connections - All connections with pipes must be completely watertight. The drain pipe or barrel connection to the riser shall be welded all around when the pipe and riser are metal. Anti-seep collars shall be connected to the pipe in such a manner as to be completely watertight. Dimple bands are not considered to be watertight.

All connection shall use a rubber or neoprene gasket when joining pipe sections. The end of each pipe shall be re-rolled an adequate number of corrugations to accommodate the bandwidth. The following type connections are acceptable for pipes less than 24 inches in diameter: flanges on both ends of the pipe with a circular 3/8 inch closed cell neoprene gasket, prepunched to the flange bolt circle, sandwiched between adjacent flanges; a 12-inch wide standard lap type band with 12-inch wide by 3/8-inch thick closed cell circular neoprene gasket; and a 12-inch wide hugger type band with o-ring gaskets having a minimum diameter of 1/2 inch greater than the corrugation depth. Pipes 24 inches in diameter and larger shall be connected by a 24 inch long annular corrugated band using a minimum of 4 (four) rods and lugs, 2 on each connecting pipe end. A 24-inch wide by 3/8-inch thick closed cell circular neoprene gasket will be installed with 12 inches on the end of each pipe. Flanged joints with 3/8 inch closed cell gaskets the full width of the

Helically corrugated pipe shall have either continuously welded seams or have lock seams with internal caulking or a neoprene bead.

4. Bedding - The pipe shall be firmly and uniformly bedded throughout its entire length. Where rock or soft, spongy or other unstable soil is encountered, all such material shall be removed and replaced with suitable earth compacted to provide adequate support.

5. Backfilling shall conform to "Structure Backfill".

Other details (anti-seep collars, valves, etc.) shall be as shown on the drawings. Reinforced Concrete Pipe - All of the following criteria shall apply for reinforced concrete

1. Materials — Reinforced concrete pipe shall have bell and spigot joints with rubber gaskets and shall equal or exceed ASTM C-361. Bedding — Reinforced concrete pipe conduits shall be laid in a concrete bedding/cradle for their entire length. This bedding/cradle shall consist of high slump concrete placed under the pipe and up the sides of the pipe at least 50% of its outside diameter with a minimum thickness of 6 inches. Where a concrete cradle is not needed for structural reasons, flowable

3. Laying pipe - Bell and spigot pipe shall be places with the bell end upstream. Joints shall be made in accordance with recommendations of the manufacturer of the material. After the joints are sealed for the entire line, the bedding shall be placed so that all spaces under the pipe are filled. Care shall be exercised to prevent any deviation form the original

line and grade of the pipe. The first joint must be located within 4 feet from the rise

fill may be used a described in the "Structure Backfill" section of this standard. Gravel

4. Backfilling shall conform to "Structure Backfill".

5. Other details (anti-seep collars, valves, etc.) shall be shown on the drawings.

<u>Plastic Pipe</u> - The following criteria shall apply for plastic pipe:

1. Materials - PVC pipe shall be PVC-1120 or PVC-1220 conforming to ASTM D-1785 or ASTM D-2241. Corrugated High Density Polyethylene (HDPE) pipe, couplings and fittings shall conform to the following: 4' - 10" inch pipe shall meet the requirements of AASHTO M252 Type S, and 12" through 24" inch shall meet the requirements of AASHTO M294 Type S.

2. Joints and connections to anti-seep collars shall be completely watertight. 3. Bedding - The pipe shall be firmly and uniformly bedded throughout its entire length.

Where rock or soft, spongy or other unstable soil is encountered, all such material shall be removed and replaced with suitable earth compacted to provide adequate support. 4. Backfilling shall conform to "Structure Backfill".

5. Other details (anti-seep collars, valves, etc.) shall be as shown on the drawings. Drainage Diaphragms - When a drainage diaphragm is used, a registered professional engineer will supervise the design and construction inspection.

Concrete shall meet the requirements of Maryland Department of Transportation, State Highway Administration Standard Specifications for Construction and Materials, Section 414,

Rock riprap shall meet the requirements of Maryland Department of Transportation, State Highway Administration Standard Specifications for Construction and Materials, Section 311 Geotextile shall be placed under all riprap and shall meet the requirements of Maryland Department of Transportation, State Highway Administration Standard Specifications for

Care of Water during Construction

Construction and Materials, Section 921.09, Class C.

All work on permanent structures shall be carried out in greas free from water. The contractor shall construct and maintain all temporary dikes, levees, cofferdams, drainag channels, and stream diversions necessary to protect the areas to be occupied by the permanent works. The contractor shall also furnish, install, operate, and maintain all necessary pumping and other equipment required for removal of water from various parts of the work and for maintaining the evacuations, foundation, and other parts of the work free from water as required or directed by the engineer for constructing each part of the work. After having served their purpose, all temporary protective works shall be removed or leveled and graded to the extent required to prevent obstruction in any degree whatsoever of the flow of water to the spillway or outlet works and so as not to interfere in any way with the operation or maintenance of the structure. Stream diversions shall be maintained until the full flow can be passed through the permanent works. The removal of water from the required excavation and the foundation shall be accomplished in a manner and to the extent that will maintain stability of the excavated slopes and bottom required excavations and will allow satisfactory performance of all construction operations. During the placing and compacting of material in required excavations, the water level at the location being refilled shall be maintained below the bottom of the excavation at such locations which may require draining the water sumps from which the water shall be pumped.

All borrow areas shall be graded to provide proper drainage and left in a sightly condition. All exposed surfaces of the embankment, spillway, spoil and borrow areas, and berms shall be stabilized by seeding, liming, fertilizing and mulching in accordance with the Natural Resources Conservation Service Standards and Specifications for Critical Area Planting (MD-342) or as shown on the accompanying drawings.

DETAIL 1 - EARTH DIKE

Seed and cover with Erosion Control Matting or line with sod.
 4" - 7" stone or recycled concrete equivalent pressed into the soil 7" minimum.

All temporary earth dikes shall have uninterrupted positive grade to an outlet. Spot elevations may be necessary for grades less than 1%.

. Runoff diverted from a disturbed area shall be conveyed to a sediment trapping

. Runoff diverted from an undisturbed area shall outlet directly into an undisturbed, stabilized area at a non—erosive velocity.

All trees, brush, stumps, obstructions, and other objectional material shall be removed and disposed of so as not to interfere with the proper functioning of the dike.

The dike shall be excavated or shaped to line, grade and cross section as required to meet the criteria specified herein and be free of bank projections or other irregularities which will impede normal flow.

All earth removed and not needed for construction shall be placed so that it will not interfere with the functioning of the dike.

Inspection and maintenance must be provided periodically and after each rain event. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE PAGE MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMEN WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION

CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS

C

PLAN VIEW

V V V V

. Fill shall be compacted by earth moving equipment.

Seed and cover with straw mulch.

CROSS SECTION

NOT TO SCALE

Construction operations will be carried out in such a manner that erosion will be controlled and water and air pollution minimized. State and local laws concerning pollution abatement will be followed. Construction plans shall detail erosion and sediment control measures.

STANDARD SYMBO

→ -/->-

a-DIKE HEIGHT 18"
b-DIKE WIDTH 24"
c-FLOW WIDTH 4'
d-FLOW DEPTH 12"

SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES

- A MINIMUM OF 24 HOURS NOTICE MUST BE GIVEN TO THE HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF INSPECTION, LICENSES AND PERMITS, SEDIMENT CONTROL DIVISION PRIOR TO THE START OF ANY CONSTRUCTION, (313-1850).
- ALL VEGETATIVE AND STRUCTURAL PRACTICES ARE TO BE INSTALLED ACCORDING TO THE PROVISIONS OF THIS PLAN AND ARE TO BE IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE MOST CURRENT "MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATION FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT
- CONTROL", REVISIONS THERETO. FOLLOWING INITIAL SOIL DISTURBANCE OR REDISTURBANCE, PERMANENT OR TEMPORARY STABILIZATION SHALL BE COMPLETED WITHIN: A) 7 CALENDAR DAYS FOR ALL PERIMETER SEDIMENT CONTROL STRUCTURES, DIKES, PERIMETER SLOPES AND ALL
- SLOPES GREATER THAN 3:1, B) 14 DAYS AS TO ALL OTHER DISTURBED OR GRADED AREAS ON THE PROJECT SITE. ALL SEDIMENT TRAPS/BASINS SHOWN MUST BE FENCED AND WARNING SIGNS POSTED

AROUND THEIR PERIMETER IN ACCORDANCE WITH VOL. 1, CHAPTER 12, OF THE HOWARD

- ALL DISTURBED AREAS MUST BE STABILIZED WITHIN THE TIME PERIOD SPECIFIED ABOVE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE 1994 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL FOR PERMANENT SEEDINGS (SEC. 51) SOD (SEC. 54), TEMPORARY SEEDING (SEC. 50) AND MULCHING (SEC. 52). TEMPORARY STABILIZATION WITH MULCH ALONE CAN ONLY BE DONE WHEN RECOMMENDED SEEDING DATES DO NOT ALLOW FOR PROPER GERMINATION AND ESTABLISHMENT OF GRASSES.
- ALL SEDIMENT CONTROL STRUCTURES ARE TO REMAIN IN PLACE AND ARE TO BE MAINTAINED IN OPERATIVE CONDITION UNTIL PERMISSION FOR THEIR REMOVAL HAS BEEN OBTAINED FROM THE HOWARD COUNTY SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR.

SITE ANALYSIS:

COUNTY DESIGN MANUAL, STORM DRAINAGE.

TOTAL AREA OF SITE	117.71	ACRES
AREA DISTURBED	43.63	ACRES
AREA TO BE ROOFED OR PAVED	6.36	ACRES
AREA TO BE VEGETATIVELY STABILIZED	37.27	ACRES
TOTAL CUT	46050	CY
TOTAL FILL	46050	CY
OFFSITE WASTE AREA LOCATION	N/A	

- ANY SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICE WHICH IS DISTURBED BY GRADING ACTIVITY FOR PLACEMENT OF UTILITIES MUST BE REPAIRED ON THE SAME DAY OF DISTURBANCE.
- ADDITIONAL SEDIMENT CONTROL MUST BE PROVIDED, IF DEEMED NECESSARY BY THE HOWARD COUNTY SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR.
- ON ALL SITES WITH DISTURBED AREAS IN EXCESS OF 2 ACRES, APPROVAL OF THE INSPECTION AGENCY SHALL BE REQUESTED UPON COMPLETION OF INSTALLATION O PERIMETER EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS, BUT BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH ANY OTHER EARTH DISTURBANCE OR GRADING. OTHER BUILDING OR GRADING INSPECTION APPROVALS MAY NOT BE AUTHORIZED UNTIL THIS INITIAL APPROVAL BY THE INSPECTION AGENCY IS MADE.
- TRENCHES FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF UTILITIES IS LIMITED TO THREE PIPE LENGTHS THAT WHICH CAN BE BACK FILLED AND STABILIZED WITHIN ONE WORKING DAY,

TEMPORARY SEEDBED PREPARATIONS

APPLY TO GRADED OR CLEARED AREAS LIKELY TO BE REDISTURBED WHERE A SHORT-TERM

SEEDBED PREPARATION: LOOSEN UPPER THREE INCHES OF SOIL BY RAKING, DISCING OR OTHER ACCEPTABLE MEANS BEFORE SEEDING, IF NOT PREVIOUSLY LOOSENED.

SOIL AMENDMENTS: APPLY 600 LBS PER ACRE 10-10-10 FERTILIZER (14 LBS/1000 SQ FT). SEEDING: FOR PERIOD MARCH 1 THROUGH APRIL 30 AND FROM AUGUST 15 THROUGH NOVEMBER 15, SEED WITH 2-1/2 BUSHELS PER ACRE OF ANNUAL RYE (3.2 LBS/1000 SQ FT). FOR THE PERIOD MAY 1 THROUGH AUGUST 14, SEED WITH 3 LBS PER ACRE OF WEEPING LOVEGRASS (.07 LBS/1000 SQ FT), FOR THE PERIOD NOVEMBER 16 THROUGH FEBRUARY 28, PROTECT

SITE BY APPLYING 2 TONS PER ACRE OF WELL ANCHORED STRAW MULCH AND SEED AS SOON

AS POSSIBLE IN THE SPRING, OR USE SOD. MULCHING: APPLY 1-1/2 TO 2 TONS PER ACRE (70 TO 90 LBS/1000 SQ FT) OF UNROTTED SMALL GRAIN STRAW IMMEDIATELY AFTER SEEDING. ANCHOR MULCH IMMEDIATELY AFTER APPLICATION USING MULCH ANCHORING TOOL OR 218 GALLONS PER ACRE (5 GAL/1000 SQ FT) OF EMULSIFIED ASPHALT ON FLAT AREAS. ON SLOPES, 8 FT. OR HIGHER, USE 348 GALLONS PER ACRE (8 GAL/1000 SQ FT) FOR ANCHORING.

REFER TO THE 1994 MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND

PERMANENT SEEDBED PREPARATIONS

SEEDBED PREPARATION: LOOSEN UPPER THREE INCHES OF SOIL BY RAKING, DISCING OR OTHER ACCEPTABLE MEANS BEFORE SEEDING, IF NOT PREVIOUSLY LOOSENED. SOIL AMENDMENTS: IN LIEU OF SOIL TEST RECOMMENDATIONS, USE ON OF THE FOLLOWING

- PREFERRED APPLY 2 TONS PER ACRE DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE (92 LBS/1000 SQ FT) AND 600 LBS PER ACRE 10-10-10 FERTILIZER (14 LBS/1000 SQ FT) BEFORE SEEDING. HARROW OR DISC INTO UPPER THREE INCHES OF SOIL. AT TIME OF SEEDING, APPLY 400 LBS PER ACRE 30-0-0- UREAFORM FERTILIZER (9 LBS/1000 SQ FT).
- ACCEPTABLE APPLY 2 TONS PER ACRE DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE (92 LBS/1000 SQ FT) AND 1000 LBS PER ACRE 10-10-10 FERTILIZER (23 LBS/1000 SQ FT)

SEEDING: FOR THE PERIODS MARCH 1 THROUGH APRIL 30 AND AUGUST 1 THROUGH OCTOBER 15, SEED WITH 60 LBS PER ACRE (1.4 LBS/1000 SQ FT) OF KENTUCKY 31 TALL FESCUE PER ACRE AND 2 LBS PER ACRE (.05 LBS/1000 SQ FT) OF WEEPING LOVEGRASS. DURING THE PERIOD OF OCTOBER 16 THROUGH FERRUARY 28 PROTECT SITE BY OPTION (1) 2 TONS PER ACRE OF WELL ANCHORED STRAW MULCH AND SEED AS SOON AS POSSIBLE IN THE SPRING. OPTION (2) USE SOD. OPTION (3) SEED WITH 60 LBS PER ACRE OF KENTUCKY 31 TALL FESCUE AND MULCH WITH 2 TONS PER ACRE OF WELL ANCHORED STRAW.

MULCHING: APPLY 1-1/2 TO 2 TONS PER ACRE (70 TO 90 LBS/1000 SQ FT) OF UNROTTED SMALL GRAIN STRAW IMMEDIATELY AFTER SEEDING. ANCHOR MULCH IMMEDIATELY AFTER APPLICATION USING MULCH ANCHORING TOOL OR 218 GALLONS PER ACRE (5 GAL/1000 SQ FT) OF EMULSIFIED ASPHALT ON FLAT AREAS. ON SLOPES 8 FEET OR HIGHER, USE 348 GALLONS PER ACRE (8 GAL/1000 SQ FT) FOR ANCHORING.

DETAIL 24 - STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE

PROFILE

PLAN VIEW

Construction Specifications

2. Width- 10' minimum, should be flared at the existing road to provide a turning

3. Geotextile fabric (filter cloth) shall be placed over the existing ground prior

to placing stone. **The plan approval authority may not require single family

5. Surface Water - all surface water flowing to or diverted toward construction

5. Surface Water — all surface water flowing to or diverted toward construction entrances shall be piped through the entrance, maintaining positive drainage. Pipe installed through the stabilized construction entrance shall be protected with a mounted berg with 5:1 slopes and a minimum of 6" of stone over the pipe. Pipe has to be sized according to the drainage. When the SCE is located at a high spot and has no drainage to convey a pipe will not be necessary. Pipe should be sized according to the amount of runoff to be conveyed. A 6" minimum will be required.

5. Location - A stabilized construction entrance shall be located at every point

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE PAGE MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONM
SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE F - 17 - 3 WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATIO

Stone – crushed aggregate (2" to 3") or reclaimed or recycled concrete equivalent shall be placed at least 6" deep over the length and width of the entrance.

1. Length - minimum of 50' (*30' for single residence lot).

*50' MINIMUM LENGTH

OR BETTER CLASS "C"

residence to use geotextile.

STANDARD SYMBOL

SCE

INSPECT ALL SEEDED AREAS AND MAKE NEEDED REPAIRS, REPLACEMENTS AND

DETAIL 22 - SILT FENCE

DRIVEN A MINIMUM OF 16" INTO GROUN

-----SF-----

16" MINIMUM HEIGHT OF

GEOTEXTILE CLASS F

8" MINIMUM DEPTH IN

FENCE POST SECTION

MINIMUM OF 16" INTO

10' MAXIMUM CENTER TO CENTER

FLOW

JOINING TWO ADJACENT SILT

TOP VIEW

PERSPECTIVE VIEW

TO THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF

SECTION

EMBED GEOTEXTILE CLASS F A MINIMUM OF 8" VERTICALLY

Fence posts shall be a minimum of 36" long driven 16" minimum into the ground Wood posts shall be 11/2" x 11/2" square (minimum) cut, or 13/4" diameter (minimum) round and shall be of sound quality hardwood. Steel posts will be standard I or U section weighing not less than 1.00 pond per linear foot.

Sectextile shall be fastened securely to each fence post with wire ties or staples at

. Where ends of geotextile fabric come together, they shall be overlapped, folded

INTO THE GROUND

CONSTRUCTION NOTES FOR FABRICATED SILT FENCE

TOPSOIL SPECIFICATIONS

Topsoil salvaged from the existing site may be used provided that it meets that standards as set forth in these specifications. Typically, the depth of topsoil to be salvaged for a given soil type can be found in the representative soil profile section in the Soil Survey published by USDA-SCS in cooperation with Maryland Agricultural Experimental Station.

Topsoil Specifications - Soil to be used as topsoil must meet the following:

- Topsoil shall be a loam, sandy loam, clay loam, silt loam, sandy clay loam, loamy sand. Other soils may be used if recommended by an agronomist or soil scientist and approved by the appropriate approval authority. Regardless, topsoil shall not be a mixture of contrasting texture subsoils and shall contain less than 5% by volume of cinders, stones, slag, coarse fragments, gravel, sticks, roots, trash, or other materials larger than 1-1/2" in diameter.
- ii. Topsoil must be free of plants or plant parts such as Bermuda grass, quack grass, Johnson grass, nutsedge, poison ivy, thistle, or others as specified
- iii. Where the subsoil is either highly acidic or composed of heavy clays, ground limestone shall be spread at the rate of 4-8 tons/acre (200-400 pounds per 1,000 square feet) prior to the placement of topsoil. Lime shall be distributed uniformly over designated areas and worked into the soil in conjunction with tillage operations is described in the following procedures.
- III. For sites having disturbed areas under 5 acres
- Place topsoil (if required) and apply soil amendments as specified in 20.0 Vegetative Stabilization Section I Vegetative Stabilization Methods and Materials.
- IV. For sites having disturbed areas over 5 acres:
- I. On soil meeting Topsoil specifications, obtain test results dictating fertilizer and ime amendments required to bring the soil into compliance with the following:
- a. pH for topsoil shall be between 6.0 and 7.5. If the tested soil demonstrates a pH of less than 6.0, sufficient lime shall be prescribed to raise the pH to 6.5 or higher.
- b. Organic content or topsoil shall be not less than 1.5 percent by weight.
- c. Topsoil having soluble salt content greater than 500 parts per million shall d. No sod or seed shall be placed on soil which has been treated with soil

sterilants or chemicals used for weed control until sufficient time has elapsed (14 days min.) to permit dissipation of phyto-toxic materials. Note: Topsoil substitutes or amendments, as recommended by a qualified agronomist of soil scientist and approved by the appropriate approval authority, may be used in lieu of

Place topsoil (if required) and apply soil amendments as specified in 20.0 Vegetative Stabilization – Section I – Vegetative Stabilization Methods and Materials.

I. When topsoiling, maintain needed erosion and sediment control practices such

- diversions, grade stabilization structures, earth dikes, slope silt fence and sediment ii. Grades on the areas to be topsoiled, which have been previously established, shall be maintained, albeit 4" — 8" higher in elevation.
- iii. Topsoil shall be uniformly distributed in a 4" 8" layer and lightly compacted to a minimum thickness of 4". Spreading shall be performed in such a manner that sodding or seeding can proceed with a minimum of additional soil preparation and tillage. Any irregularities in the surface resulting from topsoiling or other operations shall be corrected in order to prevent the formation of depressions or water pockets.
- iv. Topsoil shall not be placed while the topsoil or subsoil is in a frozen or muddy condition, when the subsoil is excessively wet or in a condition that may otherwise be detrimental to proper grading and seedbed preparation.
- VI. Alternative for Permanent Seeding Instead of applying the full amounts of lime and commercial fertilizer, composted sludge and amendments may be applied as specified

of 4 lb/1,000 square feet, and 1/3 the normal lime application rate.

STANDARD SYMBOL

⊠ RPS

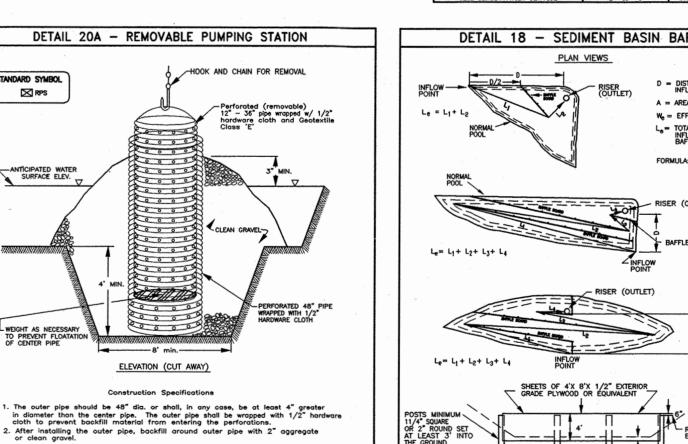
-ANTÎCIPATED WATER SURFACE ELEV.

1. Composted Sludge Material for use as a soil conditioner for sites having distributed areas over 5 acres shall be tested to prescribe amendments and for sites having disturbed areas under 5 acres shall conform to the following requirements: 2. Drive the 2' x 4' construction grade lumber posts 1' into the ground at each corner of the inlet. Place nail strips between the posts on the ends of the inlet. Assemble the top portion of the 2' x 4' frame using the overlap joint shown on Detail 23A. The top of the frame (weir) must be 6' below adjacent roadways where Composted sludge shall be supplied by, or originate from, a person or persons that are permitted (at the time of acquisition of the compost) by the Maryland Department of the Environment under COMAR 26.04.06. flooding and safety issues may arise.

DETAIL 33 - SUPER SILT FENCE

- Composted sludge shall contain at least 1 percent nitroge phosphorus, and 0.2 percent potassium and have a pH of 7.0 to 8.0. compost does not meet these requirements, the appropriate constituents must be added to meet the requirements prior to use.
- the geotextile extending from the top of the frame to 18' below the inlet notch elevation. Fasten the geotextile firmly to the frame. The ends of the geotextile must meet at a post, be overlapped and c. Composted sludge shall be applied at a rate of 1 ton/1,000 square feet.
- Composted sludge shall be amended with a potassium fertilizer applied at the rate layer of earth is level with the notch elevation on the ends and top elevation on the sides. References: Guidelines Specifications, Soil Preparation and Sodding. MD—VA, Pub. #1, Cooperative Extension Service, University of Maryland and Virginia Polytechnic Institutes, Revised 1973. If the inlet is not in a sump, construct a compacted earth dike across the ditch line directly below it. The top of the earth dike should be at least 6' higher than the top of the frame.

 The structure must be inspected periodically and after each rain and the geotextile replaced when it becomes clogged. PAGE MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT E - 16 - 5 VATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION



DETAIL 18 - SEDIMENT BASIN BAFFLES D = DISTANCE BETWEEN INFLOW AND OUTFLOW A = AREA OF NORMAL POOL W. = EFFECTIVE WIDTH = A/0 FORMULA: Le ≥ 2 - RISER (OUTLET)

SUPER SILT FENCE

The inside stand pipe (center pipe) should be constructed by perforating a corrugated or PVC pipe between 12" and 36" in diameter. The perforations sho be 1/2" X 6" slits or 1" diameter holes 6" on center. The center pipe shall be wrapped with 1/2" hardware cloth first, then wrapped again with Geotextile Class The center pipe should extend 12" to 18" above the anticipated water surface elevation or riser crest elevation when dewatering a basin. U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE PAGE MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONM SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE D - 12 - 5 WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATIO

CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS Fencing shall be 42" in height and constructed in accordance with the latest Maryland State Highway Details for Chain Link Fencing. The specification for a 6' fence shall be used, substituting 42" fabric and 6' length posts. 10' MAXIMUM Chain link fence shall be fastened securely to the fence posts with wire ties. The lower tension wire, brace and truss rods, drive anchors and post caps are not required except on the ends of the fence. Filter cloth shall be fastened securely to the chain link fence with ties spaced ever 24" at the top and mid section. Filter cloth shall be embedded a minimum of 8" into the ground. 5. When two sections of filter cloth adjoin each other, they shall be overlapped by 6" and folded Maintenance shall be performed as needed and silt buildups removed when "bulges develop in the silt fence, or when silt reaches 50% of fence height FLOW FLOW Filter cloth shall be fastened securely to each fence post with wire ties or staples a top and mid section and shall meet the following requirements for Geotextile Class STANDARD SYMBOL PERSPECTIVE VIEW _2~1'/'2~" Dia. GALVANIZED OR ALUMINUM FENCE POST -----SSF------CHAIN LINK FENCE -SUPER SILT FENCE DESIGN CRITERIA Silt Fence Length FLOW Unlimited Unlimited 10:1 - 5:1 200 feet 1,500 fee EMBED FILTER CLOTH MIN. 8" INTO GROUND 1,000 feet 5:1 - 3:1 100 feet 100 feet 50% + SECTION

30.0 DUST CONTROL

Controlling dust blowing and movement on construction sites and road

To prevent blowing and movement of dust from exposed soil surfaces, reduce on and off-site

image, health hazards, and improve traffic safety. Conditions Where Practice Applies

This practice is applicable to areas subject to dust blowing and movement where on and off-site damage is likely without treatment. Specifications

Temporary Methods 1. Mulches — See standards for vegetative stabilization with mulches only. Mulch should be crimped or tracked to prevent blowing.

- 2. Vegetative Cover See standards for temporary vegetative cove
- 3. Tillage To roughen surface and bring clods to the surface. This is an emergency measure which should be used before soil blowing starts. Begin plowing on windward side of site. Chisel-type plows spaced about 12" apart, spring-toothed harrows, and similiar plows are examples of equipment which may produce the desired effect
- Irrigation This is generally done as an emergency treatment. Site is sprinkled with water until the surface is moist. Repeat as needed. At no time should the site be irrigated to the point that runoff begins to flow. (DAY 82-112)
- Barriers Solid board fences, silt fences, snow fences, burlap fences, straw bales, and similiar material can be used to control air currents and soil blowing. Barriers placed at right angles to prevailing currents at intervals of about 10 times their height are effective in controlling soil blowing.
- 6. Calcium Chloride Apply at rates that will keep surface moist. May need retreatment Permanent Methods

 1. Permanent Vegetation — See standards for permanent vegetative cover, and permanent
- stabilization with sod. Existing trees or large shrubs may afford valuable protection if 2. Topsoiling - Covering with less erosive soil materials. See standards for topsoiling.
- 3. Stone Cover surface with crushed stone or coarse gravel.

EDGE OF ROADWAY OR TO OF EARTH DIKE

STANDARD SYMBOL

[] 21P

Agriculture Handbook 346. Wind Erosion Forces in the United States and Their Use

DETAIL 23A - STANDARD INLET PROTECTION

2' X 4' FRAMING

WIRE MESH

EXTILE CLASS E

TOP ELEVATION

-NOTCH ELEVATION

NAILING &

FLOV

Construction Specifications

3. Stretch the 1/2' x 1/2' wire mesh tightly around the frame and fasten securely. The ends must meet and overlap at a

4. Stretch the Geotextile Class E tightly over the wire mesh with

1. Excavate completely around the inlet to a depth of 18' below the

FROM ENTIRE SITE. (DAY 148-153) 2. Agriculture Information Bulletin 354. How to Control Wind Erosion, USDA-ARS.

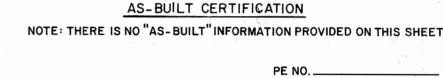
SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION

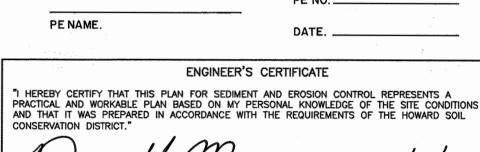
NOTIFY SEDIMENT CONTROL DIVISION 48 HOURS PRIOR TO START OF CONSTRUCTION

1. OBTAIN GRADING PERMIT. (DAY 1)

PHASE 1

- 2. INSTALL STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE TREE PROTECTION FENCES, SUPER SILT FENCES, SILT FENCES. (DAY 2-12)
- 3. INSTALL SEDIMENT BASINS. (DAY 13-60)
- 4. INSTALL ANY REMAINING SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES. (DAY 61-63)
- 5. UPON APPROVAL OF THE HOWARD COUNTY SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR, BRING ROAD BEDS TO SUBGRADE AND STABILIZE SLOPES IN ACCORDANCE WITH TEMPORARY SEEDBED NOTES. UTILIZE DUST CONTROL METHODS. (DAY 64-81)
- 6. UPON APPROVAL OF THE HOWARD COUNTY SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR, INSTALL REMAINING STORM DRAINS. THE SWALES ABOVE I-5 AND I-16 SHALL NOT BE INSTALLED UNTIL THE CONTRIBUTING DRAINAGE AREA HAS BEEN PERMANENTLY STABILIZED.
- 7. PAVE ROADWAYS. (DAY 113-128)
- 8. COMPLETE GRADING OF SITE AND STABLIZE DISTURBED AREAS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PERMANENT SEEDBED NOTES. (DAY 129-144)
- 9. UPON APPROVAL OF THE HOWARD COUNTY SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR, INSTALL THE SWALES ABOVE 1-5 AND 1-16. (DAY 145-147)
- 10 UPON APPROVAL OF THE HOWARD COUNTY SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR, CONVERT SEDIMENT BASINS TO STORMWATER MANAGEMENT FACILITIES. SHAPE FACILITIES PER FINAL GRADES SHOWN ON THE PLANS AND STABILIZE DISTURBED AREAS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PERMANENT SEEDBED NOTES. CONTRACTOR SHALL REMOVE ALL OLD AND NEW TRASH, JUNK AND DEBRIS
- 11. UPON APPROVAL OF THE HOWARD COUNTY SEDIMENT CONTROL INSPECTOR, REMOVE REMAINING SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES, AND STABILIZED DISTURBED AREAS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PERMANENT SEEDBED NOTES(DAY 154-161)





DEVELOPER'S CERTIFICATE I/WE CERTIFY THAT ALL DEVELOPMENT AND CONSTRUCTION WILL BE DONE ACCORDING TO THIS PLAN OF DEVELOPMENT FOR SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL, AND THAT ALL RESPONSIBLE PERSONNEL VOLVED IN THE CONSTRUCTION PROJECT WILL HAVE A CERTIFICATE OF ATTENDANCE AT A DEPARTMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT APPROVED TRAINING PROGRAM FOR THE CONTROL OF SEDIMENT

IND EROSION BEFORE BEGINNING THE PROJECT. I ALSO AUTHORIZE PERIODIC ON-SITE INSPECTION BY THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT." 26 April 200 DEVELOPER: DAVE THOMPSON

REVIEWED FOR HOWARD SOO AND NOTETS TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS USE 2"x4" LUMBER FOR CROSS BRACING

THIS DEVELOPMENT PLAN IS APPROVED FOR SOIL FROSION

Willin I. Malu 4-13-06

APPROVED: DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING

REVISION

CHIEF, DIVISION OF LAND DEVELOPMENT 4/20/00

8-9-2021 NAS-BUILT" SET 6-13-2007 REVISE TITLE TO REFLECT NEBP 'J' 4-24-2007 REVISE SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION, OWNER INFO & SUBDIVISION NAME

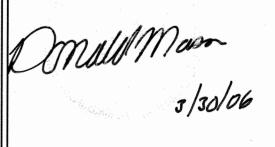
CHIEF, DEVELOPMENT ENGINEERING DIVISION

BENCHMARK ENGINEERS A LAND SURVEYORS A PLANNERS

ENGINEERING, INC. 8480 BALTIMORE NATIONAL PIKE ▲ SUITE 418 ELLICOTT CITY, MARYLAND 21043 phone: 410-465-6105 ▲ fax: 410-465-6644 email: Benchmrk@cais.com

CHECK: DAM

SCALE:



OWNER / DEVELOPER:

DAYTON OAKS, LLC

6300 WOODSIDE COURT

COLUMBIA, MARYLAND 21046

DESIGN: DBT DRAFT: DBT

TREE PROTECTION FENCE

ANCHOR POSTS MUST BE
INSTALLED TO A DEPTH OF
NO LESS THAN 1/3 OF
THE TOTAL HEIGHT OF THE POST.

ANCHOR POSTS MUST BE
USE 8" WIRE "U"
TO SECURE FENCE
BOTTOM

FOREST PROTECTION DEVICE ONLY.
 RETENTION AREA WILL BE SET AS PART OF THE REVIEW PROCESS.
 BOUNDARIES OF RETENTION AREA SHOULD BE STAKED AND FLAGGED.

PRIOR TO INSTALLING DEVICES.

4. AVOID ROOT DAMAGE WHEN PLACING ANCHOR POSTS.

5. DEVICE SHOULD BE PROPERLY MAINTAINED DURING CONSTRUCTION

6. PROTECTIVE SIGNAGE IS ALSO REQUIRED.

DATE

NO.

TH HIGHLY VISIBLE FLAGGING

BLAZE ORANGE PLASTIC MESH

T ANCHOR POSTS SHOULD BE MIN. 2" STEEL "U" CHANNEL

NOTES:

OR 2"x2" TIMBER, 6"IN LENGTH

THE PRESERVE AT CLARKSVILLE LOTS 1 thru 32, BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCEL 'A' NON-BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCELS 'B' thru 'G' NON-BUILDABLE BULK PARCELS 'H' thru'J'

TAX MAP: 34, GRID: 11, 12, 17 & 18
PARCEL: 77
FIFTH ELECTION DISTRICT HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL DETAILS APRIL, 2006 PROJECT NO. 1407

> AS SHOWN SHEET 12 OF 24 F-05-72

P:\1407 Palmer\dwg\7023s12.dwg, 3/29/2006 5:48:08 PN

TOP OF DAM

TRASH RACK DEVICE

TOP OF DAM

LIMIT OF DRY STORAGE
LIMIT OF WET STORAGE

PERMANENT POOL ELEVATION

