GENERAL NOTES

- 1. THE PROJECT IS IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE LATEST HOWARD COUNTY STANDARDS UNLESS WAIVERS HAVE BEEN APPROVED.
- THE SUBJECT PROPERTY IS ZONED RR-DEO IN ACCORDANCE WITH 02/02/04 COMPREHENSIVE ZONING.
- PROPERTY OUTLINE SHOWN HERE ON IS IN ACCORDANCE WITH DEED AND PLATS AND IS NOT BASED ON A FIELD RUN BOUNDARY
- 4. TOPOGRAPHY SHOWN HEREON IS OBTAINED FROM CURRENT HOWARD COUNTY GIS DATA
- 5. SOIL TYPES SHOWN HEREON ARE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE WEB SOIL SURVEY, HOWARD COUNTY MARYLAND
- THE COORDINATES SHOWN HEREON ARE BASED UPON THE HOWARD COUNTY GEODETIC CONTROL WHICH IS BASED UPON THE MARYLAND STATE PLANE COORDINATE SYSTEM. HOWARD COUNTY MONUMENT NOS. 30CC AND 31AC WERE USED FOR THIS
- NO GRADING, REMOVAL OF VEGETATIVE COVER OR TREES, PAVING AND NEW STRUCTURES SHALL BE PERMITTED WITHIN THE REQUIRED WETLANDS, STREAM(S) OR THEIR BUFFERS, FOREST CONSERVATION EASEMENT AREAS AND 100-YEAR FLOODPLAIN.
- 8. THIS PROPERTY IS NOT LOCATED WITHIN THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT.
- 9. WATER FOR THIS PROJECT IS PRIVATE WELLS.
- 10. SEWER FOR THIS PROJECT IS PRIVATE SEPTIC SYSTEMS.
- 11. PREVIOUSLY PLATTED FLOODPLAIN ON EXISTING LOT 29 KOANDAH GARDENS ESTATES (PLAT # 15371), IS SHOWN HEREON. NO DISTURBANCE IS PROPOSED.
- 12. NO STEEP SLOPES OVER 20,000 SF CONTIGUOUS ARE LOCATED ONSITE.
- 13. FOREST CONSERVATION OBLIGATIONS FOR THIS PROJECT SHALL BE ADDRESSED BY A FOREST CONSERVATION PLAN SUBMITTED
- 14. WETLANDS AND STREAMS SHOWN HEREON ARE BASED ON DELINEATION BY MCCARTHY & ASSOCIATES, INC. DATED 2/28/2012,
- 15. IF REQUIRED, GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATIONS SHALL COMPLETED AS PART OF THE SUBDIVISION PLAN PACKAGE.
- 16. A FOREST STAND DELINEATION WAS PREPARED BY MCCARTHY & ASSOCIATES, INC. DATED FEBRUARY 2012.
- 17. HIGHLAND ROAD IS CLASSIFIED AS A MAJOR COLLECTOR. THE PROPOSED ACCESS POINTS ARE LIMITED TO EXISTING DRIVEWAY LOCATIONS TO BE UPGRADEAD TO MEET USE-IN-COMMON SPECIFICATIONS.

DRIVEWAY(S) SHALL BE PROVIDED PRIOR TO RESIDENTIAL OCCUPANCY TO INSURE SAFE ACCESS FOR FIRE AND EMERGENCY VEHICLES PER THE FOLLOWING MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS

- WIDTH- 12 FEET (16 FEET SERVING MORE THAN ONE RESIDENCE).
- SURFACE 6 INCHES OF COMPACTED CRUSHER RUN BASE WITH TAR AND CLIP COATING.
- GEOMETRY MAXIMUM 15% GRADE, MAXIMUM 10% CHANGE AND MINIMUM OF 45-FOOT DEPTH TURNING RADIUS. STRUCTURES (CULVERT/BRIDGES) - CAPABLE OF SUPPORTING 25 GROSS TONS (H25 LOADING).
- DRAINAGE ELEMENTS-CAPABLE OF SAFELY PASSING 100-YEAR FLOOD WITH NO MORE THAN 1 FOOT DEPTH OVER
- STRUCTURE CLEARANCES-MINIMUM 12 FEET. G) MAINTENANCE - SUFFICIENT TO INSURE ALL WEATHER USE.
- 18. THE PROPOSED SUBDIVISION AND RELATED CONSTRUCTION WILL NOT AFFECT ENVIRONMENTAL FEATURES OR BUFFERS.
- 19. TO THE BEST OF THE OWNERS KNOWLEDGE, THERE ARE NO BURIAL GROUNDS OR CEMETERIES LOCATED ON THIS PROPERTY.
- 20. THE EXISTING HOUSE, #13032, IS MHT #20 ON THE HOWARD COUNTY REGISTER; KNOWN AS HICKORY RIDGE, STAT AREA 5-4 KEY RANKING, MHT EASEMENT 6/9/77. AS STATED WITHIN LIBER 827 FOLIO 215, "GRANTOR MAY CAUSE CONSTRUCTION OF NO MORE THAN 5 ADDITIONAL SINGLE FAMILY RESIDENTIAL HOUSES..."
- 21. DUE TO HOWARD COUNTY HEALTH DEPARTMENT SETBACK REQUIREMENTS FOR STORMWATER MANAGEMENT STRUCTURES, STORMWATER MANAGEMENT FOR THE PROJECT IS PROVIDED BY THE USE OF NON STRUCTURAL PRACTICES (DISCONNECTION OF ROOFTOP RUNOFF & DISCONNECTION OF NON-ROOFTOP RUNOFF) AND ALTERNATIVE SURFACES (PERMEABLE SURFACES) IN ACCORDANCE WITH ENVIRONMENTAL SITE DESIGN CRITERIA. THE PERMEABLE SURFACES FACILITIES WILL BE PRIVATELY OWNED
- 22. APPROVAL OF THIS ENVIRONMENTAL CONCEPT PLAN (ECP) DOES NOT CONSTITUTE AN APPROVAL OF ANY SUBSEQUENT AND ASSOCIATED SUBDIVISION PLAN/PLAT AND/OR SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN AND/OR RED-LINE REVISION PLAN. REVIEW OF THIS PROJECT FOR COMPLIANCE WITH THE HOWARD COUNTY SUBDIVISION AND LAND DEVELOPMENT REGULATIONS AND THE HOWARD COUNTY ZONING REGULATIONS SHALL OCCUR AT THE SUBDIVISION PLAN/PLAT AND/OR SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN AND/OR RED-LINE REVISION PROCESS. THE APPLICANT AND CONSULTANT SHOULD EXPECT ADDITIONAL AND MORE DETAILED REVIEW COMMENTS (INCLUDING COMMENTS THAT MAY ALTER THE OVERALL SITE DESIGN) AS THIS PROJECT PROGRESSES THROUGH THE PLAN REVIEW PROCESS.
- 23. APPROVAL OF THIS ENVIRONMENTAL CONCEPT PLAN (ECP) BY THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT DOES NOT GRANT APPROVAL OF THE SHOWN SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN.
- 24. THERE ARE NO STATE CHAMPION TREES ON THE PROJECT SITE, SPECIMEN TREE # 15 IS 75% OF THE CURRENT
- 25. IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE WILDLIFE & HERITAGE SERVICE, THERE ARE NO STATE OR FEDERAL RECORDS FOR RARE, THREATENED OR ENDANGERED SPECIES WITHIN THE BOUNDARIES OF THE PROJECT SITE AS DELINEATED.

ENVIRONMENTAL SITE DESIGN NARRATIVE:

IN ACCORDANCE WITH CHECKLIST ITEM III.K.

- THE NATURAL AREAS ON THIS PROJECT ARE LOCATED IN THE EASTERNMOST PORTION OF THE SITE NO DISTURBANCE TO THE NATURAL AREAS, PONDS, STREAMS, STREAM BUFFER, WETLAND AND WETLAND BUFFER RESOURCES IS PROPOSED.
- NO DRAMATIC DISTURBANCE TO THE NATURAL DRAINAGE PATTERNS ARE PROPOSED, PLEASE REFER TO THE PROPOSED GRADING, SHEETS 3 & 4. THE PROJECT INTENT, 1 ACRE + LOTS & USE-IN-COMMON DRIVEWAY CONSTRUCTION, SHALL BALANCE ON A LOT BY LOT BASIS WITHOUT ALTERING NATURAL FLOW
- 3. THE CONCEPTUAL REDUCTION IN IMPERVIOUS AREA THROUGH BETTER SITE DESIGN IS ACHIEVED THROUGH THE ENVIRONMENTAL SITE DESIGN (ESD) FOR THE PROJECT. THE ESD CONCEPT DUE TO HOWARD COUNTY HEALTH DEPARTMENT SETBACK REQUIREMENTS FOR STORMWATER MANAGEMENT STRUCTURES, INCLUDES THE USE OF NON STRUCTURAL PRACTICES (DISCONNECTION OF ROOFTOP RUNOFF & DISCONNECTION OF NON-ROOFTOP RUNOFF) AND ALTERNATIVE SURFACES (PERMEABLE SURFACES), MICROBIORETENTION AND RAIN BARRELS. THE MICROBIORETENTION, PERMEABLE SURFACE AND RAIN BARREL FACILITIES WILL BE PRIVATELY OWNED AND MAINTAINED.
- SEDIMENT CONTROL FOR THIS SPECIFIC SITE PLAN WILL BE PROVIDED THROUGH THE USE PERIMETER CONTROLS (SILT & SUPER SILT FENCE)ON A LOT BY LOT BASIS AS INDIVIDUAL HOUSE CONSTRUCTION PROGRESSES. SEDIMENT CONTROL SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH CURRENT REQUIREMENTS AND SHALL BE APPROVED BY THE HOWARD SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT.
- STORMWATER MANAGEMENT FOR THE PROJECT SHALL BE MET THROUGH THE USE OF PERMEABLE SURFACES, DISCONNECTION OF ROOFTOP RUNOFF BY PARTIAL OR FULL 75 FOOT DISCONNECTION LENGTH, RAIN BARRELS, MICRO BIORETENTION AND IN AREAS WHERE EXISTING DRIVEWAYS ARE TO BE MODIFIED TO PROVIDE THE REQUIRED USE-IN-COMMON DRIVEWAY 16 FOOT WIDTH, DISCONNECTION

THE RESULTS OF THIS ENVIRONMENTAL SITE DESIGN FOR THIS PROJECT WILL REFLECT "WOODS IN GOOD CONDITION". Pr VALUE FOR THIS PROJECT IS 1.0"

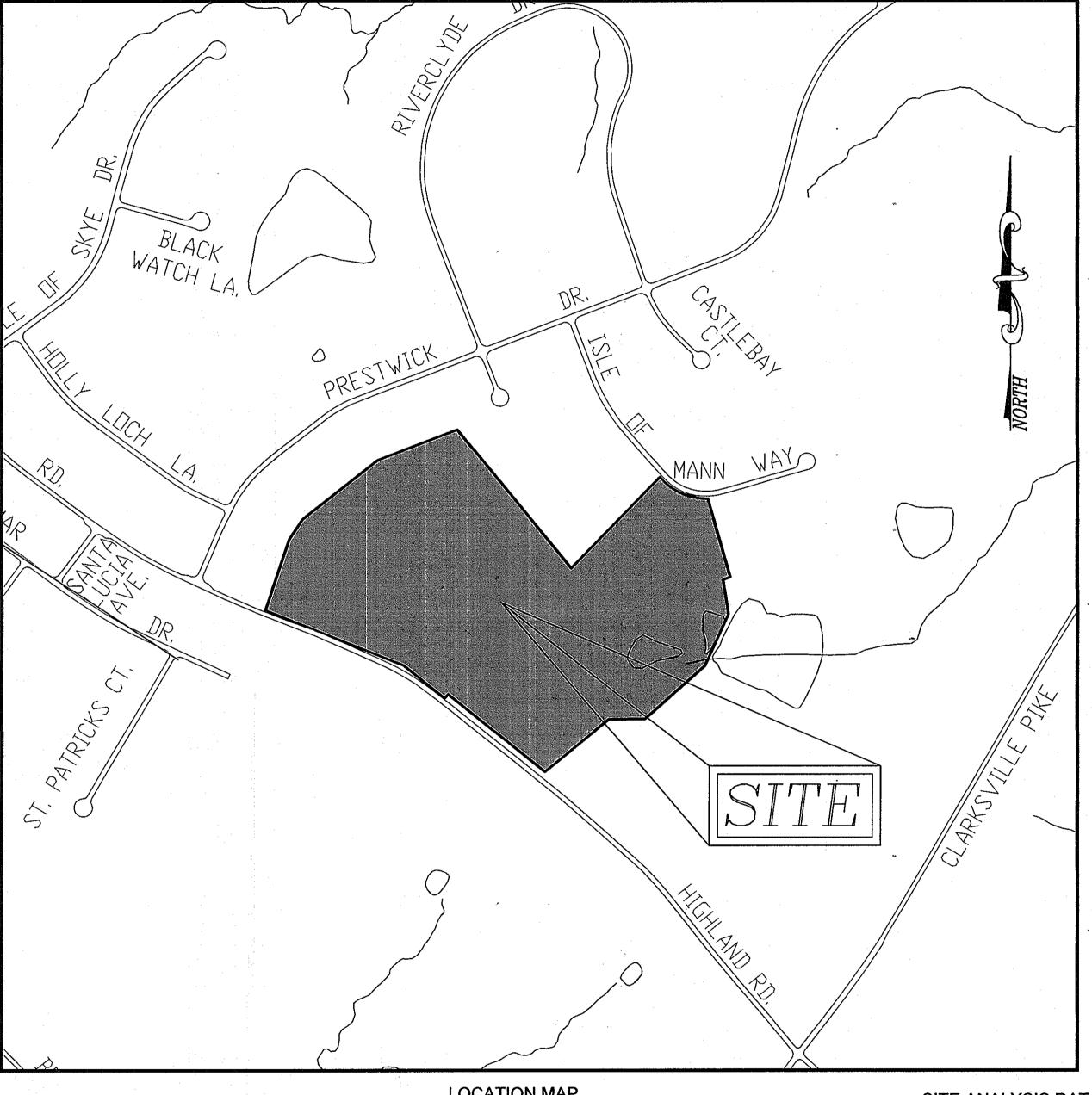
6. AT THIS CONCEPT STAGE OF DEVELOPMENT, NO DESIGN MANUAL WAIVERS AND/OR WAIVER PETITIONS FOR ENVIRONMENTAL AND STORMWATER MANAGEMENT DESIGN ARE REQUIRED.

ENVIRONMENTAL CONCEPT PLAN

MCDANIEL PROPERTY

LOTS 1-8, BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCEL "A" AND NON BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCEL "B"

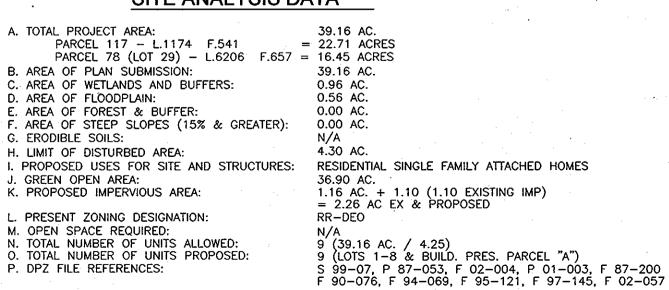
HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND



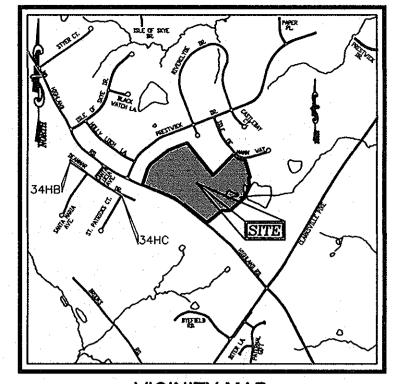
LOCATION MAP 1" = 400'

SITE ANALYSIS DATA

P. DPZ FILE REFERENCES:



| SHEET INDEX | | | | |
|---|-----------|--|--|--|
| DESCRIPTION | SHEET NO. | | | |
| COVER SHEET | 1 OF 5 | | | |
| OVERALL SITE LAYOUT & SOILS PLAN | 2 OF 5 | | | |
| SITE LAYOUT, GRADING & SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN | 3 OF 5 | | | |
| SITE LAYOUT, GRADING & SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN | 4 OF 5 | | | |
| STORMWATER MANAGEMENT NOTES AND DETAILS | 5 OF 5 | | | |
| | | | | |



VICINITY MAP SCALE: 1"=2,000' ADC MAP COORDINATE: 5051, F&G 1

BENCHMARKS

HOWARD COUNTY BENCHMARK 34HB (CONC. MON.) N 553449.1287 E 1320244.3459 ELEV. 549.850 HOWARD COUNTY BENCHMARK 34HC (CONC. MON.) N 552735.3138 E 1321330.2220 ELEV. 553.078

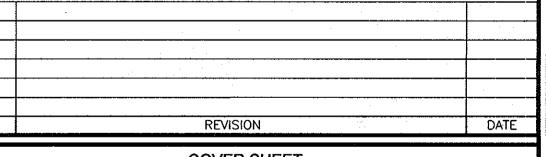
LEGEND:

PROPERTY LINE --- RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE

ADJACENT PROPERTY LINE

OWNER / DEVELOPER

JOHN P. MCDANIEL AND ELLEN G. MCDANIEL 13032 HIGHLAND ROAD HIGHLAND, MARYLAND 20777 ATTN: MR. DONALD R. REUWER 443-367-0422



COVER SHEET

MCDANIEL PROPERTY LOTS 1-8, BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCEL "A" AND NON-BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCEL B A SUBDIVISION OF THE MCDANIEL PROPERTY (P. 117) AND A RESUBDIVISION OF LOT 29 - KOANDAH GARDENS ESTATES (PLAT 15371)

PARCELS 117 & 78 (LOT 29) HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLANI



ROBERT H. VOGEL ENGINEERING, INC. ENGINEERS . SURVEYORS . PLANNERS

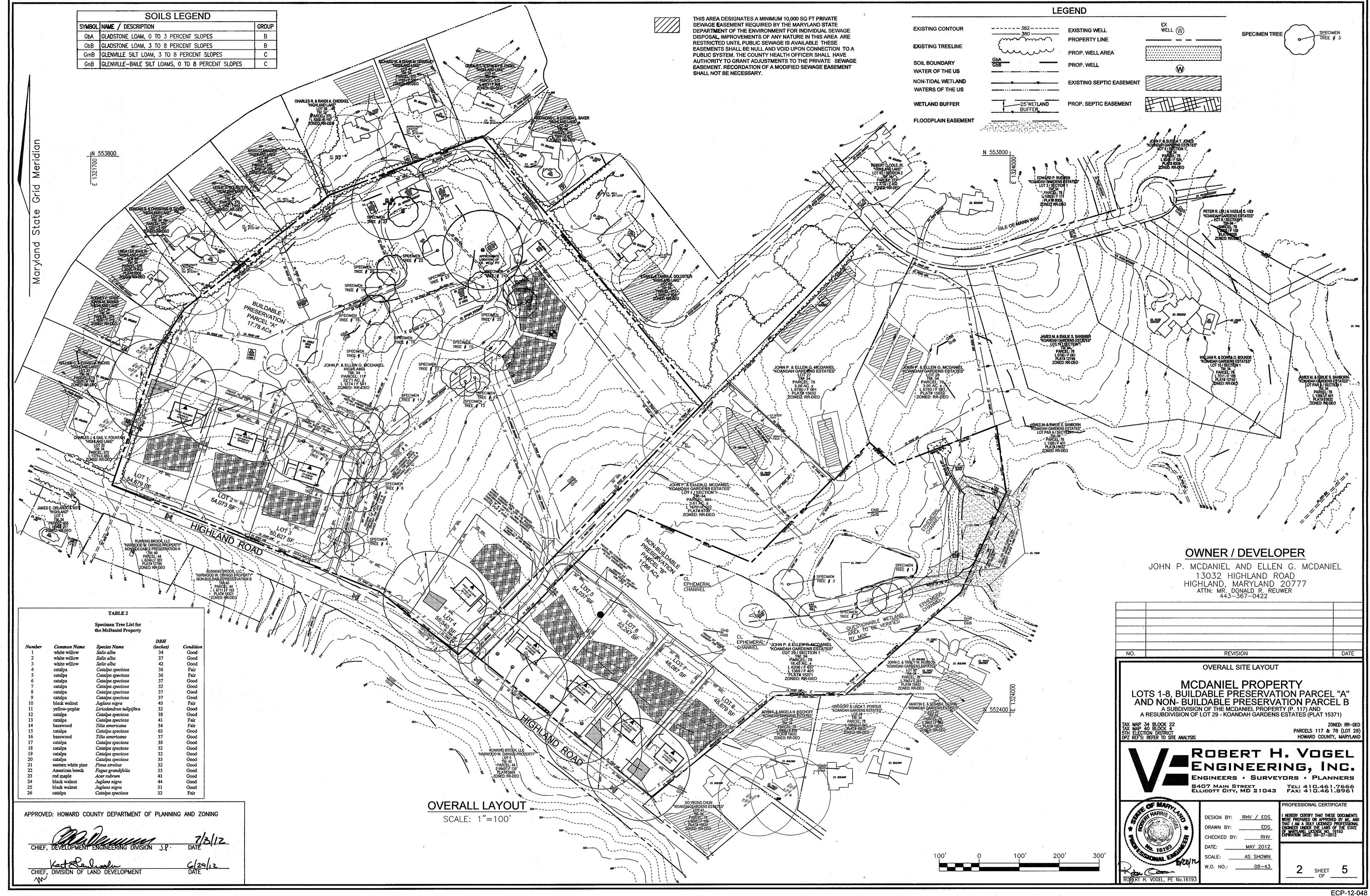
CHECKED BY: AS SHOWN

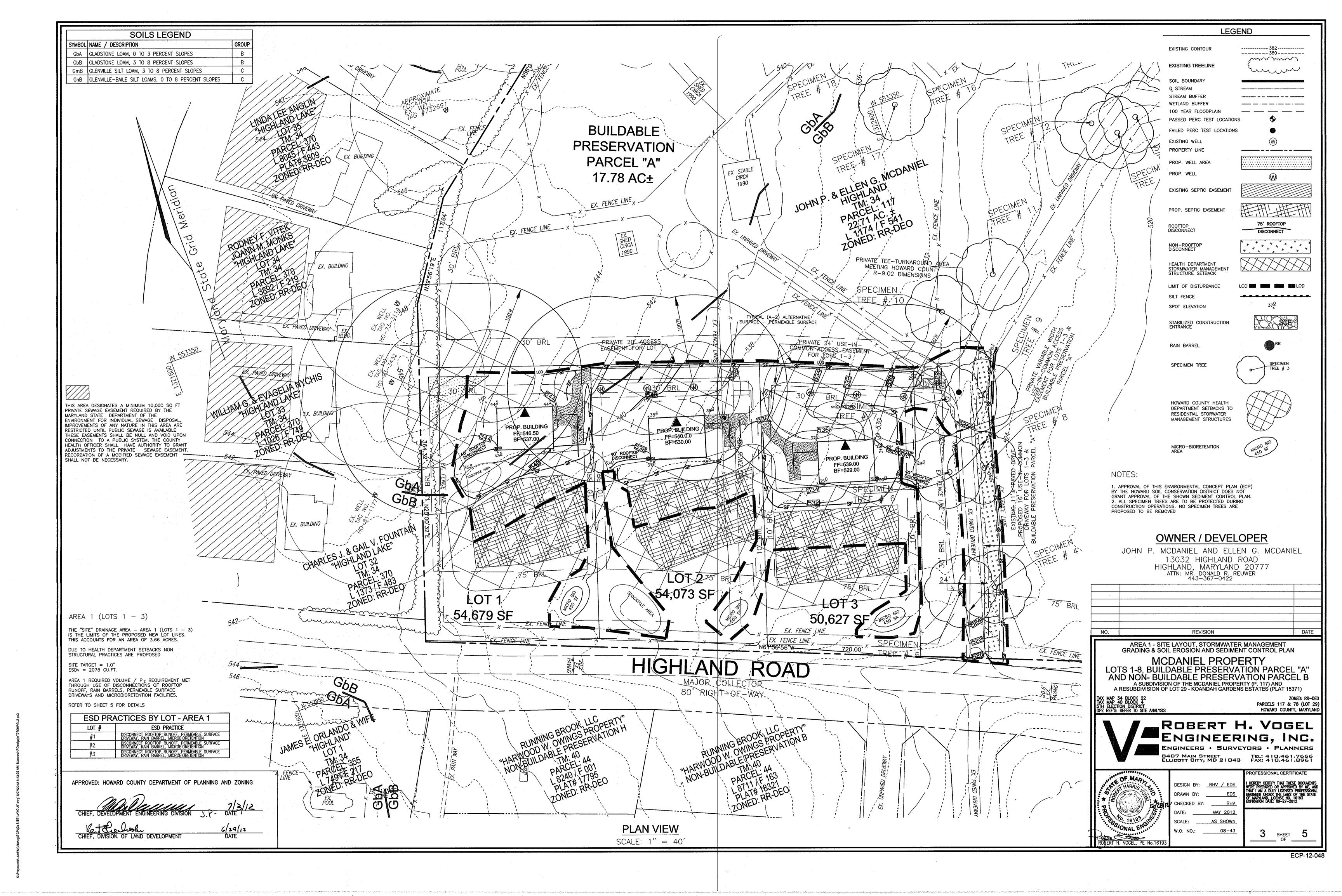
SHEET

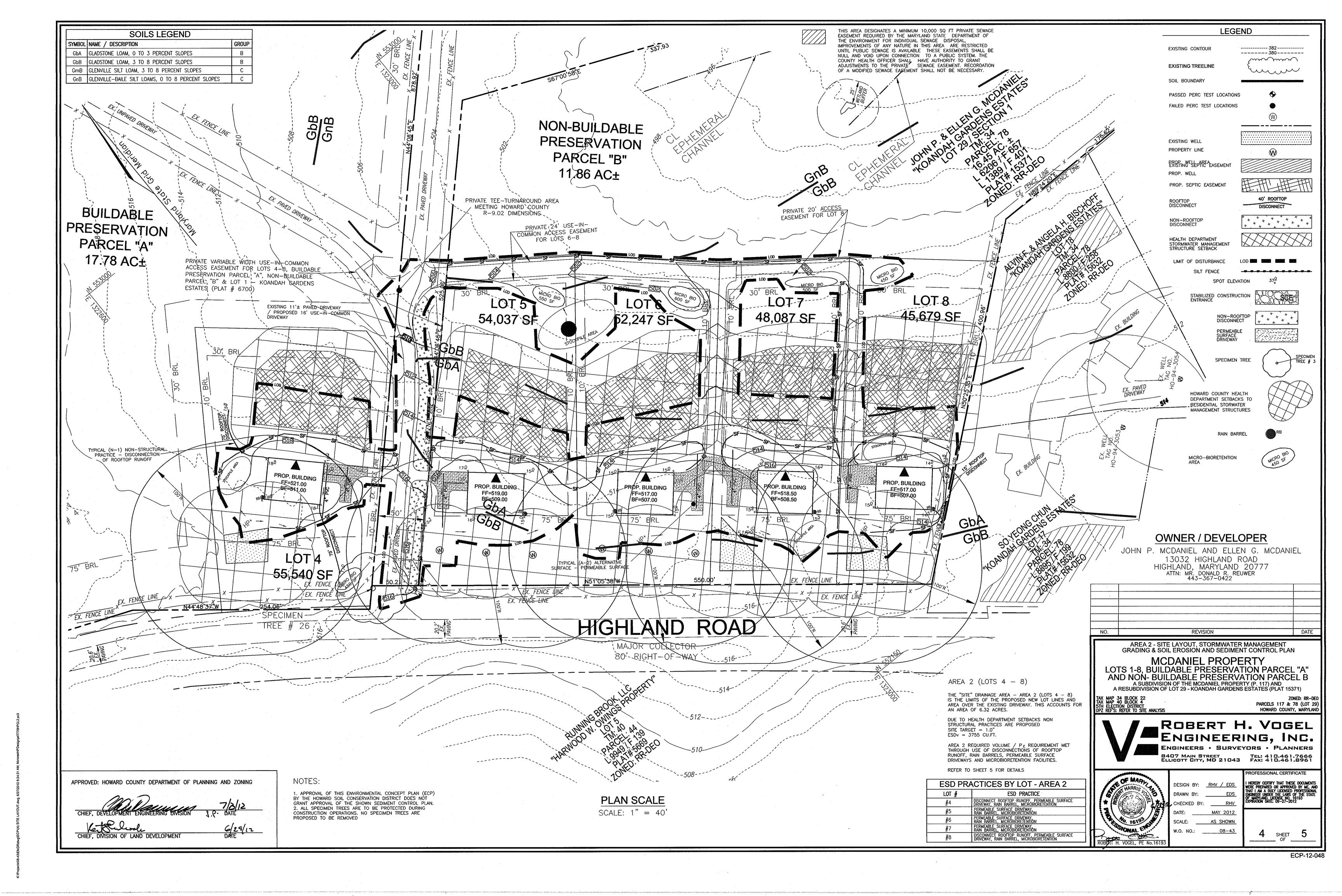
APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING

SOILS LEGEND SYMBOL NAME / DESCRIPTION GLADSTONE LOAM, O TO 3 PERCENT SLOPES SLADSTONE LOAM, 3 TO 8 PERCENT SLOPES GmB | GLENVILLE SILT LOAM, 3 TO 8 PERCENT SLOPES GLENVILLE-BAILE SILT LOAMS, O TO 8 PERCENT SLOPES

NOTE: BASED ON USDA NRCS WEB SOIL SURVEY - HOWARD COUNTY







B.4.B SPECIFICATIONS FOR PERMEABLE PAVEMENTS & REINFORCED TURF

THESE SPECIFICATIONS INCLUDE INFORMATION ON ACCEPTABLE MATERIALS FOR TYPICAL APPLICATIONS AND ARE NOT EXCLUSIVE OR LIMITING. THE DESIGNER IS RESPONSIBLE FOR DEVELOPING SPECIFICATIONS FOR INDIVIDUAL PROJECTS AND SPECIFIC CONDITIONS.

1. PERVIOUS CONCRETE SPECIFICATIONS

DESIGN THICKNESS - PERVIOUS CONCRETE APPLICATIONS SHALL BE DESIGNED SO THAT THE THICKNESS OF THE CONCRETE SLAB SHALL SUPPORT THE TRAFFIC AND VEHICLE TYPES THAT WILL BE CARRIED. APPLICATIONS MAY BE DESIGNED USING EITHER STANDARD PAVEMENT PROCEDURES (E.G., AASHTO, ACI 325.9R, ACI 330R) OR USING STRUCTURAL VALUES DERIVED FROM FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT DESIGN

MIX & INSTALLATION - TRADITIONAL PORTLAND CEMENTS (ASTM C 150, C 1157) MAY BE USED IN PERVIOUS CONCRETE APPLICATIONS. PHOSPHORUS ADMIXTURES MAY ALSO BE USED. MATERIALS SHOULD BE TESTED (E.G., TRIAL BATCHING) PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION SO THAT CRITICAL PROPERTIES (E.G., SETTLING TIME, RATE OF STRENGTH DEVELOPMENT, POROSITY, PERMEABILITY) CAN BE DETERMINED.

AGGREGATE - PERVIOUS CONCRETE CONTAINS A LIMITED FINE AGGREGATE CONTENT. COMMONLY USED GRADATIONS INCLUDE ASTM C 33 NO. 67 (3/4 IN. TO NO. 4), NO. 8 (3/8 IN. TO NO.16) AND NO. 89 (3/8 IN. TO NO.50) SIEVES. SINGLE-SIZED AGGREGATE (UP TO 1 INCH) MAY ALSO BE USED.

WATER CONTENT - WATER-TO-CEMENT RATIOS BETWEEN 0.27 AND 0.30 ARE USED ROUTINELY WITH PROPER INCLUSION OF CHEMICAL ADMIXTURES. WATER QUALITY SHOULD MEET ACI 30A. AS A GENERAL RULE, POTABLE WATER SHOULD BE USED ALTHOUGH RECYCLED CONCRETE PRODUCTION WATER MEETING ASTM C 94 OR AASHTO M 157 MAY ALSO BE USED.

ADMIXTURES - CHEMICAL ADMIXTURES (E.G., RETARDERS OR HYDRATION-STABILIZERS) ARE USED TO OBTAIN SPECIAL PROPERTIES IN PERVIOUS CONCRETE. USE OF ADMIXTURES SHOULD MEET ASTM C 494 (CHEMICAL ADMIXTURES) AND ASTM C 260 (AIR ENTRAINING ADMIXTURES) AND CLOSELY FOLLOW MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS.

BASE COURSE - THE BASE COURSE SHALL BE AASHTO NO. 3 OR 4 COURSE AGGREGATE WITH AN ASSUMED OPEN PORE SPACE OF 30% (n=0.30).

2. PERMEABLE INTERLOCKING CONCRETE PAVEMENTS (PICP)

PAVER BLOCKS - BLOCKS SHOULD BE EITHER 3? IN. OR 4 IN. THICK, AND MEET ASTM C 936 OR CSA A231.2 REQUIREMENTS. APPLICATIONS SHOULD HAVE 20% OR MORE (40% PREFERRED) OF THE SURFACE AREA OPEN. INSTALLATION SHOULD FOLLOW MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTIONS, EXCEPT THAT INFILL AND BASE COURSE MATERIALS AND DIMENSIONS SPECIFIED IN THIS APPENDIX SHALL BE FOLLOWED.

INFILL MATERIALS AND LEVELING COURSE - OPENINGS SHALL BE FILLED WITH ASTM C-33 GRADED SAND OR SANDY LOAM, PICP BLOCKS SHALL BE PLACED ON A ONE-INCH THICK LEVELING COURSE OF ASTM C-33 SAND. BASE COURSE - THE BASE COURSE SHALL BE AASHTO NO. 3 OR 4 COURSE AGGREGATE WITH AN ASSUMED OPEN PORE SPACE OF 30% (n=0.30).

3. REINFORCED TURF

REINFORCED GRASS PAVEMENT (RGP) - WHETHER USED WITH GRASS OR GRAVEL, THE RGP THICKNESS SHALL BE AT LEAST 1-3/4" THICK WITH A LOAD CAPACITY CAPABLE OF SUPPORTING THE TRAFFIC AND VEHICLE TYPES THAT WILL BE CARRIED.

A-2. PERMEABLE PAVEMENTS

CONSTRUCTION CRITERIA:

THE FOLLOWING ITEMS SHOULD BE ADDRESSED DURING CONSTRUCTION OF PROJECTS WITH PERMEABLE PAVEMENT:

FINAL GRADING FOR INSTALLATION SHOULD NOT TAKE PLACE EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL: UNTIL THE SURROUNDING SITE IS STABILIZED. IF THIS CANNOT BE ACCOMPLISHED, RUNOFF FROM DISTURBED AREAS SHALL BE DIVERTED AROUND PROPOSED PAVEMENT LOCATIONS.

SUB SOILS SHALL NOT BE COMPACTED. CONSTRUCTION SHOULD BE PERFORMED WITH LIGHTWEIGHT, WIDE TRACKED EQUIPMENT TO MINIMIZE COMPACTION. EXCAVATED MATERIALS SHOULD BE PLACED IN A CONTAINED AREA.

DISTRIBUTION SYSTEMS: OVERDRAIN, UNDERDRAIN, AND DISTRIBUTION PIPES SHALL BE CHECKED TO ENSURE THAT BOTH THE MATERIAL AND PERFORATIONS MEET SPECIFICATIONS (SEE APPENDIX B. 4). THE LIPSTREAM ENDS OF PIPES SHOULD BE CAPPED PRIOR TO INSTALLATION. ALL UNDERDRAIN OR DISTRIBUTION PIPES USED SHOULD BE INSTALLED FLAT ALONG THE BED BOTTOM.

SUBBASE AGGREGATE SHALL BE CLEAN AND FREE OF FINES. THE SUBBASE SUBBASE INSTALLATION: SHALL BE PLACED IN LIFTS AND LIGHTLY ROLLED ACCORDING TO THE SPECIFICATIONS (SEE APPENDIX 8.4).

REGULAR INSPECTIONS SHALL BE MADE DURING THE FOLLOWING STAGES OF CONSTRUCTION:

DURING EXCAVATION TO SUB GRADE.

DURING PLACEMENT AND BACKFILL OF ANY DRAINAGE OR DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM(S). DURING PLACEMENT OF THE CRUSHED STONE SUBBASE MATERIAL.

DURING PLACEMENT OF THE SURFACE MATERIAL. UPON COMPLETION OF FINAL GRADING AND ESTABLISHMENT OF PERMANENT STABILIZATION.

MAINTENANCE CRITERIA:

THE FOLLOWING PROCEDURES SHOULD BE CONSIDERED ESSENTIAL FOR MAINTAINING PERMEABLE PAVEMENT SYSTEMS: PAVEMENTS SHOULD BE USED ONLY WHERE REGULAR MAINTENANCE CAN BE PERFORMED. MAINTENANCE AGREEMENTS SHOULD CLEARLY SPECIFY HOW TO CONDUCT ROUTINE TASKS TO ENSURE LONG-TERM

PAVEMENT SURFACES SHOULD BE SWEPT AND VACUUMED TO REDUCE SEDIMENT ACCUMULATION AND ENSURE CONTINUED SURFACE POROSITY. SWEEPING SHOULD BE PERFORMED AT LEAST TWICE ANNUALLY WITH A COMMERCIAL CLEANING UNIT. WASHING SYSTEMS AND COMPRESSED AIR UNITS SHOULD NOT BE USED TO PERFORM SURFACE CLEANING.

DRAINAGE PIPES, INLETS, STONE EDGE DRAINS, AND OTHER STRUCTURES WITHIN OR DRAINING TO THE

SUBBASE SHOULD BE CLEANED OUT AT REGULAR INTERVALS. TRUCKS AND OTHER HEAVY VEHICLES CAN GRIND DIRT AND GRIT INTO THE POROUS SURFACES, LEADING TO CLOGGING AND PREMATURE FAILURE, THESE VEHICLES SHOULD BE PREVENTED FROM TRACKING AND

SPILLING MATERIAL ONTO THE PAVEMENT. DEICERS SHOULD BE USED IN MODERATION. WHEN USED, DEICERS SHOULD BE NON-TOXIC AND ORGANIC AND CAN BE APPLIED EITHER AS CALCIUM MAGNESIUM ACETATE OR AS PRETREATED SALT. SNOW PLOWING SHOULD BE DONE CAREFULLY WITH BLADES SET ONE-INCH HIGHER THAN NORMAL. PLOWED SNOW PILES

HOWARD COUNTY - OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE FOR PRIVATELY OWNED AND MAINTAINED PERMEABLE PAVEMENT (A-2)

AND SNOW MELT SHOULD NOT BE DIRECTED TO PERMEABLE PAVEMENT.

THE OWNER SHALL PERIODICALLY SWEEP (OR VACUUM POROUS CONCRETE PAVEMENT) THE PAVEMENT SURFACES TO REDUCE SEDIMENT ACCUMULATION AND ENSURE CONTINUED SURFACE POROSITY, SWEEPING SHOULD BE PERFORMED AT LEAST TWICE ANNUALLY WITH A COMMERCIAL CLEANING UNIT. WASHING OR COMPRESSED AIR UNITS SHOULD NOT BE USED TO PERFORM SURFACE CLEANING.

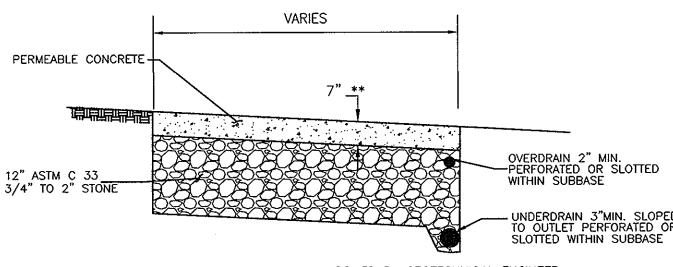
THE OWNER SHALL PERIODICALLY CLEAN DRAINAGE PIPES, INLETS, STONE EDGE DRAINS AND OTHER STRUCTURES WITHIN OR DRAINING TO THE SUBBASE

THE OWNER SHALL USE DEICERS IN MODERATION. DEICERS SHOULD BE NON-TOXIC AND BE

APPLIED EITHER AS CALCIUM MAGNESIUM ACETATE OR AS PRETREATED SALT.

THE OWNER SHALL ENSURE SNOW PLOWING IS PERFORMED CAREFULLY WITH BLADES SET ONE-INCH ABOVE THE SURFACE. PLOWED SNOW PILES AND SNOW MELT SHOULD NOT BE DIRECTED

APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND ZONING



PAVEMENT CROSS SECTION TO BE CONFIRMED BY GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER UNDERDRAIN SHALL BE LOCATED SUCH THAT IT CAN DAYLIGHT **DETAIL - PERMEABLE CONCRETE DRIVEWAY**

NOT TO SCALE ** ALL PERMEABLE CONCRETE THICKNESS, MIX AND SUB-BASE TO BE DETERMINED BY GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER

APPENDIX B.4.C SPECIFICATIONS FOR MICRO-BIORETENTION. RAIN GARDEN, LANDSCAPE INFILTRATION & INFILTRATION BERMS

1. MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS

THE ALLOWABLE MATERIALS TO BE USED IN THESE PRACTICES ARE DETAILED IN TABLE 8.4.1.

2. FILTERING MEDIA OR PLANTING SOIL THE SOIL SHALL BE A UNIFORM MIX. FREE OF STONES, STUMPS, ROOTS OR OTHER SIMILAR OBJECTS LARGER THAN TWO INCHES. NO OTHER MATERIALS OR SUBSTANCES SHALL BE MIXED OR DUMPED WITHIN THE MICRO-BIORETENTION PRACTICE THAT MAY BE HARMFUL TO PLANT GROWTH, OR PROVE A HINDRANCE TO THE PLANTING OR MAINTENANCE OPERATIONS. THE PLANTING SOIL SHALL BE FREE OF BERMUDA GRASS, QUACKGRASS, JOHNSON GRASS, OR OTHER NOXIOUS WEEDS AS SPECIFIED UNDER COMAR 15.08.01.05.

THE PLANTING SOIL SHALL BE TESTED AND SHALL MEET THE FOLLOWING CRITERIA: * SOIL COMPONENT - LOAMY SAND OR SANDY LOAM (USDA SOIL TEXTURAL CLASSIFICATION). * ORGANIC CONTEN - MINIMUM 10% BY DRY WEIGHT (ASTM D 2974). IN GENERAL, THIS CAN BE MET WITH A MIXTURE OF LOAMY SAND (60%-65%) AND COMPOST (35% TO 40%) OR SANDY LOAM (30%), COARSE SAND (30%), AND COMPOST (40%).

* CLAY CONTENT - MEDIA SHALL HAVE A CLAY CONTENT OF LESS THAN 5%. * PH RANGE - SHOULD BE BETWEEN 5.5 - 7.0. AMENDMENTS (E.G., LIME, IRON SULFATE PLUS SULFUR) MAY BE MIXED IN TO THE SOIL TO INCREASE OR DECREASE PH. THERE SHALL BE AT LEAST ONE SOIL TEST PER PROJECT. EACH TEST SHALL CONSIST OF BOTH THE STANDARD SOIL TEST FOR PH, AND ADDITIONAL TESTS OF ORGANIC MATTER, AND SOLUBLE SALTS. A TEXTURAL ANALYSIS IS REQUIRED FROM THE SITE STOCKPILED TOPSOIL. IF TOPSOIL IS IMPORTED, THEN A TEXTURE ANALYSIS SHALL BE PERFORMED FOR EACH LOCATION WHERE THE TOPSOIL WAS EXCAVATED.

IT IS VERY IMPORTANT TO MINIMIZE COMPACTION OF BOTH THE BASE OF BIORETENTION PRACTICES AND THE REQUIRED BACKFILL. WHEN POSSIBLE, USE EXCAVATION HOES TO REMOVE ORIGINAL SOIL IF PRACTICES ARE EXCAVATED USING LOADER, THE CONTRACTOR SHOULD USE WIDE TRACK OR MARSH TRACK EQUIPMENT, OR LIGHT EQUIPMENT WITH TURF TYPE TIRES. USE OF EQUIPMENT WITH NARROW TRACKS OR NARROW TIRES, RUBBER TIRES WITH LARGE LUGS, OR HIGH-PRESSURE TIRES WILL CAUSE EXCESSIVE COMPACTION RESULTING IN REDUCED INFILTRATION RATES AND IS NOT ACCEPTABLE. COMPACTION WILL SIGNIFICANTLY CONTRIBUTE TO DESIGN FAILURE.

COMPACTION CAN BE ALLEVIATED AT THE BASE OF THE BIORETENTION FACILITY BY USING A PRIMARY TILLING OPERATION SUCH AS CHISEL PLOW, RIPPER, OR SUBSOILER. THESE TILLING OPERATIONS ARE TO REFRACTURE THE SOIL PROFILE THROUGH THE 12 INCH COMPACTION ZONE. SUBSTITUTE METHODS MUST BE APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER. ROTOTILLERS TYPICALLY DO NOT TILL DEEP ENOUGH TO REDUCE THE EFFECTS OF COMPACTION FROM HEAVY EQUIPMENT. ROTOTILL 2 TO 3 INCHES OF SAND INTO THE BASE OF THE BIORETENION FACILITY BEFORE BACKFILLING THE OPTIONAL SAND LAYER. PUMP ANY PONDED WATER BEFORE PREPARING (ROTOTILLING) BASE.

WHEN BACKFILLING THE TOPSOIL OVER THE SAND LAYER, FIRST PLACE 3 TO 4 INCHES OF TOPSOIL OVER THE SAND, THEN ROTOTILL THE SAND/TOPSOIL TO CREATE A GRADATION ZONE. BACKFILL THE REMAINDER OF THE TOPSOIL TO FINAL GRADE. WHEN BACKFILLING THE BIORETENTION FACILITY, PLACE SOIL IN LIFTS 12" TO 18". DO NOT USE HEAVY EQUIPMENT WITHIN THE BIORETENTION BASIN. HEAVY EQUIPMENT CAN BE USED AROUND THE PERIMETER OF THE BASIN TO SUPPLY SOILS AND SAND. GRADE BIORETENTION MATERIALS WITH LIGHT EQUIPMENT SUCH AS A COMPACT LOADER OR A DOZER/LOADER WITH MARSH TRACKS.

RECOMMENDED PLANT MATERIAL FOR MICRO-BIORETENTION PRACTICES CAN BE FOUND IN APPENDIX A, SECTION A.2.3.

5. PLANT INSTALLATION COMPOST IS A BETTER ORGANIC MATERIAL SOURCE, IS LESS LIKELY TO FLOAT, AND SHOULD BE PLACED IN THE INVERT AND OTHER LOW AREAS, MULCH SHOULD BE PLACED IN SURROUNDING TO A UNIFORM THICKNESS OF 2" TO 3". SHREDDED OR CHIPPED HARDWOOD MULCH IS THE ONLY ACCEPTED MULCH. PINE MULCH AND WOOD CHIPS WILL FLOAT AND MOVE TO THE PERIMETER OF THE BIORETENTION AREA DURING A STORM EVENT AND ARE NOT ACCEPTABLE. SHREDDED MULCH MUST BE WELL AGED (6 TO 12 MONTHS) FOR ACCEPTANCE. ROOTSTOCK OF THE PLANT MATERIAL SHALL BE KEPT MOIST DURING TRANSPORT AND ON-SITE STORAGE. THE PLANT ROOT BALL SHOULD BE PLANTED SO 1/81H OF THE BALL IS ABOVE FINAL GRADE SURFACE. THE DIAMETER OF THE PLANTING PIT SHALL BE AT LEAST SIX INCHES LARGER THAN THE DIAMETER OF THE PLANTING BALL SET AND MAINTAIN THE PLANT STRAIGHT DURING THE ENTIRE PLANTING PROCESS. THOROUGHLY WATER GROUND BED COVER AFTER INSTALLATION. TREES SHALL BE BRACED USING 2" BY 2" STAKES ONLY AS NECESSARY AND FOR THE FIRST GROWING SEASON ONLY. STAKES ARE TO BE EQUALLY SPACED GRASSES AND LEGUME SEED SHOULD BE DRILLED INTO THE SOIL TO A DEPTH OF AT LEAST ONE INCH. GRASS AND LEGUME PLUGS SHALL BE PLANTED FOLLOWING THE NON-GRASS GROUND COVER PLANTING SPECIFICATIONS.

THE TOPSOIL SPECIFICATIONS PROVIDE ENOUGH ORGANIC MATERIAL TO ADEQUATELY SUPPLY NUTRIENTS FROM NATURAL CYCLING. THE PRIMARY FUNCTION OF THE BIORETENTION STRUCTURE IS TO IMPROVE WATER QUALITY. ADDING FERTILIZERS DEFEATS, OR AT A MINIMUM, IMPEDES THIS GOAL. ONLY ADD FERTILIZER IF WOOD CHIPS OR MULCH ARE USED TO AMEND THE SOIL. ROTOTILL UREA FERTILIZER AT A RATE OF 2 POUNDS PER 1000 SQUARE FEET.

UNDERDRAINS SHOULD MEET THE FOLLOWING CRITERIA:

PROJECT:

4. PLANT MATERIAL

* PIPE - SHOULD BE 4" TO 6" DIAMETER, SLOTTED OR PERFORATED RIGID PLASTIC PIPE (ASTMF 758, TYPE PS 28, OR AASHTO-M-278) IN A GRAVEL LAYER. THE PREFERRED MATERIAL IS SLOTTED, 4" RIGID PIPE (E.G., PVC OF HDPE).

* PERFORATIONS - IF PERFORATED PIPE IS USED, PERFORATIONS SHOULD BE 3/8" DIAMETER LOCATED 6" ON CENTER WITH A MINIMUM OF FOUR HOLES PER ROW, PIPE SHALL BE WRAPPED WITH A 1/4" (NO. 4 OR 4x4) GALVANIZED HARDWARE CLOTH.

* GRAVEL - THE GRAVEL LAYER (NO. 57 STONE PREFERRED) SHALL BE AT LEAST 3" THICK ABOVE AND BELOW THE UNDERDRAIN. * THE MAIN COLLECTOR PIPE SHALL BE AT A MINIMUM 0.5% SLOPE.

* A RIGID, NON-PERFORATED OBSERVATION WELL MUST BE PROVIDED (ONE PER EVERY 1,0000 SQUARE FEET) TO PROVIDE A CLEAN-OUT PORT AND MONITOR PERFORMANCE OF THE FILTER.

* A 4" LAYER OF PEA GRAVEL (1/8" TO 3/8" STONE) SHALL BE LOCATED BETWEEN THE FILTER MEDIA AND UNDERDRAIN TO PREVENT MIGRATION OF FINES IN TO THE UNDERDRAIN. THIS LAYER MAY BE CONSIDERED PART OF THE FILTER BED WHEN BED THICKNESS EXCEEDS 24".

THIS MAIN COLLECTOR PIPE FOR UNDERDRAIN SYSTEMS SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED AT A MINIMUM SLOPE OF 0.5%. OBSERVATION WELLS AND/OR CLEAN-OUT PIPES MUST BE PROVIDED (ONE MINIMUM PER EVERY 1000 SQUARE FEET OF SURFACE AREA).

7. MISCELLANEOUS THESE PRACTICES MAY NOT BE CONSTRUCTED UNTIL ALL CONTRIBUTING DRAINAGE AREA HAS BEEN STABILIZED.

MCDANIEL PROPERTY - AREA 1

TOTAL AREA (LOD): 3.66 AC NEW DEVELOPMENT

N-1. DISCONNECTION OF ROOFTOP RUNOFF

CONSTRUCTION CRITERIA:

THE FOLLOWING ITEMS SHOULD BE ADDRESSED DURING THE CONSTRUCTION OF PROJECTS WITH PLANNED ROOFTOP DISCONNECTIONS:

- EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL: EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICES (E.G., SEDIMENT TRAPS) SHALL NOT BE LOCATED IN VEGETATED AREAS RECEIVING DISCONNECTED RUNOFF
- SITE DISTURBANCE: CONSTRUCTION VEHICLES AND EQUIPMENT SHOULD AVOID AREAS RECEIVING DISCONNECTED RUNOFF TO MINIMIZE DISTURBANCE AND COMPACTION. SHOULD AREAS RECEIVING DISCONNECTED RUNOFF BECOME COMPACTED, SCARIFYING THE SURFACE OR ROTOTILLING THE SOIL TO A DEPTH OF FOUR TO SIX INCHES SHALL BE PERFORMED TO ENSURE PERMEABILITY. ADDITIONALLY, AMENDMENTS MAY BE NEEDED FOR TIGHT, CLAYEY SOILS.

INSPECTION:

A FINAL INSPECTION SHALL BE CONDUCTED BEFORE USE AND OCCUPANCY APPROVAL TO ENSURE THAT SIZING FOR TREATMENT AREAS HAVE BEEN MET AND PERMANENT STABILIZATION HAS BEEN ESTABLISHED. MAINTENANCE CRITERIA:

MAINTENANCE OF AREAS RECEIVING DISCONNECTED RUNOFF IS GENERALLY NO DIFFERENT THAN THAT REQUIRED FOR OTHER LAWN OR LANDSCAPED AREAS. THE AREAS RECEIVING RUNOFF SHOULD BE PROTECTED FROM FUTURE COMPACTION (E.G., BY PLANTING TREES OR SHRUBS ALONG THE PERIMETER). IN COMMERCIAL AREAS, FOOT TRAFFIC SHOULD BE DISCOURAGED AS WELL.

DISCONNECTION OF NON-ROOFTOP RUNOFF

CONSTRUCTION CRITERIA:

THE FOLLOWING SHOULD BE ADDRESSED DURING CONSTRUCTION OF PROJECTS WITH NON-ROOFTOP

- EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL: EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICES (E.G., SEDIMENT TRAPS) SHALL NOT BE LOCATED IN AREAS DESIGNATED FOR NON-ROOFTOP DISCONNECTIONS.
- SITE DISTURBANCE: TO MINIMIZE DISTURBANCE AND COMPACTION, CONSTRUCTION VEHICLES AND EQUIPMENT SHOULD AVOID AREAS RECEIVING DISCONNECTED RUNOFF. SHOULD AREAS RECEIVING DISCONNECTED RUNOFF BECOME COMPACTED, SCARIFYING THE SURFACE OR ROTOTILLING THE SOIL TO A DEPTH OF FOUR TO SIX INCHES SHALL BE PERFORMED TO ENSURE PERMEABILITY. ADDITIONALLY, AMENDMENTS MAY BE NEEDED FOR TIGHT, CLAYEY SOILS.

INSPECTION:

MCDANIEL PROPERTY - AREA 2

TOTAL AREA (LOD): 6.32 AC NEW DEVELOPMENT

Includes Use-In-Common Driveway Impervious Area to be managed on individual lots

A FINAL INSPECTION SHALL BE CONDUCTED BEFORE USE AND OCCUPANCY APPROVAL TO ENSURE THAT ADEQUATE TREATMENT AREAS AND PERMANENT STABILIZATION HAS BEEN ESTABLISHED.

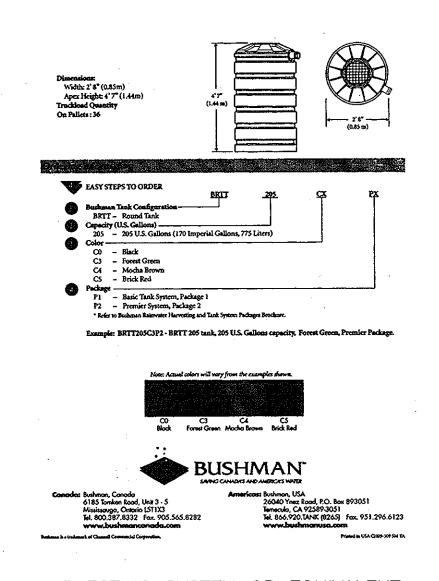
MAINTENANCE CRITERIA:

MAINTENANCE OF AREAS RECEIVING DISCONNECTED RUNOFF IS GENERALLY NO DIFFERENT THAN THAT REQUIRED FOR OTHER LAWN OR LANDSCAPED AREAS. THE AREAS RECEIVING RUNOFF SHOULD BE PROTECTED FROM FUTURE COMPACTION (E.G., BY PLANTING TREES OR SHRUBS ALONG THE PERIMETER). IN COMMERCIAL AREAS, HIGH FOOT TRAFFIC SHOULD BE DISCOURAGED AS WELL.

HOWARD COUNTY - OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE FOR PRIVATELY OWNED AND MAINTAINED DISCONNECTION OF ROOFTOP RUNOFF (N-1), DISCONNECTION OF NON-ROOFTOP RUNOFF (N-2)

A. MAINTENANCE OF AREAS RECEIVING DISCONNECTED RUNOFF IS GENERALLY NO DIFFERENT THAN THAT REQUIRED FOR OTHER LAWN OR LANDSCAPED AREAS. THE OWNER SHALL ENSURE THE AREAS RECEIVING RUNOFF ARE PROTECTED FROM FUTURE COMPACTION OR DEVELOPMENT OF IMPERVIOUS AREA. IN COMMERCIAL AREAS, FOOT TRAFFIC SHOULD BE DISCOURAGED AS WELL.

installation against a wall, on the ground or on a stand at virtually any de-sired location on your property. This tank has a 205 U.S. galion (775 liters) color fading. The BRTT205 can be ordered as a basic tank or with additional p features & Benefits Water capacity of four 50 gallon rain barrels High quality rotational-molded polyethylene construction assur One-piece construction and horizontal ribs around the tank proadded wall strength Inlet strainer with mosquito screen and cover Overflow assembly provided with mosquito screen and 90 degree effect Tank openings are pre-installed for easy installation



BUSHMAN BRTT205 (205 GALLON) RAIN HARVESTING SYSTEM OR EQUIVALENT RAIN BARREL DETAIL

HOWARD COUNTY - OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE FOR PRIVATELY OWNED AND MAINTAINED RAINWATER HARVESTING (M-1)

- A. THE OWNER SHALL EMPTY BARRELS ON A MONTHLY BASIS AND CLEAN BARREL WITH A HOSE.
- THE OWNER SHALL VERIFY INTEGRITY OF LEAF SCREENS, GUTTERS, DOWNSPOUTS, SPIGOTS, AND MOSQUITO SCREENS, AND CLEAN AND REMOVE ANY DEBRIS.
- C. THE OWNER SHALL REPLACE DAMAGED COMPONENTS AS NEEDED.
- THE OWNER SHALL DISCONNECT THE BARREL PRIOR TO WINTER, OR ALLOW THE BARREL TO DRAIN BY BOTTOM SPIGOT DURING THE WINTER SEASON.

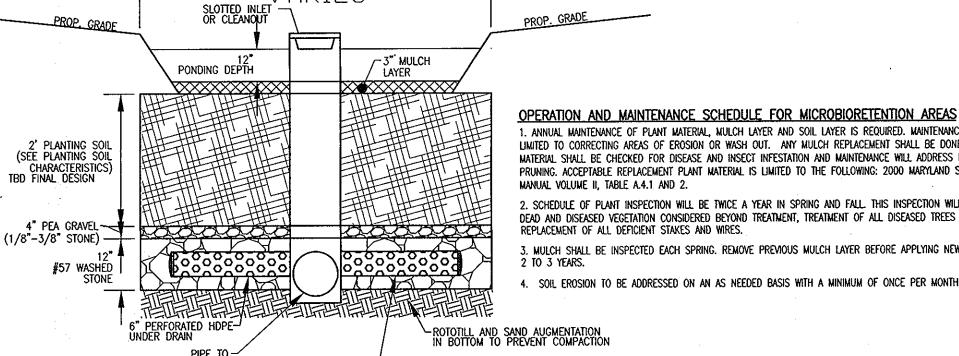
= 0.66"

TYPICAL RAIN BARREL DESIGN

12 (27.41 CUFT)

= 27.41 CUFT 205 GAL 7.48 GAL/CUFT = 27.41 CUFT

THEREFORE A 205 GALLON BARREL CAPTURES PF OF 0.66" FROM A 500 SF SECTION OF PROPOSED ROOFTOP THE REMAINING PORTION OF THE 500 SF SECTION OF ROOFTOP IS PF = 0.34". THIS CAN BE ACHIEVED BY A 40' DISCONNECTION OF ROOFTOP RUNOFF



TYPICAL MICRO-BIORETENTION

NOT TO SCALE

1. ANNUAL MAINTENANCE OF PLANT MATERIAL, MULCH LAYER AND SOIL LAYER IS REQUIRED. MAINTENANCE OF MULCH AND SOIL 15 LIMITED TO CORRECTING AREAS OF EROSION OR WASH OUT. ANY MULCH REPLACEMENT SHALL BE DONE IN THE SPRING. PLANT MATERIAL SHALL BE CHECKED FOR DISEASE AND INSECT INFESTATION AND MAINTENANCE WILL ADDRESS DEAD MATERIAL AND PRUNING. ACCEPTABLE REPLACEMENT PLANT MATERIAL IS LIMITED TO THE FOLLOWING: 2000 MARYLAND STORMWATER DESIGN

2. SCHEDULE OF PLANT INSPECTION WILL BE TWICE A YEAR IN SPRING AND FALL THIS INSPECTION WILL INCLUDE REMOVAL OF DEAD AND DISEASED VEGETATION CONSIDERED BEYOND TREATMENT, TREATMENT OF ALL DISEASED TREES AND SHRUBS AND REPLACEMENT OF ALL DEFICIENT STAKES AND WIRES.

I. MULCH SHALL BE INSPECTED EACH SPRING. REMOVE PREVIOUS MULCH LAYER BEFORE APPLYING NEW LAYER ONCE EVERY

4. SOIL EROSION TO BE ADDRESSED ON AN AS NEEDED BASIS WITH A MINIMUM OF ONCE PER MONTH AND AFTER HEAVY STORM EVENTS.

OWNER / DEVELOPER

JOHN P. MCDANIEL AND ELLEN G. MCDANIEL 13032 HIGHLAND ROAD HIGHLAND, MARYLAND 20777 ATTN: MR. DONALD R. REUWER 443-367-0422

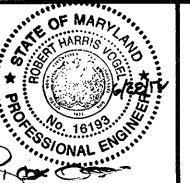
REVISION DATE STORMWATER MANAGEMENT NOTES AND DETAILS

MCDANIEL PROPERTY LOTS 1-8, BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCEL "A" AND NON-BUILDABLE PRESERVATION PARCEL B A SUBDIVISION OF THE MCDANIEL PROPERTY (P. 117) AND A RESUBDIVISION OF LOT 29 - KOANDAH GARDENS ESTATES (PLAT 15371)

AX MAP 34 BLOCK 22 AX MAP 40 BLOCK 4 TH ELECTION DISTRICT PZ REF'S: REFER TO SITE ANALYSIS

PARCELS 117 & 78 (LOT 29) HOWARD COUNTY, MARYLAND

ROBERT H. VOGEL NGINEERING, INC. ENGINEERS • SURVEYORS • PLANNERS 8407 MAIN STREET TEL: 410.461.7666 ELLICOTT CITY, MD 21043 FAX: 410.461.8961 3407 MAIN STREET



ROBERT H. VOGEL, PE No.1619

DESIGN BY: RHV / EDS DRAWN BY CHECKED BY: DATE: SCALE: W.O. NO.:

PERCENT CERTIFY THAT THESE DOCUMENTS PERCE PREPARED OR APPROVED BY ME, AND HAT I AM A DULY LICENSED PROFESSIONAL NGNEER UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE F MARYLAND, LICENSE NO. 18193
XPRATION DATE: 09-27-2012

____08-43 SHEET

ENVIRONMENTAL CONCEPT PLAN - SWM CONCEPT PER LOT ON LOT PRACTICES ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE DURING FINAL DESIGN

TARGET Pe: TARGET Pe: IMPERVIOUS: IMPERVIOUS: 12.6 PERCENT 0.16 SITE ESDV: SITE ESDV: 0.12 543 1411 0.34 712 CF REC RAIN BARREL 27.4 CUFT EACH
 PERMEABLE SURFACE DRIVEWAY
 1380
 0.196
 270
 CF

 40' ROOFTOP DISCONNECT
 1
 0.4
 0.95
 500
 15.83
 CF
 PERMEABLE SURFACE DRIVEWAY 1050 0.196 75' ROOFTOP DISCONNECT 2 1 0.95 MICRO BIORETENTION 1' POND 450 SF 450 CF MICRO BIORETENTION 1'POND 450 SF 764 CF PRO 6800 47273 54073 0.13 0.16 735 1912 0.34 704 CF REQ RAIN BARREL 27.4 CUFT EACH 40' ROOFTOP DISCONNECT 1 0.4 0.95 500 15.83 CF
PERMEABLE SURFACE DRIVEWAY 910 0.196 178 CF PERMEABLE SURFACE DRIVEWAY 1030 0.196 MICRO BIORETENTION 1' POND 550 SF MICRO BIORETENTION 1' POND 550 SF · ________ 6 8370 43877 52247 0.16 0.19 845 2198 0.20 3 6570 44057 50627 0.13 0.17 704 1830 0.32 659 CFREQ RAIN BARREL 27.4 CUFT EACH PERMEABLE SURFACE DRIVEWAY 1130 0.196 PERMEABLE SURFACE DRIVEWAY 1285 MICRO BIORETENTION 1' POND 600 SF 40' ROOFTOP DISCONNECT 2 0.4 0.95 MICRO BIORETENTION 1' POND 450 SF RAIN BARREL: 27.4 CUFT EACH PERMEABLE SURFACE DRIVEWAY 1130 0.196 2296 CF PROV TOTAL AREA 159379 SF MICRO BIORETENTION 1' POND 500 SF 1230 Existing / Use-In-Common Driveway impervious area "disconnected for Pe = 1.0" PERMEABLE SURFACE DRIVEWAY 1040 0.196 204 CF 15' ROOFTOP DISCONNECT 2 0.2 0.95 MICRO BIORETENTION 1'POND 450 SF 3836 CF PROV 5.87 AC

APPENDIX B.4. - CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS

Appendix B.4. Construction Specifications for Environmental Site Design Practices

| Material | Specification | Size | Notes |
|---|--|--|--|
| Plantings | see Appendix A, Table A.4 | n/a | plantings are site-specific |
| Planting soil [2' to 4' deep] | loamy sand (60 - 65%) & compost (35 - 40%) or sandy loam (30%), coarse sand (30%) & compost (40%) | n/a | USDA soil types loamy sand or sandy loam; clay content < 5% |
| Organic content | Min. 10% by dry weight (ASTM D 2974) | | |
| Mulch | shredded hardwood | | aged 6 months, minimum; no pine or wood chips |
| Pea gravel diaphragm | pea gravel: ASTM-D-448 | NO. 8 OR NO. 9 (1/8" TO 3/8") | |
| Curtain drain | ornamental stone: washed cobbles | stone: 2" to 5" | |
| Geotextile | | n/a | PE Type I nonwoven |
| Gravel (underdrains and infiltration berms) | AASHTO M-43 | NO. 57 OR NO. 6 AGGREGATE (3/8" to 3/4") | |
| Underdrain piping | F 758, Type PS 28 or AASHTO M-278 | 4" to 6" rigid schedule 40 PVC or SDR35 | Slotted or perforated pipe; 3/8" perf. @ 6" on center, 4 holes per row; minimum of 3" of gravel over pipes; not necessary underneath pipes. Perforated pipe shall be wrapped with \(\frac{1}{2} - \text{inch} \) galvanized hardware cloth |
| Poured in place concrete (if required) | MSHA Mix No. 3; f' _c = 3500 psi @ 28 days, normal weight, air-entrained; reinforcing to meet ASTM-615-60 | n/a | on-site testing of poured-in-place concrete required: 28 day strength and slump test; all concrete design (cast-in-place of pre-cast) not using previously approved State or local standards requires design drawings sealed and approved by a professional structural engineer licensed in the State of Maryland design to include meeting ACI Code 350.R/89; vertical loading [H-10 or H-20]; allowable horizontal loading (based on soil pressures); and analysis of potential cracking |
| Sand | AASHTO-M-6 or ASTM-C-33 | 0.02" to 0.04" | Sand substitutions such as Diabase and Graystone (AASHTO) #10 are not acceptable. No calcium carbonated or dolomitic sand substitutions are acceptable. No "rock dust" can be used for sand |