

buffers has been avoided.

existing 18 feet to 12 feet.

Maintenance of Natural Flow Patterns

Reduction of Impervious Areas

Specimen Tree #2.

Integration of Erosion & Sediment Controls into SWM Strategy

A stabilized construction entrance will ensure that any construction equipment does not track mud onto public roads. Silt fence will be installed on downstream side of the limit of disturbance to trap any sediment-laden runoff during construction.

= <u>3.1137</u> Acres

= 0.18 _Acres

= 0.57 Acres

Practice

Rooftop Disconnection - B

Rooftop Disconnection - C

Rooftop Disconnection - D

Rooftop Disconnection - E

Rooftop Disconnection - G

Rooftop Disconnection - H

Rooftop Disconnection - I

Non-rooftop Disconnection Non-rooftop Disconnection

Rain Barrel-A

Rain Barrel-F

0.75__Acres

To be balanced onsite

To be balanced onsite

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT SUMMARY TABLE

Front of House

Front of House

Front of House

Back of House

Back of House

Back of House

Walkway

North side of House

Back of House

Total Impervious Area requiring treatment = 8,019 square feet

Total Impervious Area treated = 8,019 square feet

Impervious Area Treated

492 ft

518 ft²

486 ft²

516 ft²

283 ft²

333 ft²

3,833 ft²

330 ft²

435 ft²

Implementation of ESD Planning Techniques and Practices The following is an overview of applicability for stormwater ESD practices

Alternative Surfaces: ESD practice includes green roofs, permeable pavements, and reinforced turf. Green roofs were not applied due to the relative high cost of the system for a residential structure. Permeable pavements such as porous pavement and concrete pavers were not used due to on-site "C" soil type. Reinforced turf has not been used, since frequent vehicle movement is expected

on the driveway. Nonstructural Practices: ESD practice involves directing flow from impervious areas onto vegetated areas where it can soak into or filter over ground instead of being connected to storm drain system. Disconnection of Rooftop Runoff (N-1) has been applied to treat runoff from most of the rooftop area, providing overland flow not steeper than 5%. Disconnection of non-rooftop runoff (N-2) is being applied for the driveway and walkway, which are sloped not more than 5%, to facilitate natural treatment and infiltration of rainwater into the ground. Sheetflow to Conservation Areas (N-3) is not applicable since there are no preserved

Structural Micro-Scale Practices: Rainwater Harvesting (M-1) will be used to treat runoff from the remaining rooftop downspouts. These downspouts are unable to be disconnected for sufficient length to be eligible as N-1 practices.

Waiver to Environmental Regulations

environmental areas downstream of outfall.

considered for this project.

A waiver petition in support of ECP-14-020, for construction of a single family was approved by the County on February 20, 2014. The approved waivers were to the following Sections of the Subdivision and Land Development Regulations:

Section 16.116 (a) (2) (iii), which states that "Grading, removal of vegetative cover and trees, paving and new structures shall not be permitted within 100 feet of a perennial streambank for use III & IV streams; and

Section 16.1205 (a) (10), which requires retention of specimen trees (30" dbh or greater) that are not contained within other priority forest retention areas as outlined in Section 16.1205(a)(1-9).

CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS

PLACE STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE APPROVED PLAN. VEHICLES MUST TRAVEL OVER THE ENTIRE LENGTH OF THE SCE. USE MINIMUM LENGTH OF 50 FEET (*30 FEET FOR SINGLE RESIDENCE LOT). USE MINIMUM WIDTH OF 10 FEET. FLARE SCE 10 FEET MINIMUM AT THE EXISTING ROAD TO PROVIDE A TURNING RADIUS.

PLAN VIEW

PROFILE

50 FT MIN.

STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION

ENTRANCE

PIPE ALL SURFACE WATER FLOWING TO OR DIVERTED TOWARD THE SCE UNDER THE ENTRANCE, MAINTAINING POSITIVE DRAINAGE. PROTECT PIPE INSTALLED THROUGH THE SCE WITH A MOUNTABLE BERM WITH 5:1 SLOPES AND A MINIMUM OF 12 INCHES OF STONE OVER THE PIPE. PROVIDE PIPE AS SPECIFIED ON APPROVED PLAN. WHEN THE SCE IS LOCATED AT A HIGH SPOT AND HAS NO DRAINAGE TO CONVEY, A PIPE IS NOT NECESSARY. A MOUNTABLE BERM IS REQUIRED WHEN SCE IS NOT LOCATED AT A HIGH SPOT.

PREPARE SUBGRADE AND PLACE NONWOVEN GEOTEXTILE, AS SPECIFIED IN SECTION H-1 MATERIALS. PLACE CRUSHED AGGREGATE (2 TO 3 INCHES IN SIZE) OR EQUIVALENT RECYCLED CONCRETE

(WITHOUT REBAR) AT LEAST 6 INCHES DEEP OVER THE LENGTH AND WIDTH OF THE SCE.

MAINTAIN ENTRANCE IN A CONDITION THAT MINIMIZES TRACKING OF SEDIMENT. ADD STONE OR MAKE OTHER REPAIRS AS CONDITIONS DEMAND TO MAINTAIN CLEAN SURFACE, MOUNTABLE BERM, AND SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS. IMMEDIATELY REMOVE STONE AND/OR SEDIMENT SPILLED, DROPPED, OR TRACKED ONTO ADJACENT ROADWAY BY VACUUMING, SCRAPING, AND/OR SWEEPING. WASHING ROADWAY TO REMOVE MUD TRACKED ONTO PAVEMENT IS NOT ACCEPTABLE UNLESS WASH WATER IS DIRECTED TO AN APPROVED SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICE.

DETAIL E-3 SUPER SILT FENCE SSF---GALVANIZED CHAIN LINK FENCE WITH WOVEN SLIT FILM GEOTEXTILE **ELEVATION** WOVEN SLIT FILM GEOTEXTILE-CROSS SECTION CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS

INSTALL 2% INCH DIAMETER GALVANIZED STEEL POSTS OF 0.095 INCH WALL THICKNESS AND SIX FOO LENGTH SPACED NO FURTHER THAN 10 FEET APART. DRIVE THE POSTS A MINIMUM OF 38 INCHES

FASTEN 9 GAUGE OR HEAVIER GALVANIZED CHAIN LINK FENCE (2% INCH MAXIMUM OPENING) 42 INCHES IN HEIGHT SECURELY TO THE FENCE POSTS WITH WIRE TIES OR HUG RINGS.

FASTEN WOVEN SLIT FILM GEOTEXTILE AS SPECIFIED IN SECTION H-1 MATERIALS, SECURELY TO THE UPSLOPE SIDE OF CHAIN LINK FENCE WITH TIES SPACED EVERY 24 INCHES AT THE TOP AND MID SECTION. EMBED GEOTEXTILE AND CHAIN LINK FENCE A MINIMUM OF 8 INCHES INTO THE GROUND.

WHERE ENDS OF THE GEOTEXTILE COME TOGETHER, THE ENDS SHALL BE OVERLAPPED BY 6 INCHES, FOLDED, AND STAPLED TO PREVENT SEDIMENT BY PASS.

EXTEND BOTH ENDS OF THE SUPER SILT FENCE A MINIMUM OF FIVE HORIZONTAL FEET UPSLOPE AT 45 DEGREES TO THE MAIN FENCE ALIGNMENT TO PREVENT RUNOFF FROM GOING AROUND THE ENDS

PROVIDE MANUFACTURER CERTIFICATION TO THE INSPECTION/ENFORCEMENT AUTHORITY SHOWING THAT

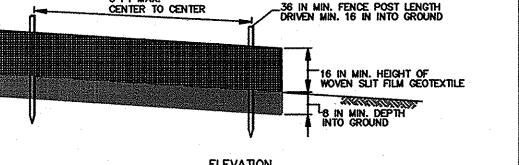
REMOVE ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT AND DEBRIS WHEN BULGES DEVELOP IN FENCE OR WHEN SEDIMENT REACHES 25% OF FENCE HEIGHT. REPLACE GEOTEXTILE IF TORN, IF UNDERMINING OCCURS, REINSTALL

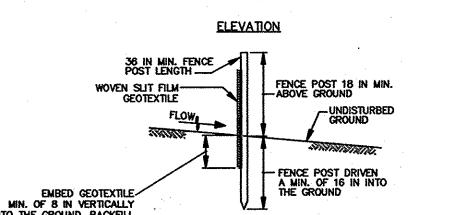
MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL				MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL				
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE TURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE	2011	MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION		U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE		2011	MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMEN WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION	
DETAIL E-1	SILT FENCE		STANDARD SYMBOL		DETAIL E-1	SILT FENCE		STANDARD SYMBOL
6 FT MAX. CENTER TO CENTER 36 IN MIN. FENCE POST LENGTH DRIVEN MIN 16 IN INTO CROWN				CONSTRUCTION	SPECIFICATIONS	2		

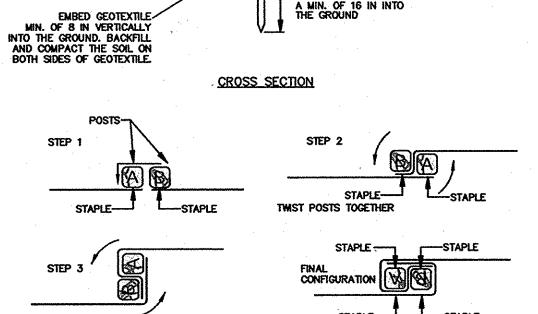
- EXCE

- EXISTING PAVEMENT

PIPE (SEE NOTE 6)







USE WOOD POSTS $1\frac{1}{4}$ X $1\frac{1}{4}$ \pm $\frac{1}{6}$ Inch (Minimum) square cut of sound quality hardwood. As an alternative to wooden post use standard "t" or "u" section steel posts weighing no USE 36 INCH MINIMUM POSTS DRIVEN 16 INCH MINIMUM INTO GROUND NO MORE THAN 6 FEET APART.

USE WOVEN SLIT FILM GEOTEXTILE AS SPECIFIED IN SECTION H-1 MATERIALS AND FASTEN GEOTEXTILE SECURELY TO UPSLOPE SIDE OF FENCE POSTS WITH WIRE TIES OR STAPLES AT TOP AND PROVIDE MANUFACTURER CERTIFICATION TO THE AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE OF THE INSPECTION/ENFORCEMENT AUTHORITY SHOWING THAT THE GEOTEXTILE USED MEETS THE

EMBED GEOTEXTILE A MINIMUM OF 8 INCHES VERTICALLY INTO THE GROUND. BACKFILL AND COMPACT HE SOIL ON BOTH SIDES OF FABRIC.

WHERE TWO SECTIONS OF GEOTEXTILE ADJOIN: OVERLAP, TWIST, AND STAPLE TO POST IN

EXTEND BOTH ENDS OF THE SILT FENCE A MINIMUM OF FIVE HORIZONTAL FEET UPSLOPE AT 45 DEGREES TO THE MAIN FENCE ALIGNMENT TO PREVENT RUNOFF FROM GOING AROUND THE ENDS OF THE SILT FENCE.

REMOVE ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT AND DEBRIS WHEN BULGES DEVELOP IN SILT FENCE OR WHEN SEDIMENT REACHES 25% OF FENCE HEIGHT. REPLACE GEOTEXTILE IF TORN. IF UNDERMINING OCCURS, REINSTALL FENCE.

MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

STEP 1 STEP 3 JOINING TWO ADJACENT SILT FENCE SECTIONS (TOP VIEW)

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE DISCONNECTION OF ROOFTOP RUNOFF (N-1), **DISCONNECTION OF NON-ROOFTOP RUNOFF (N-2)**

a. Maintenance of areas receiving disconnected runoff is generally no different than that required for other lawn or landscaped areas. The Owner shall ensure the areas receiving runoff are protected from future compaction or development of impervious area. In commercial areas, foot traffic should be discouraged as

MARYLAND STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

a. The Owner shall empty barrels on a monthly basis and clean barrel with a hose.

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE

b. The Owner shall verify integrity of leaf screens, gutters, downspouts, spigots, and mosquito screens, and clean and

remove any debris. c. The Owner shall replace damaged components as needed.

d. The Owner shall disconnect the barrel prior to winter, or allow

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE FOR

RAINWATER HARVESTING (M-1)

the barrel to drain by bottom spigot during the winter season.

ECP #14-020

SHEET: 2 OF 2

MARYLAND DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMEN WATER MANAGEMENT ADMINISTRATION



Stormwater management at the proposed development will be addressed by

possible (MEP), in accordance with the revised Maryland Department of the

Environment (MDE) Stormwater Design Manual Chapter 5.

defined as a hot spot.

(Route 1 or Route 40 Corridor).

Natural Resources Protection and Enhancement

implementing Environmental Site Design (ESD) practices to the maximum extent

The proposed development is not within any Critical Areas per Appendix D.4, nor

is this a redevelopment project, or a commercial/industrial project. This site is not

Environmental Site Design (ESD) will be achieved for the project by non-structural

and structural ESD practices. These include Disconnection of Rooftop Runoff

The property is currently developed with a two-story house near the front of the

within the lawn. The old residential structure will be replaced with a new, two-story

property, associated lawn area, and an 18-foot wide gravel driveway. The lawn

house of approximately 3,856 square feet in area. The existing driveway will be

replaced with a new 12-foot wide driveway according to the County Standards.

The property is currently serviced by public water and a private septic system.

The property is not subject to Historic District Commission requirements. The

District. Furthermore, the property is not subject to Design Advisory Panel review

property does not lie within the BWI Airport Noise Zone or the Airport Zoning

The rear of the property contains a brushy edge that transitions into a Tulip

Poplar-dominated forest, approximately 1.28 acres in area. Eight specimen trees

were identified on site, from fair to good condition. The overall community which

extends offsite includes a more diverse mixed Oak/Poplar community. A small

wetland/stream system is present in the southeastern corner of the property. This

system extends onto the subject property from the adjacent property. The 25-foot

buffer from the wetland is maintained as mowed lawn. The stream channel cuts

stream channel have received sediment deposition and the channel is disturbed.

The wetland/stream system drains to the Little Patuxent and is part of the Use

across the corner of the site and runs through the wetlands. Portions of the

IV-P watershed. The stream is subject to a 100-foot perennial stream buffer.

area surrounds the home, and several outbuildings and gardens are present

(N-1), Disconnection of Non-rooftop Runoff (N-2), and Rainwater Harvesting

LANNERS DULY LICENSED 3300 NORTH RIDGE ROAD

THESE DOCUMENTS WE PREPARED OR APPROV UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND. LICENSE # 8818, EXPIRATION DATE: 10/17/2014

Kevin Son

DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING

ENGINEER'S CERTIFICATE I certify that this plan for erosion and sediment control represents a practical and workable plan based on my personal knowledge of the site conditions and that it was prepared in accordance with the requirements

orhard

DEVELOPER'S CERTIFICATE

I/We certify that all development and construction will be done according to this plan, and that any responsible personnel involved in the construction project will have a Certificate of Attendance at MD Department of the Environment Approved Training Program for the Control of Sediment and Erosion before beginning the project. I also authorize periodic on-site inspection by the Howard Soil Conservation District

ECP NOTES & DETAILS

SON PROPERTY 2830 MARRIOTTSVILLE ROAD RECORDED IN LIBER 14790, FOLIO 473 3rd ELECTION DIST. HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND ZONING RC-DEO TAX MAP - 16 GRID - 16 PARCEL - 47

JOB NO.: 13111 **DATE: APRIL 2, 2014** SCALE: 1" = 40'

PHONE: (410) 203-9800 Fax: (410) 203-9228

BY ME, AND THAT I AM 🛍 🏚 🛭 PROFESSIONAL ENGINE CO. ELLICOTT CITY, MD 21043

house and driveway is anticipated to cause disturbance of approximately 10,200

square feet of stream buffer area. This disturbance will be caused by demolition

activity, grading, and new paving within the 100' stream buffer. The disturbance

structure within the buffer. Any disturbance within the non-tidal wetlands and its

The proposed development will REDUCE total impervious area within the stream

positive impact will be brought about by removing the old house which currently is

The construction activity will also cause removal of one specimen tree (#2). In an attempt to locating the house as far away from the stream buffer as possible, the

limit of disturbance will unavoidably extend into the Critical Root Zone (CRZ) of

Natural topography of the site exhibits runoff flowing eastward towards

Marriottsville Road. Approximately half of the site flows into a wetland stream

system located at the south-east corner, which in turn drains to a culvert that

patterns on site. Minimal grading will be performed to preserve the hydrologic

characteristics of the land to its pre-development stage. The post-developed

drainage patterns very closely mimic the existing hydrology. All runoff from

The house footprint has been minimized by proposing a 2-story house with

influenced the location of the house in the wider portion of the property.

minimum extent possible, in order to reduce total impervious area on site.

areas, before being conveyed to the ultimate discharge points.

passes under Marriottsville Road. The proposed design maintains the natural flow

proposed impervious areas and from treatment facilities flow directly onto grassed

basement rather than a rancher-style design. The proposed driveway width will be

12'. To reduce the limit of disturbance to a minimum, the new house is sited in the

kept to the minimum allowed by the County, and reduced from the current 18' to

front portion of the property. The extremely long and narrow shape of the parcel

Advantage was also taken of using the existing driveway and extending it to a

partially located within the buffer, and reducing the total width of driveway from

will NOT involve removal of vegetative cover or trees, or construction of a

buffers from 4.815 square feet to 2.925 square feet - a 40% reduction. This

OWNER/DEVELOPER 2830 Marriottsville Road Marriottsville, MD 21104 (240) 731-0792