

APPROVED: FOR PUBLIC WATER AND PUBLIC SEWERAGE SYSTEMS

Howard County Health Department

APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF

PLANNING & ZONING

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL REMOVE ALL DEBRIS, TRASH, AND EXTRANEOUS MATERIAL, WHETHER OR NOT RESULTING FROM HIS WORK EFFORTS FROM WITHIN THE LIMIT OF WORK AND DISPOSE OF IT OFFSITE IN AN APPROVED FACILITY AS PART OF THIS CONTRACT.

ALL AREAS OF ASPHALT TO BE REMOVED SHALL BE SAWCUT.

CLEAR AND GRUB AS NECESSARY TO CONSTRUCT IMPROVEMENTS. SEE FOREST CONSERVATION PLAN FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION REGARDING TREE REMOVAL AND PROTECTION.

PROPOSED SANITARY SEWER AND WATER CONNECTIONS EXTEND BEYOND THE LIMITS OF THIS SHEET. PROPOSED SEWER EXTENDS SOUTHWEST ALONG THE TRAVEL LANE OF WASHINGTON BOULEVARD (ROUTE 1) TO CONNECT WITH THE EXISTING SEWER. SEE PUBLIC UTILITY DRAWINGS FOR LIMITS OF EXTENSION AND ASSOCIATED WORK.

owher Maryland State Highway Administration 707 Horth Calvert Street Baltimore, MD 21202 416-545-0300

OWNER AND DEVELOPER HOWARD COUNTY, MD 4250 BENDIX ROAD COLUMBIA, MD 21045 CONTACT: DAVID LOUDERMILK 410-313-6139

ENGINEER TESSERACT SITES, INC. 401 WASHINGTON AVE, SUITE 303 TOMSON, MD 21202 CONTACT: JEFFREY SCHWAB 410-321-7600

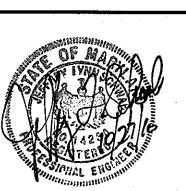


Professional Certification. I hereby certify that these documents were prepared or approved by me, and that I am a duly licensed professional engineer under the laws of the State of Maryland, License No. 14230, Expiration Date: 12/09/10.

Corridor Industrial Park, Section 1, Parcel C-1 Savage Volunteer Fire Station Savage, Maryland

Demolition Plan

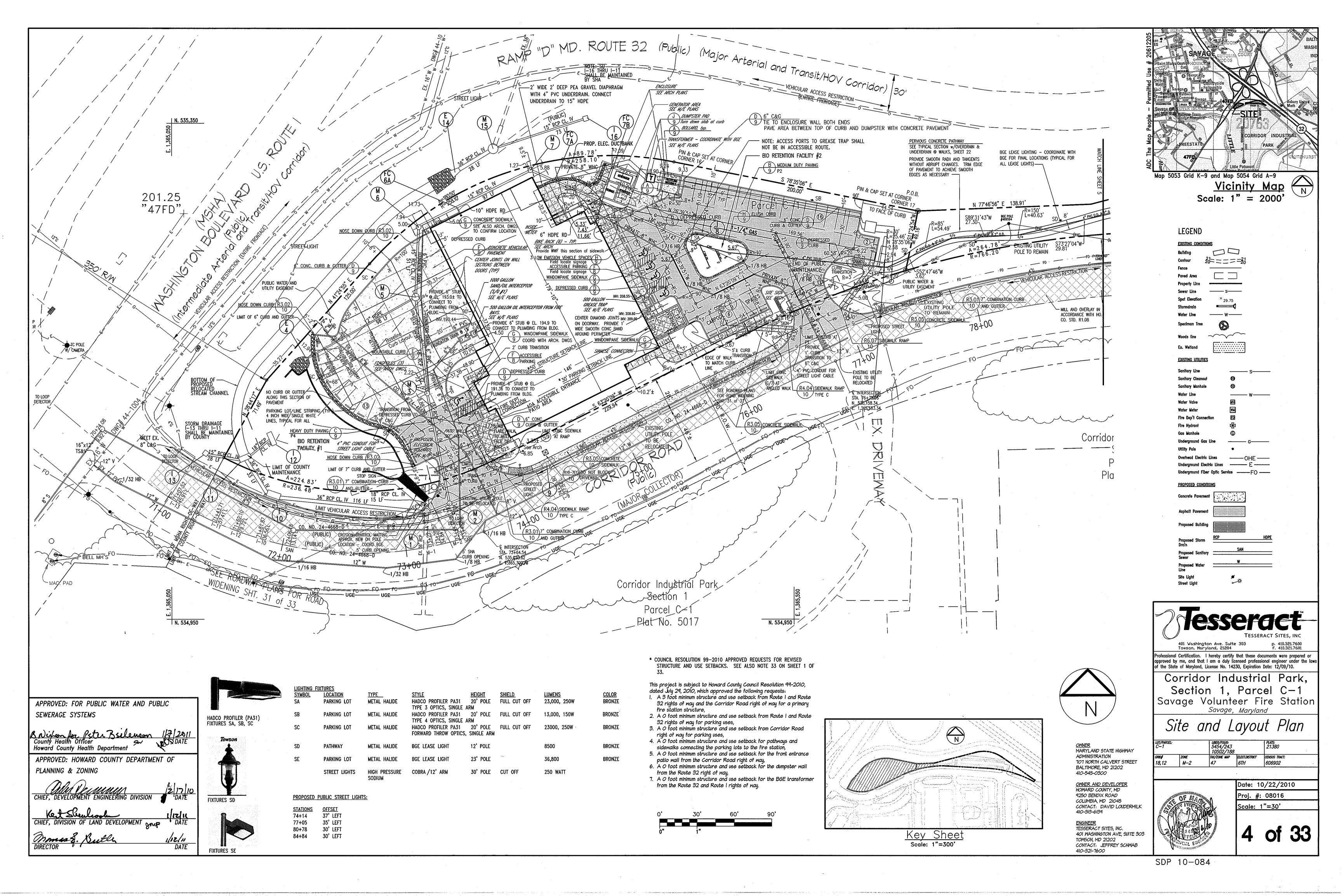
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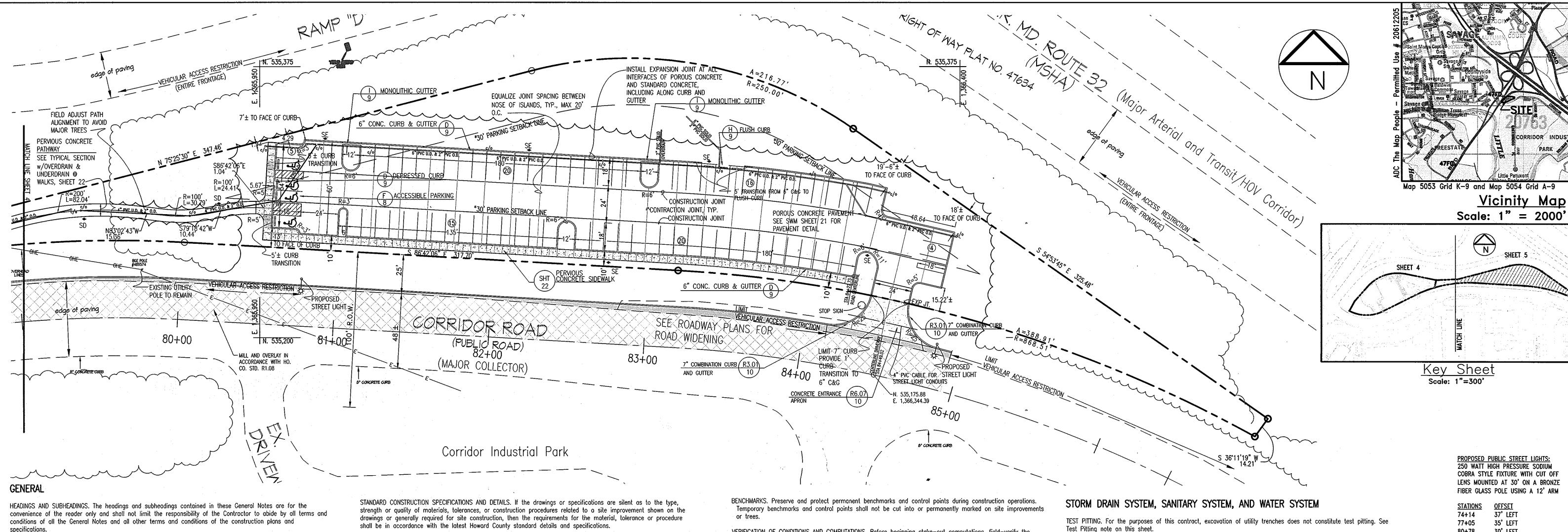


Date: 10/22/2010 Proj. #: 08016 Scale: 1"=50'

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NOTE: REMOVAL OF THE HASLUP HOUSE FOUNDATIONS SHALL NOT BE DONE UNTIL APPROVAL FROM THE MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST AND MARYLAND STATE HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION IS OBTAINED.





another drawing might show the work. For example, proposed walks and contours will appear on the Plantif Plan, but the contractor shall NOT use that drawing to layout walks or for grading. The Planting Plan shall be used only for Planting (and other issues explicitly related to planting and addressed by the plan). Likewise, final grading shall be based on the "Grading Plan (or if there is no such title, the "Site Plan"), and not on the Sediment Control Plan. Before beginning work, the Contractor shall carefully review all site drawings; if there is any question about which drawing is an appropriate drawing for a particular type of work, the Contractor shall submit a written request for clarification to Tesseract.

ABBREVIATIONS (not alphabetical):

PROP	Proposed*	DIP	Ductile iron pipe, class 54**
EX	Existing	PVC	Polyvinyl chloride pipe, schedule 40 st
BIT	Bituminous	HDPE	High Density Polyethylene Pipe **
CONC	Concrete	CMP	Corrugated Metal Pipe, aluminized**
МН	Manhole	RCP	Reinforced concrete pipe, class IV**
SD	Storm Drain	C&G	Concrete curb & gutter
1	Inlet	SWM	Storm Water Management
C/0	Clean-out	INV	Invert Elevation
SÁN	Sanitary Sewer	FF	Finished floor elevation
FH	Fire Hydrant	BF	Basement floor elevation
TC	Top of curb	BC	Bottom of curb
TS	Top of step	BS	Bottom of step
TB	Top of Boulder	88	Bottom of Boulder
TW	Top of Wall	BW .	Bottom of Wall
PC	Point of Curvature	PS	Parking space
PT	Point of Tangency	HC	Handicapped parking space
Pl	Point of Intersection	TYP	Typical

*Proposed means work included in the base contract unless accompanied by the phrases "N.I.C" or "By Others." **Unless otherwise noted on these drawings.

LIMIT OF DISTURBANCE IS NOT A "LIMIT OF CONTRACT": The Limit of Disturbance is not a "Limit of Contract." All work shown on the drawings and referred to in the specifications is part of the contract. Work outside the L.O.D. that is part of the contract includes, but is not limited to: (i) areas of existing pavement to be removed, repaired, or resurfaced where the subgrade will not be exposed; (ii) lawn areas to be maintained and reconditioned as part of the contract, but which are not otherwise disturbed, and (iii) trees that require maintenance, pruning and possibly

removal, and removal of trash, whether or not generated by the Contractor. APPROVED: FOR PUBLIC WATER AND PUBLIC SEWERAGE SYSTEMS BN Jon for Astu Bsilanson / County Health Officer
Howard County Health Department APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING & ZONING

REPAIR AND REPLACEMENT OF DAMAGE CAUSED BY CONTRACTOR AND SUBCONTRACTORS. In the event that the lawns, or any other existing conditions (not indicated to be demolished), or any newly installed proposed improvement, the contractor shall repair and replace said damage to owner's satisfaction, at contractor's sole cost and expense.

EXISTING CONDITIONS NOT GUARANTEED: VERIFICATION REQUIRED

EXISTING INFORMATION AND CONDITIONS NOT GUARANTEED. VERIFY CONDITIONS AND TEST PIT EXISTING UTILITIES. The correctness and completeness of the information showing existing conditions is not guaranteed. Before beginning construction, the contractor shall perform the following tasks.

(a) Notify Miss Utility at 1-800-257-7777, and make sure they complete the marking of utilities within the limits of construction at least 48 hours prior to installing sediment control measures. Maintain all markings throughout construction. The Contractor shall also include in his bid price marking of on-site utilities that might not be marked by MISS Utility; the contractor shall either mark these on-site utilities himself or by subcontracting with a private on-site utility location company.

(b) Verify the general accuracy of the existing conditions shown on the site drawings by visual inspection of the surface of the site and all existing structures, paving and utility appurtenances visible thereon;

(c) With regard to the structures and appurtenances observed as required per item (b) above, determine the type, size, location and elevation of all those existing utilities (including but not limited to all wells, storm drains, sanitary lines, water lines, gas lines, steam lines, electric lines, telephone lines, and communication ducts, and all manholes, inlets, clean—outs, valves, handholes, etc. related thereto) within the limits of construction in order to (i) avoid damaging or disrupting service, and (ii) to coordinate and facilitate construction of proposed utilities and other improvements. In addition to the Contractor's visual observation and the utility marking (as required above), the contractor shall schedule and complete Test Pitting of all existing utilities (for the purposes set forth above) and shall do so in a timely manner in order to allow time for analysis and redesign by Tesseract and/or other consultants, without delaying the project schedule.

(d) Immediately report to Tesseract the results of steps (a), (b), and (c) which might indicate any discrepancy between actual conditions and those shown on the plan, and any potential conflicts between proposed improvements and

Test pitting defined: For the purposes of this contract, excavation of utility trenches does not constitute test pitting. Test pitting is a separate operation completed at least seven days before utility installation is scheduled to begin. Test pitting means excavation to expose existing utilities in two situations: (i) where proposed improvements cross existing utilities (pipes, lines, structures, appurtenances) and (ii) where proposed utilities are designed to connect to existing utilities. Test pitting includes recording the type, size, location and elevation of the exposed utilities, and faxing and mailing the record to Tesseract and the Owner. The record may be a legible hand-written field sketch.

COORDINATE WITH ELECTRIC, GAS, & TELECOMMUNICATIONS COMPANIES. In addition to the above requirements, the contractor shall coordinate with local private utility companies where temporary disconnection, relocation or removal of utilities is required for the contractor to construct the proposed buildings and site improvements.

AESTHETICS ARE MATERIAL PART OF CONTRACT

The final appearance and aesthetics of all site improvements are essential and material parts of the contract. Site improvements that are fully functional, but which deviate from the design and the aesthetic requirements of the drawings and specifications do NOT constitute substantial completion of the contract. All site improvements shall comply with graphic representations, notes and specifications regarding vertical and horizontal alignment, spacing, color, and finishes. Specific aesthetic requirements are set forth in these General Notes regarding; (i) Grading; (ii) Utilities and Rip-Rap; (iii) Povements; (iv) Walls; and (v) Plants.

STAKE-OUT PROCEDURES AND AS-BUILT SURVEYS

STAKE—OUT BY LICENSED SURVEYOR. Stakeout of all sediment control measures, buildings, structures, utilities, grading, roads, curbs, walks, walls, and fences shall be performed under the direction of a professional surveyor licensed in the state of Maryland with proven capability and experience on similar projects.

RECORD LOG AND AS-BUILT INFORMATION. Maintain a log of layout control work and an updated survey of as-built conditions showing the size, type, location and elevation of site improvements including building corners and slab elevations, utilities (including the size, type, slope, and invert elevations of pipes), curbs, parking lot and road elevations, walk and wall alignments and elevations, and the location and elevation of other site amenities and improvements. Notify Owner immediately when deviations from required lines and levels exceed allowable tolerances. Provide a copy of the updated as-built survey each month.

VERIFICATION OF CONDITIONS AND COMPUTATIONS. Before beginning stake—out computations, field—verify the coordinates and elevations of key boundary corners and topographic features upon which the layout of proposed improvements is based. Compute the layout of all proposed improvements in accordance with the dimensions and graphic representations on the drawings. Before beginning site clearing, provide a preliminary stakeout of buildings, roads, parking lots, and limit-of-disturbance, and provide the Owner with the opportunity to observe the completed preliminary stake-out before proceeding with work.

"MEASURE TWICE, CUT ONCE": Throughout construction, the Contractor's superintendent shall continually check the accuracy of the stake-out, proposed excavations, grading, structures, utilities, concrete forms, and other site improvements before each component of the work begins.

DIMENSIONS. Unless otherwise noted on the drawing, all dimensions shown on the site drawings follow these

(a) dimensions to a building or retaining wall are to the face of the wall;

(b) dimensions to a curb are to the face (not the back) of the curb; (c) dimensions to a fence are to the centerline of the fence:

(d)dimensions for sidewalks abutting a curb are from the face of curb to the back edge of the walk; (c) dimensions for other sidewalks or open paving sections are measured to the edge of paving; (f) dimensions to a manhole, inlet, cleanout, pipe bend, valve, fire hydrant or other utility appurtenance are to the center of the structure;

(g) dimensions for steps are to the outer edge of the staircase and the nose of the top or bottom step; (h)layout of sediment control measures and plant material shall be scaled.

If a discrepancy is undetected prior to formation of the construction contract, numerically written dimensions shall take precedence over scaled dimensions for the purpose of the contract; the contractor shall notify Tesseract of any such discrepancy immediately upon discovery and shall wait for clarification before proceeding with construction.

PROCEDURES FOR DEMOLITION

SAW CUTTING ASPHALT PAVEMENT. All asphalt pavement to be removed shall be saw cut in straight lines approved by the owner. Points at which the lines to be saw cut will intersect shall be drilled so that the saw cut lines do not pass through the intersecting point.

REMOVAL OF CONCRETE CURB, CURB & GUTTER, AND PAVEMENTS TO NEAREST JOINT. When removal of concrete REMOVAL OF CONCRETE CURB, CURB & GUITER, AND PAVEMENTS TO INCAREST VOIDS. The drawings or is required to curb, curb & gutter, sidewalk, and other concrete pavement is expressly required by the drawings or is required to ROADS, PARKING LOTS, AND PAVEMENTS expansion joint beyond the required work. The base contract shall include said removal and replacement at no additional cost to the owner.

REMOVAL WASTE FROM OWNER'S PROPERTY: Remove all construction debris from the Owner's property in a lawful

Walls shall be plumb and the top of wall shall be a smooth line consisting of straight lines and transitions.

SITE LIGHTING AND OTHER UTILITY SYSTEMS

Site lighting, electric service, gas, propane service, and telecommunications systems, as well as chilled water and steam lines, are not designed by Tesseract Sites, Inc. The purpose of showing such utilities on the civil drawings is to coordinate their location with other site improvements in order to avoid conflicts with water lines, sanitary sewers, storm drains, road and parking lot layout, walls, fences, landscaping and other improvements. The civil drawings shall be the controlling source for the layout of all utility lines and appurtenances. The contractor shall coordinate the requirements of the electrical and telecommunication drawings, and mechanical and plumbing drawings, with the civil drawings, and shall likewise coordinate the location and timing of installation of utilities that are installed by other private utility companies or vendors, whether or not such utilities are part of the contract. Before staking out any utility in a location different than is shown on the civil drawings, send a sketch showing the alternative alignment to Tesseract Sites, Inc. for review and comment. Utilities and utility appurtenances that are installed in conflict with the proposed location of other site improvements (including parking spaces) shall be removed and reinstalled in the correct location. Site lighting shall be installed as shown on the civil drawings to avoid conflicts with parking lot layout and other site improvements; lighting in the parking lot pavement shall be installed at the intersection of four parking spaces; lighting located adjacent to roads and parking lots shall be 3' from the face of curbs unless otherwise indicated by controlling authorities; and lighting along walks shall be 2' from the edge of walk.

APPEARANCE OF UTILITY STRUCTURES AN ESSENTIAL PART OF CONTRACT. The finish, color, location, orientation, and elevation of utility structures and appurtenances are an integral part of the desian and the finished surfaci appearance is an essential part of the construction contract. Finish and color shall be as specified, or if not specified as is customary by industry standards. Vertical elements, such as fire hydrants and light poles, shall be plumb. Utility locations shall be as shown on the plan. The base of fire hydrants and light poles bases, as well as the top of manholes and inlets, shall be flush with finished grade. Square or rectangular inlets shall be set square with nearby straight lines, exactly as shown in plan view. The fact that a utility is "functional" does not satisfy these aesthetic requirements.

STORM DRAIN STRUCTURES ALIGNMENTS SHALL MATCH CURBS & WALKS. Before the utility contractor installs storm drain structures, the Contractor's surveyor shall set stakes on both sides of the curb inlets to establish face of curb and top of curb, and the edge and elevation of curbs and walks located within 10 feet of the structures. The horizontal and vertical alignment of inlets, inlet curb pieces and manholes shall match adjoining curbs and

DARK GRAY RIP RAP AND STONE REQUIRED. Rip rap and other stone that will remain as a permanent site improvement shall be dark gray.

ADJUSTMENT FOR FINAL GRADE. All existing and proposed utility appurtenances shall be adjusted for final grade.

CLEAN OUTS. All clean outs (SAN & S.D.) shall be 4" flush mounted bronze top with recessed keyway on 4" D.I.P. pipe set vertically (2' min. length). If in lawn areas, clean—outs shall be set flush with grade to prevent damage from mowers. There shall be a "boot-type" clean out for roof drains at the building.

COMPLIANCE WITH CODES; UTILITY CERTIFICATION. The Contractor shall supply all materials, equipment and labor necessary to complete the proposed water lines, sanitary sewer system, and storm drain system as required by all applicable governmental codes and manufacturer's requirements. This note applies whether or not the plans show every fitting, bend, clean-out, valve, box, vault, buttress, or other appurtenance or measure which is required by governmental laws and regulations, or manufacturer's requirements. The Contractor shall employ a professional engineer, registered in the State of Maryland, to certify, on a form provided by the Owner, that all proposed sanitary sewers, water lines and storm drains shown herein were installed in accordance with these plans, and all applicable building and plumbing codes.

PAVEMENTS. Concrete and masonry pavements and the surface course of asphalt pavements shall not be installed until successful completion, testing and approval of the subgrade and underground utilities, and completion of all work that might damage the finished surface of the povement. Final pavement surfaces shall be uniform in color and finish, free of defects, discoloration, and patches. Refer to stormwater management drawings for specific protections and procedures for porous pavement surfaces.

* COUNCIL RESOLUTION 99-2010 APPROVED REQUESTS FOR REVISED STRUCTURE AND USE SETBACKS. SEE ALSO NOTE 33 ON SHEET 1 OF 33.

This project is subject to Howard County Council Resolution 99-2010, dated July 29, 2010, which approved the following requests:

- 1. A 3 foot minimum structure and use setback from Route 1 and Route 32 rights of way and the Corridor Road right of way for a primary fire station structure,
- 2. A O foot minimum structure and use setback from Route I and Route 32 rights of way for parking
- 3. A O foot minimum structure and use setback from Corridor Road right of way for parking uses,
- 4. A O foot minimum structure and use setback for pathways and sidewalks connecting the parking lots to the fire station,
- 5. A O foot minimum structure and use setback for the front entrance patio wall from the Corridor Road right of way,
- 6. A O foot minimum structure and use setback for the dumpster wall from the Route 32 right of way, 7. A O foot minimum structure and use setback for the BGE transformer from the Route 32 and Route 1

50 WATT HIGH PRESSURE SODIUM COBRA STYLE FIXTURE WITH CUT OFF LENS MOUNTED AT 30' ON A BRONZE FIBER GLASS POLE USING A 12' ARM

80+78 30' LEFT 84+84 30' LEFT

> ONNER MARYLAND STATE HIGHNAY ADMINISTRATION 707 NORTH CALVERY STREET BALTMORE, MD 21202 410-545-0300

OWNER AND DEVELOPER HOWARD COUNTY, MD 9250 BENDIX ROAD COLUMBIA, MD 21045 CONTACT: DAVID LOUDERMILK 410-313-6139

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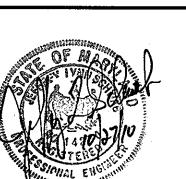
401 Washington Ave. Suite 303 Towson, Maryland, 21204 ssional Certification. I hereby certify that these documents were prepared or

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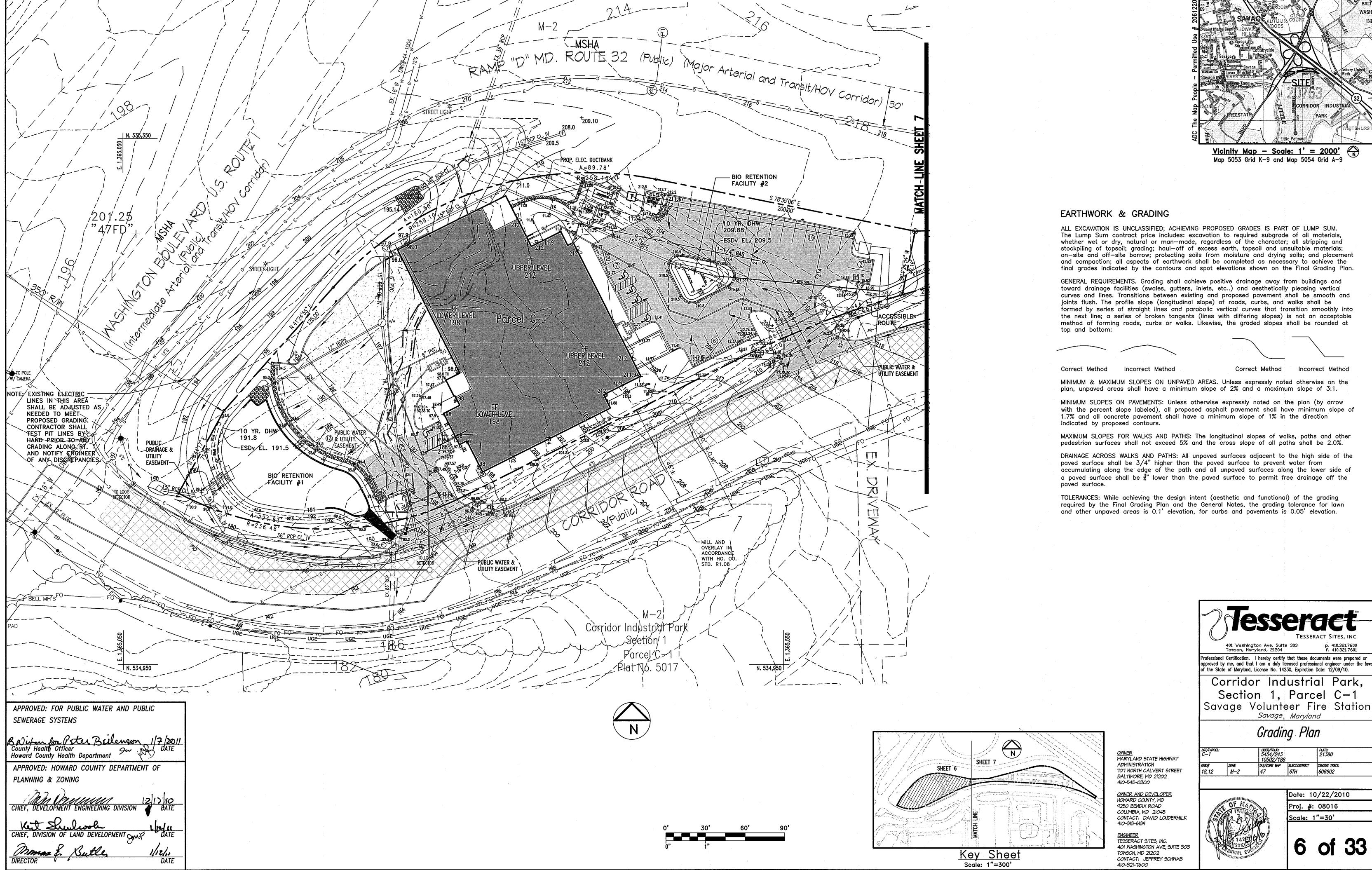
Site and Layout Plan

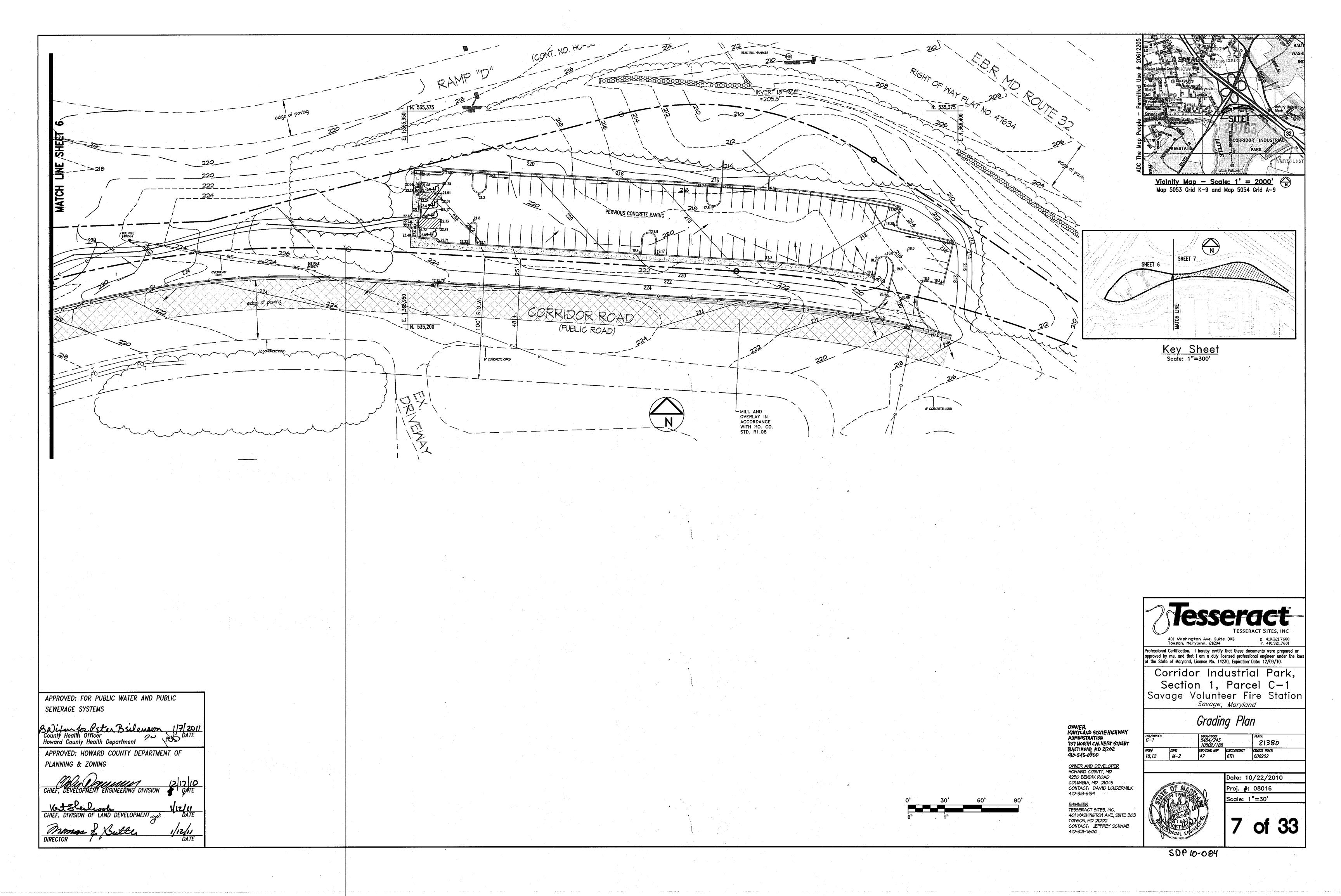
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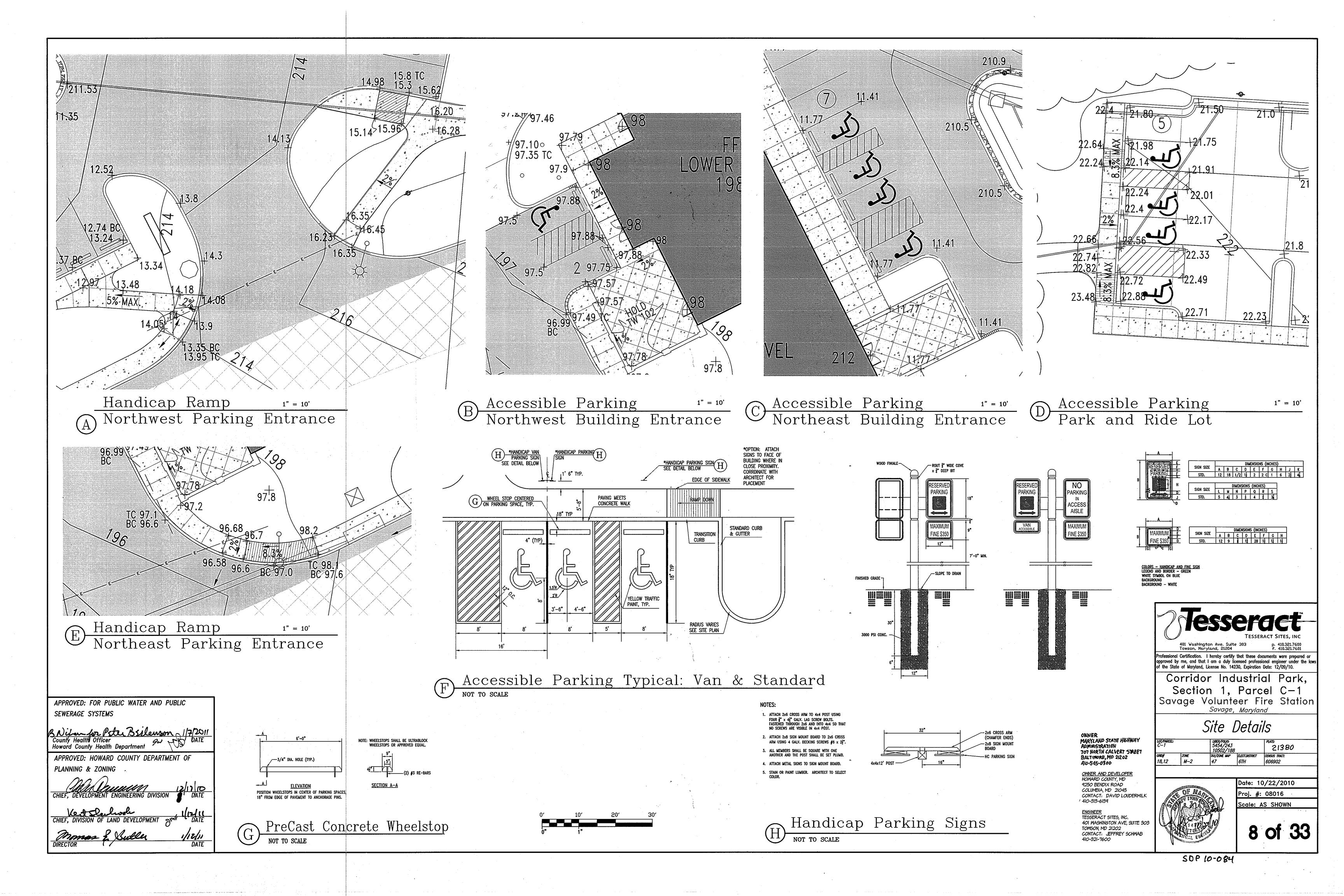


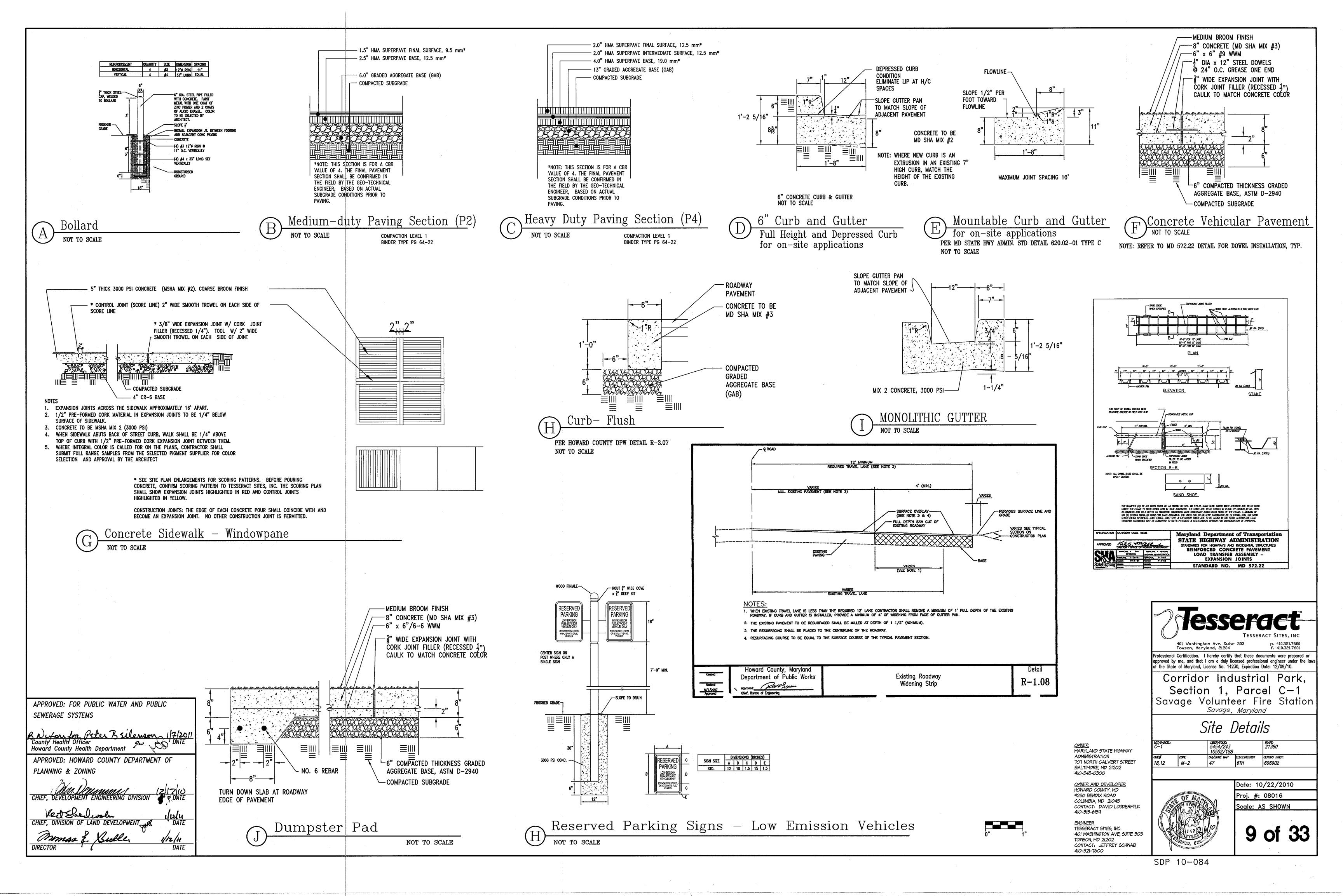
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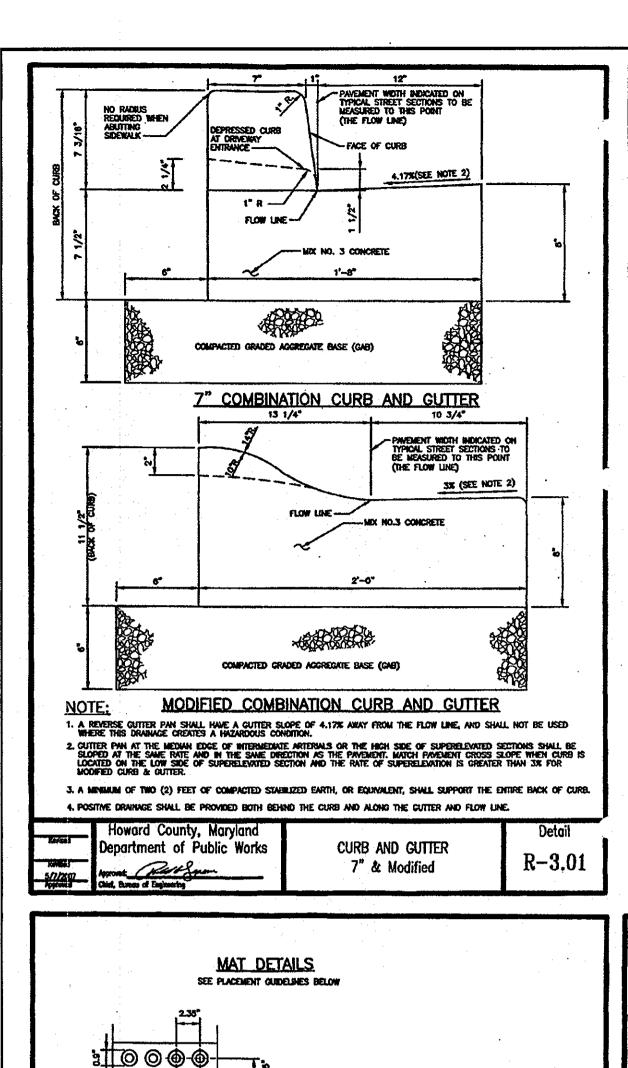
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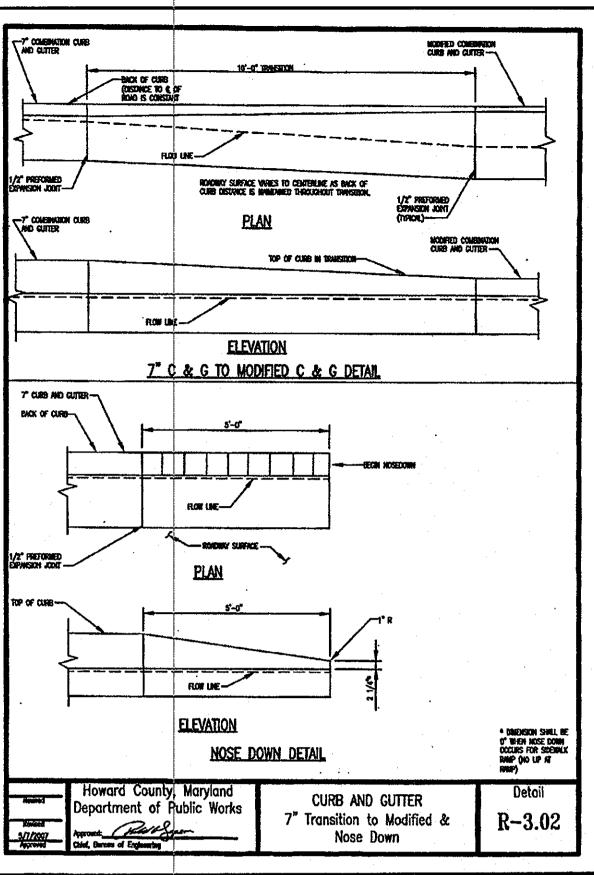


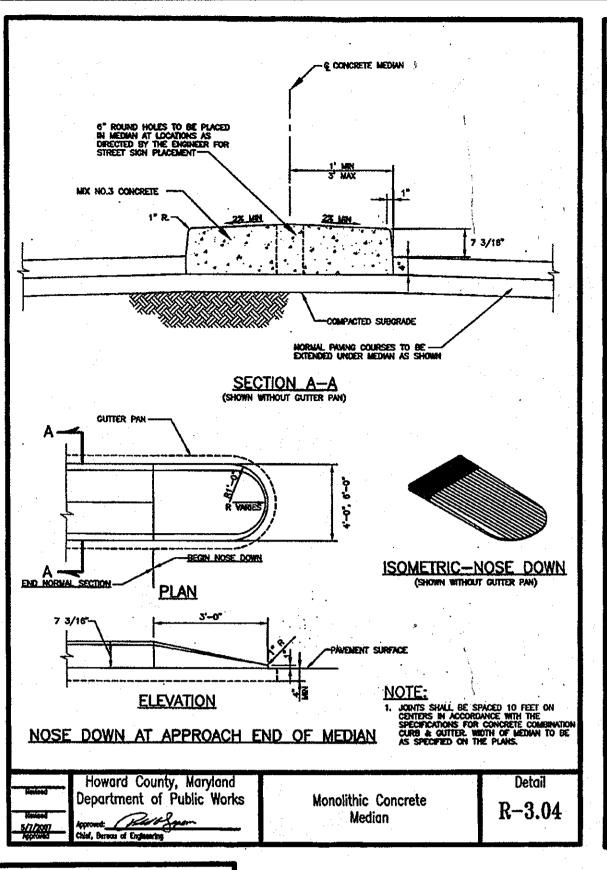


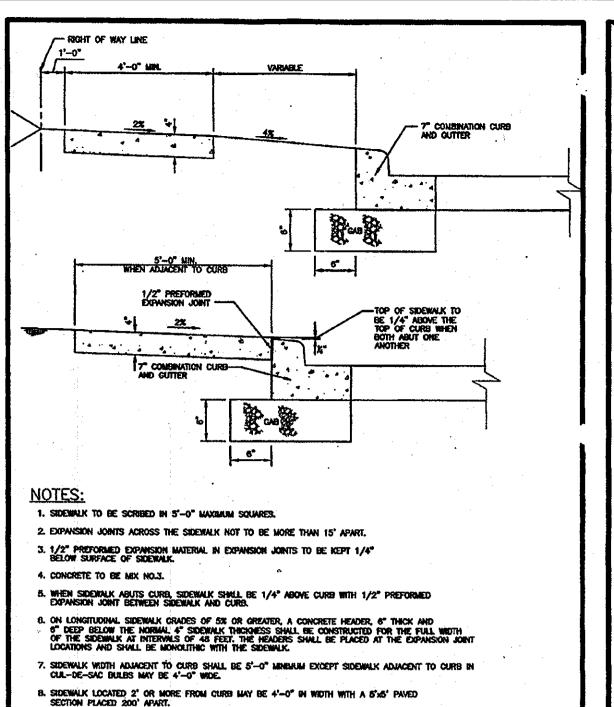






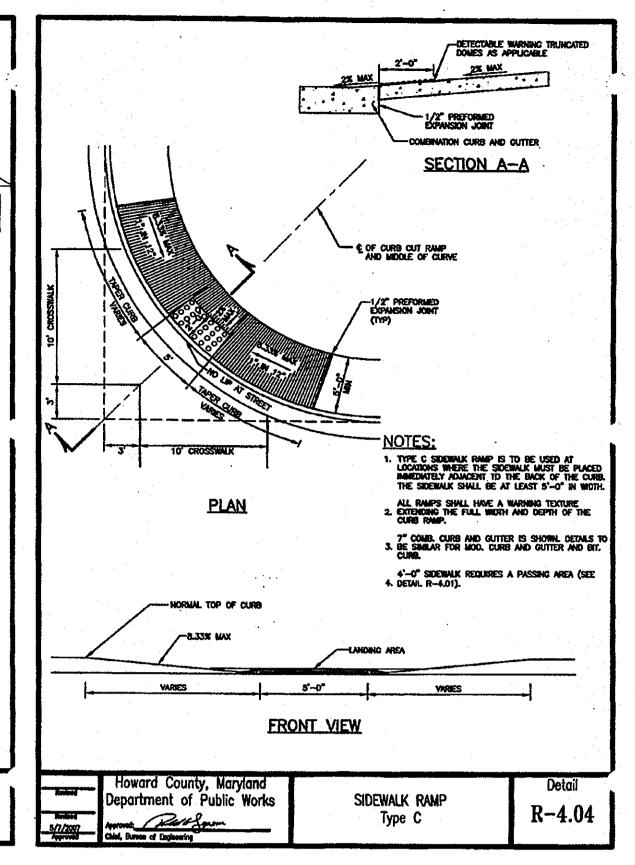


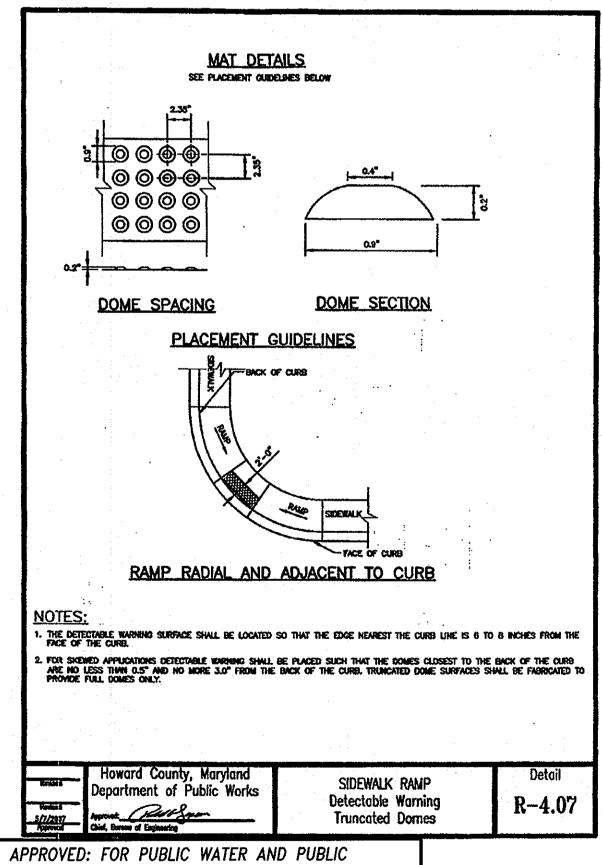


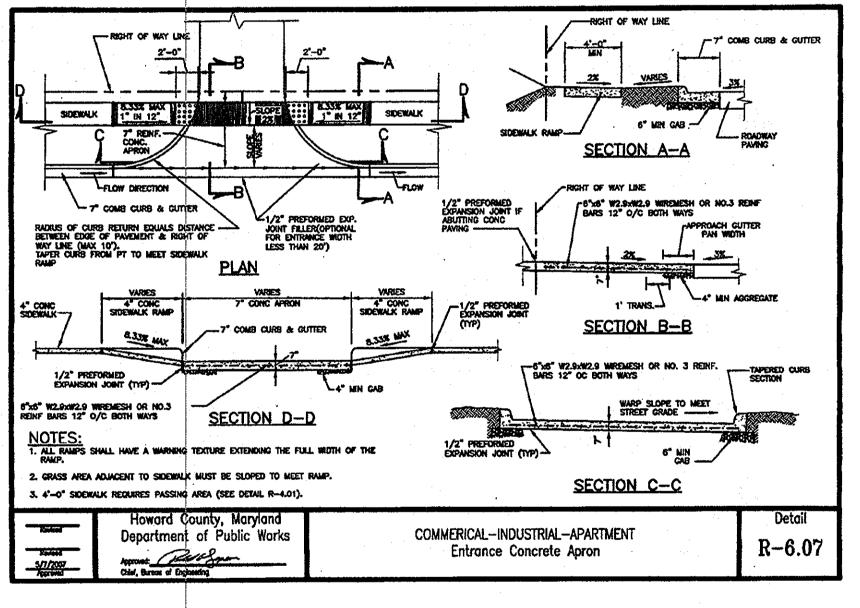


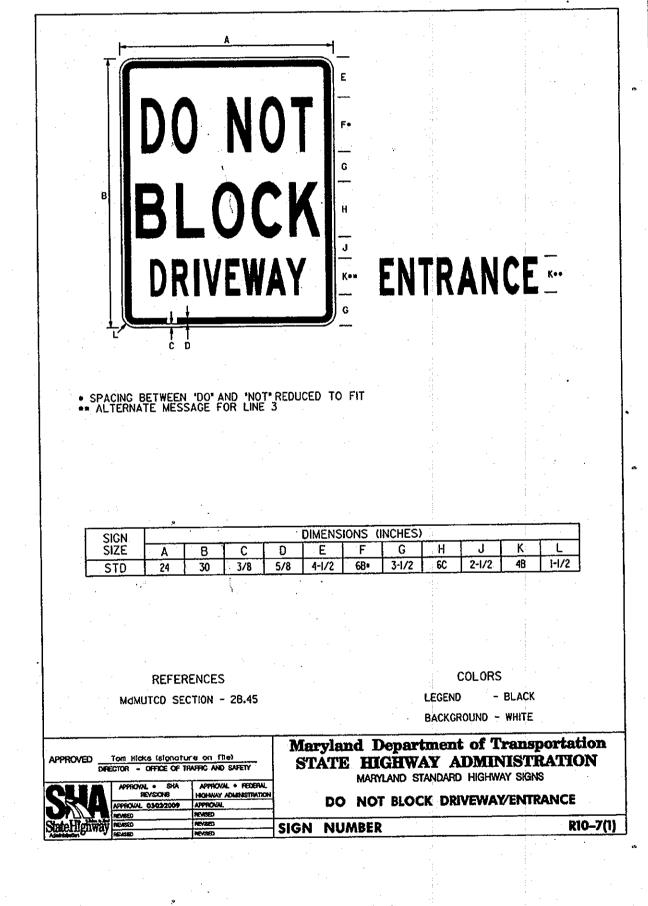
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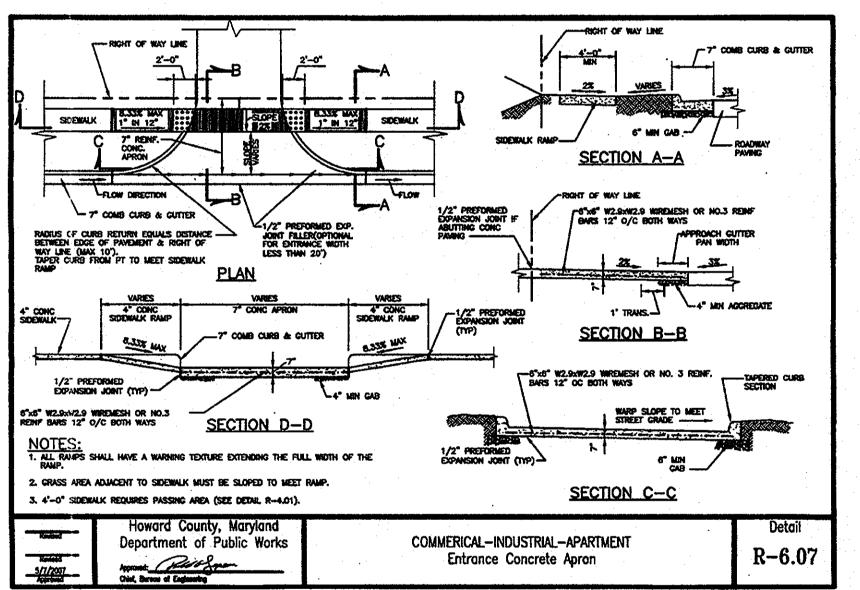
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CONTACT: JEFFREY SCHWAB

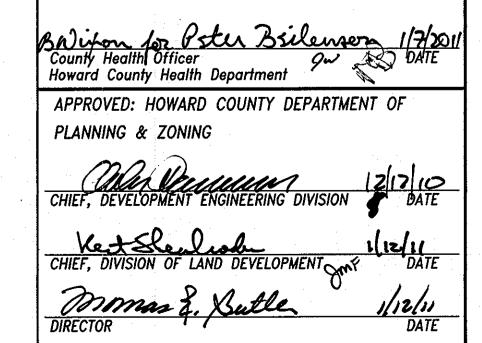
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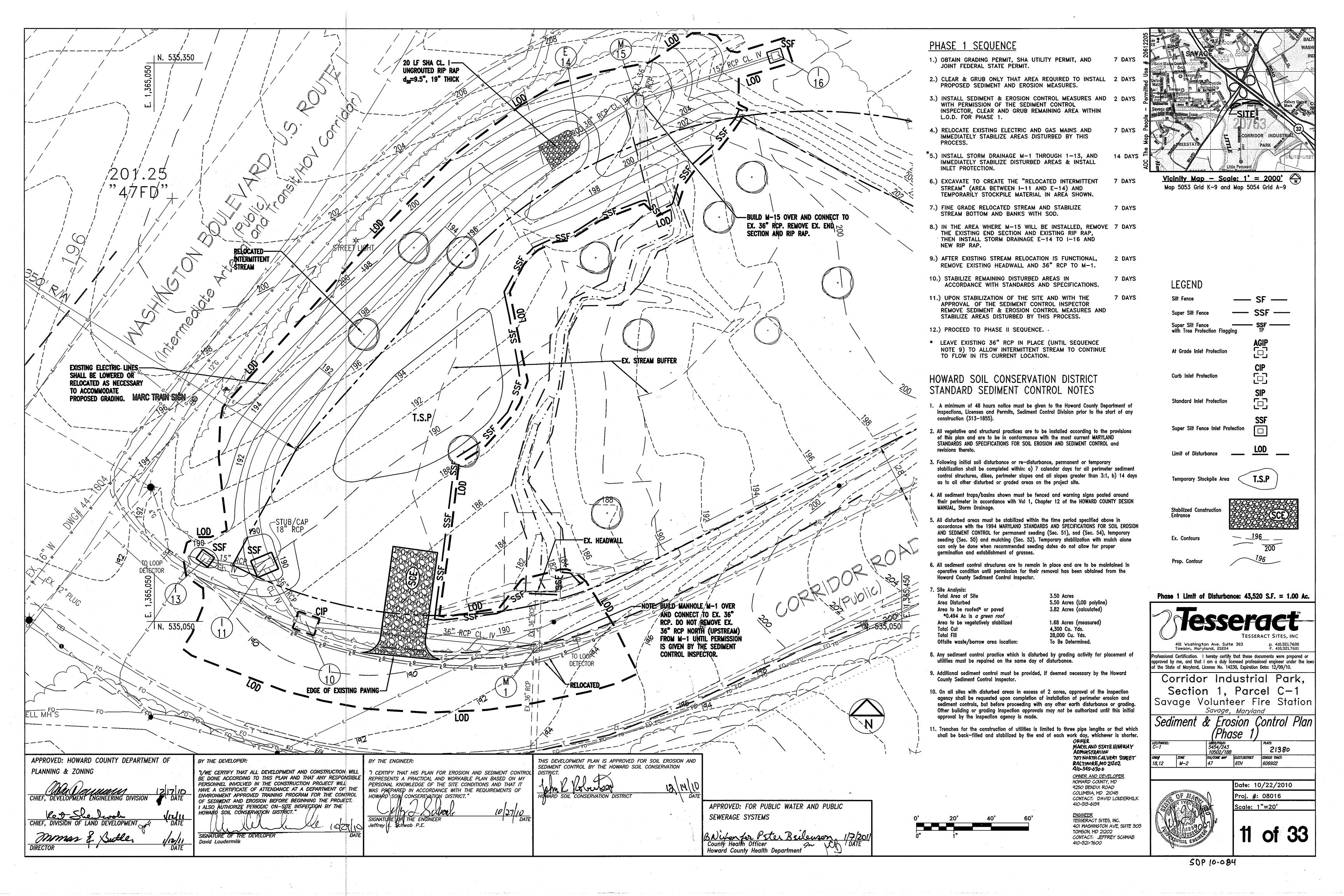


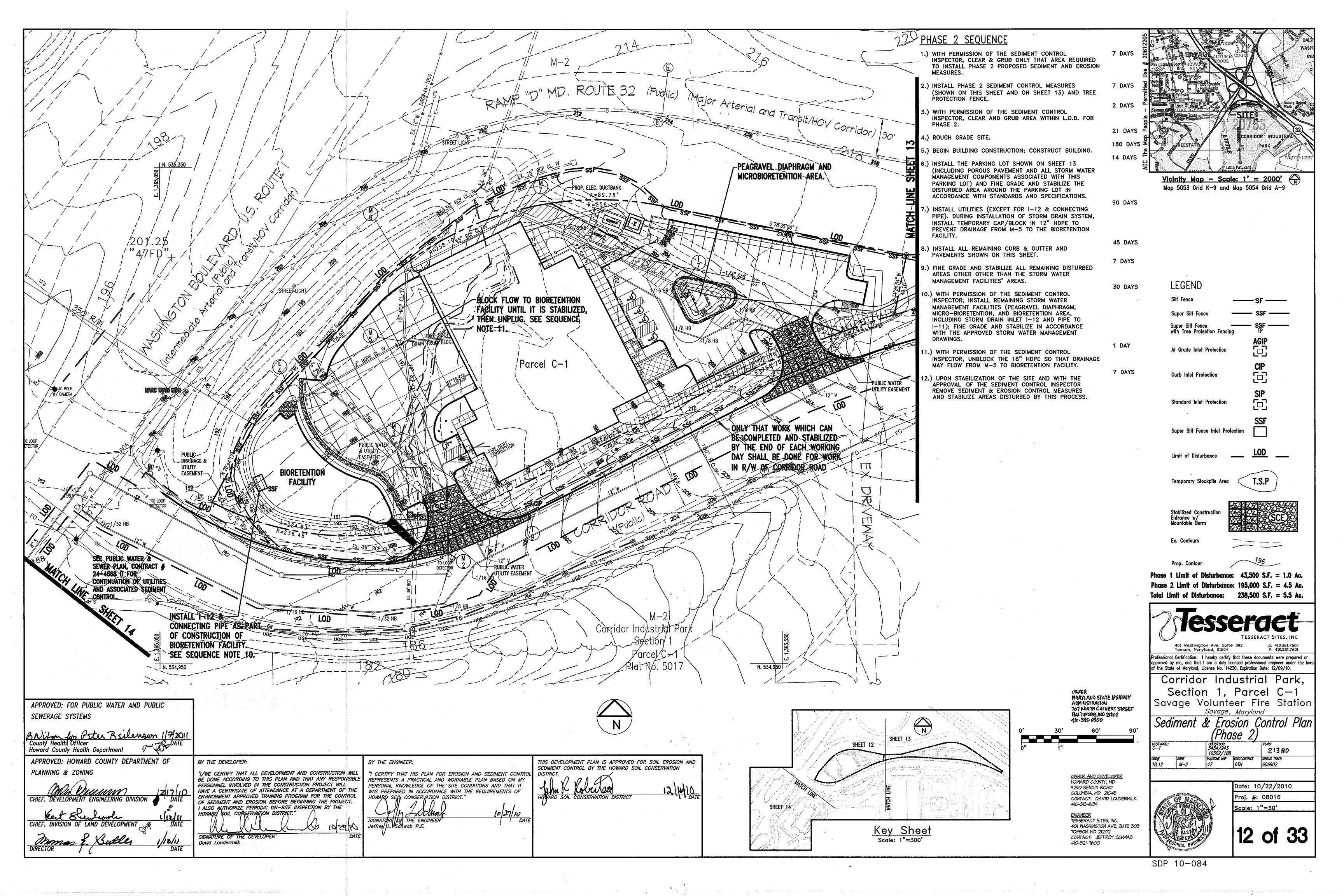
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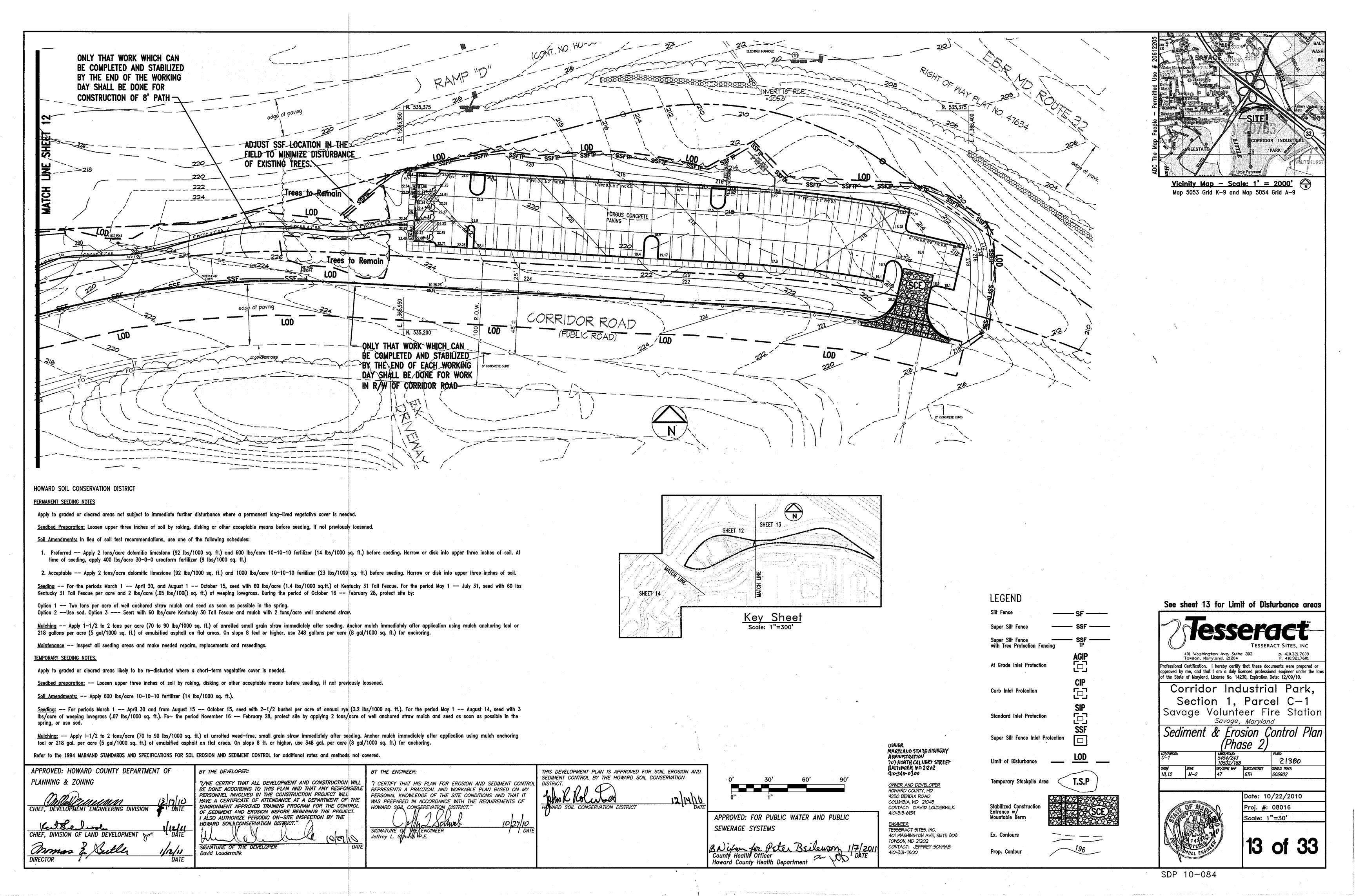
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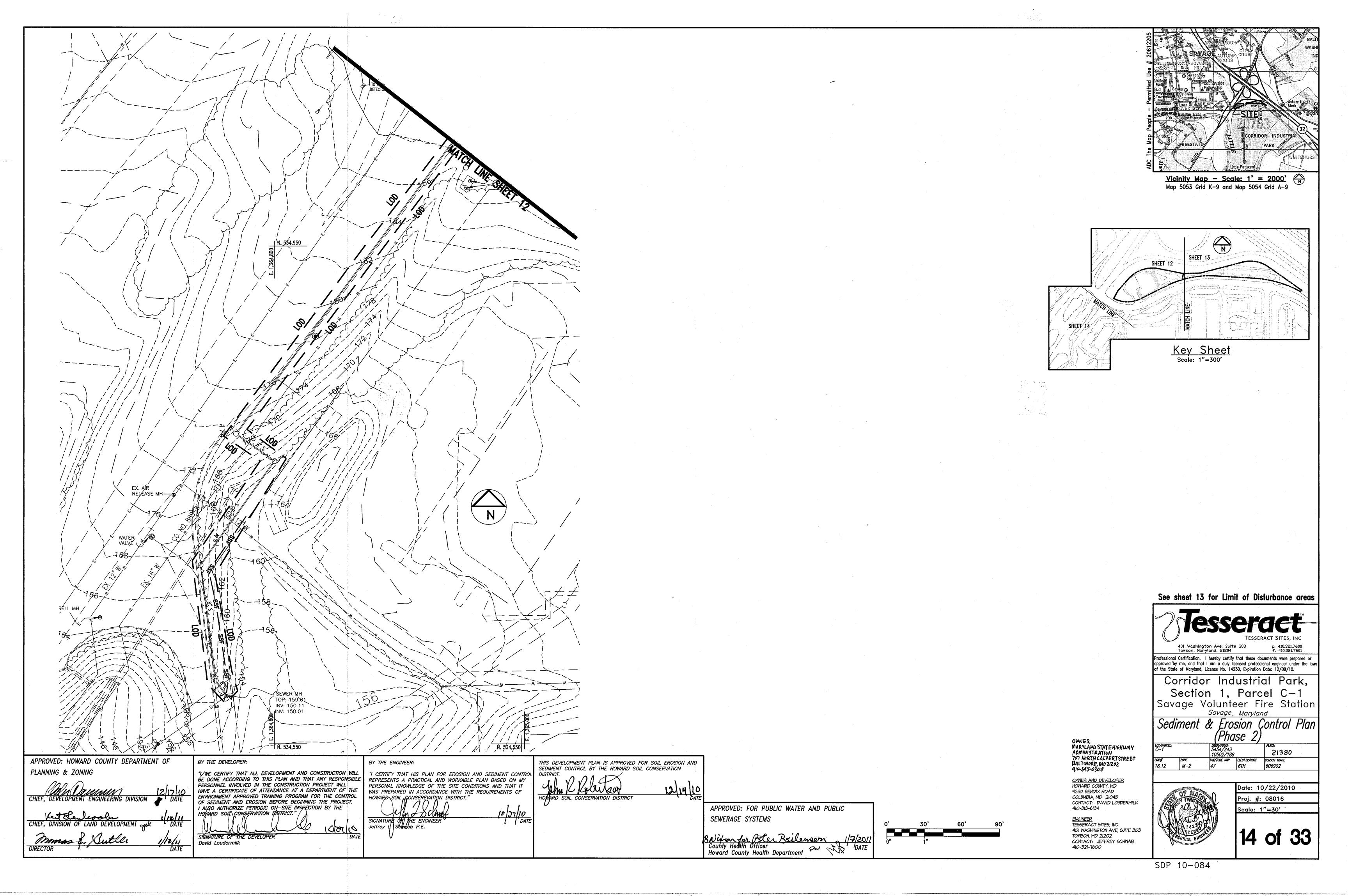


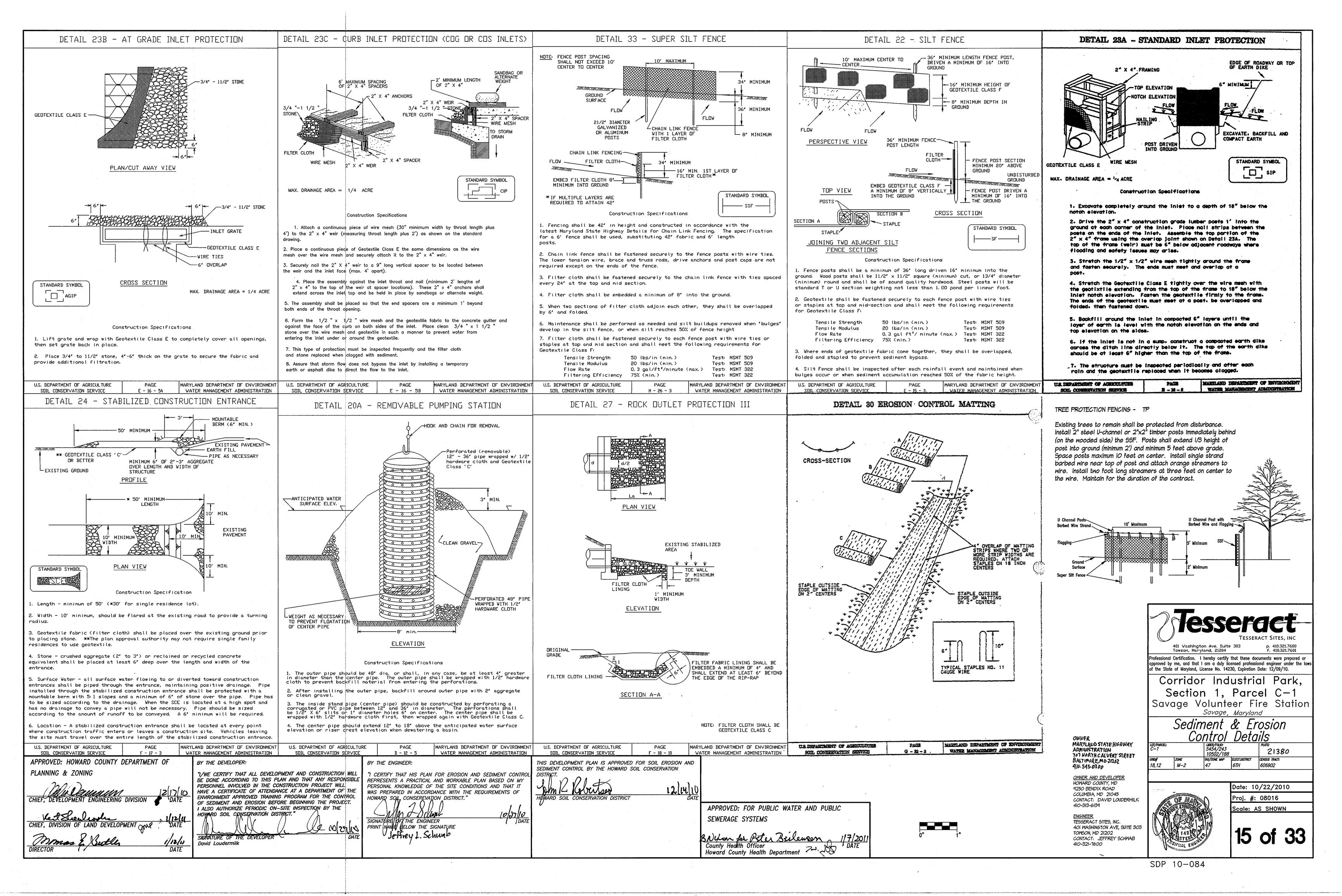
SEWERAGE SYSTEMS

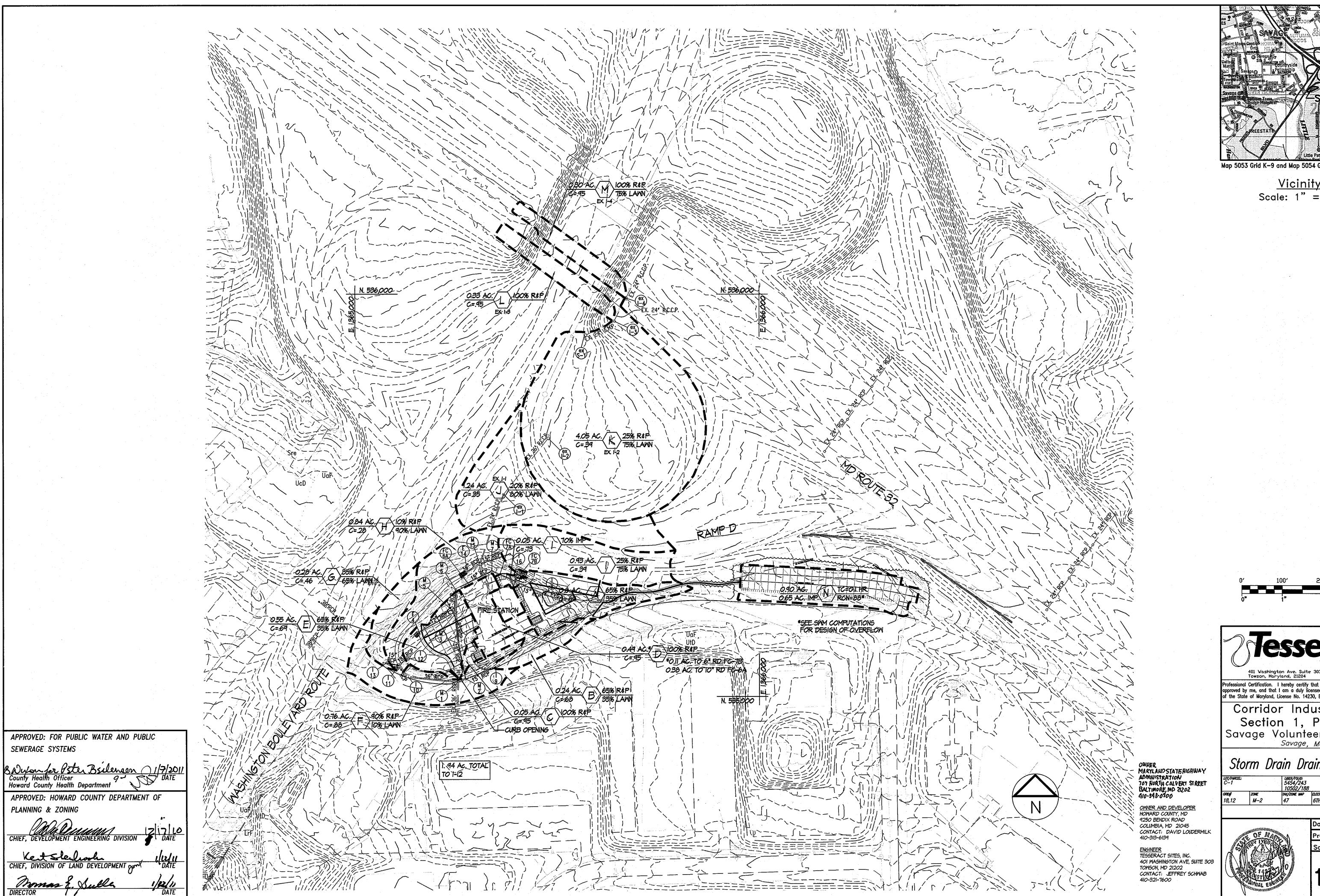




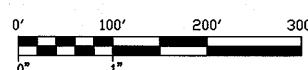








<u>Vicinity Map</u> Scale: 1" = 2000'





Professional Certification. I hereby certify that these documents were prepared or approved by me, and that I am a duty licensed professional engineer under the law of the State of Maryland, License No. 14230, Expiration Date: 12/09/10.

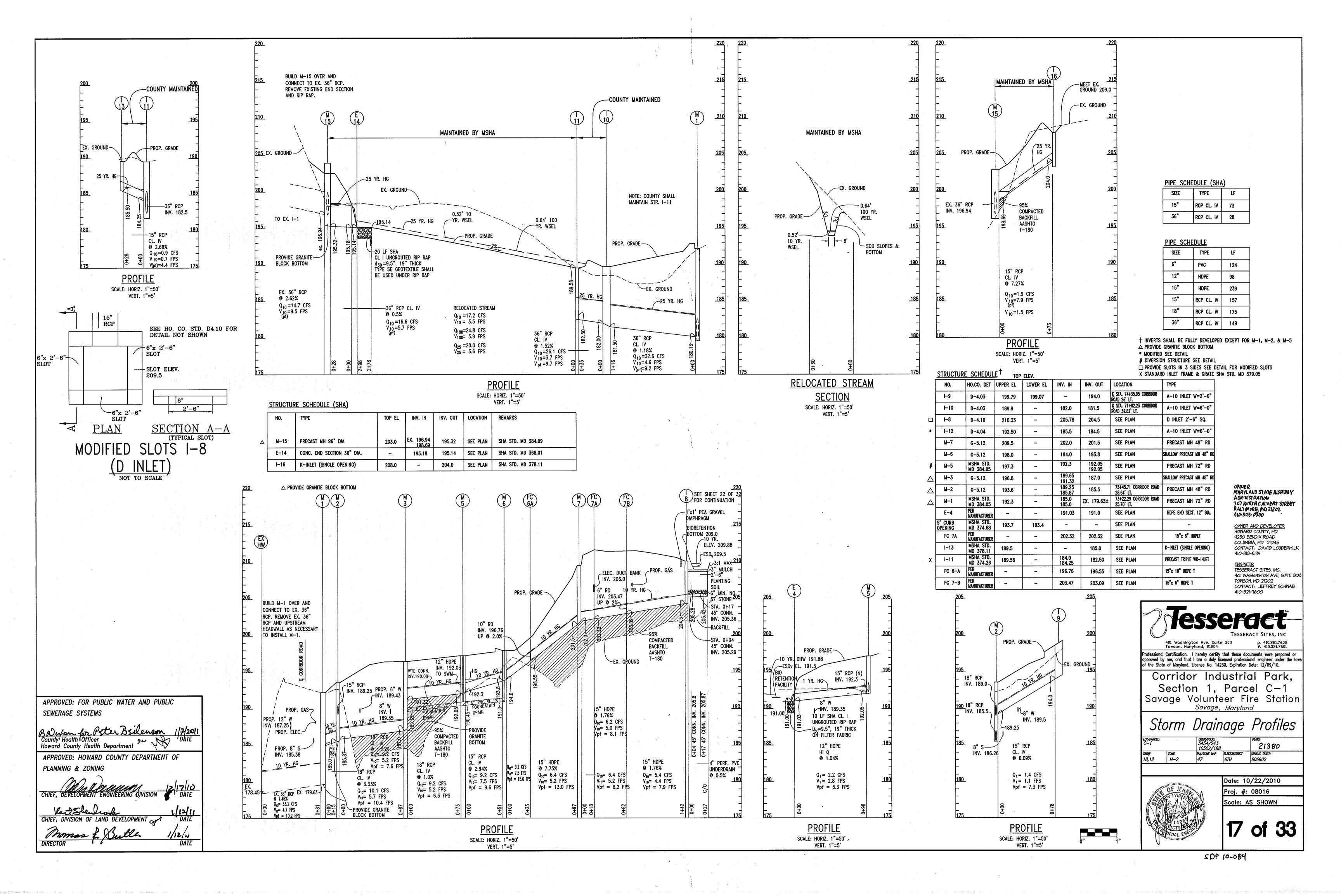
Corridor Industrial Park, Section 1, Parcel C-1 Savage Volunteer Fire Station Savage, Maryland

Storm Drain Drainage Area Map

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Date: 10/22/2010 Proj. #: 08016 Scale: 1"=100'

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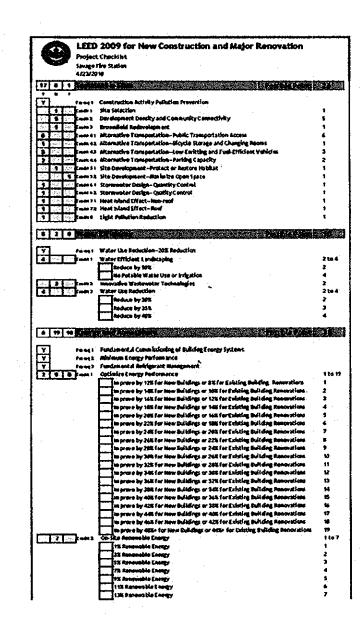


COMPLETE COMMISSIONING

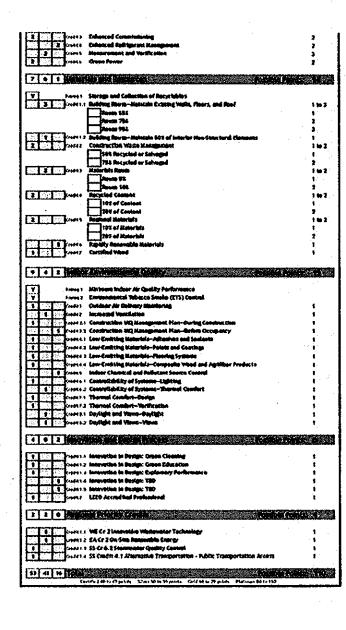
6304 Aaron Lane • Clinton, MD 20735-2201 Phone: 301-877-2260 • Fax: 301-877-2261

COMPLETE COMMISSIONING

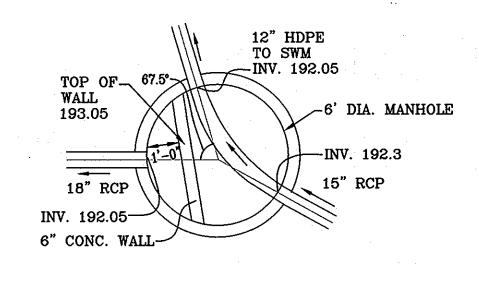
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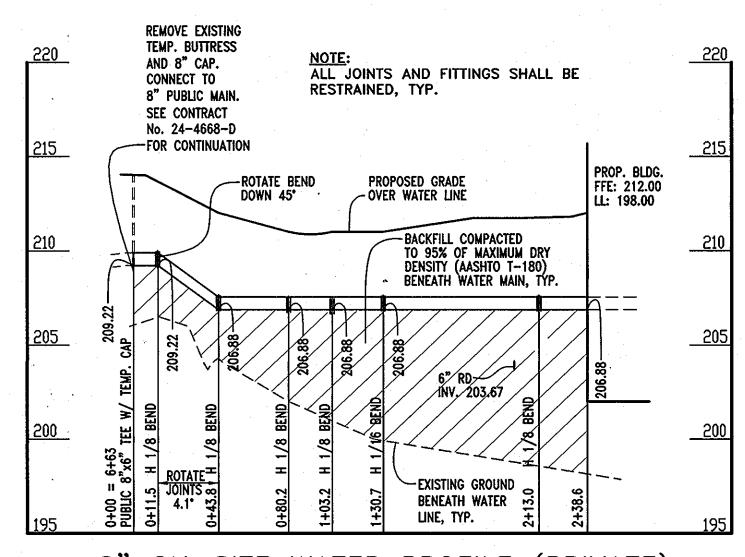
s NB George Benson, P.E., CBCP, LEED AP Principal



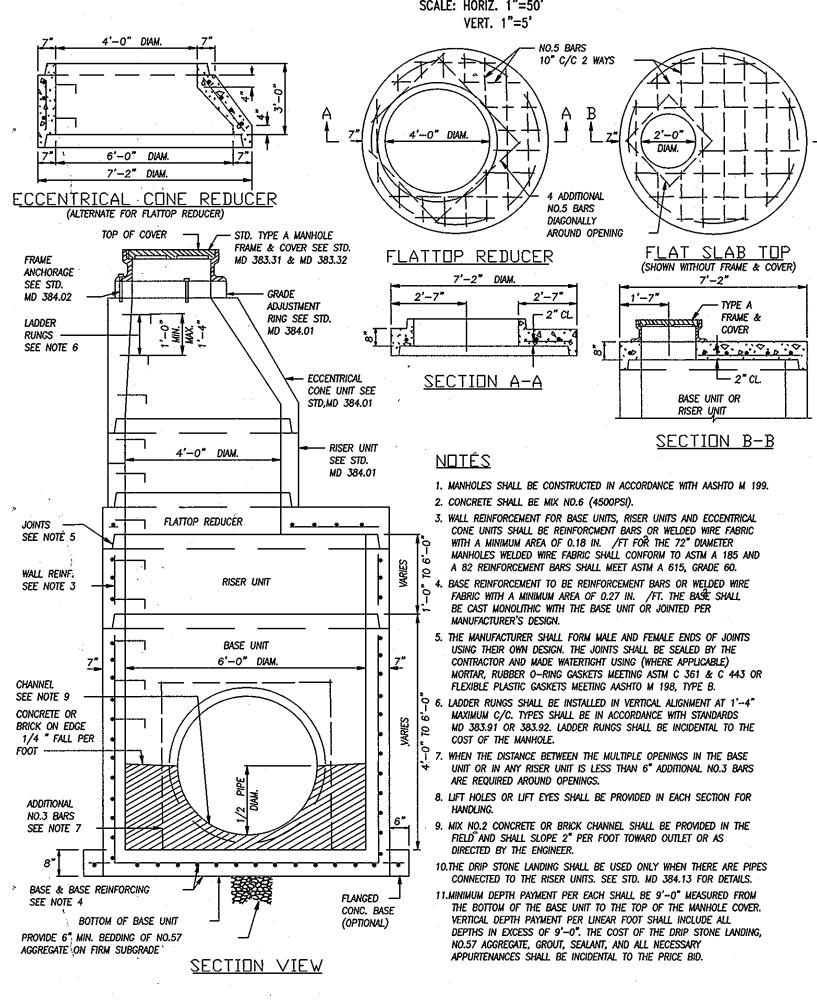
George Benson, P.E., CBCP, LEED AP



SEE MSHA STD. 384.05 THIS DIVERSION MANHOLE

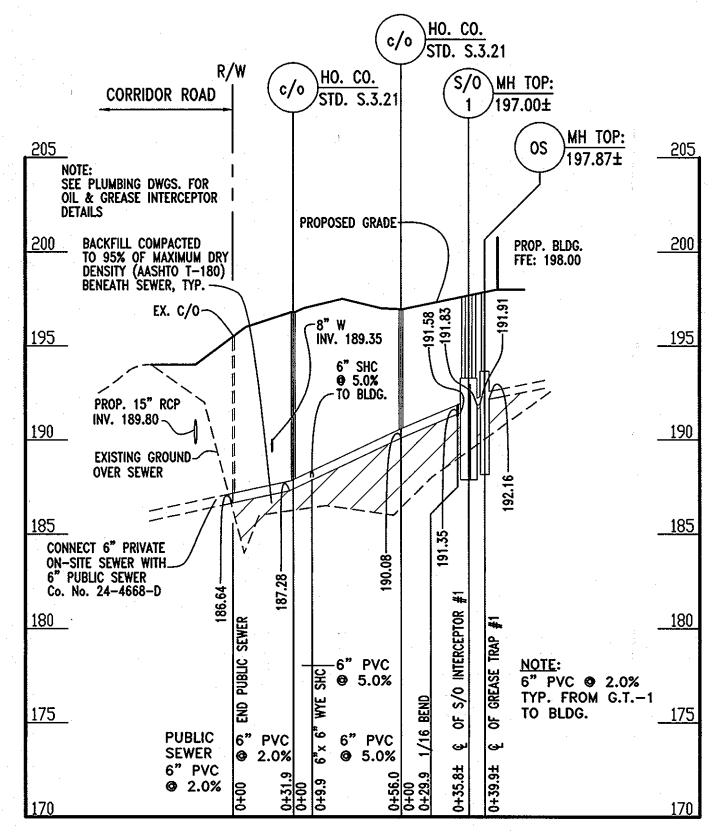


8" ON-SITE WATER PROFILE (PRIVATE)



305

10-1-01

STANDARD NO. MD 384.05 

6" ON-SITE SANITARY SEWER PROFILE (PRIVATE) SCALE: HORIZ. 1"=50" VERT. 1"=5"

PRIVATE ON-SITE WATER MAIN GENERAL NOTES

- a. All water mains shall be PVC C900 Water Main.
- c. Valves adjacent to tees shall be strapped to tees.
- d. All pipe and fittings shall have restrianed joints, typ.
- e. The Contractor shall not operate any water main valves on the existing public water system.
- f. All water house connections shall be for inside meter setting unless otherwise noted on the drawings or in the specifications.

PRIVATE ON-SITE SEWER GENERAL NOTES

- a. All sewer pipe shall be SDR 35 (ASTM D3034) P.V.C. unless otherwise noted.
- b. All manholes shall be 4'-0" inside diameter unless otherwise noted. Precast Manhole Ho. Co. Std. No. G5.12 to be used.

MARYLAND STATE HIGHWAY

707 NORTH CALVERT STREET

BALTIMORE, MD 21202

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ADMINISTRATION

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410-313-6139

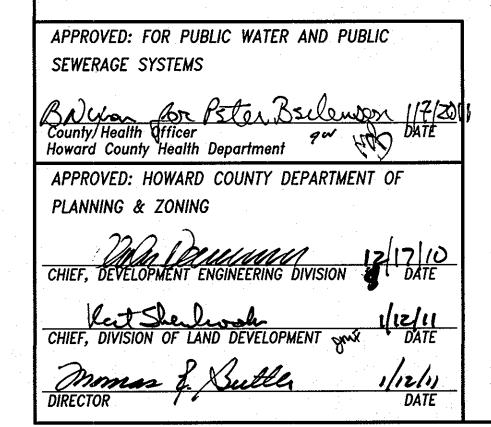


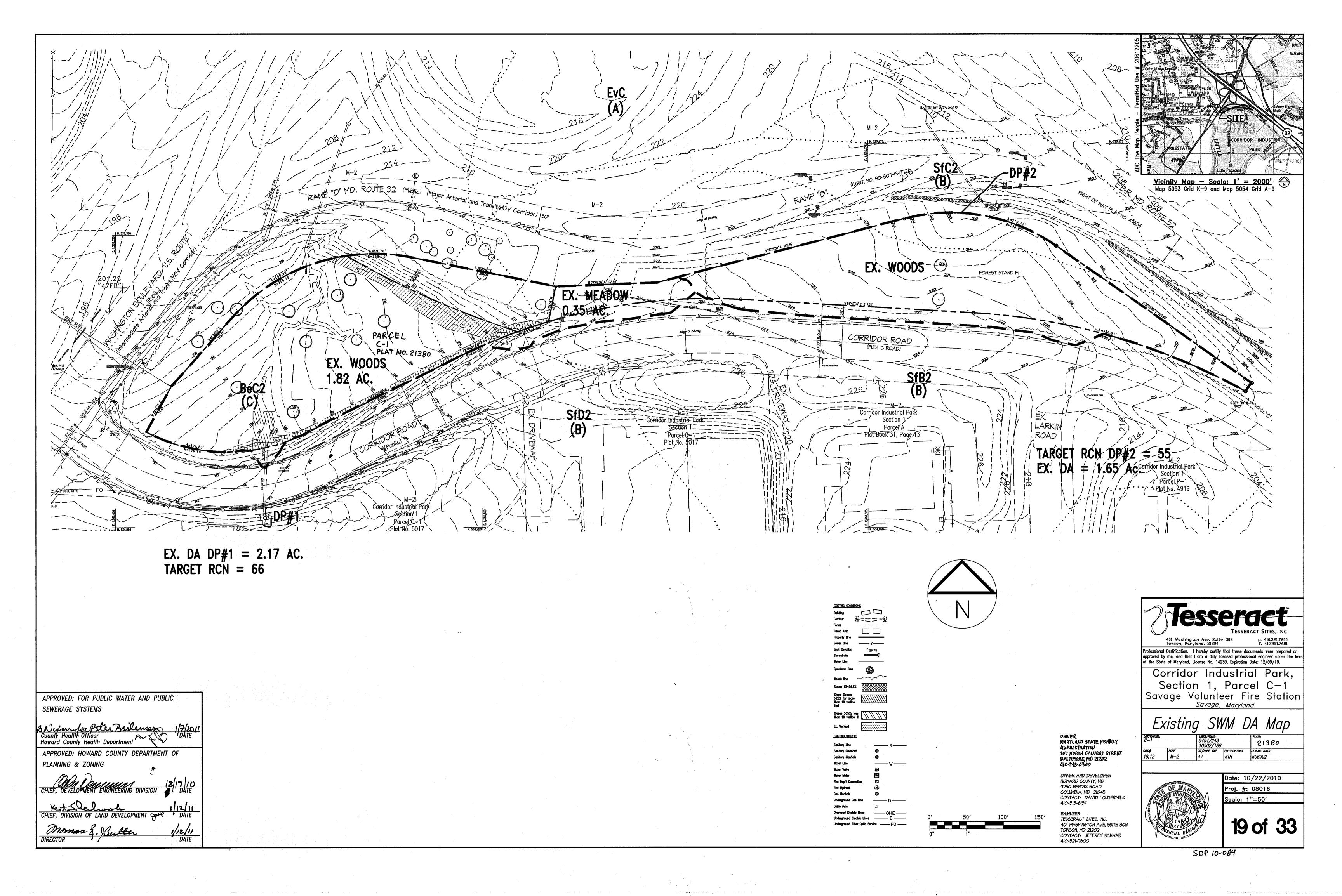
Water and Sewer Profiles

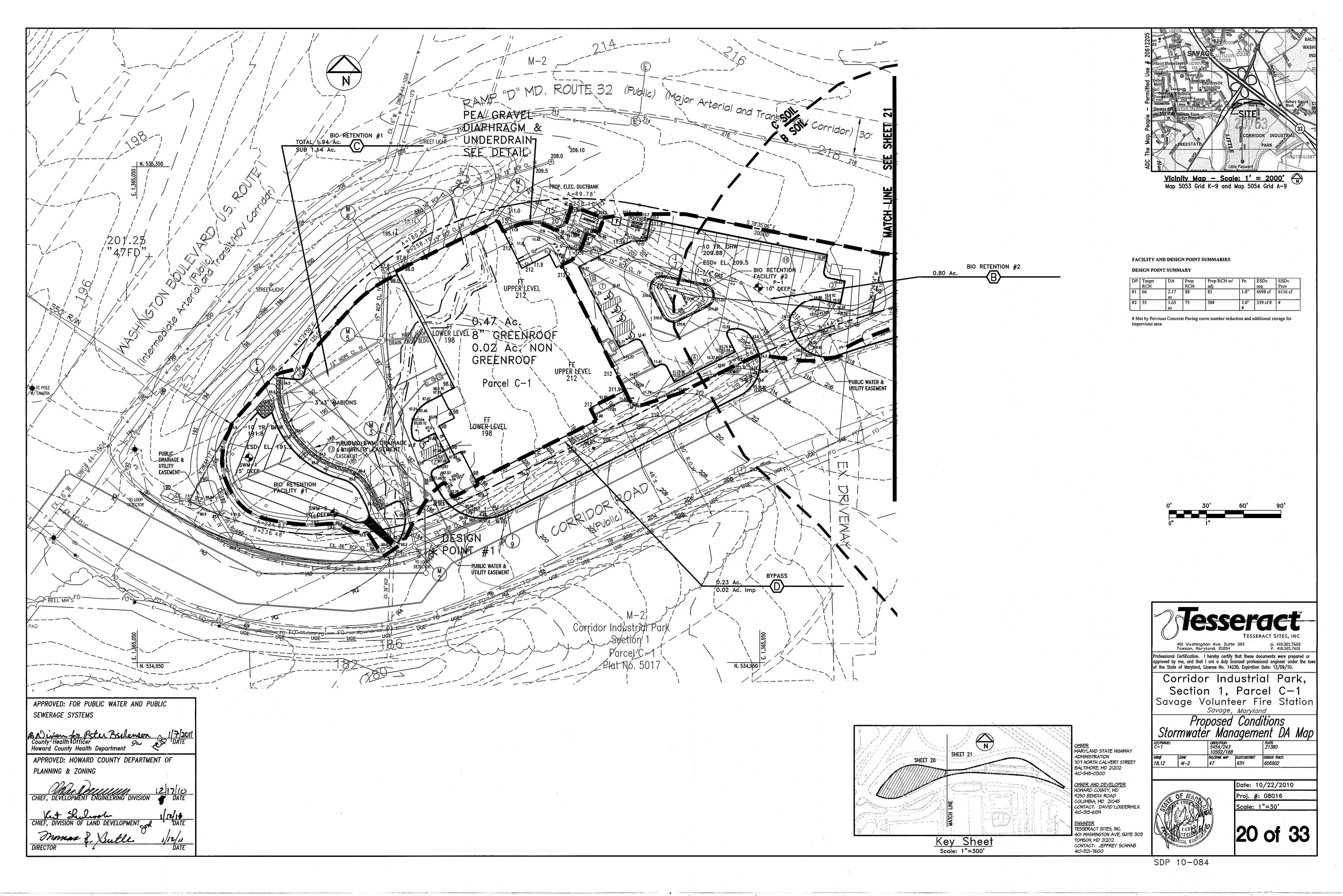
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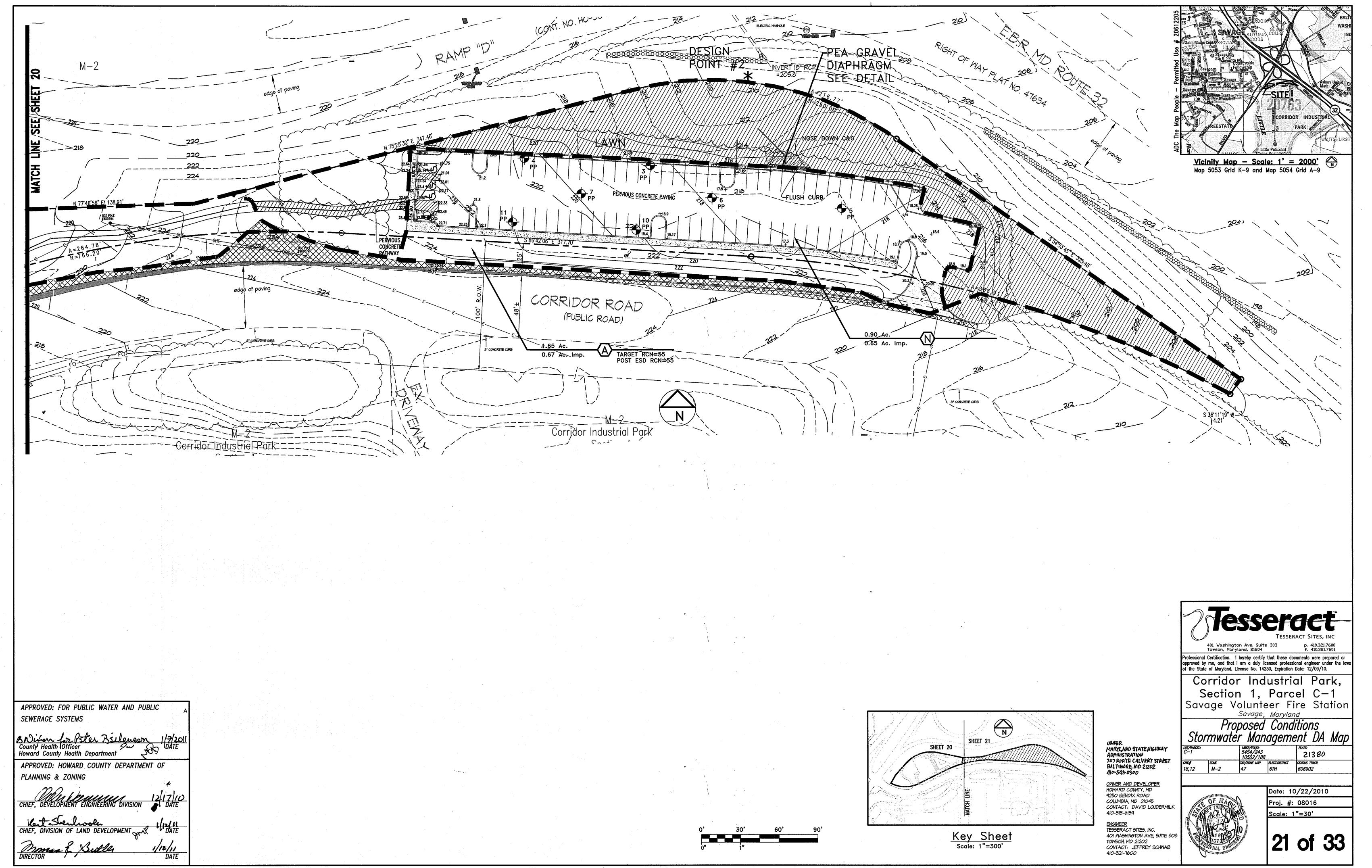


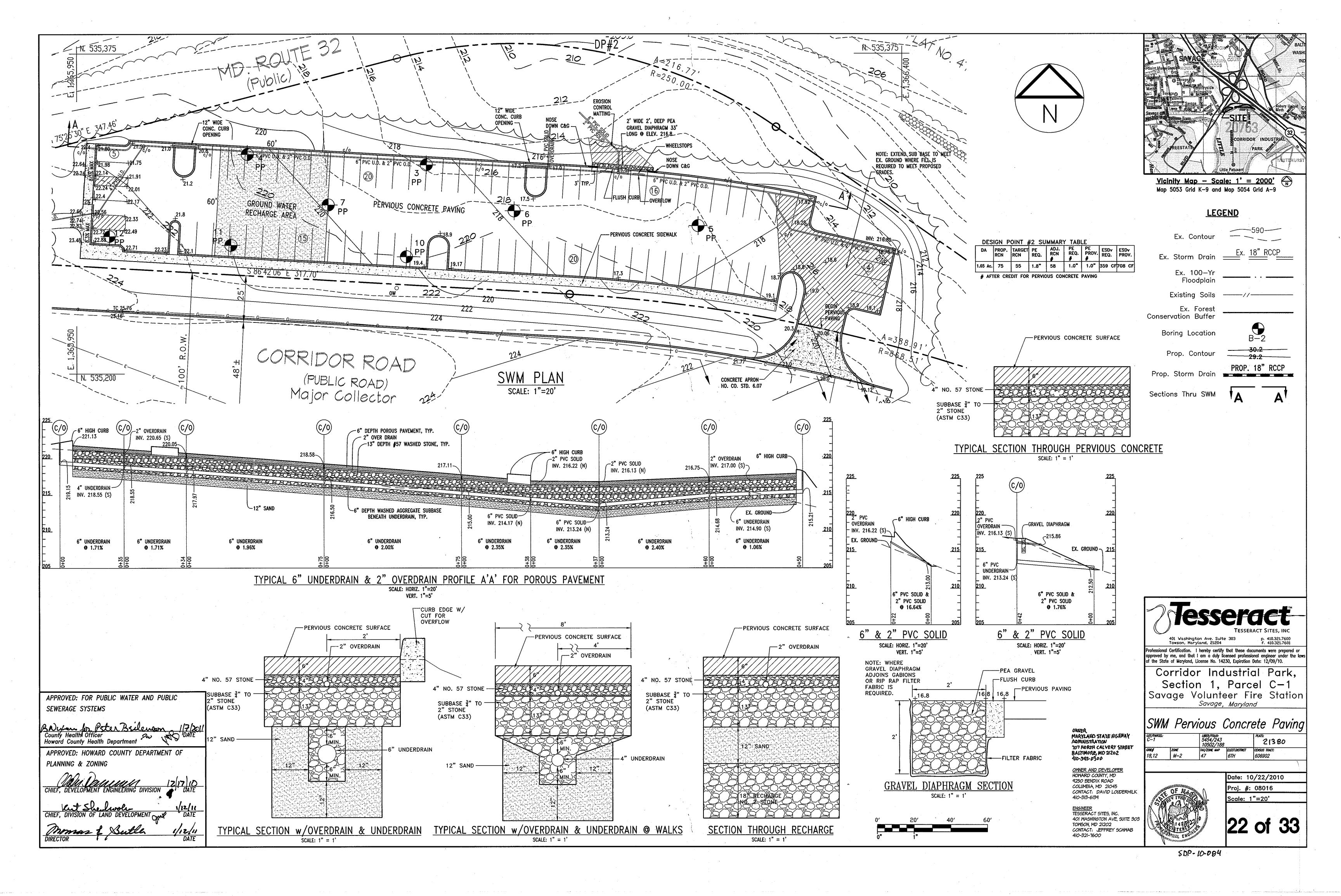
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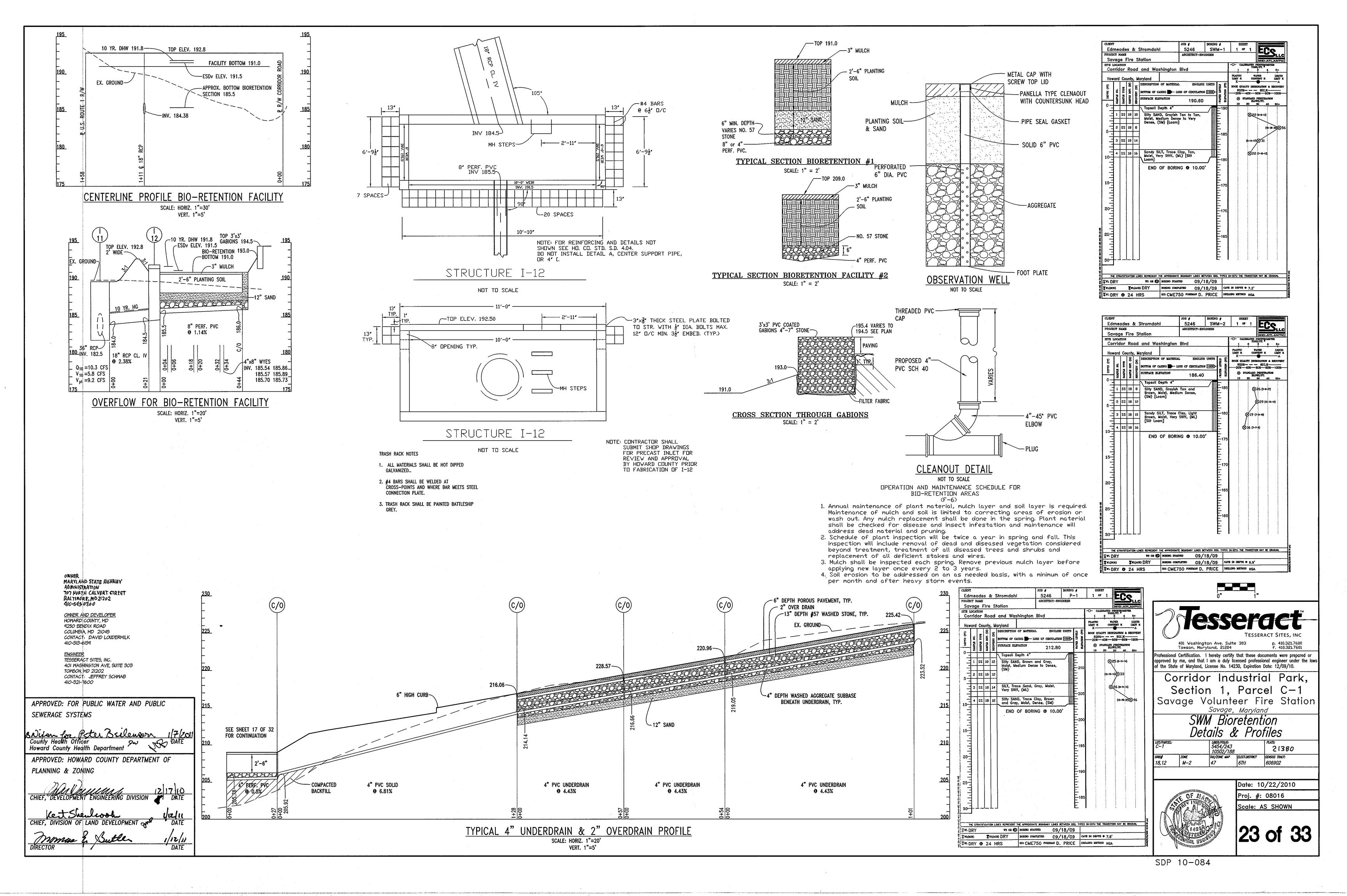


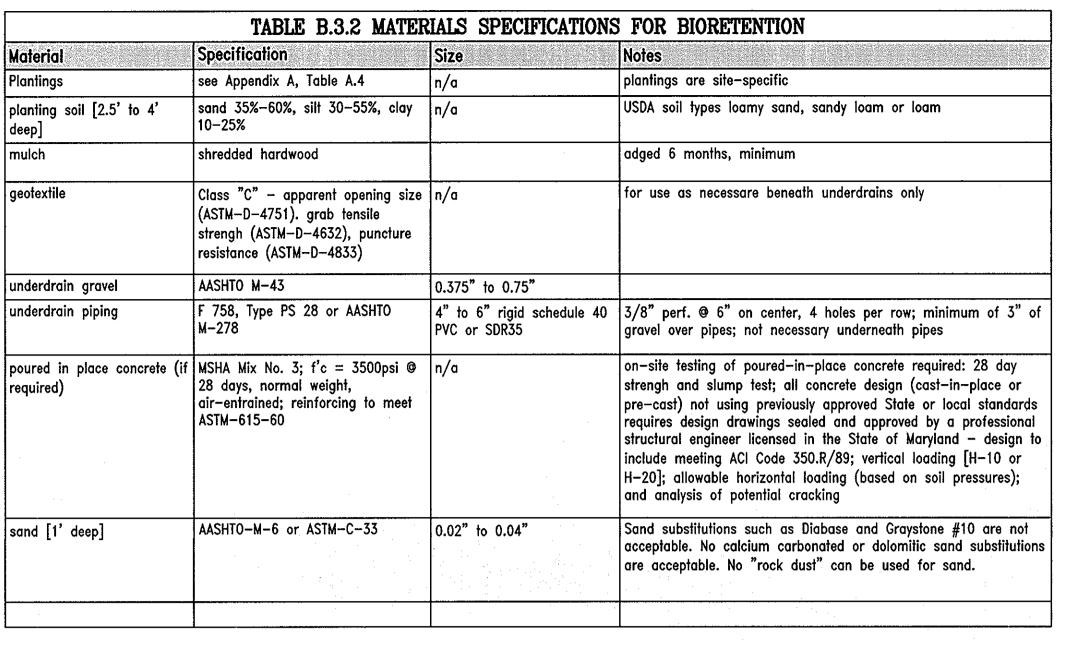












B.3.8 Specifications for Bioretention

1. Material Specifications

soluble salts

The allowable materials to be used in bioretention area detailed in Table B.3.2.

2. Planting Soil

The soil shall be a uniform mix, free of stones, stumps, roots or other similar objects larger than two inches. No other materials or substances shall be mixed or dumped within the bioretention area that may be harmful to plant growth, or prove a hindrance to the planting or maintenance operations. The planting soil shall be free of Bermuda grass, Quackgrass, Johnson grass, or other noxious weeds as specified under COMAR 15.08.01.05.

The planting soil shall be tested and shall meet the following criteria

pH range 1.5 - 4% (by weight) organic matter 35lb. /ac magnesium phosphorus (phosphate - P2O5) 75 lb. /ac potassium (potash - K2O) 85 lb. /ac

All bioretention areas shall have a minimum of one test. Each test shall consist of both the standard soil test for pH, phosphorus, and potassium and additional testes of organic matter, and soluble salts. A textural analysis is required from the site stockpiled topsoil. If topsoil is imported, then a texture analysis shall be performed for each location where the top soil was excavated.

Since different labs calibrate their testing equipment differently, all testing results shall come from the same testing facility.

Should the pH fall out of the acceptable range, it may be modified (higher) with lime or (lower) with iron sulfate plus sulfur.

not to exceed 500 ppm

It is very important to minimize compaction of both the base of the bioretention area and the required backfill. When possible, use excavation hoes to remove original soil. If bioretention rubber tires with large lugs or high pressure tires will cause excessive compaction resulting in reduced infiltration rates and is not acceptable. Compaction will significantly contribute to design failure.

Compaction can be alleviated at the base of the bioretention facility by using a primary tilling operation such as a chisel plow, ripper, or subsoiler. These tilling operations are to refracture the soil profile through the 12 inch compaction zone. Substitute methods must be approved by the engineer. Rototillers typically do not till deep enough to reduce the effects

Rototill 2 to 3 inches of sand into the base of the bioretention facility backfilling the optional sand layer. Pump any ponded water before preparing (rototilling) base.

When backfilling the bioretention facility, place soil in lifts 12" to 18". Do not use heavy equipment within the bioretention basin. Heavy equipment can be used around the perimeter of the basin to supply soils and sand. Grade bioretention materials with light equipment such as a compact loader or a dozer/loader with marsh tracks.

4. Plant Material

Recommended plant material for bioretention areas can be found in Appendix A, Section A.2.3.

5. Plant Installation

Mulch should be placed to a uniform thickness of 2" to 3". Shredded hardwood mulch is the only accepted mulch. Pine mulch and wood chips will float and move to the perimeter of the bioretention areas during a storm event and are not acceptable. Shredded mulch must be well aged (6 to 12 months) for acceptance.

Root stock of the plant material shall be kept moist during transport and on-site storage. The plant root ball should be planted so 1/8th of the ball is above final grading surface. The diameter of the planting pit shall be at least six inches larger than the diameter of the planting ball. Set and maintain the plant straight during the entire planting process. Thoroughly water ground bed cover after installation.

Trees shall be braced using 2" by 2" stakes only as necessary and for the first growing season only. Stakes are to be easily spaced on the outside of the tree ball.

Grasses and legume seed should be drilled into the soil to a depth of at least one inch. Grass and legume plugs shall be planted following the non-grass ground cover planting specifications.

The topsoil specifications provide enough organic material to adequately supply nutrients from natural cycling. The primary function of the bioretention structure is to improve water quality. Adding fertilizers defeats, or at a minimum, impedes this goal. Only add fertilizer if wood chips or mulch are used to amend soil. Rototili urea fertilizer at a rate of 2 pounds per 100 square feet.

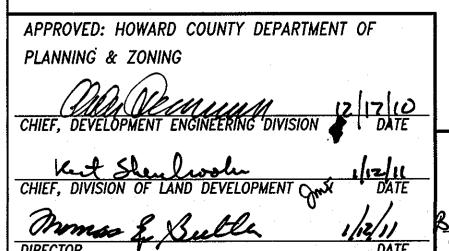
6. Underdrains

Underdrains are to be placed on a 3'-0" wide section of filter cloth. Pipe is placed next, followed by the gravel bedding. The ends of underdrain pipes are not terminating in an observation well shall be capped.

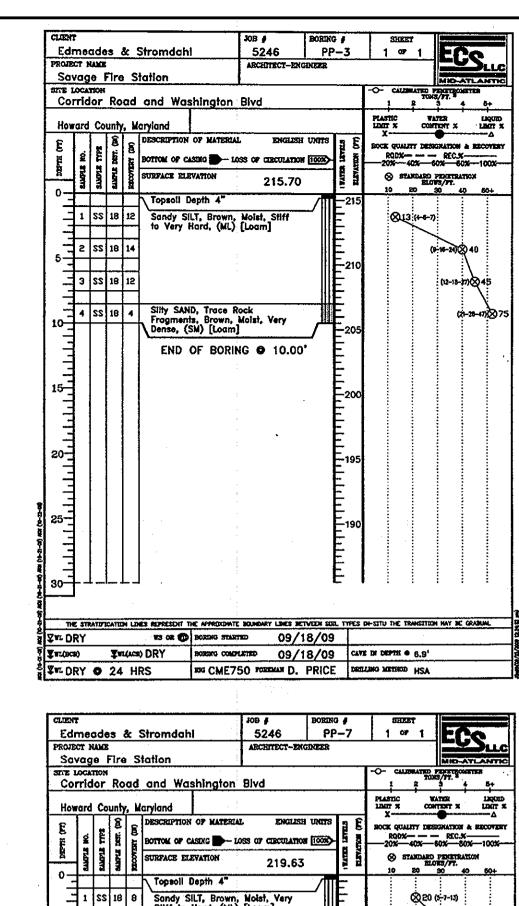
The main collector pipe for underdrain systems shall be constructed at a minimum slope of 0.5%.

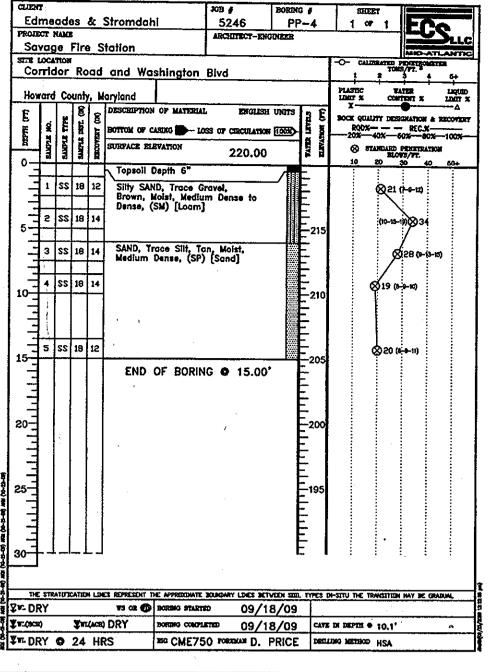
7. Miscellaneous

The bioretention facility may not be constructed until all contributing drainage area has been stabilized.

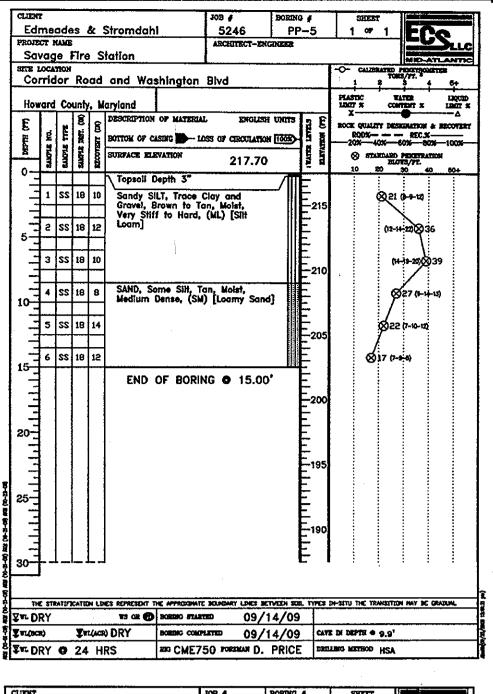


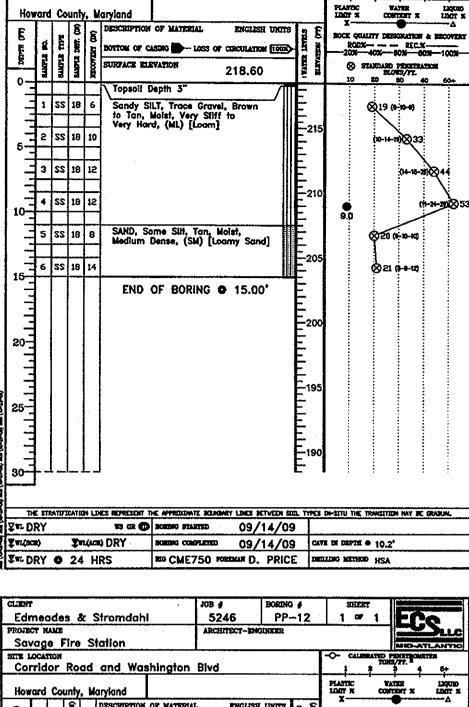
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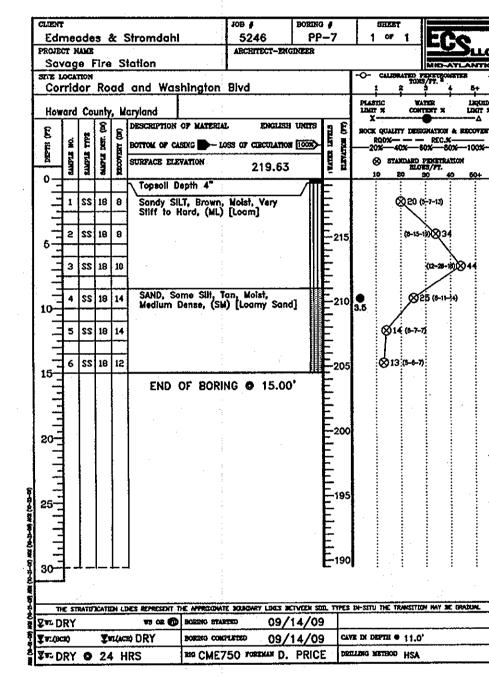
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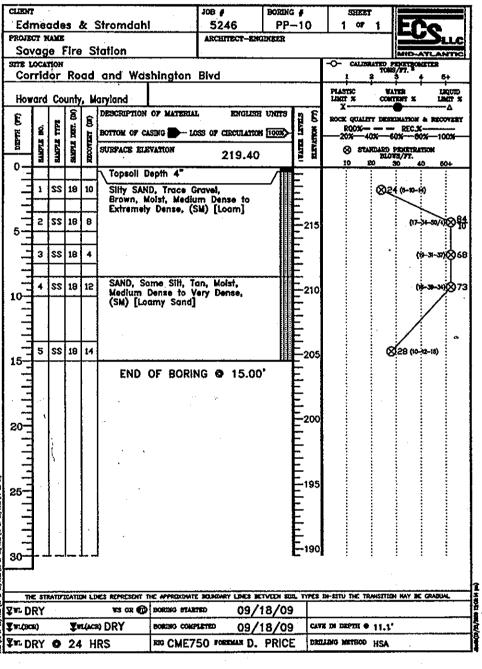
Edmeades & Stromdahl

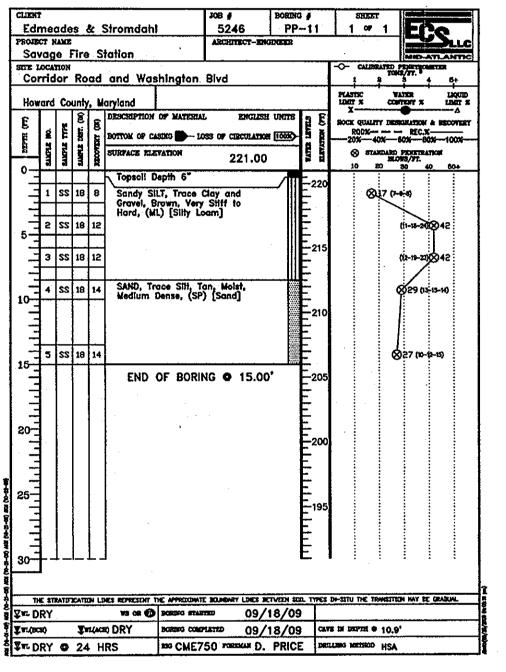
SITE LOCATION

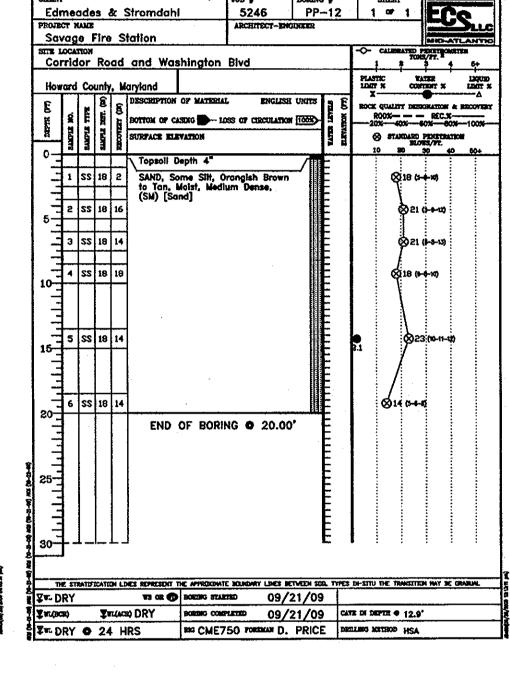
Corridor Road and Washington Blvd

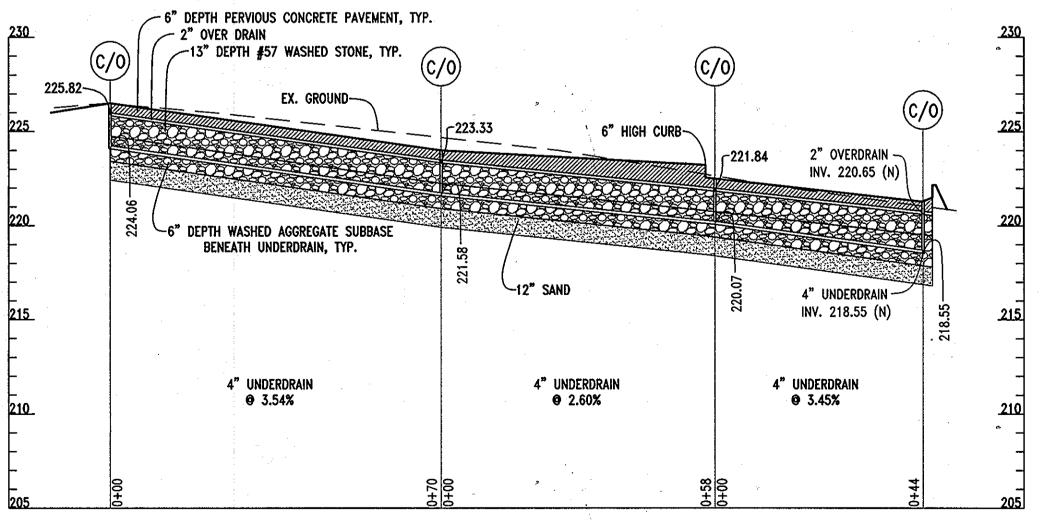
Savage Fire Station

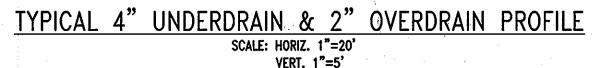


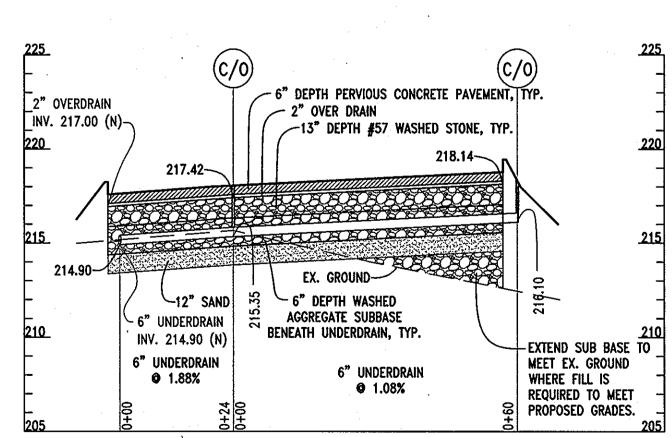












TYPICAL 6" UNDERDRAIN & 2" OVERDRAIN PROFILE SCALE: HORIZ. 1"=20' VERT. 1"=5"

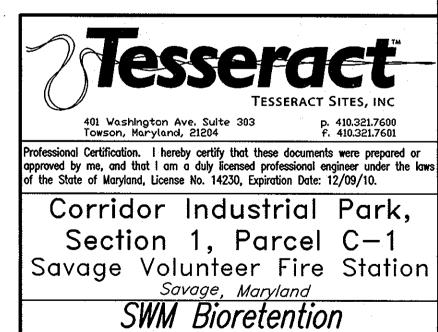
ADMINISTRATION

410-595-0300

Baltimore, MD 21202

OWNER AND DEVELOPER HOWARD COUNTY, MD 9250 BENDIX ROAD COLUMBIA, MD 21045 CONTACT: DAVID LOUDERMILK 410-313-6139

MARYLAND STATE HIGHWAY ENGINEER TESSERACT SITES, INC. 401 WASHINGTON AVE, SUITE 303 707 NORTH CALVERY STREET TOWSON, MD 21202 CONTACT: JEFFREY SCHWAB 410-321-7600



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Date: 10/22/2010 roj. #: 08016 cale: n/a

CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS

1. SCOPE: This specification provides the requirements for construction of pervious concrete pavement. All requirements of the Howard County Design Manual Volume IV Standard Specifications for Construction and Materials (HoCo) and the Maryland State Highway Administration Standard Specifications for Construction and Materials (MDSHA), latest edition, shall apply as modified herein. See Project Specifications for additional information.

SUBMITTALS

A. As required by HoCo and MDSHA and noted herein.

- B. Contractor Qualifications, related to construction of pervious concrete pavement.
- C. Concrete Manufacturer's qualifications, related to manufacture of pervious concrete product.
- D. Design Mixture (proportions and density), for pervious concrete pavement. E. Operation and Maintenance Data: For pervious concrete pavement.
- F. Materials certificates: For cementitious materials and Admixtures.
- G. Materials test reports:
- 1) Provide separate reports for coarse and fine aggregates indicating type, source, grading, dry-rodded unit weight, and void content.
- Pervious concrete product, to verify compliance with specified performance criteria
- I. Joint plan; distinguish between different joints by color or labelling. J. Field Quality Control Reports.

3. QUALITY ASSURANCE

H. Test panel results.

A. Pervious Concrete Contractor:

- 1) The installation crew shall have a minimum of two years of documented successful experience installing pervious concrete pavement for vehicular use, and
- The pervious concrete contractor shall submit evidence of a minimum of 2 successful pervious concrete projects for vehicular use, each greater than 1,000 sf. Submit project name, address, owner name and address and contact information.
- The installation crew shall have no less than one National Ready Mixed Concrete Association (NRMCA) certified Pervious Concrete Craftsman, who shall be on site, supervising all concrete
- The crew shall have no less than three NRMCA certified Pervious Concrete Installers, or The crew shall have no less than one NRMCA certified Installer and three NRMCA certified Pervious Concrete Technicians.
- B. Concrete Manufacturer: A firm experienced in successfully manufacturing ready-mix pervious concrete products. Manufacturer shall be certified according to NRMCA's "Certification of Ready Mix Concrete Production Facilities," with a minimum of two years documented experience in providing pervious concrete
- C. Testing Agency: Personnel conducting field tests for pervious concrete shall be gualified, at a minimum, as NRMCA certified Pervious Concrete Technician, or equivalent. D. Test Panel: Provide minimum 10' x 20' test panel, full depth including concrete, stone base, and required
- subgrade condition, using the mixture proportions, materials, and equipment proposed for the project. Panel shall demonstrate typical joints, finish, color, curing, and standard of workmanship. Test panel tor quality requirements.
- Test Fresh Density in accordance with ASTM 1688. Sample per ASTM 172.
- Fresh density shall be ±5 lb/cu ft. of specified fresh density.
- Test Hardened Density in accordance with ASTM C140, paragraph 9.3. Core per ASTM C42.
- Test Thickness in accordance with ASTM C174, using the average from three cores. Average compacted thickness shall not be more than 1/4 inch less than specified
- thickness, with no single core exceeding 1/2 inch less than specified thickness b. Average compacted thickness shall not be more than 1 1/2 greater than specified
- thickness.
- E. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at project site a minimum of 2 weeks in advance of commencing pervious concrete installation and discuss issues relating to construction of pervious concrete, including but not limited to, materials, transport, placement, curing, and testing. At a minimum, the meeting shall include the design engineer, general contractor, the pervious concrete subcontractor, the pervious concrete foreman, the testing agency representative, the owner's representative.

PRODUCTS

A. Subbase Materials: uniformly graded, ASTM #57, rounded or crushed. B. Concrete Materials:

- ASTM D448 and ASTM C33, uniformly graded. Provide aggregate from a single source. Single size coarse aggregate ASTM #8 or #67, rounded or crushed. There shall be little
- 2) Portland Cement: ASTM C 150, gray portland cement Type I or Type II. Cement may be supplemented with Fly Ash (per ASTM C 618), Ground Granulated Blast—Furnace Slag (per ASTM
- C989, Grade 100 or 120), or Silica Fuke (per ASTM C1240). Admixtures: shall be in accordance with ASTM C494. Admixtures may be used to facilitate production and placement of pervious concrete upon approval of the Éngineer.
- Water: Potable C. Steel Reinforcement: shall not be used with pervious concrete.
- D. Joint Material: Isolation joint material shall comply with ASMT D994, D1751, or D1752. Expansion joint
- material shall comply with specifications for standard concrete materials. E. Curing Materials: Moisture retaining cover shall be clear or white opaque polyethylene film, 6 mil, ASTM C
- F. Concrete Mixture: Select design mix in accordance with ACI 211.3 "Guide for Selecting Proportions for
- No-Slump Concrete." Mix shall meet the following criteria, Density/Unit Weight (in place) 100-120 lb/cu ft.
- Portland Cement Content Water/Cement Ratio
- 600 lb/cu yd. 0.24-0.34 (by mass)
- There shall be little to no fine aggregate Fine/Coarse Aggregate Ratio 15-35%
- Void Ratio Air entrainment shall be used to improve resistance to freeze/thaw.
- Hydration stabilizers are recommended. G. Concrete Mixing: Mixing and delivery time are very critical for pervious concrete materials. Begin mixing immediately after addition of cement to aggregate.

EXECUTION H. SUBGRADE: Examine the subgrade and verify it's acceptability prior to proceeding with installation of

- subbase and pervious concrete pavement. Subgrade shall comply with requirements for dimensional, grading, and elevation tolerances.
- Subgrade shall be compacted to MAXIMUM 95% Standard Proctor (90-92% Modified Proctor).
- Test subgrade permeability in accordance with ASTM D3385 prior to placing concrete. Subgrade shall meet minimum percolation rate of 1/2 inch per hour.
- Subgrade shall not be muddy, saturated, or frozen. B. SUBBASE
- Install aggregate in maximum 6 inch lifts. Place stone in a manner that does not disturb or compact the soil bed. Material shall be deposited within thirty feet of its final placement location. Movement (pushing) of material more than thirty feet from the location where it is deposited will not be permitted. Lightly compact with equipment, minimizing equipment movement over aggregate. Install to grades indicated.
- Keep clean from soil and other contaminants. C. SETTING FORMWORK
- Formwork for pervious concrete may vary from formwark for conventional concrete. Set, align, and brace forms so that the hardened concrete meets the tolerances specified. Install forms to allow continuous progress of work so forms can remain in place at least 24 hours after concrete placement.
- Concrete placement width shall not exceed 20 feet unless otherwise specified.

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APPROVED: FOR PUBLIC WATER AND PUBLIC SEWERAGE SYSTEMS

Riser strips are often uses on formwork for initial strike-off and removed to facilitate

D. BATCHING, MIXING, AND DELIVERY

- Place mixture in accordance with NRMCA Pervious Concrete Contractor Certification guildelines. Mixture proportioning shall be tightly controlled to meet specified criteria. Aggregate water content during mixing must be monitored carefully.
- a. Addition of water at the discharge point is permitted to bring workability up to a level that is acceptable to the contractor without causing paste drain.
- Mixture typically should be completely discharged within one hour of mixing. This timeframe may be increased slightly upon addition of hydration stabilizing admixtures. Placement shall be continuous. Pervious pavement mixtures typically cannot be pumped. Discharge is slowed due to its low slump and several mixers may be necessary working simultaneously.
- E. CONCRETE PLACEMENT Before placing concrete, inspect formword installation and items to be embedded or cast-in.
- Remove snow, ice, or frost from subbase surface. Do not place concrete on frozen surfaces. Moisten subbase to provide a uniform dampened condition at the time concrete is placed. a. Moistness is more critical for pervious concrete than with conventional concrete construction. Failure to provide a moist subbase will result in a reduction in strength of the pavement.
- Subbase shall be in a wet condition immediately prior to placing concrete. Deposit and spread concrete in a continuous operation between transverse joints. Do not push or drag concrete into place or use vibrators to move concrete into place. a. Refer to NRMCA publications for recommended methods of spreading pervious concrete material. Deposit concrete as close to its final location as practical. Limit pulling and
- b. Do not allow foot traffic on the fresh concrete. Do not contaminate mix. 6) Strike off must be performed quickly. Strike off between forms using a form-riding paving machine or vibratina screed. Other strike-off devices may be used upon prior approval of the
- Compact using a weighted steel pipe roller or motorized or hydraulically acturated rotating tube screed that spans the full width of the section placed and exerts a vertical pressure of 10 psi on the concrete. Do not use internal vibration. Compact along slab edges with hand tools. a. Finish Pavement shall comply with the following tolerances: Elevation: +3/4 in., -0 in.
- Thickness: $+ 1 \frac{1}{2}$ in., $\frac{1}{4}$ in.
- Contraction Joint Depth: +1/4 in, -0 in. F. FINISHING
 - Finish pavement to the elevations and thicknesses specified. a. Do not use steel trowels or power finishing equipment. Edge top surface to a radius of not less than 1/4 inch.

shoveling of concrete that may reduce voids.

- G. JOINTING
 - 1) Construct joints as indicated in the Construction Documents.
 - a. Spacing between Contraction joints shall not exceed 20 feet. Depth shall be 1/4 to 1/3 of pavement thickness.
 - Tool joints to specified depth and width immediately after concrete is compacted. Do not put weight on adjacent concrete surfaces during construction of joints. A specially designed weighted rolling jointer with a blade is frequently used.
 - Saw cut joints 1/8" width after concrete has hardened sufficiently to prevent aggregate from being dislodged and soon enough to prevent pavement cracking. Only remove curing materials as necessary to construct joint and replace as quickly as possible.
 - b. Construction joints be evenly spaced across the pavement width as generally indicated on the construction documents, unless otherwise approved in advance by the engineer. No additional ioint locations shall be permitted.
 - Use Isolation joints where pavement abuts fixed objects and adjacent to standard concrete products. Extend through the full depth of the pavement. Fill entire Isolation joint with joint
 - Align joints of adjacent pavement panels. Align joints of curb within 1/4 inch of adjacent joints Joints shall be perpendicular with edges of pavement panels, unless otherwise indicated.
- G. CURING
 - Begin curing within 20 minutes of concrete placement. Completely cover pavement surface with a 6 mil thick polyethylene sheet. Cut sheeting to
 - extend approximately three feet beyond edges of payement.
 - Provide evaporation retarders, misting or other protection as needed during adverse weather
 - Secure curing cover. If surface has lost its sheen, lightly mist prior to placing cover. Do not use dirt to secure sheeting on top of pavement.

No traffic, material storage, or other use of fresh concrete surfaces shall be permitted during

- Cure pavement for a minimum of seven uninterrupted days.
- H. FIELD QUALITY CONTROL AND ACCEPTANCE
- 4) Tests of samples of concrete shall be performed according to the following requirements:
 - a. Fresh Density: ASTM C1688
 - Obtain 1 cu ft. composite samples for testing in accordance with ASTM C172 Measure a minimum of one fresh density test during each day's placement. b. Hardened Density: ASTM C140, para. 9.3
 - Measure as an average from three cores from each lot of 5000 sf ft of payement, obtained not less than seven days after placement of concrete. Remove cores in accordance with ASTM C42. Select core locations in accordance with ASTM D3665.
 - c. Thickness: Use cores obtained for Hardened Density tests. Thickness shall be an average of the thickness of the 3 cores.
- d. Void: ASTM C 172. Test per each 100 cy of material.
- Pervious concrete finished product shall be in accordance with approved test panel results, within the following tolerances:
- a. Fresh Concrete Density ±5 lb/cu ft. of specified fresh density
- within 5% of approved hardened density of test panel b. Hardened Concrete Density c. Fresh Void Ratio ±2% of submitted fresh void content
- d. Hardened Void Ratio maximum 2% less than design void content
- e. Hardened concrete compacted thickness: no more than 1/4 inch less or 1 1/2 inch more
- than specified thickness
- Concrete paying shall be considered defective if it does not pass tests and inspections. Cores holes shall be filled with concrete or preblended grout.

eroded areas as they become evident.

Protection of Work

Completed pervious concrete work shall be protected from construction and other activities. No storage of materials, vehicular traffic or other use shall be permitted on the pervious concrete surface prior to

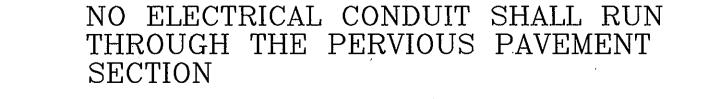
Operation and Maintenance Schedule Pervious Concrete Paving

Proper maintenance is critical to the continued function of pervious pavement. Clogging of pores and improper repairs will severely damage the ability of the product to perform its intended function. The following minimum maintenance schedule should be incorporated to maintain surface porousity and

- Ensure that paving is thoroughly cleaned of debris after each mowing of adjacent lawns and on a weekly basis in the Fall to remove leaf litter. Do not use a cleaning method that pushes material down into pores. Washing or compressed air units should not be used to perform surface cleaning.
- Vacuum cleaning is recommended for all cleaning and should be performed twice annually, at a minimum, using commercial cleaning units. • Ensure that the paving is clear of sediments. Inspect monthly and stabilize adjacent
- Inspect annually for raveling or surface damage and correct as needed. Drainage pipes, inlets, stone edge drains and other structures within or draining to the subbase should be cleaned out at regular intervals. Deicers should be used in moderation. Deicers should be non-toxic and should be applied as calcium magnesium acetate or as pretreated salt. Snow plowing should be

done carefully with blades set one inch above the pavement surface. Plowed snow

piles and snow melt should not be directed to permeable pavement.



10 YR/DHW 191.8

ESDV EL 1915/

2' WIDE 2' DEEP MIN.

PEA GRAVEL

DIAPHRAGM W/

UNDERDRAIN -

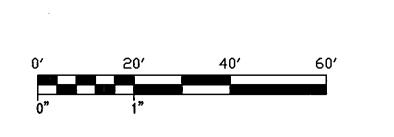
SWM-

15' DE#E#

· PRIVATE SWIM

DRAINAGE &

186.13 UTILITY EASEMENT



BIO RETENTION

FACILITY #2

10 YR. DHW 209.80

ESDv EL. 209.5

SAND DRAIN

PEA GRAVEL

DIAPHRAGM

4" PERF. PVC

186.42 SWM-28F.

· BIO RETENTION

SWM BIO RETENTION #1 F-6

HAZARD CLASS A

Scale: 1"=20'

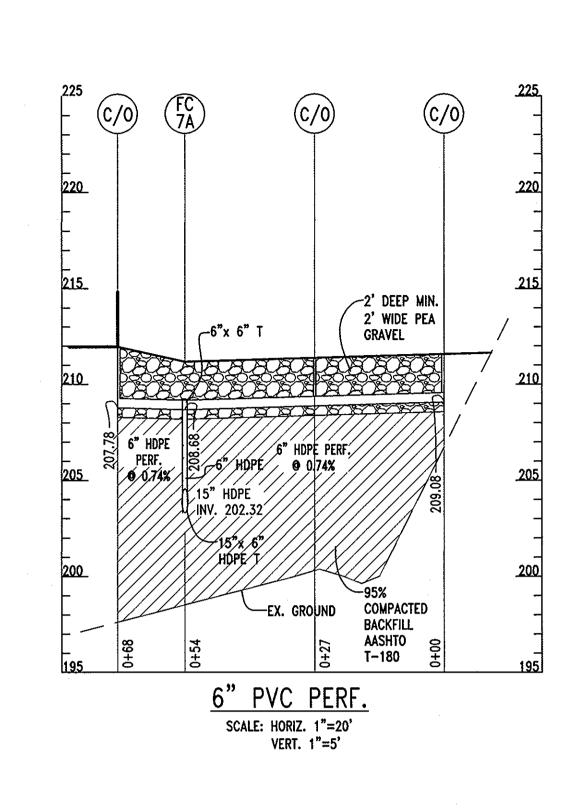
SWM BIO RETENTION #2 F-6

HAZARD CLASS A

Scale: 1"=20'

-3' WEEP x3' DEEP

∜97!10° | 97!35 TC



#1 ac * Bio Ret | 1.8" | 0.8 | 88 | 83 514 cf # 514 cf 386 cf

* Includes 0.8 ac from bio retention facility #2 # Maximum provided based on area of filter ** Includes ESDv for Bypass area



1ARYLAND STATE HIGHWAY

101 NORTH CALVERT STREET

CONTACT: DAVID LOUDERMILK

401 WASHINGTON AVE, SUITE 30

CONTACT: JEFFREY SCHWAB

ADMINISTRATION

410-545-0300

410-313-6139

ENGINEER

BALTIMORE, MD 21202

OWNER AND DEVELOPER

HOWARD COUNTY, MD

TESSERACT SITES, INC.

TOMSON, MD 21202

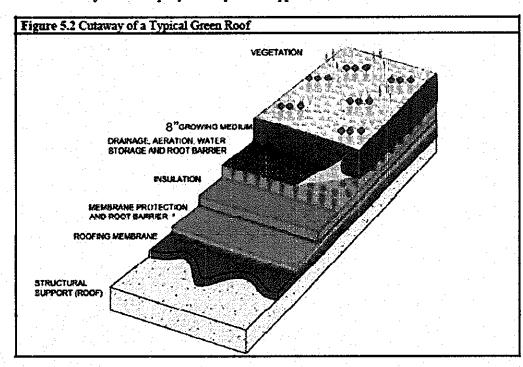
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9250 BENDIX ROAD COLUMBIA, MD 21045 Date: 10/22/2010 Proj. #: 08016 Scale: n/a

25 of 33

> Treatment: Green roof systems shall meet the following conditions:

- Planting media shall be non-soil engineered mixes conforming to the specifications found in Appendix B.4. Media layers should be between two to six inches thick. Dual media systems may be applied where green roof assemblies are four inches or
- o Individual layars (e.g., root barriers, drainage mats, separation geotextiles) shall conform to the specifications found in Appendix B.4.



> Structure:

- o The roof structure shall be capable of bearing the maximum predicted dead and live loads associated with green roof systems. Standardized media weights and procedures (e.g., ASTM E-2397-05, E-2399-05) shall be used to establish the dead load bearing capacity of the roof.
- o Green roofs with pitches steeper than 2:12 shall include supplemental measures (e.g., slope bars, rigid stabilization panels, reinforcing mesh) to enhance stability and prevent media sliding.

Construction Criteria:

The following items should be addressed during construction of projects with green roofs:

- > Waterproofing Installation: Measures shall be taken to prevent membrane damage during green roof installation. Any flaws, irregularities, or conditions that may cause leaks or roof damage shall be identified and repaired. The waterproofing membrane should be visually inspected and tested for water tightness prior to installation of the planting mix.
- > Slope Stabilization Measures: Where required, slope stabilization measures should be placed prior to green roof installation. In some situations, slope stabilization may be integrated into the roof structure.
- > Green Roof Installation: Green roof systems should be installed according to the manufacturer's instructions. Generally, root-barrier layers, walkways, and irrigation systems should be installed first.

> The following certifications shall be required during construction:

- o Prior to placement of the waterproofing, dramage, and treatment materials, certification that the constructed roof meets the load bearing capacity specified on
- o After its installation and prior to placement of the planting media and stock, certification regarding the water tightness of the waterproofing membrane.

> Regular inspections shall be made during the following stages of construction:

- During placement of the waterproofing membrane.
- During placement of the drainage system
- o During the second growing season to ensure adequate vegetation survival.

Maintenance Criteria Schedule Green Roof

recommendations of the green roof system distributor, and the information provided

exceeds five percent (5%) of the planted roof area.

Irrigation - At a minimum, newly installed plant material shall be irrigated for the first growing season. Saturate the green roof at least once a week. After vegetation is established and following the first growing season, irrigation should be provided

and other problems after each significant rainfall. Inspection for Leaks - Inspect the green roof area for leaks after each significant

B.4.A Green Roof Specifications

1. Material Specifications

Because there is significant variation in green roof assemblies and methods, providing comprehensive specifications is not feasible. Material specifications for green roofs will vary based on each roofing system and specific information should be obtained from the appropriate manufacturer or retailer. The following information and specifications, which include acceptable materials for generic applications, is not exclusive or limiting.

2. Planting Media

Planting media should be a soil-like mixture with an organic content of 15% or less. The grain size distribution is necessary for to attain proper moisture content, permeability, nutrient management and non-capillary porosity, and soil structure. Grain size guidelines vary for single and dual media green roof assemblies.

The planting media shall be tested and meet the following criteria:

the planting media shan be tested and meet the following efficial	a.
Non-Capillary Pore Space at Field Capacity, 0.333 bar (TABCC 03 01 A)	≥ 15% (volume)
(TMECC 03.01, A) • Moisture Content at Field Capacity	≥ 12% (volume)
(TMECC 03.01, A)	≤ 1276 (Volume)
Maximum Media Water Retention (FLL)	≥ 30% (volume)
 Alkalinity, CaCO₃ equivalents (MSA) 	≤ 2.5%
Total Organic Matter by Wet Combustion (MSA)	\leq 3–15% (dry wt.)
pH (RCSTP)	6.5 - 8.0
 Soluble Salts (DTPA saturated media extraction — RCSTP) 	≤6 mmhos/cm
Cation Exchange Capacity (MSA)	≥ 10 meq/100 g
Saturated Hydraulic Conductivity (FLL):	
o Single Media Assemblies	≥ 0.05 in/min
o Dual Media Assemblies	≥ 0.30 in/min

Mineral Fraction Grain Size Distribution (ASTM D422):

		Single Media	Dual Media
0	Clay Fraction (2 micron)	0	0
	% Passing #200 Sieve	≤5%	5 – 15%
	% Passing # 60 Sieve	≤ 10%	10 – 25%
0	% Passing #18 Sieve	5 – 50%	20 - 50%
	% Passing ¼ inch Sieve	20 – 70%	55 90%
	% Passing % inch Sieve	75 – 100%	90 - 100%

3. Green Roof Layers

Root Barriers - should be thermoplastic membranes with minimum thickness of 30 mils. Membranes certified for use as root barriers are recommended. However, only FLL currently offers a recognized certification test. Many FLL-certified materials are locally available.

Granular Drainage Media - should be a non-carbonate mineral aggregate meeting the following

			í
	•	Saturated Hydraulic Conductivity	≥ 25 inches/mi
	•	Total Organic Matter (by wet combustion)	≤ 1%
	•	Abrasion Resistance (ASTM C131-96)	≤ 25% loss
	•	Soundness (ASTM C88 or T103 or T103-91)	≤ 5% loss
•	•	Porosity (ASTM C29)	≥ 25%
	•	Alkalinity, CaCO3 equivalents (MSA)	≤ 1%
	•	and a serious	
		o Percent Passing #18 Sieve	≤1%
		o Percent Passing ¼ inch Sieve	≤30%
		o Percent Passing 3/8 inch Sieve	< 20%

Separation fabrics should meet the following:

≤ 4.25 ounces per square yard

≤ 90 lbs.

≥ 2 sec-1

≥ 185 lbs/inch

•	Unit Weight (ASTM D3776)	
_	Cook Tamaila Commatte /A OTM	n

 Mullen Burst Strength (ASTM D4632) Permittivity (ASTM D4491)

 During placement of the planting media.
 Upon installation of the plant material. o Before issuing use and occupancy approvals (new construction only).

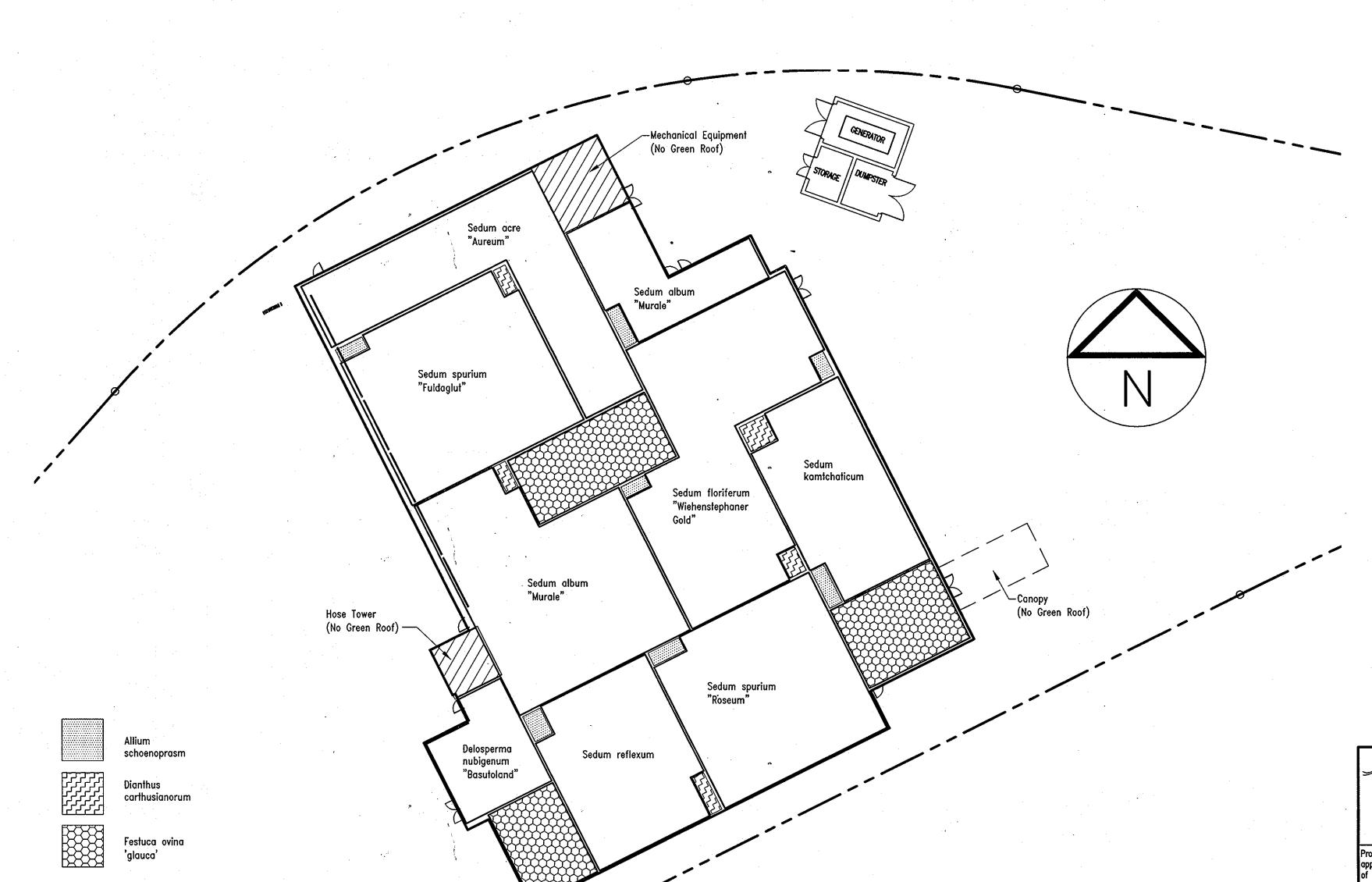
The green roof system shall be operated and maintained in accordance with the

Weeding — At a minimum, remove unwanted plant material on an annual basis. Replacement of Plant Material - Replace failed plant material when the affected area

periodically during dry periods. <u>Fertilization</u> — Slow release fertilizer shall be applied in the spring on an annual basis. <u>Drainage Inspections</u> — Inspect downspouts and drainage channels and courses for clogs

٥	Percent Passing 3/8 inch Sieve	≤ 80%	
	on Fabric – should be a lightweight, non-w	-	

· ·	_	
•		
TT 1. STE 1 1	0000	
Unit Weight (ASTM D	3776)	
Grab Tensile Strength ('A OTN & TO & COO'S	
Otau Teisile Sueligui (A3 11V1 (J4032)	



GREEN ROOF PLANTING PLAN

SCALE: 1"=20'

0.47 AC GREEN ROOF, 8 INCHES THICK

QUAN SYMBOL BOTANICAL NAME

1470

224

2055

4530

7060

6110

3130

3450

Allium schoenoprasm

Dianthus carthusianorum

Festuca ovina 'Glauca'

Sedum acre 'Aureum'

Sedum album 'Murale'

Sedum kamtschaticum

Sedum spurium 'Fudaglut

Sedum spurium 'Roseum'

Sedum may be blended rather than planted as individual plant areas.

Sedum reflexum

Plugs shall be a minimum 2 inches deep x 1 1/2 inches square.

Delosperma nubigenum 'Basutoland'

Sedum floriferum 'Wiehenstephaner Gold'

Planting configuration and quantities may be adjusted to accommodate pre-planted tray modules, as necessary.

COMMON NAME

Delosperma

Garden Pink

Dwarf Blue Fescue

SIZE / COND.

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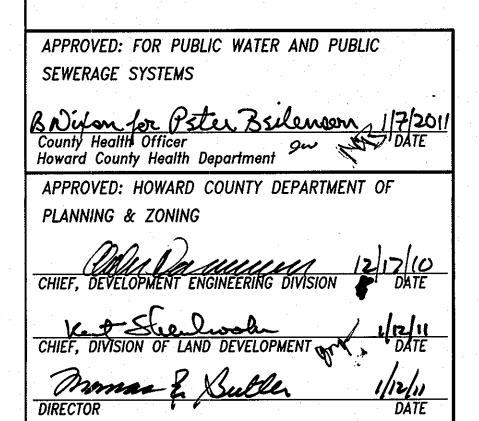
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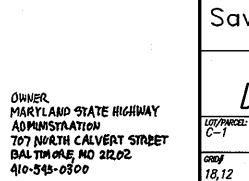
12" oc.

12" oc.

plug

plug





ZONE M-2

CONTACT: DAVID LOUDERMILK 410-313-6139 ENGINEER TESSERACT SITES, INC. 401 MASHINGTON AVE, SUITE 303 TOMSON, MD 21202 CONTACT: JEFFREY SCHWAB 410-321-7600

ADMINISTRATION

OWNER AND DEVELOPER HOWARD COUNTY, MD

9250 BENDIX ROAD

COLUMBIA, MD 21045

Date: 10/22/2010

Proj. #: 08016 Scale: n/a 26 of 33

SDP 10-084

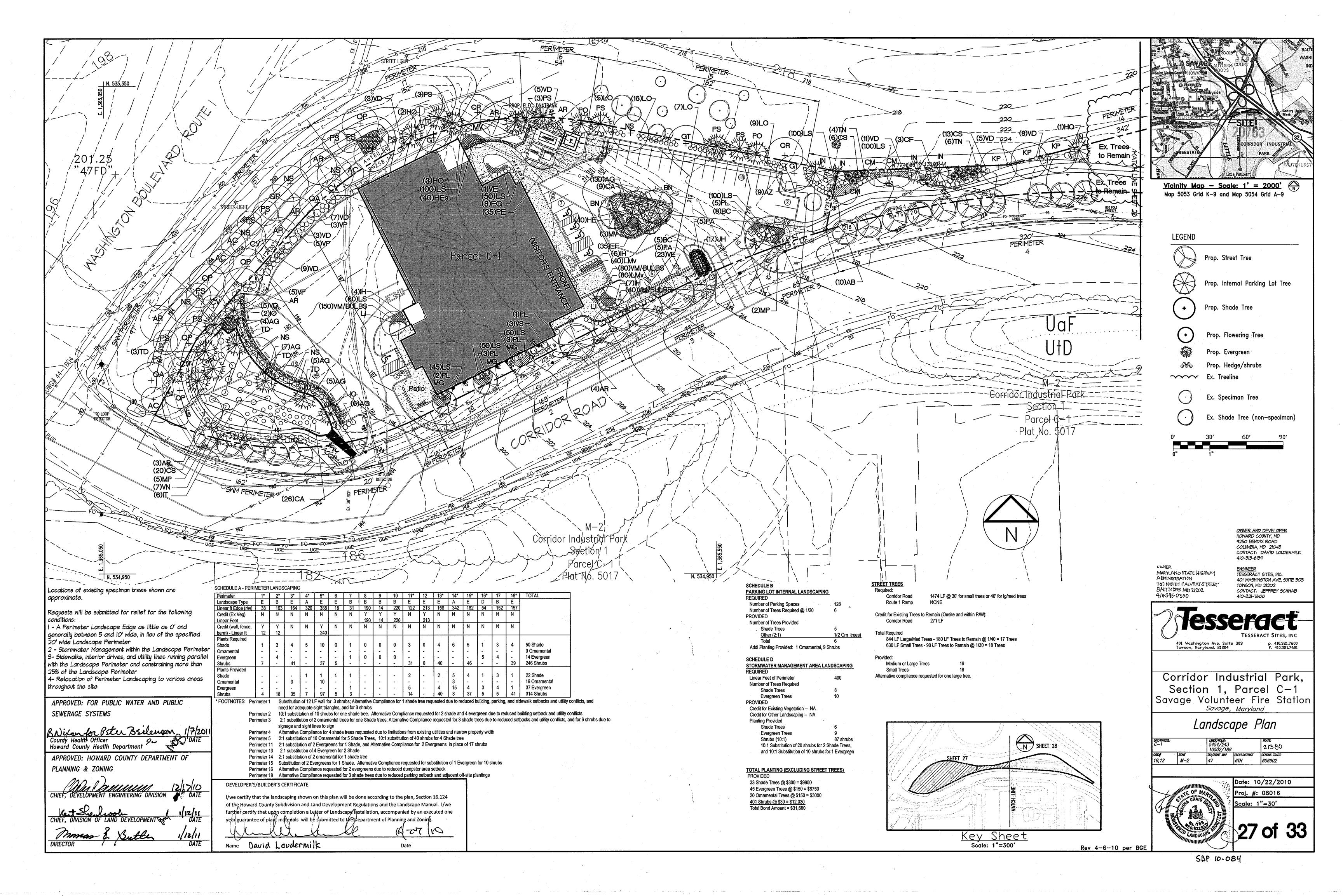
401 Washington Ave. Suite 303 Towson, Maryland, 21204 Professional Certification. I hereby certify that these documents were prepared or approved by me, and that I am a duly licensed professional engineer under the laws of the State of Maryland, License No. 14230, Expiration Date: 12/09/10.

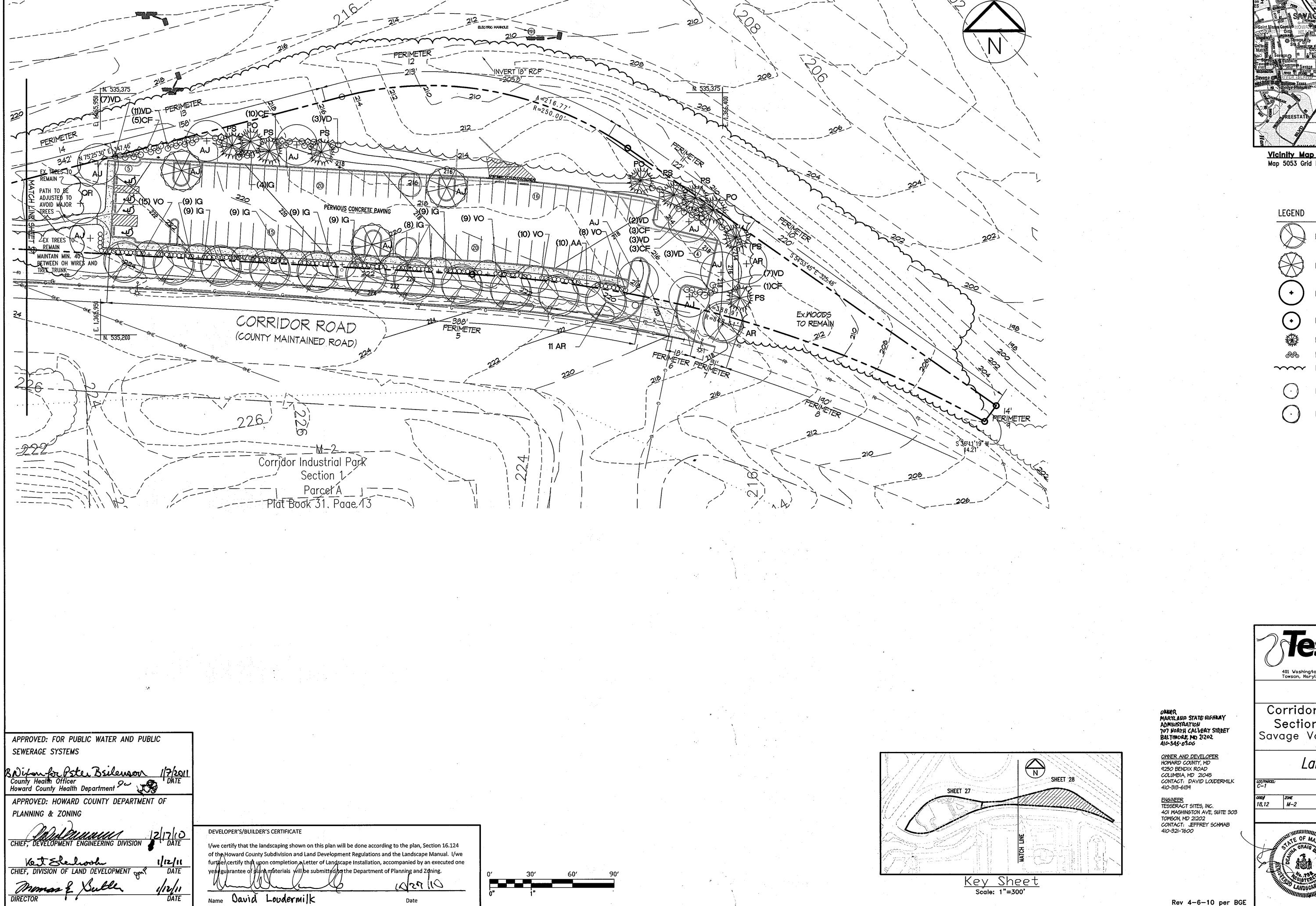
Corridor Industrial Park, Section 1, Parcel C-1 Savage Volunteer Fire Station Savage, Maryland

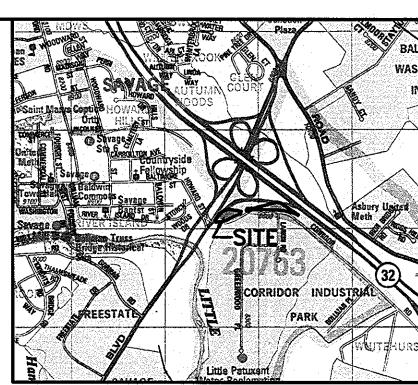
Green Roof Details and Specifications

21380









Vicinity Map - Scale: 1' = 2000'Map 5053 Grid K-9 and Map 5054 Grid A-9

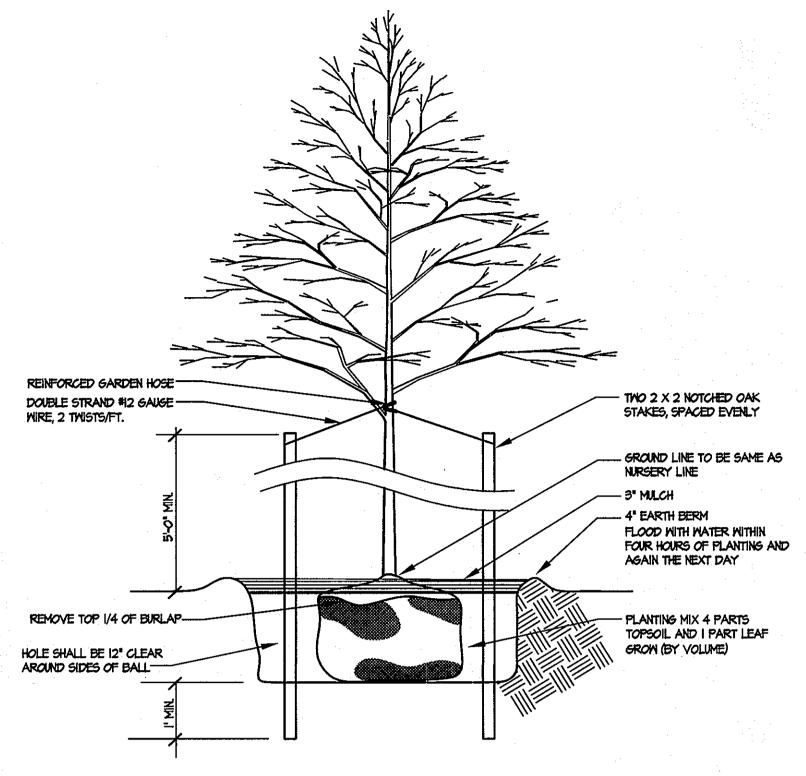
Ex. Shade Tree (non-speciman)

Corridor Industrial Park, Section 1, Parcel C—1 Savage Volunteer Fire Station Savage, Maryland

Landscape Plan

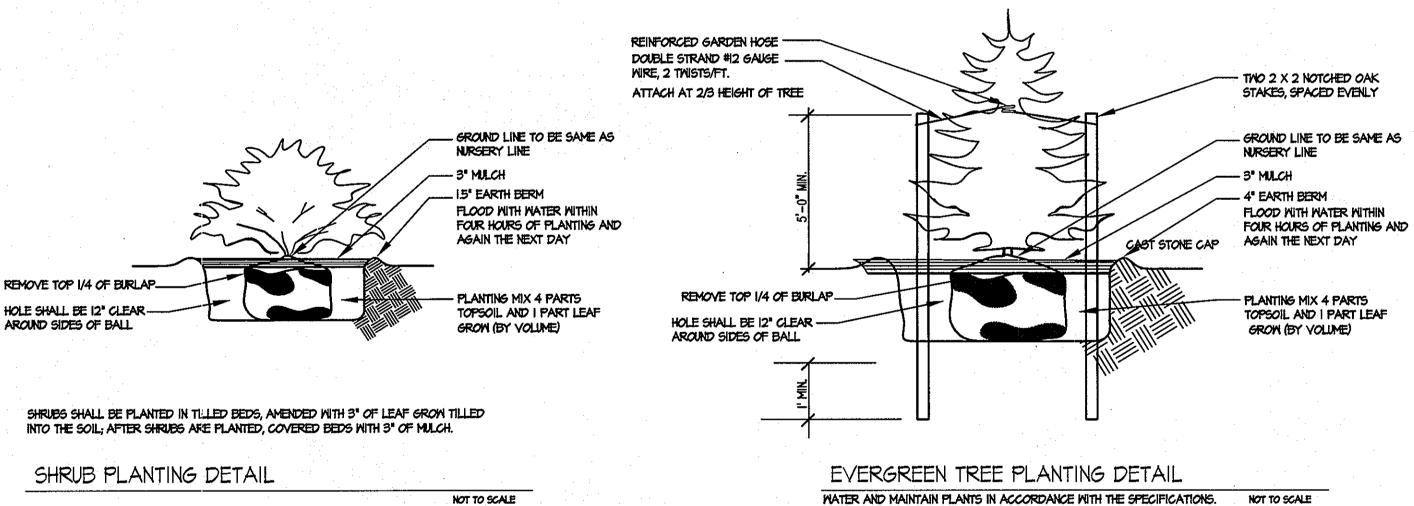
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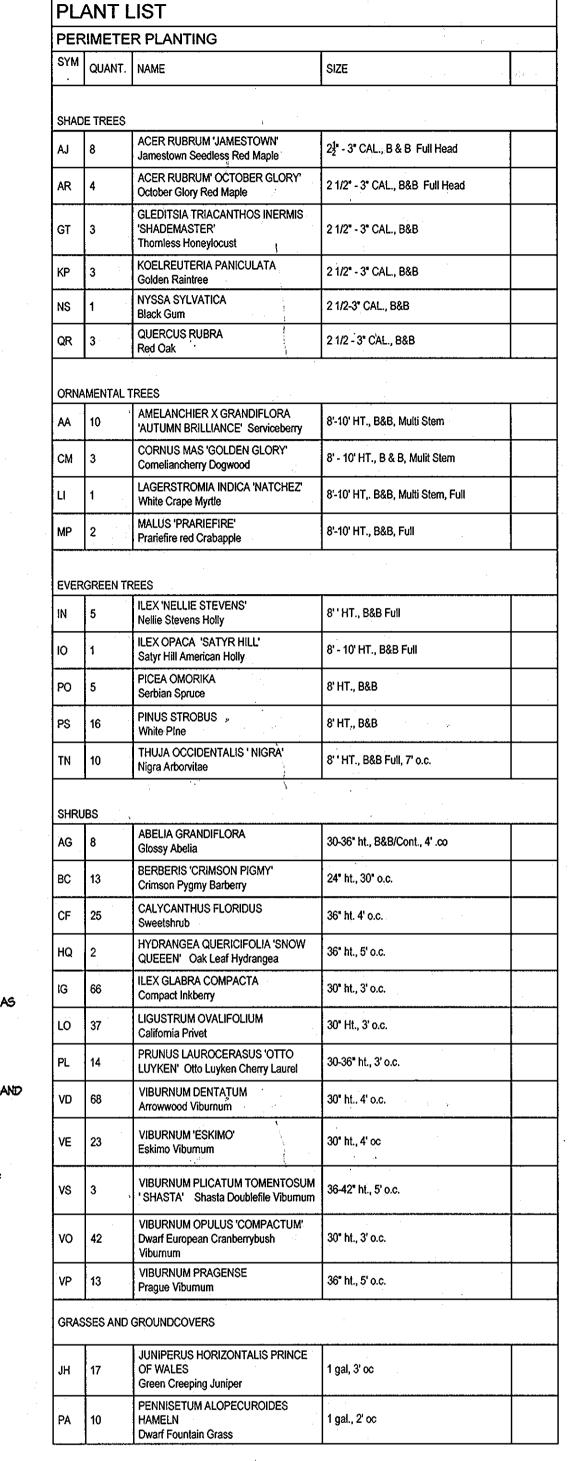
Date: 10/22/2010 Proj. #: 08016 Scale: 1"=30'



DECIDUOUS TREE PLANTING DETAIL

WATER AND MAINTAIN PLANTS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE SPECIFICATIONS. NOT TO SCALE





			-	
BIC	RETE	NTION FACILITY PLANT LIST		
AG	19	ABELIA GRANDIFLORA Glossy Abelia	30-36" ht., B&B/Cont., 4' .co	
AR	3	ACER RUBRUM' OCTOBER GLORY' October Giory Red Maple	2 1/2" - 3" CAL., B&B Full Head	
CA	35	CLETHRA ALNIFOLIA 'HUMMINGBIRD' Hummingbird Summersweet	18" - 24" SPD. , B&B/Cont., 3.5" o.c.	
cs	20	CORNUS SERICEA Red Osier Dogwood	36" ht., B&B/Cont., 4" o.c.	
EF	35	Eupatorium fistulosum Joe Pye Weed	1 gal., 18" o.c.	
10	2	ILEX OPACA 'SATYR HILL' Satyr Hill American Holly	8' - 10' HT., B&B Full	
IT	6	ITEA VIRGINICA 'HENRY'S GARNET' Sweetspire	30" - 36" Ht. , B&B/Cont., 6' o.c.	
NS	2	NYSSA SYLVATICA Black Gum	2 1/2-3" CAL., B&B	
QP	1	QUERCUS PALUSTRIS Pin Oak	2 1/2 - 3° CAL., B&B	
TD	6	TAXODIUM DISTICHUM Baid Cypress	6' Ht., B&B	
VN	7	VIBURNUM NUDUM ' WINTERTHUR' Winterthur Witherod	5 gal., 10' o.c.	
STE	REET	TREES*		
AB	10	ACER BUERGERIANUM 'STREETWISE' Trident Maple	2½ CAL., B & B , Single leader	
AR	16	ACER RUBRUM' OCTOBER GLORY' October Glory Red Maple	2 1/2" - 3" CAL., B&B Full Head	
MG	3	MAGNOLIA 'GALAXY' Galaxy upright Magnolia	8'-10' HT., 8&B, Full	
MP	5	MALUS 'PRARIEFIRE' Prariefire red Crabapple	8'-10' HT., B&B, Full	
PAF	RKING	LOT TREES		
AJ	3	ACER RUBRUM 'JAMESTOWN' Jamestown Seedless Red Maple	2½ - 3 CAL., B & B Full Head	İ
	1.	LAGERSTROMIA INDICA	8'-10' HT,. 8&B, Multi Stem, Full	7

'TOWNHOUSE' White Crape Myrtle

Sweetbay Magnolia

BETULA NIGRA

Magnolia Virginiana 'Moonglow'

PLANT LIST - OFFSITE STREAM PLANTING

Quan	Key	Scientific Name	Common Name	Size		Comments
	Major	Deciduous Trees				
4	AC	Amelanchier canadensis	Shadblow	8' ht.	Cal.	Multistem
4	AR	Acer rubrum	Red Maple	2"	Cal.	
4	CV	Chionanthus virginicus	Fringe tree	8' ht.	Cal.	
9	PS	Prunus serotina	Black Cherry	1 1/2"	Cal.	· ·
4	NS	Nyssa sylvatica	Black Tupelo	.2"	Cal.	
2	QA	Quercus alba	White Oak	2"	Cal.	
6	QP	Quercus palustris	Pin Oak	2"	Cal.	1.
					1 1	

ADDI	TIONAL P	PLANTING			
AG	130	ACORUS GRAMINEUS 'OGON' Variegated Japanese Sweet Flag	1 gal, 2' oc		
AZ	9	AZALEA DELAWARE VALLEY WHITE	3 GAL, 3' oc		
cs	19	CORNUS STOLONIFER Redtwig Dogwood	24-30" HT., B&B/Cont, 4" oc		
CA	35	CLETHRA ALNIFOLIA 'HUMMINGBIRD' Hummingbird Summersweet	18" - 24" SPD. , B&B/Cont., 3.5" o.c.		
FG	8	FOTHERGILLA GARDENII Dwarf Fothergilla	24" ht, B&B/Cont., 3' oc		
HE	40	HEMEROCALLIS 'HYPERION' Yellow, fragrant daylily	1 gal., 24* o.c.		
HEs	40	HEUCHERA 'STOPLIGHT' GREEN VARIEGATED LEAF CORAL BELL	1 GAL, 1' OC		
HQ	4	HYDRANGEA QUERCIFOLIA 'SNOW QUEEN' Oak Leaf Hydrangea	30" ht., 5' oc		
IH-	17	ILEX CRENATA HELLERI Heller Holly	3 gal, 30° oc		
LMv	120	LIRIOPE MUSCARI VARIEGATA Variegaled leaf Monkeygrass	1 GAL, 12* OC		
LS	555	LIRIOPE SPICATA Spreading Monkeygrass	1 GAL, 12" OC		
MV	1	MAGNOLIA VIRGINIANA 'MOONGLOW' Sweetbay Magnolia	8-10' HT., B&B, Multi-stem		
PE	25	PENNISETUM ALOPECUROIDES Fountain Grass	1 gal. 2' oc		
VD	23	VIBURNUM DENTATUM Arrowood Vibumum	30" ht 4" o.c.		
VE ·	1	VIBURNUM 'ESKIMO'	30" HT, B&B./CONT		
VM	270	VINCA MINOR Periwinkle	2 1/4" pot, 12" oc		
-	100	NARCISSUS 'POET'S DAFFODIL'	Random Spacing		

DEVELOPER'S/BUILDER'S CERTIFICATE

The Contractor shall be responsible for maintenance and care of required landscaping and landscape beds until Final Acceptance and completion of the one-year warranty period. Maintenance shall include weeding, refreshing mulch, watering, pest and disease control, and all other efforts related to maintaining healthy plant materials, and clean plant beds. Following Final Acceptance and completion of the warranty period, the owner, tenant and/or their agents shall be responsible for maintenance of the required landscaping, including both plant materials, berms, and screen wall. All plant materials shall be maintained in good growing condition, and when necessary, replaced with new materials to ensure continued compliance with applicable regulations. All other required

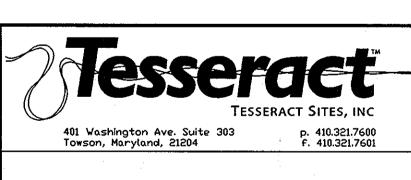
21 - 3 CAL., B & B, Multi-stem

landscaping shall be permanently maintained in good condition and when necessary, repaired or replaced. 2. At the time of installment, all shrubs and other plantings herewith listed and approved for this site, shall be of the proper height requirements in accordance with the Howard County landscaping Manual. In addition, no substitutions or relocation of required plantings may be made without prior review and approval from the Department of Planning and Zoning. Any deviation from this approved Landscape plan may result in denial or delay in the relase of landscape surety until such time as all required materials are planted and/or revisions are made to applicable plans and certificates.

3. Should any tree designated for preservation for which landscaping credit is given die prior to releace of bonds, the owner will be required to replace the tree with the equivalent species or with a tree which will obtain the same height, spread and growth characteristics. The replacement tree must be a minimum of three (3) inches in caliper and installed as required in the Howard Landscape Manual.

4. The landscape plan has been prepared in accordance with Section 16.124 of the Howard County Code and the Howard County Landscape Manual.

NOTE: Due to overhead power lines along Comidor Road, understory trees are provided per BGE requirements. The number of trees is based upon a 30' spacing per the Landscape Manual.



MARYLAND STATE HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION 707 HORTH CALVERT STREET BALTIMORE, NO 21202 410-545-0300

OWNER AND DEVELOPER HOWARD COUNTY, MD 9250 BENDIX ROAD COLUMBIA, MD 21045 CONTACT: DAVID LOUDERMILK 410-313-6139

<u>ENGINEER</u> TESSERACT SITES, INC. 401 WASHINGTON AVE, SUITE 303 TOMSON, MD 21202 CONTACT: JEFFREY SCHWAB 410-321-7600

Rev 4-6-10 per BGE

Corridor Industrial Park, Section 1, Parcel C-1 Savage Volunteer Fire Station

Savage, Maryland

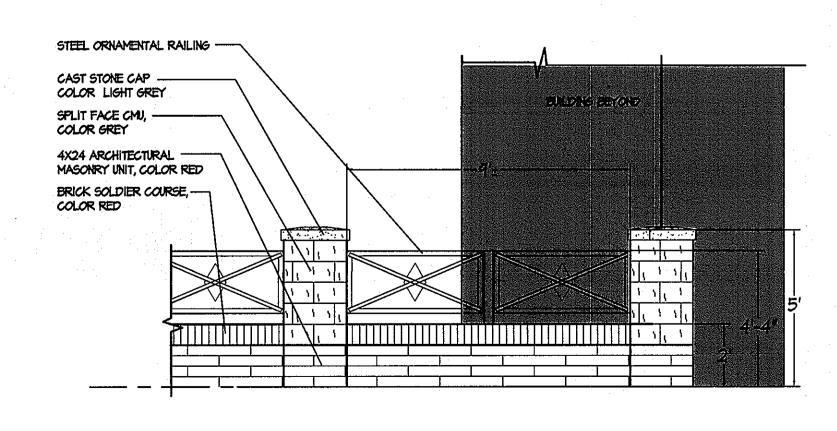
Landscape Details

-1		5454/243 10502/188		21380	
o# 3,12	zone M-2	TXX/ZONE MAP 47	ELECTLOISTRICT 6TH	CENSUS TRACT: 606902	
			T	- 1 1	



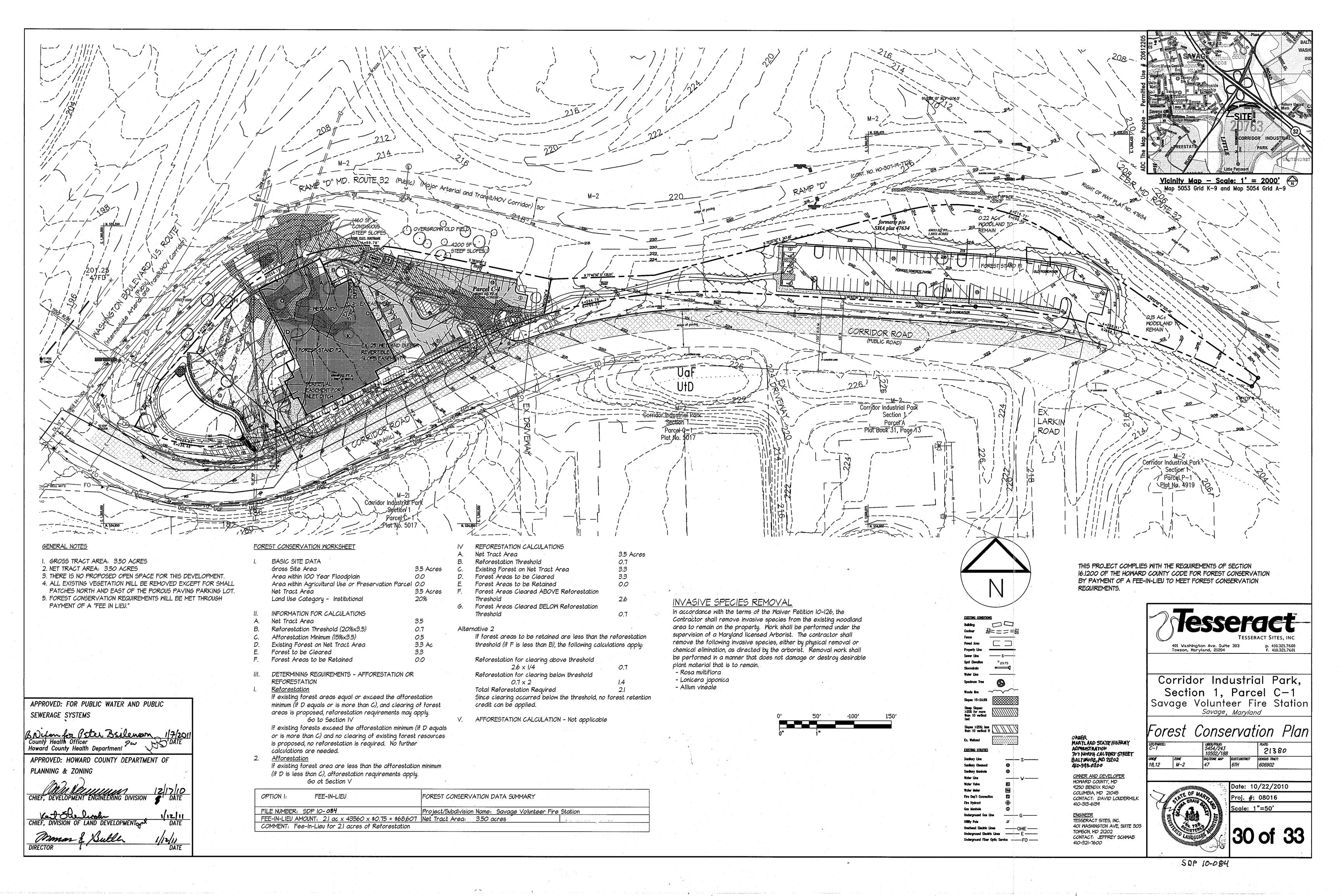
Date: 10/22/2010 ^proj. #: 08016 cale: AS SHOWN

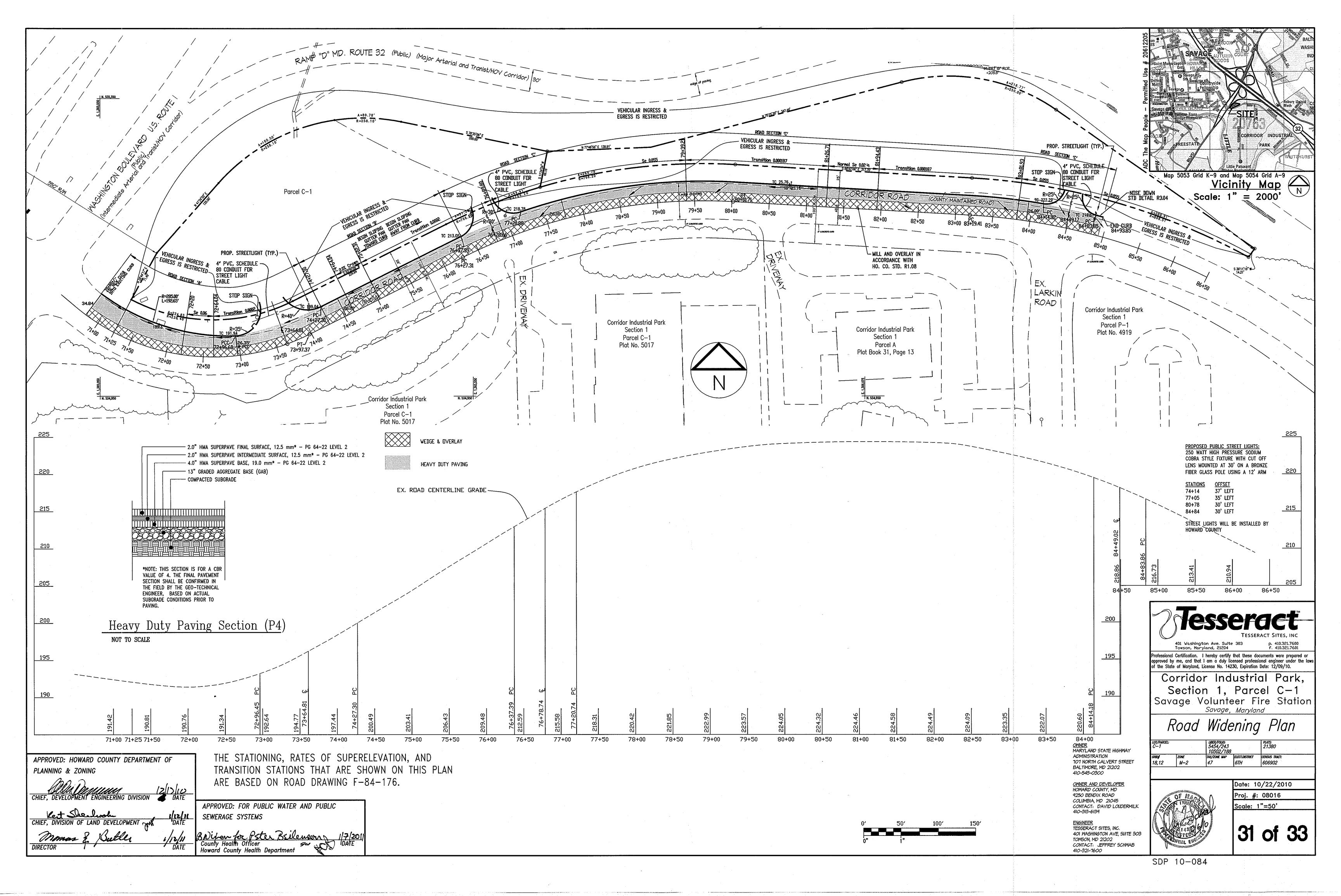
APPROVED: FOR PUBLIC WATER AND PUBLIC SEWERAGE SYSTEMS Howard County Health Department APPROVED: HOWARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING & ZONING

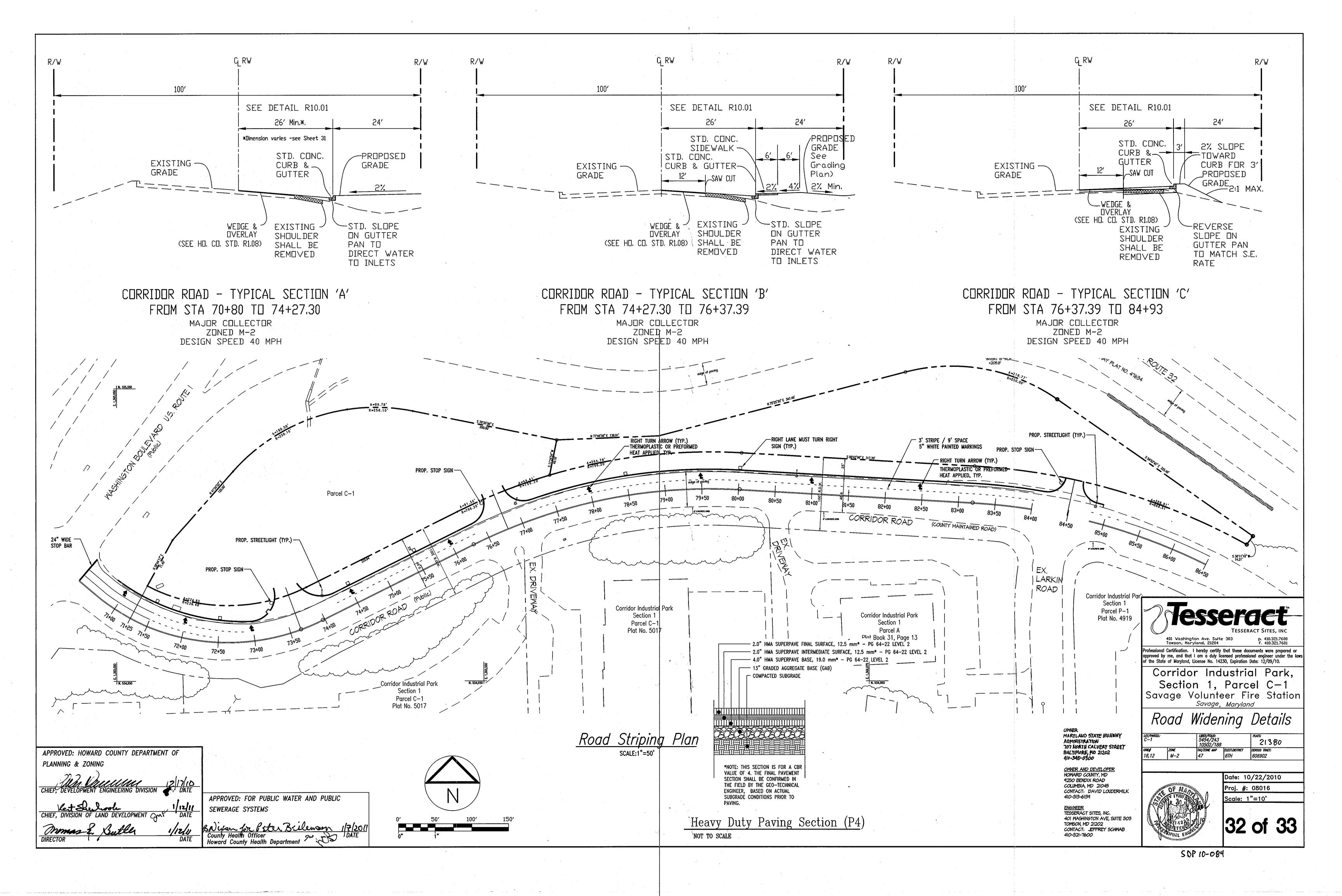


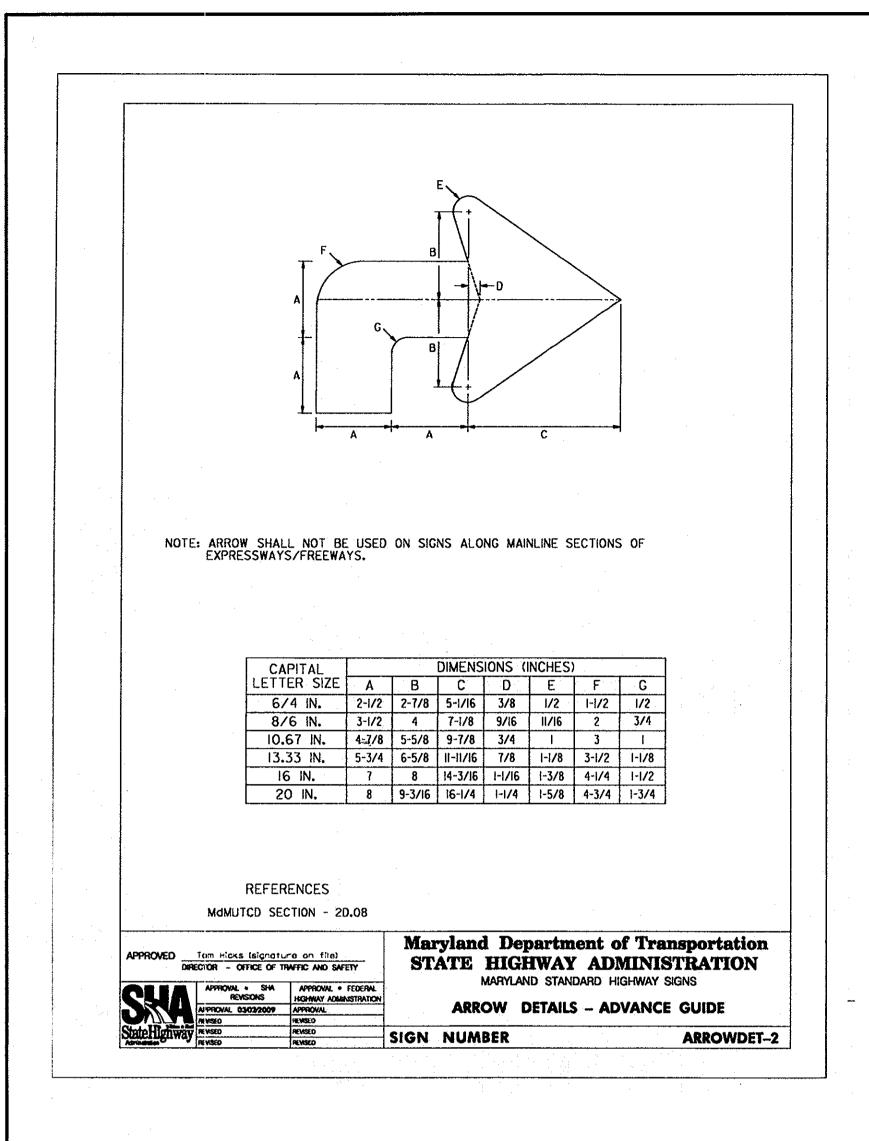
PATIO WALL DETAIL - SEE ARCHITECTURAL PLANS

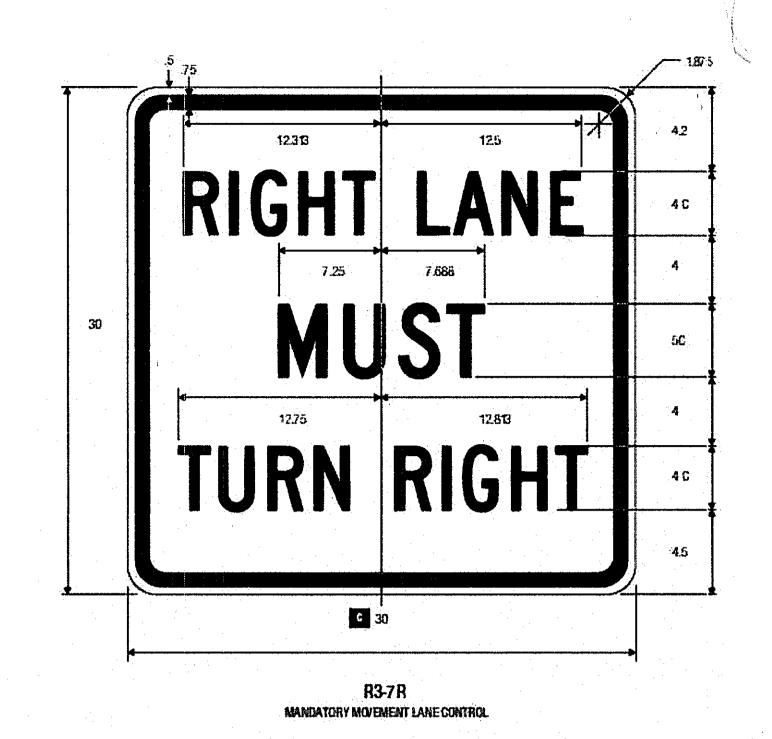
I/we certify that the landscaping shown on this plan will be done according to the plan, Section 16.124 of the Howard County Subdivision and Land Development Regulations and the Landscape Manual. 1/well further/certify that upon completion a Letter of Landscape Installation, accompanied by an executed one year guarantee of plant materials will be submitted to the Department of Planning and Zoning. (dor (0) Name David Loudermilk Date



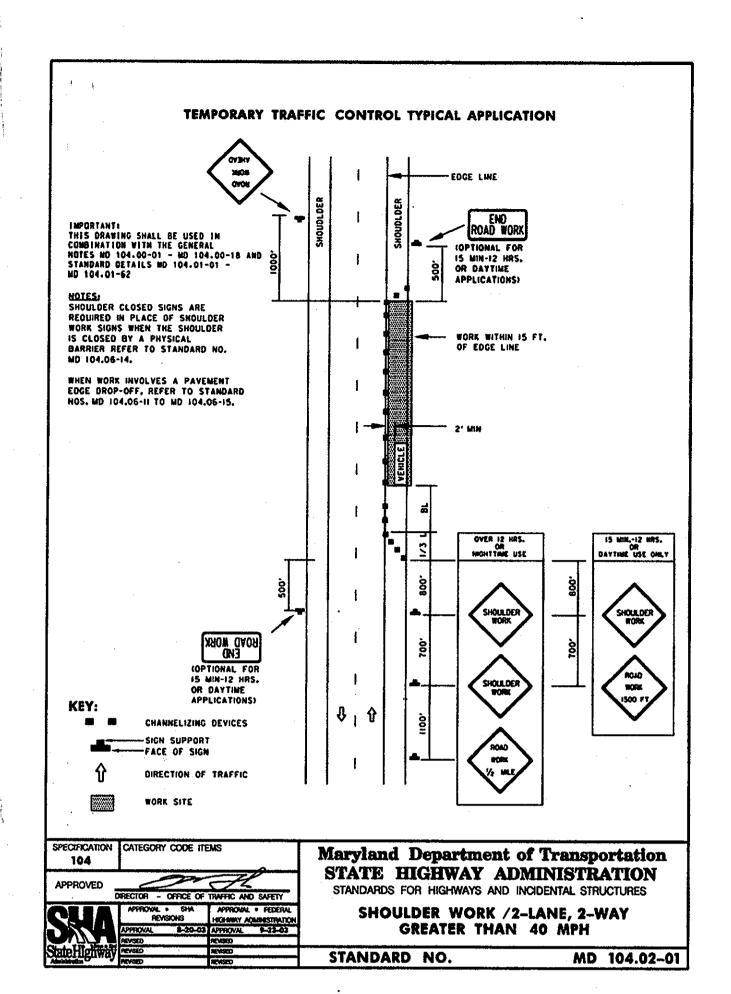


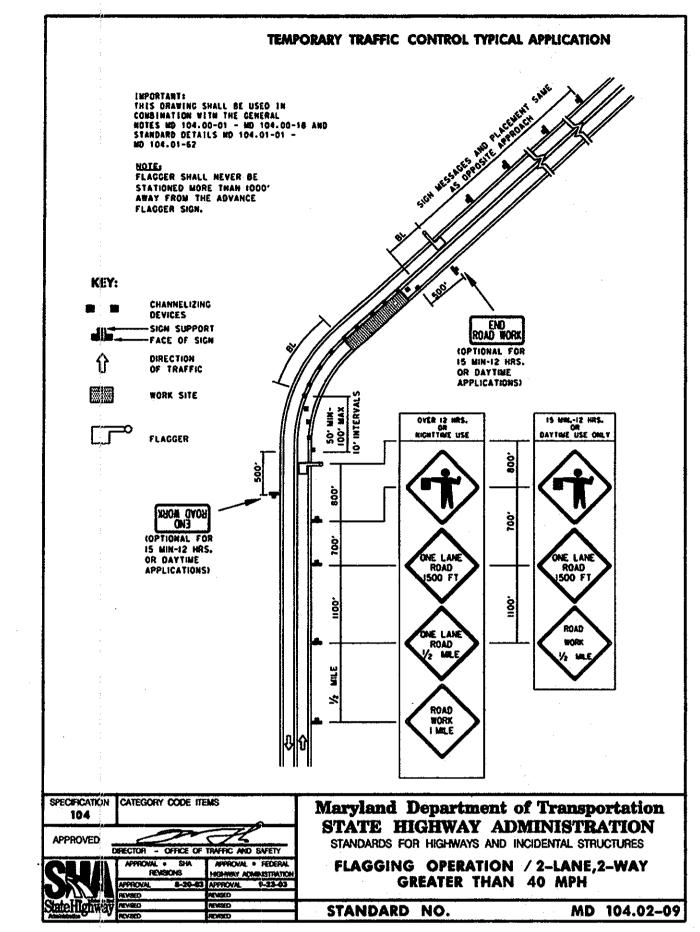


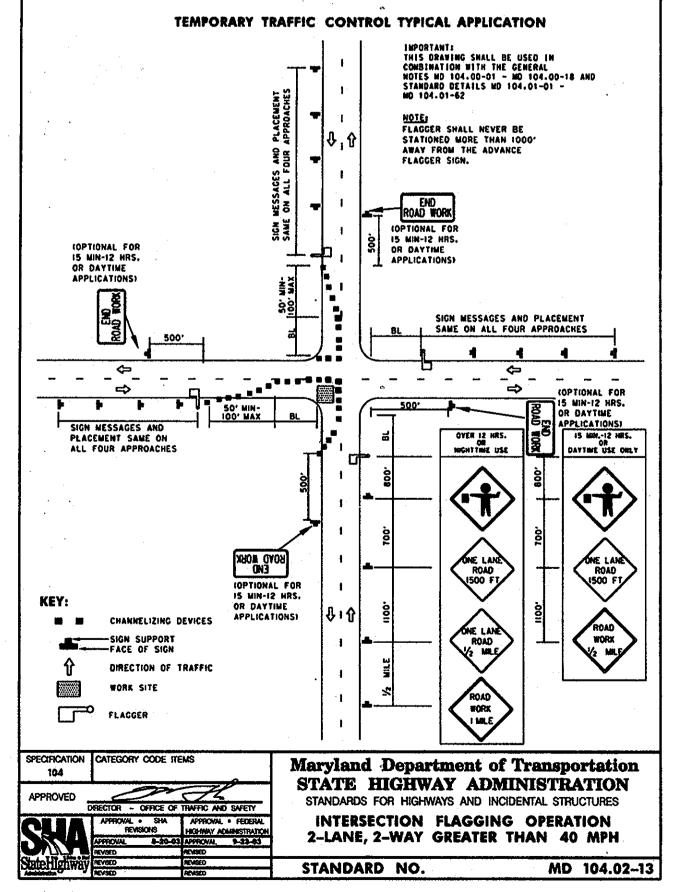


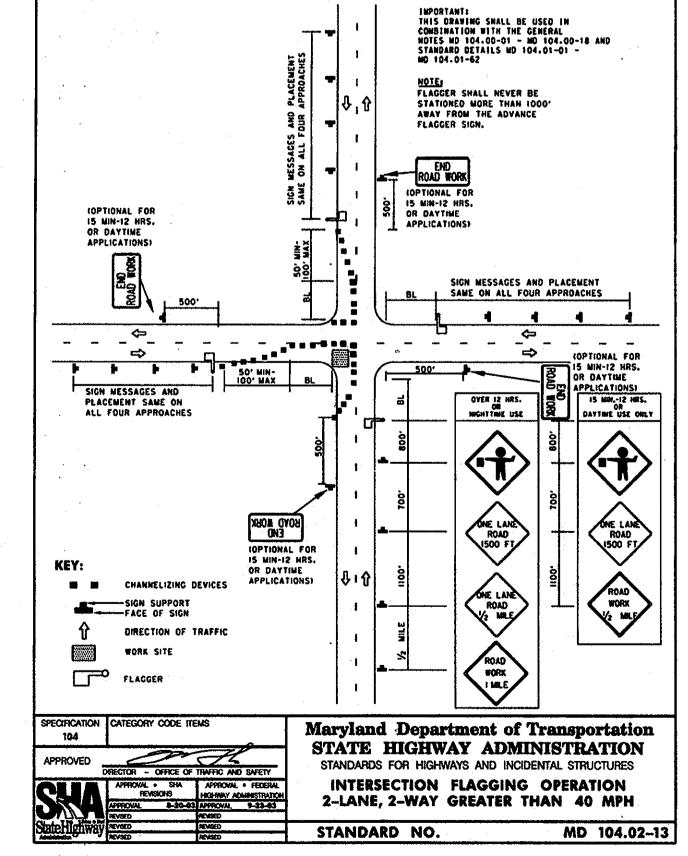


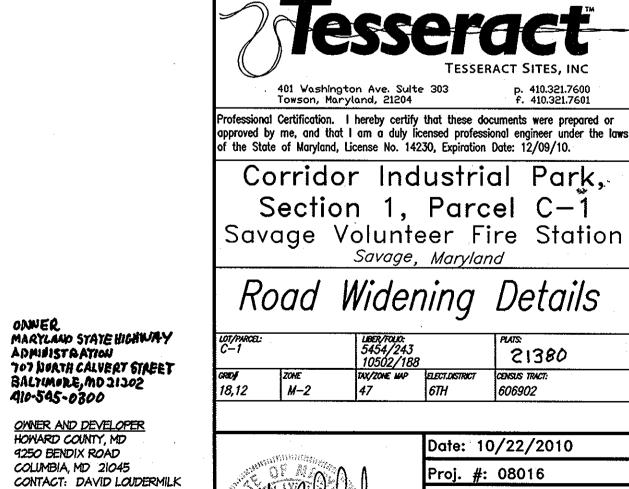
COLORS: LEGEND - BLACK BACKGROUND- WHITE (RETROREFLECTIVE)











OWNER AND DEVELOPER HOWARD COUNTY, MD 4250 BENDIX ROAD

<u>ENGINEER</u> TESSERACT SITES, INC. 401 WASHINGTON AVE, SUITE 303

CONTACT: JETTREY SCHWAB

COLUMBIA, MD 21045

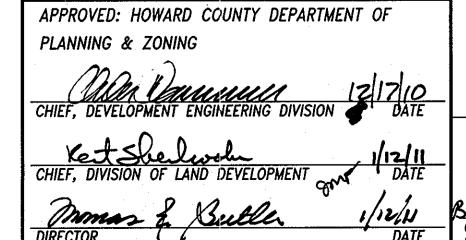
TOMSON, MD 21202

410-321-7600

410-313-6139

Date: 10/22/2010 Proj. #: 08016 Scale: AS SHOWN

33 of 33



APPROVED: FOR PUBLIC WATER AND PUBLIC